



Horse owners believe in providing their horses with clean oats and hay and pure water. We urge them to consider also the advisability of providing them with pure salt in this form...

FOR SALE AT CORBETT'S



YOU CAN BUY OUR GOODS

Teas, Coffees, Baking Powder, Spices, Etc., in any quantity, large or small, just as you wish.

THE STARR CO., 185 WELLINGTON ST.

Advertisement for Orbridge's Lung Tonic, describing it as a specific for coughs and colds, and listing its benefits for bronchitis, asthma, and consumption.

Advertisement for Epps's Cocoa, highlighting its nutritive properties and availability in various forms like breakfast and supper.

Advertisement for 'CYKO' Photo Paper, offering prints at night by any light, with sample sizes and prices.

Advertisement for S. Vise, a Canadian agent for blinds, grilles, and storm sashes.

Advertisement for Wood Working, mentioning S. Anglin & Co. as the manufacturer.

Advertisement for Straight Business, featuring W. Murray, Jr. as an auctioneer and commission merchant.

THE WHIG - 68TH YEAR. DAILY BRITISH WHIG, published each evening at 9:30-310 King Street, at 25 per year. Editions at 2:30 and 4 o'clock.

THE DAILY WHIG. Optar per Orbem Dicor.

EXPERIENCES IN CONTRAST. 'Sapho,' dramatized and played by Miss Nethersole, an American, an artist of reputation...

This suggests that the moral sensibilities of the people of Ireland are not so blunted as the moral sensibilities of the people of America.

'Sapho' was the great attraction of New York for many a day—or evening. The press attacked it, and in vain.

The conclusion is obvious. Decent society, the church, the press of Dublin have been able to make their influence felt. In New York decent society, the church, the press singularly failed to make their mark.

THE WAGE EARNER'S TAXES. The mayor will do the citizens a service if he arrange that the office for the collection of taxes be kept open during the evenings of next week.

LOOKING FOR PARALLELS. The conservative papers are consulted in the political histories for events that can be compared with Mr. Tarte's. They have, somehow, up to the present, overlooked the Chapleau case.

ISSUE GETTING CLEARER. The great issue of the day is how to levy taxation, in the cities especially, so that the necessary revenues for public improvement may be raised by an equitable system of assessment.

Not The Engineer's Fault. The train came to a standstill. Everything was in order; everything seemed right to the engineer. The fire-box was full. But force was lacking.

THE COUNCIL IS REMISS. It now transpires that Queen's College trustee board has been quite willing to carry out the arrangement by which three nominations for scholarships may be awarded each year during a period of twenty years.

More important is the action of that great convention in London, the outcome of which was the decision to press for legislation in regard to the taxing of land values in Britain.

The outcome will be watched with profound interest. Parliament has to deal with the subject, first, then the

municipality, and what the imperial commons can approve, (if it will), and Glasgow adopt, is open to respectful consideration by any parliament and people in Canada.

SOME THOUGHTS ON LOYALTY.

The Whig admires the nerve of the Montreal man, Mr. Wilson-Smith, who regards protection as synonymous with patriotism. It is another way of saying that the liberal party, because not pronouncedly protectionist, is disloyal.

Loyalty is not something which can be shaped and symbolized by language. Time was when the tory party regarded itself as embodying all that was devoted to the throne. It might, away back, in the early history of the country, have illustrated its belief somewhat singularly in the assault on a governor-general at Montreal; it might have, later, in the adoption of the National Policy, and through its chief newspaper, declared that if British connection could not stand its strain, its burden increased taxation, so much the worse for British connection; in our own day, under the reign of enlightened leaders, tory loyalty may be made to mean that the Canadian preference in tariffs should be attended by a quid pro quo from the imperial government; in any event, no matter what is said and what is done, the tory party says it is loyal and it only.

Thank goodness the slanders of the past cannot be revived by the conservative party and for the injury of liberalism in Canada. The events of recent years have been moving swiftly and towards the better understanding of political parties as they exist. Mr. Wilson-Smith is a Rip Van Winkle if he supposes that his aspersions upon the liberal party will carry any weight. Canada is understood in England as it was not before the late South African war, the Coronation of the King, the Colonial Conference, and the Laurier propaganda. The premier of Canada has not been posing abroad as a protectionist, and no one who is sane will say that he is not regarded as a patriotic Canadian and a type of the liberals in Canada.

Unless the engineers at the coal mines are re-engaged the strike will be renewed in a new form. The stationary engineers, thousands of them, have been ordered to refuse to raise steam from the anthracite passed out by non-union hands.

The prostrations of the tories before Mr. Tarte are very remarkable. They think he is such an able man, such a sweet, dear, kind-man, and so badly used by the liberals! They have not asked him to put his foot on their necks, but they would not hesitate to do it if that would please him.

Mr. Tarte has surprised the people by the calm and considerate manner in which he discusses his retirement from the government. He says he will support the liberal government though on the tariff question he will be free to hold his personal opinions. The dignity of his editorial address to the country commands one's admiration.

Mr. Rockefeller, recently saved from injury in the fire at Pocantico Hills, gives the Columbia College, Chicago, a thank-offering of \$500,000. If he gave the people a cut in the cost of coal oil, and to the amount of eight or ten millions of dollars a year, he would be giving a thank-offering worth talking about. The gift of a million or half a million occasionally is no offset for the imposition of the Standard Oil monopoly.

The premier of the day, Sir John Macdonald, made many mistakes, but he made few in dealing with a recalcitrant colleague. He was a student of human nature. He knew Chapleau better than Chapleau knew himself. Sir John gave the rebellious one-time to think, and when it became apparent that his leader was not going to surrender, that he had reached the limit of forbearance and would probably put some one in his place if he carried his revolt further, Chapleau crept back to Ottawa, a humble and a contrite man.

There is not a parallel in the Tarte case in so far as the removal from office is concerned. Mr. Tarte is not on strike. He is out of the government. But his experience may be like Chapleau's in that the one without the office, without the power, the prestige of association, may be disappointing in his performance.

As food is digested its elements are absorbed by the blood. As this circulates, every muscle, every bone, nerve, every organ takes what it needs as it can. So upon the digestion rests the whole structure of man. If the food be lacking in any needed element so will the body suffer.

Wheat is a complete and perfect food; it contains everything needed for nourishment of brain and body. All the good of the whole wheat has been retained in 'Force,' the new, rightly named food, and barley malt has been added for its tonic qualities. The combination is scientific. It makes a food fully cooked, ready to serve, delightful in flavor, easy of digestion; a food that produces naturally the surplus energy—the force—necessary to successful life.

Kindly Remembered. Perth, Ont., Oct. 25.—J. Murray Walker, formerly editor of the Perth Courier, was pre-ent with an address and a handsome gold watch and chain by his fellow-citizens, on the occasion of his removal, after forty years' residence in that town, to reside in Carleton Place.

Mr. Walker has been a resident of the town for a period of forty years and will be greatly missed in many circles. He has been an ardent church worker, an elder in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and a teacher in the Sunday school. He has taken an active interest in the welfare of the Perth public library and has held the office of secretary of the Reform Association of South Lanark for many years. In sporting circles also he took great interest and was a member of the Perth curling club at many a bonspiel, held in Perth and abroad in past years.

pills passing through the schools and be in a position to serve. He award to the most deserving students would suit the people the best, for the most worthy, in point of scholarship, are sometimes those who cannot very well afford to pay the college fees.

The one question now asked is, How is it that so important a communication as that of the college trustees has been so long overlooked? On the 3rd of November it will be two years since it was addressed to the city clerk. The general impression has been that the college trustees have been somewhat remiss in the discharge of their duty. Their records show, however, that they have done their part, and that it is up to the council—has been up to it for two years—to carry out and complete the agreement.

EDITORIAL NOTES. Chicken-pox has appeared among the public school children. The chairman has directed that the members of all households where the disease is debarrd from the schools. It is a wise precaution.

St. Thomas had an awful time in balloting the delegates to the Sunday School Convention. The balloting system is a thing of the past. It is going, going, and the time has come when it should be gone.

Edward Blake, M.P., one of the Irish deputations to America, made the speech of the convention at Boston. His plea for the need of education, as one means of re-establishing the political power of Ireland, was very eloquent.

The liberals of England are not making much headway towards the possession of government. The reason is obvious. They are not united. The sooner they get together, agree upon one platform, and follow one leader, the better.

HOW RELIEF CAME. An Interesting Story From An Icelandic Settlement. From the Logberg, Winnipeg, Man. The readers of Logberg have long been familiar with the virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through the well authenticated cures published in these columns each week. Many of our readers are also able to vouch for cures which have come under their own observation. This week 'Logberg' has received a letter from one of its readers, B. W. Peterson, a prosperous farmer living at Bru, in which he gives his own experience in the hope that it may benefit some other sufferer. Mr. Peterson says: 'Some years ago I was suffering so greatly from rheumatism in my limbs that I was for a long time unable to do any work. I tried in many ways to obtain a cure, by patent medicines and medicine prescribed by doctors, but without obtaining any benefit. I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised in the 'Logberg' as being a cure for this trouble and determined to give it a trial. I bought a dozen boxes and before half of them were used I felt a great change for the better. This improvement continued from day to day, and before I had used all the pills I was completely cured. Since that time I have never had an attack of this trouble. After this I used the pills in several other cases and no other medicine has been so beneficial to me. I feel it my duty to publicly give testimony to the merits of this wonderful medicine so others similarly afflicted may be led to try it.'

Underwear Comfort. Means much—it means perfection in fit, finish and material. It means Knit-to-fit COMBINATION SUITS For Men, Women, Children. They are knit from top to bottom in one piece. That's the reason they are so truly comfortable and wear so well. All sizes, all materials, all dealers.

Perfectly Tailored Overcoats. The long, short or medium lengths, in newest materials, \$17, \$15, \$14, \$12, \$12.50, \$10, \$8.

New Fall Beauties. Are our New Suits in Fine Tweeds, Serges and Worsted. \$6.50 to \$5.

ON YOUR BACK WE CAN PLACE A SUIT OR OVERCOAT THAT WILL PLEASE YOU EXACTLY

THE H. D. BIBBY CO., One Price Clothing House, Oak Hall.

COLDS. The popularity of 'Seventy Seven,' Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific for Grip and Colds, is due to: The cures and the way they are made. The quickness of the cure—breaking up a cold promptly. The completeness of the cure—no ill effects left behind. The tonic effect—the energy is sustained during and after the cold. The convenience—a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket.

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY. The New Head Installed With Simple Form.



DR. WOODROW WILSON.

Princeton, N.J., Oct. 25.—In Alexander Hall this morning, with simple ceremony, but before a great and enthusiastic company, Dr. Woodrow Wilson was formally installed as president of Princeton University. The event was chiefly notable for the general feeling of satisfaction with the man who is to guide the destinies of the great institution of learning. The hall was filled to overflowing with students, professors, alumni and distinguished visitors, all attired in academic garb. The principal addresses were those of the new president, the former president of the university, Dr. Patton, and Grover Cleveland, ex-President of the United States. Following the installation brief congratulatory addresses were made by representatives of Yale, Harvard, Pennsylvania, the University of Michigan, Johns Hopkins universities, Cornell and other leading colleges and universities of the country.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Princeton, N.J., Oct. 25.—In Alexander Hall this morning, with simple ceremony, but before a great and enthusiastic company, Dr. Woodrow Wilson was formally installed as president of Princeton University. The event was chiefly notable for the general feeling of satisfaction with the man who is to guide the destinies of the great institution of learning. The hall was filled to overflowing with students, professors, alumni and distinguished visitors, all attired in academic garb.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton, was born at Staunton, Va., in 1856, his father being a minister of the Southern Presbyterian church. He began his academic studies at Davidson College, and later graduated with honors from Princeton and Johns Hopkins universities. Since 1890 he has been an instructor at Princeton. He is regarded as one of the very highest authorities on jurisprudence and political economy.



Fainted on Broadway

Woman in an Unconscious Condition Found on Sidewalk.

Upon Examination at the Hospital, Her Body was Discovered to be Covered with Scars, Caused by the Hypodermic Injection of Morphine—Facts Published as Warning to Other Women.

The above headlines recite the actual experience of a poor wreck of a woman who had once held an honorable and lucrative position in a large mercantile house in New York. Her health began to fail, and instead of taking rest and proper medical treatment she resorted to stimulants and morphine. The hospital physician discovered that her primary trouble was an affection of the womb, which could readily have been cured in the first stages. If when she had first felt those severe pains in the back, the terrible headaches, the constant sense of fullness, soreness and pain in the pelvic region, she had heeded the warning that serious trouble was in store, and commenced a regular treatment with the Pinkham Remedies, as did Mrs. Rober of Chicago, whose letter follows, the polypos in the womb would have been dissolved and passed away, and to-day she would have been a well woman.

Free Medical Advice to Women. Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

UNDERWEAR COMFORT Means much—it means perfection in fit, finish and material. It means Knit-to-fit COMBINATION SUITS For Men, Women, Children.

They are knit from top to bottom in one piece. That's the reason they are so truly comfortable and wear so well. All sizes, all materials, all dealers. MANUFACTURED BY THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG. CO., 613 Lagachetiere St Montreal.

Perfectly Tailored Overcoats. The long, short or medium lengths, in newest materials, \$17, \$15, \$14, \$12, \$12.50, \$10, \$8.

New Fall Beauties. Are our New Suits in Fine Tweeds, Serges and Worsted. \$6.50 to \$5.

ON YOUR BACK WE CAN PLACE A SUIT OR OVERCOAT THAT WILL PLEASE YOU EXACTLY THE H. D. BIBBY CO., One Price Clothing House, Oak Hall.