



## EDUCATIONAL

## MUSIC

MRS. CLERKLOW WILL RE-OPEN HER  
class in Flute & Music Method on Septem-  
ber 1st. Terms and particulars apply at  
211 University Avenue.

## PIANO LESSONS

Miss C. M. Clerklow, undergraduate Toron-  
to College of Music, 211 University Avenue

KINGSTON COLLEGE  
BUSINESS KINGSTON.TORONTO BUSINESS COLLEGE  
TORONTO.

Largest and best equipped in Canada  
Unparalleled facilities for securing positions  
221 Queen Street, Kingston.  
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GOOD FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR  
without board 101 Queen street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET AT  
Mrs. Yates, 44 William street, with board  
at \$100.

HOUSE 191 BROCK STREET, 9 ROOMS  
All modern improvements. Apply to C.  
Livingston & Co.

FOUR GOOD FURNISHED ROOMS WITH  
board, with all modern conveniences, at  
191 University Avenue.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED DWEL-  
lings, also stores and offices. J. S. R. Mc-  
Ginn, 213 Brock street, next Wade's.

43 KING STREET, WEST, BEAUTIFULLY  
situated, facing the Harbor. Rent \$240  
and taxes. Apply to Kirkpatrick, Roger  
& Nickle.

BRICK RESIDENCE, 201 BROCK STREET,  
11 rooms, modern improvements, also  
brick residence 244 Brock street, 10 room  
modern improvements. Apply to Mr.  
H. D. Bibby Co., Oak Hall, Prince-  
ston street.

POSSESSION AT ONCE. THAT ALIVE DE-  
pendable house on the corner of Brock and  
Gore streets, near the park. Modern in  
every way. Daily hot water and  
in perfect order. Apply to Felix Shaw  
115 Bagot street.

## ARCHITECTS.

POWER & SON, ARCHITECTS, MERCH-  
ants' Bank Building, corner Brock and  
Wellington streets. Phone 212.

AUTHUR ELLIS, ARCHITECT, OFFICE  
of New Drill Hall, near corner of  
Queen and Montrose Streets.

HENRY P. SMITH, ARCHITECT, ETC.  
Anchor Building, Market Square. Phone  
246.

WM. NEWLANDS, ARCHITECT, OFFICE  
second floor over Mahood's Drug Store  
corner Princess and Bagot streets. En-  
trance on Bagot street.

## UNDERTAKERS.

S. S. CORBETT, FUNERAL DIRECTOR, 281  
Princess Street, Kingston, Successor to  
W. M. Drennan.

T. F. HARRISON CO., UNDERTAKERS  
233-235 Princess Street. Quality and  
efficiency the best. Prices the lowest.  
Phones—Warren 90, Night Calls—  
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of  
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COLONIAL REMEDY.

No drink can be given in glass of  
water, tea, or coffee, without pain, knowledge,  
Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy the  
diseased and the alcohol stimulate, while the  
remedy is a stimulant, melatene, "spiper," the  
drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have  
an appetite for alcoholic intakes after using Colonial  
Remedy.

Imported by Members of W. C. T. U.  
Major Superintendent of the Women's  
Christian Temperance Union, Ventura, Cal., writes:

"I have tested Colonial Remedy on very obstinate  
drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many  
cases the results have been wonderful, and I have  
recommended and induced Colonial Remedy. Members  
of our Union are delighted to find a practical  
and economical treatment to aid us in our temper-  
ence work."

Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail.  
Price \$1. Trial package free by writing or calling  
Mr. M. A. Trial (for years member of the  
Women's Christian Temperance Union), 2204 St.  
Catherine St., Montreal.

Sold in Kingston by J. B. McLeod, Prin-  
cess street.

BLINDS,  
GRILLES,  
STORM SASHES,

And all kinds of Interior  
and Exterior

## WOOD WORKING

Well Manufactured by

S. ANGLIN & CO.

## HARDWARE

PAINTS OILS

GLASS and

CUTLERY Etc

A. STRACHAN & CO.

## STRAIGHT BUSINESS

W. Murray, Jr.,

Auctioneer and Commission Mer-  
chant, Market Square.

putated more than a hundred fingers  
of children mangled in the mills.

The summing up of the report of  
Mr. Hubbard is as follows: "I know  
the sweat shops of Hester street, New  
York; I am familiar with the vice,  
leprosy and degradation of the  
Whitechapel district; I have visited the  
ghetto of Venice; I know the lot of  
the coal miner in Pennsylvania, and  
I know something of Siberian atroc-  
ities; but for misery, woe and hope-  
less suffering, I have never seen any-  
thing to equal the cotton mill slavery  
of South Carolina!"

And the people who boast of their  
liberty, their progress, their prosper-  
ity, allow that horrible scandal to  
continue. The Roosevelt government  
has something to fight besides the  
trusts.

## THE CALL TO QUEEN'S.

The declination of Rev. Dr. Barclay  
of the call to the principalship of  
Queen's College has been received with  
surprise. It was taken for granted that  
Dr. Barclay would accept; indeed  
the trustees appear to have been so  
sure of thus that they did not adjourn,  
but closed their meeting, and they  
must wait a month before they can  
come together again.

It is simply unfortunate that the  
first important movement of the govern-  
ing body under new conditions,  
and without the inspiration of a miss-  
ing personality, has been without result.  
Its effect upon the college can-  
not be seen. It cannot, however, be  
good, and it necessitates the effect  
of making the Canadian policy  
more protective of Canadian interests.

The average Canadian will not be  
sorry that something has been done  
to help the manufacture of paper in  
Canada, and this action of the Uni-  
versity national government will  
have a powerful tendency in that direction.

Ontario has forbidden the export of  
pulp-wood. Her policy has required  
the erection of mills which reduce  
the wood to pulp and make it easy for  
export and use. Quebec, how-  
ever, has been selling the pulp-wood  
to the Americans, and it has been going  
out of Canada so fast and in such large quantities that the fear has  
been expressed that sooner or later  
the province will regret it.

In the light of later events it is to  
be regretted that the suggestion of  
the business men on the trustee board  
was not acted upon. They desired  
the appointment to be deferred for a  
time on the ground that no one's inter-  
ests would be affected and that the  
situation and the ways of dealing  
with it would become clearer. This  
would have saved the board from its  
present embarrassment, have preserved  
intact the college interests, and have  
spared some men the feeling of  
second choice when, under the circum-  
stances, there is no chance at all.

The Whig comes back to the position  
which it has held from the begin-  
ning. Queen's University has  
grown immensely since the late Dr.  
Grant was called to the principal-  
ship. He developed it with, performed  
a prodigious labour and expanded in  
his capacity as the college expanded in  
size and influence. It is impossible  
to find in one man the qualities which  
the college, in its present status, demands.  
The education of seven or eight hundred students warrants the  
selection of one whose academic  
standing is of the very highest. The  
business affairs of the institution are  
so vast and complex that only the  
experienced hand can wisely direct  
them. There are two sides to the  
question which is before the trustees,  
therefore, the side that concerns the  
teaching staff, and the side that con-  
cerns the business staff. Neither can  
be minimized. Neither can be discounted.  
The need of the hour seems to be  
of a head for the faculty and a fin-  
ancier—two men of marked ability—  
and it will be the more apparent as  
time proceeds.

**EDITORIAL NOTES.**  
Venezuela is again demanding the  
attention of Britain. Its government  
thinks that Uncle Sam is its protector  
and that it can be very saucy. Some  
of these days the gad will be applied.

Thanksgiving day! It's a good long  
time since the people had occasion to  
be thankful for so bountiful a harvest.  
They ought to show their gratitude in  
some substantial way.

The surplus of the Intercolonial rail-  
way this year will be \$100,000. Which  
makes the average tory very angry.  
What he desires is an annual deficit  
in keeping with what happened during  
the Haggart regime.

The disbandment of the Canadian  
regiment at Halifax ends the fiction  
that this country was going in for a  
larger standing force in view of fur-  
ther imperial service and defence. The  
thing was never even discussed.

The Ottawa Journal does not think  
that Mr. Tarte is expressing the mind  
of the country on the tariff question.  
Most of the fuss, says our contem-  
porary, "is being raised over his  
campaign is due to the fact that he  
is breaking away from his party." Is  
he doing this?

An effort has been made to abolish  
child labour in the south, and to no  
purpose. The men who have their  
money in the business live in the  
north, and thwart the attempts to  
pass legislature against them. They  
can save \$2,000 per week in a mill  
with a capital of a million dollars by  
employing child labour. This means  
one hundred thousand a year, or ten  
per cent upon the capital invested.  
In North Carolina the average pay  
of these child workers under fourteen  
averages twenty-five cents per day.  
Physicians practising in these cotton  
mill cities report a frightful increase  
in deaths from consumption, con-  
tinuous fever, perfect cultiva-  
tion medium for tuberculosis. Accidents  
are painfully frequent, one physician  
relating that he had personally an-

## REASONS WHY

A. CLERGYMAN OPPOSES  
PROHIBITORY LAW.

Rev. J. W. Forster, Wolfe Island,  
Preaches Strongly Against It  
—Gives Reason For The Faith  
That Is In Him.

In Trinity church, Wolfe Island, last  
Sunday Rev. J. W. Forster gave his  
reasons why he could not support the  
prohibitory law. He had been asked  
to do so and it was only right that  
the people should know his reasons  
for not helping in the coming cam-  
paign, as he had always been a strong  
temperance man. Taking Prov. xx, 1,  
as a text, he showed the evils of  
drunkenness. He did not agree with  
the people who condemned the govern-  
ment for the referendum. It was a  
momentous question, and the govern-  
ment was not shirking its responsibility  
in asking the people calmly to  
pass judgment on the measure. It was  
not a question of party politics. The  
conservatives did the same thing in  
Manitoba.

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**EDITORIAL NOTES.**  
Venezuela is again demanding the  
attention of Britain. Its government  
thinks that Uncle Sam is its protector  
and that it can be very saucy. Some  
of these days the gad will be applied.

Thanksgiving day! It's a good long  
time since the people had occasion to  
be thankful for so bountiful a harvest.  
They ought to show their gratitude in  
some substantial way.

The effect of the high license law in  
Illinois was immediate and striking.  
In 1883 there were in the state 13,700  
saloons from which a revenue of \$7,  
000,000 was derived. In that year the high  
license went into effect, and sixteen  
months after the number of saloons had  
been reduced to 9,000 and the revenue  
was \$1,000,000. In Chicago alone 1,000  
saloons had been wiped out in one year by the operation  
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