

The handwriting has changed but the quality of Blue Ribbon is just as good as ever. Was there ever such a tea!

MORE SHOE BARGAINS FOR MEN.

- 1 table Men's \$2 and \$1.50 Boots; sizes, 6, 8, 9, 10. CHOICE \$1. Ladies' \$2.50 Box Calf Lace Boots NOW \$1.90. Ladies' \$2 Box Calf Lace Boots NOW \$1.50. 1 table Ladies' Fine Kid Lace Boots. CHOICE \$1.25. 1 table Ladies' Kid Lace Boots. Very good value for \$2 CHOICE NOW \$1.50. 6 other tables loaded with Odds and Ends at Bargains.

THE LOCKETT SHOE STORE.



OUR BUSY DAYS.

We Keep Busy by the Many Bargains in Furniture.

- Woven Wire Lock Weave Spring, \$2.50. Regular price, \$3.50. Wool Mattress, six inch border, American Tick, Oval, \$2.50. Regular price, \$3.50. Goldenrod and Extension Tables, Golden Oak Finish, Oval, \$5.50. Regular price, \$7.50. Screen, \$1.50. Easel, 50c. Jarliners, 25c.

JAMES REID, The Leading Undertaker, 254-256 PRINCESS STREET.

New Ideas Wanted!

We wanted new ideas in Cake-baking, so we sent our noted cake-baker to the large cities to pick up the latest ideas. After six weeks' absence he has returned with all the

Latest Ideas and Styles.

Anything you want for 5 o'clock teas and knick-knacks. Call and see our new lines.

TOYE, King St.

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S. S. CORBETT, FUNERAL DIRECTOR, 281 PRINCESS Street, Kingston, Successor to W. P.

JAMES REID, THE LEADING UNDERTAKER, 254-256 Princess Street, Telephone 147A. Open day and night.

T. F. HARRISON CO., Undertakers, 233-235 Princess St. Quality and efficiency the best. Prices reasonable. Phone-Warrenton, 90. Night T. F. HARRISON, 91 Calle, 17 E. St. B. 92.

TRY OUR Wood & Coal. You will be delighted with it. S. ANGLIN & CO., Telephone 66. Foot of Wellington St.

REFRESHING AND DELICIOUS The Carbonated Magi Caledonia Water. It is always a safe beverage. Superior to every other. Sold By All Best Dealers. STUDENTS OF QUEEN'S! Don't forget that HONG LEE is still at 338 PRINCESS STREET. Turning out the best laundry work done in the city.

REAL ESTATE SNAPS. GET IN ON THE GROUND FLOOR before the advance. Parties having money to invest should consult with me as I have some special investments to offer in good safe income available in cities or desirable suburbs. George C. H. 115 Bank Street.

HENRY F. SMITH, Architect, etc., Anchor Building, Market Square. Phone 244.

YOU CAN DRESS WELL AND STYLISHLY AT SMALL COST.

Any woman or intelligent girl by using the tested and popular Diamond Dyes can recolor any faded and dingy garment, making it look as good as new. The most fashionable colors are found in the Diamond Dyes—colors that never fade or croak. Every family making use of the Diamond Dyes can save quite a large sum of money each year, and all are neatly and well dressed. To achieve such happy and desired results, Diamond Dyes must be used; the common dyes destroy your materials. The demand for the Diamond Dye-Mat and Rug Patterns is steadily on the increase. Women and girls are deeply interested in the work of mat and rug making. If your dealer cannot furnish you with sheets of designs for showing the newest things in floor ornaments, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain Street, Montreal, Que., and you will get them by mail.

PIN THIS TO YOUR MEMORY.

Years of experience and a continuing desire to touch with modern business ideas and principles as far as the drug trade is concerned, have commanded the attention of the public and won their approval. We are building up a large and solid business because we guarantee the quality of all our drugs and medicines. We have the finest and best stock of perfumes and toilet requisites ever seen in the retail drug business.

A WORD ABOUT PAINE'S CLEARY COMPOUND. We can without hesitation recommend Paine's Cleary Compound to our customers as the best of blood purifiers. It has the indorsement of Canada's best people. It quickly drives the poison of deep-seated disease from the blood. Try a bottle of this marvelous system cleanser; you will not be disappointed.

GEO. W. MAHOOD, DRUGGIST, Corner Princess and Bogot Streets, Kingston, Ont.

TO-LET. DWELLINGS, STORES, OFFICES AND MANUFACTURING PREMISES. Real Estate office, 332 King Street.

THE WHIG—68th YEAR.

DAILY BRITISH WHIG, published each evening at 206-210 King Street, at 10c per year. Editions at 2:30 and 4 o'clock. WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 12 pages, published every Thursday morning at \$1 per year. Attached is one of the best Job Printing Offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; nice improved presses. EDW. J. R. PENNE, PROPRIETOR.

THE DAILY WHIG.

'Opiter per Orbem Dicit.'

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The cable people ridicule the idea that wireless telegraphy can be of any value, commercially. The same thing may have been said of telephone service some years ago. The world moves, and the submarine cable may have the same relationship to the wireless system that the telegraph has to the telephone line. There is room for all and a monopoly for none. The practicality of wireless telegraphy has to be developed, of course. But it has grown wondrously in favour within two years. It is practically in the communication of messages between vessels at sea. It is useful in communicating between the mainland and steamship far out at sea. It is possible to send letters from England to Newfoundland, and it is possible to send messages.

The cable companies had better not deceive themselves. They have collected high taxes long enough.

THE BOOTH TROUBLES.

General Booth is being sorely tried in his advanced life, and by members of his own family. The first great defection came when Ballington Booth and his wife seceded from the army, started his rival in the American Volunteers. Ballington and his wife had become enamoured of their American appointment, and refused to leave it on any account. It was a sore breach of army discipline, and gave the general his own anxious moments. Now the wife of the family have broken away from the Salvation army, in the persons of commander Booth-Clibborn and his wife, the daughter who was best known as "Le Marchale." She was the heroic herald of the army in Europe, and in countries where she had to leave in order to succeed. The general thinks they must have greater freedom for usefulness, and it is hinted that they believe in healing through the atonement and propose to preach it. The spirit of the army is taking its departure. The army has triumphed because those who commanded it lived and served unselfishly and there is that which has wrecked so many good movements, namely the elevation of personal preferences above the army's demands. A greater than the general, in personal influence, in tact and diplomacy, was Mrs. Booth, and it is significant to notice that all the troubles of the army, the defections which they would be least expected, have set in since she has passed away.

A KIND OF ILLUSION.

The facts are coming out in regard to the discussion by the conservative party not to contest the local by-election. Mr. Whitney had to be consulted. He is primarily responsible for the conduct of the provincial campaign, and the issue in Kingston had to be disposed of with his knowledge and consent.

It is recalled by the Toronto Star that he insisted on Mr. Garrow being opposed, in West Huron, against the wishes of his supporters in the constituency, and the result was a defeat more damaging to the party than any one can describe.

The president of the Kingston association adopted the wise course of visiting Toronto and discussing the situation with Mr. Whitney. Mr. Whitney had before him the result of the federal by-election. The local party allowed its better judgment to be set aside, and entered a contest which, despite its rosy hue, ended in a most disastrous rout. A sound defeat would have made an end of the party, locally, and Mr. Whitney had this pointed out to his complete satisfaction.

So because Mr. Whitney acquiesced in the decision to keep out of the fight it is alleged that advantage has been taken of the party in springing the election, and a wrong done to the country in preparing an up-to-date registration of voters. The retreat of the forces is pictured in that strange string of words, which constituted the special committee's report, and it reads like a kind of memoir.

The Scottish lawyers are not satisfied with the manner in which the title of K.C.—conveying certain preferences with—has been conferred. The Lord Justice General has been approving of disapproving of the nomination as he chose. The best men, the ablest counsel, the most learned advocates, are not always recognized. There is to be an appeal to the highest authority upon the question.

There is a town in Wisconsin—according to the Review of Reviews— which has a co-operative telephone system and its cost is \$2.25 per month for stores, and \$1 per month for houses. It is making money, and has a large fund for repairs and renewals. Ottawa will take heart at this, and push its municipal scheme to a finish.

EARL GREY AND CO-OPERATION.

This nobleman, now visiting at Rideau Hall, Ottawa, is a champion of the cause of co-operation. His countenance appears also at co-operative assemblies and festivals and has a kindly word for co-operators.

The following extracts from the Earl's speeches, reported in "Labour Co-Partnership," the monthly organ of the co-operative movement, will serve to show the speaker's standpoint on this question. At the half-yearly gathering of co-operators at Kettering, in March, 1898, Earl Grey's speech is thus reported:

"The average man still believes that productive co-operation is impossible, but Kettering is removing the catarrh from his eyes and forcing him to see and recognize the facts of success. The moment is opportune for co-partnership. There are both sides to be considered, the industrial war and ready to consider it as a solution. Employers who formerly would not listen to such schemes are now ready to come forward. He congratulated the labor associations on recognizing the psychological moment. After dwelling on the striking development of boot and shoe factories, his lordship went on to point out the disastrous results which must ensue from any continuation to reduce the efficiency of labor—a danger averted by co-partnership—and the effect of co-partnership in developing the character of the workers."

At a "Co-operative Field Day," at Healden Bridge, in June, 1898, Earl Grey in the course of his speech said:

"I have often been told by people away from here that co-operation was all humbug, but it is not so. The man who has the success of an institution depends upon the proper management of all parts of it. The weak point of the co-operative productive system is the reluctance on the part of the workers to acknowledge and recognize the brains and ability brought into the works. There is not sufficient readiness to give trains their due share and reward. As you are aware, there is nearly always some state of lock-out or strike. When these are in operation trade goes to Germany, America, and other places. Your trade here unless capital and labor. It gives me the greatest satisfaction to know that you have got your savings in the Healden Bridge society, where you can get five per cent., while the ordinary workman outside, if he wants to save, can only get two and a half per cent., through the post-office saving bank. The man who has savings to invest will find it every year more difficult to get interest for his money. You here get five per cent., and each worker has an average of twenty-six pounds to his credit, and some have 100 pounds, the limit. In many private workshops the worker does not care a straw about the success of the business; but here, down to the very lowest in the mill, all have an interest in the success of the business. Healden Bridge is one of the most important factors in the history of England to-day. Suppose your system of profit sharing could be established throughout the world to-day, you might say that you would have a world of peace and brotherhood, and make men and women happier."

TRAINING OUR BOYS.

The educationists of England, those at any rate who were represented at the headmasters' conference, London, some time ago, have been disappointed by the refusal of the war office to encourage the military spirit among the boys. The idea was to form public school rifle volunteer corps, these to be independent of the local battalions, and to be aided by certain grants for outfits and certain training of the officers at the military academies.

The Earl of Meath represented the movement, and conducted the correspondence with the war office. In a letter to the London Times, he expresses his disappointment with the reply of Mr. Broderick. The secretary of war dismissed the matter somewhat curtly and on the ground that this was not a time in which extraordinary expenditures could be undertaken. The Earl estimated the expense at £2,000 per annum, allowing for a considerable expansion of the movement. But Mr. Broderick is inclined to put it at a considerably higher figure, and to add a very substantial sum for initial expenses.

The leader in the discussion, the noble earl referred to, is not disposed to abandon his case easily, especially when he has the backing of many prominent teachers, and realizes that the military ardour of the boys cannot be too much stimulated. He cites what is being done in Natal in this respect. There every boy is a cadet, is taught to drill and shoot, and the cost to the country in 1897-1898 was only £2,695. He cites, too, what the Prince of Wales said of the cadet system after seeing very much of it in Australia, in Natal and Canada. "The excellent work done by the colonial contingents in South Africa," says the Earl, "convinced Field Marshal Roberts of the great value of the cadet training they had received. On his return from the Transvaal he publicly stated he hoped the old country would insist on all boys becoming cadets."

The English movement can be duplicated in Canada to very great advantage. The proposal is that the equipment belong to the government, that it supplies the ammunition, and grant an allowance which will secure efficient officers for drill and command. Drill is good for the health in that it develops the muscles, and adds physical power and capacity to the individual. Sharp shooting is best learned

in youth. It is never forgotten. One's aim may not be as good without the constant practice, but he will never forget how to handle a rifle when there is the necessity for it.

SATURDAY SAYINGS.

The opposition in the local house does not seem to have got any comfort from the Kingston bye-election. The news of it was sprung upon Mr. Whitney, and it made him speechless.

Now it is the militia department which proposes to direct the erection of drill halls about the country. Is there a combination of the other departments against that of public works?

The city clerk has had more callers than usual at his office and enquiries about the voters' lists. So many were found without votes in a recent election, and they calculate not be caught in that way again.

Australia is now moving for a preferential tariff. The premier of that great commonwealth thinks that Britain can best show her appreciation of the colonies by taking from them all she can of their products and supplies.

The capital invested in liquor, in real estate, in stock and fixtures, is \$74,000,000. The amount spent annually in grain, in transportation, in machinery and wages, is \$15,500,000. The movement that will displace all this must be a mighty one.

Mr. Smart, the deputy minister of the interior, is in England, in the interest of a larger immigration to Canada. Only one to five of the British immigrants seek a settlement direct in the dominion. The others go to the United States, though many afterwards cross the border and locate in Canada. The more of this kind of immigration—Canada via the U.S.—there is the better. It is not costing Canada much.

The Spectator, the great family journal that has to do with the enlightenment of the Hamilton folks, intimates that Mr. Whitney is not in the prohibition agitation. It is Mr. Ross who has to pass the law the prohibitionists demand. But Mr. Ross is only one in the house. There are others. There is a man on the opposition side, a certain Mr. Whitney, who is supposed to have a mind of his own. He can't dodge the issue. He must speak now.

Have Purchased Farms.

Sunnyside, Jan. 30.—It is reported that George Harpell has purchased the Powley homestead, and David Hamilton the Harpell homestead, from Mr. Harrington, Toronto. For a number of years Albert Aylesworth has had these properties leased. Mrs. Hugh Johnston is suffering from paralysis. After a month's illness Raymond Coon passed away at the home of his father on Monday. The funeral, a large one, took place on Wednesday and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Cunningham. The services were held in the Free Methodist church, at Cataraqui. A number from here attended the funeral of the late Philip Purdy, Cataraqui. He was one of the oldest residents, being in his eighty-second year. Rev. Mr. Craig, Methodist minister, made pastoral calls through here on Wednesday. Miss Buck, school teacher, gave a recitation at the "Antiquarian Tea," in the Cataraqui Methodist church, on Tuesday evening, which was well received by the audience. Miss Rose Harpell, spending a few weeks with friends at Gananoque, is home. Thomas Brown, once a resident of this place, now of Gananoque, visited his friends here recently. The Hon. Mr. Clark, suffering with a sore knee, is now receiving treatment in the Hotel Dieu. Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnston, Herbert Johnston and Mrs. Adam Hays; Kepler, and Mr. and Mrs. James M. Cowie, Cataraqui, at John Johnston's; Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Gess, Kepler, at Jonathan Knight's. Albee Aylesworth takes possession of the toll-gate on Saturday at noon.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boesche, a celebrated German physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in medicine. It quickly cures the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boesche's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75c. For sale at Wade's drug store.

Eyes And Nose Ran Water.

C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in ten minutes."—17.

Kipling's Desk Motto.

Manchester Daily Dispatch. Some time ago when I was privileged to meet Mr. Kipling in his own rooms I noticed that the motto carved upon his desk with a knife was: "Oh! have I tolled at thee in joy and pain." That is his motto, he tells at his work, and it is both a pain and joy to him.

Complete independence for the Orange River and Transvaal colonies is the stand taken by the Boer leaders.

THE POPULAR WOMAN.

The Kind That Men Admire.

Men admire a pretty face and a good figure, but sooner or later learn that the happy woman,—that contented one is most of all to be admired.

Those troubled with fainting spells, irregularity, nervous irritability, backache, the blues and that dreadful bearing down feeling cannot hope to be happy and advanced in either home or social life is impossible. It is clearly shown in the young lady's letter which follows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will certainly cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Murphy's letter is only one of the countless, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all; and for the absolute cure of all kinds of female ills no substitute can possibly take its place. Women should bear this important fact in mind when they go into a drug store, and be sure not to accept anything that is claimed to be "just as good" as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for no other medicine for female ills has made so many actual cures.



MISS MARGARETTA MURPHY, President "Lend-a-Hand Club," Seattle, Wash.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For three years I suffered with bearing down pains, backache, became nervous and hysterical and could not enjoy life as other young women did. A lady friend who had suffered similarly and been cured, suggested that I try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had little faith in it, but nevertheless I gave it a trial, and I am glad that I did. I kept getting better gradually and my pains left me and within four months I was a well woman. This is a year ago and I have never had any trouble since. I wish all suffering women knew of your valuable medicine.—Yours very truly, MARGARETTA MURPHY, 2703 Sec. Ave., Seattle, Wash."

Two More Grateful Letters.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to your valuable medicine. I have been troubled with falling of the womb and inflammation of the ovaries, and was so bad I could hardly walk across the floor. The doctors said it was impossible for me to get well unless I had an operation, but this I would not listen to. Having read so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I made up my mind to give it a trial, and it has done wonders for me. I commenced about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on the first dose, and today I am a well, healthy girl. Hoping that your Vegetable Compound will relieve other sufferers from my ailments. I am, as ever, your grateful friend, ALMA LARSON, Box 188, Hudson, Wis."

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address LYNN, MASS.

REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find the slow testicular cancer. It is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham's Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

We Will be Entering Stock Next Week.

Lots of things that we will decide must go out and a price will be put on them to send them quick. It will pay you to look about all next week. Keep your eyes open and you'll pick up good bargains. Lots of items sold at reduced prices that we never tell you of in the papers.

TO-NIGHT

We want to make a good big hole in our Glove, Hosiery and Underwear stock.

SEVERAL LOTS LAID OUT FOR QUICK SELLING:

- Women's 37 1/2c. Vests for 25c. Women's 75c Vests for 50c. Men's \$1.50 and \$2 Drawers for \$1. Boys' Ribbed Worsted Hose, 20c. and 25c. Women's 40c. Cashmere Gloves for 25c. Women's Cashmere Hose, 40c. pair for 3 pairs for \$1.

STARR & SUTCLIFFE, 18 and 120 Princess Street. . . Kingston, On

ASTHMA CANNOT EXIST

When CLARKE'S KOLA COMPOUND is used with the worst form of asthma, tried many remedies and doctors, most start to try a change of climate. Get no relief, use only three bottles of Clarke's Kola Compound, six bottles entirely cure you. The relief is instantaneous. At all druggists or The C. & S. Co., Limited, 121 Church St., Toronto.

Trousers

In Checks, Stripes and Fancy Patterns

You may need an extra pair now. We have a large assortment to choose from.

J. R. Johnston, Tailor and Draper.