

(2) Any tribunal may hear evidence on oath or otherwise as it may deem expedient, and for the performance of its duties shall have all the powers vested in a Commissioner under Part I of the Inquiries Act.

(3) The Governor in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Central Appeal Judge, make regulations with respect to the establishment, constitution, functions and procedure of the said tribunals, and such regulations may contain provisions for securing uniformity in the application of this Act.

(4) In so far as provision is not otherwise made, the procedure of the Tribunal shall be such as is determined by the Tribunal.

(5) No member of any tribunal shall be responsible at law for anything done by him in good faith in the performance of his duties under this Act, and no action shall be taken against any member of a local tribunal or an appeal tribunal in respect of the performance or non-performance of his duties under this Act, except with the written consent of the Central Appeal Judge.

(6) No proceeding authorized or pending before any tribunal, and no decision of any tribunal, shall be means of an injunction, prohibition, mandamus, certiorari, habeas corpus, or other process, whether of the like kind or otherwise issuing out of any court, be enjoined, restrained, stayed, removed or subjected to review or consideration, upon any ground whether arising out of alleged absence of jurisdiction in the tribunal, nullity, defect or irregularity of the proceedings or any other cause whatsoever nor shall any such proceeding or decision be questioned, reviewed or considered collaterally in any action or proceeding civil or criminal.

#### LOCAL TRIBUNALS.

6. (1) The Minister may from time to time, by proclamation or otherwise, establish local tribunals at such places as he deems necessary, and give each an appropriate designation.

(2) The Minister may, after a local tribunal is established, order, by proclamation or otherwise, the removal of such local tribunal from place to place within the same province.

(3) Each local tribunals shall consist of two member. One member shall be appointed by a Board of Selection to be established by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Commons; the other member shall be appointed by the following authority:-

1. In those provinces in which there are county courts or district courts, the county court judge or district court judge, or, if more than one, the senior judge for the county or district in which the local tribunal is established, or when the place at which a local tribunal is to be established is not within the territorial limits of any county court or district court, then by such judge as may be determined by the Minister.

The judge making the appointment may appoint himself or any other judge having