

M. F. SMITH,
Dentist,
CANADA LIFE BUILDING,
TORONTO,
Will during Exhibition time make a
Reduction of \$2.00

In all Upper and Lower sets of Teeth.

The Best Teeth,
Perfectly fitted and guaranteed satisfactory in
every respect.

No Pain

In filling or extracting teeth.

Large well-ventilated Waiting room with
Photograph and Piano.

DR. SMITH,

DENTIST.

GRADUATE OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGONS, ALSO HONOR GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY. DR. SMITH, IS A MEMBER OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF DENTISTS OF ENGLAND AND IS A MEMBER OF THE CANADIAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION. GOLD WORK IS SPECIALTY.

A few weeks ago Dr. Smith will receive increased practice. Dr. Smith will visit Stouffville every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

PATTERSON & FENTON

DENTISTS.

Hodgson's Block, Stouffville.

Open on every Thursday and Friday.

THE TRUSSURE.

STOUFFVILLE, NOV. 11, 1892.

The United States Presidential election took place on Tuesday, and the result indicates that Grover Cleveland will be the next President.

This week is being observed by the Salvation Army in Canada as a week of self-denial and thanksgiving. During the week Salvationists and friends are asked to give up meat, eggs, butter, flour, sugar, fat, oil, or clothing, or some way to make a sacrifice that will increase their donation to the army. Last year \$11,400 was raised in this way.

The prospects of a profitable trade have led the Salvation Army to issue a bulletin to the Canadian producer of which Sir Charles Tupper is about to issue. The views of a number of British hay dealers have been given by Mr. Constance. The substance of the dealers' views is that there is an opening for our hay in the British markets if it can be carried there cheaply enough and in a condition and shape that will suit the old country trade.

The owners of the ten big mills in the Dominion manufacturing wrapping papers have all but completed arrangements for the organization of a combine designed to fix prices and control prices at a paying price. Some of the paper manufacturers have recently increased their sales by selling at unprofitable prices, and a movement was set on foot to form an organization which would be a check on the scale of prices. Among the firms in the combine are the E. B. Eddy Co. of Hull, J. C. Wilson & Co. of Montreal, Taylor Bros. and the Canada Paper Company of Toronto, and the Lincoln Paper Mills Co. of Merrittton.

N. G. Bigelow, Q.C., member for Toronto of the Legislative Assembly, died last Saturday morning after a short illness. He had been ailing for a month, and his announcement of his sudden demise was a surprise to even his nearest friends. Two weeks ago Mr. Bigelow took an active part in the opening ceremonies of Victoria College, and was present at the services. His views is that there is an opening for our hay in the British markets if it can be carried there cheaply enough and in a condition and shape that will suit the old country trade.

The HEAD-SURGEON

Of the Lumber Medical Company is now at Toronto, Canada, and may be consulted either in person or by letter. He has a special knowledge of the diseases of the head, especially those of the nervous system, and is an authority on the subject.

Perhaps some will say that this standard is too high, no man can attain to it. The standard which cannot attain to is not of this world. But we must aim high, and hope to hit him, his follower and his Master to aim at the full stature of the perfect man in the discharge of public duty.

Mr. G. Bigelow, Q.C., member for Toronto of the Legislative Assembly, died last Saturday morning after a short illness. He had been ailing for a month, and his announcement of his sudden demise was a surprise to even his nearest friends. Two weeks ago Mr. Bigelow took an active part in the opening ceremonies of Victoria College, and was present at the services. His views is that there is an opening for our hay in the British markets if it can be carried there cheaply enough and in a condition and shape that will suit the old country trade.

If we are to believe certified experiments the effect of food in increasing the solids in milk and butter is not so great as is generally supposed. In fact, one finds that the best food ration on one finds a rich ration. It has been fully shown that no matter what feed you give an animal only a certain limit of butter-fat can be reached in the animal. This is an interesting point, especially to persons who are not fully developed than others. For two years now the Agricultural College Experiment Station at Guelph has been making several trials with different feeds, and the results are carefully studied by dairymen and farmers, as there is one of the most important and vital principles affecting the dairy interests in these same tests. Drop a copy of the College and get a copy of this Bulletin.

The worst fears of the friends of our all-important Canadian cattle trade have been realized. Last Friday a telegram came from the Canadian Parliament, "I am ordering an order prohibiting the importation of live Canadian cattle. In other words, the privilege allowed to Canadian cattle of being permitted to enter and to graze on British pastures has been taken away. All Canadian cattle immediately on arrival will be slaughtered in the lairs at the seaports, as are all cattle imported into Britain from the United States and other countries." The importation caused considerable consternation in Toronto. It was very particularly welcome to those dealers who have large shipments of stockers now on the ocean, and who were slaughtered on their arrival, and now have to be sent back to Canada, a loss to the owners. There were some who hoped that an official statement would have some effect yet, with the Imperial authorities, but the general view was one of indifference at the British government. There was a wide difference of opinion as to the probable effect upon the trade of the country which the exclusion of live cattle would have. Some thought that there was a variety of opinions as to the immediate effect of injury. That the effect on dealers largely interested in store cattle will be disastrous in the extreme was admitted by all, and the same was true of the movement that the stoppage of this branch of the trade would seriously affect the prosperity of the country generally, and the latter urge that because of alleged inability to produce cattle equal to those produced in this country, the Canadian farmer cannot probably compete with American farmers in the meat market business in England, so that they are therefore compelled to dispose of all their cattle to the dealers or the market. The majority of dealers are, however, very outspoken in the condemnation of the practice of sending lean cattle to Great Britain to be fed and made ready for market. The Canadian dealers are sending Montreal having on board immense cargoes of cattle, and at the same time carrying from Canada feed wherewith to convert these stockers into beef. A few dealers are, however, inclined to take the best thing that could happen to Canada, though it may be a blow for the present.

Cure of the Measles.

Mr. J. A. Campbell, M.D., writes: "My wife was unwell for many weeks, and I feel that I cannot praise the service of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills more highly. They have done me a great service."

Entertaining.

John Atkens is a Great Sufferer from Dyspepsia.

Perfectly cured by Hood's Saraparilla.

The best stomach tonic known to medical science is the rapidly combined in Hood's Saraparilla that cures Indigestion, and Dyspepsia in its severest forms, when other medicines fail. In many cases Hood's Saraparilla cures, and possesses a magical touch, which no other medicine can do. Read the following from Dr. Ayer and respected citizen of St. Mary's, Ont.:

"I am very glad to give this testimony as to what Hood's Saraparilla has done for me. I suffered much with dyspepsia. I have been taking medicine.

For 26 Years

and I never had anything do me as much good as Hood's Saraparilla. Every symptom of the disease has been relieved, and I feel that I cannot praise the medicine too highly."

Entertaining.

John Atkens is a Great Sufferer from Dyspepsia.

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The new Methodist Church, an account of which appeared in our last week's issue, was dedicated last Sunday, the services being conducted according to arrangement by Rev. Mr. Carman, General Superintendent of the Methodist Church and Rev. J. Young, Chairman of the District. Dr. Carman on whom the heavy responsibilities of his office are beginning to tell as much as advancing years, took for his text Deut. Chap. VIII, v. 8, from which he preached with a vigor both physical and mental such as is seldom found in a man at three score years. His sermon was the former as the embodiment of his thoughts in the words in Nehemiah Chap. IV, v. 6, from which he preached a very practical and impressive sermon. At each of these services the congregations were large, extra seating being required to accommodate the numbers present. On the evening Dr. Carman was again the preacher, taking for his subject the word "Give an account of thyself." From the text he deduced that the sermon should be delivered in a simple, forcible language, and that the sermon should be the embodiment of his thoughts in the words in Nehemiah Chap. IV, v. 6, from which he preached a very practical and impressive sermon.

As the season is near when this and surrounding municipalities are beginning to discuss the abilities of their fellow ratepayers as to fitness for municipal office, a few remarks in this direction will be in order.

One would suppose that all who are interested in the welfare of their town and general prosperity of the municipality would do their utmost to see that the best qualified men are elected; but many men, who would make good officers, do not receive nomination, account of local jealousies, prejudices, political differences or, even, denominationalism.

There are not a few sterling men who object to nomination, men possessed of a sensitive nature who shrink from the somewhat athroscopic of municipal politics as subjective and bitter recrimination incident to an election campaign.

The pauper remuneration and the so-called honors of the position are not regarded by them as fair equivalents for the comforts of office.

The following are some of what should be the constituent elements in the make-up of an efficient municipal councilor:—(1) He should be a man who commands the respect of his fellow-citizens for his irreproachable moral character both as regards his business dealings and habits of life.

(2) Without the sternest integrity, a man is unfit for this position no matter what his other qualifications are.

(3) Good common sense in connection with a fair amount of tact aid in making a man an efficient councilor.

(4) Sound judgment, broad views and an absence of sectionalism are essentials and should be coupled with a sacred regard for the trust committed to his charge.

(5) A fair knowledge of, and interest in, the affairs of the town.

(6) A desire to serve his constituents.

(7) A desire to be a credit to the town.

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