### The Stouffville Gribune

Established 1888

Member of the Canadian Weekiy Newspaper Association and Ontario-Quebec Newspapers Association Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulations

Average Paid-in-Advance Circulation as of Sept. 1st 2,473 Issued every Thursday, at Stouffville, Ontario Subscription Rates, per year, in advance: In U.S.A. \$2.50

In Canada \$2.00 A. V. Nolan & Son, Publishers

### Notes and Comments

New Stamp Very Large

The new four-cent postage stamp commemorating the centenary of the telephone, will never be popular with business concerns since they are too large for common use. There is a lot of paper put into this issue designed to make it attractive, and this regardless of the great scarcity of paper. However, it is understood that this is merely a special issue and will be withdrawn from sale within a limited time.

#### Indians Liked It Too

The time of year is fast approaching when many residents of the rural areas will hie themselves to the sugar bush to make preparations for the annual collection of maple sap and the making of syrup, candy and sugar.

While it may not have been welcome in this section, this week's heavy blizzard is making the farmers in the Province of Quebec very happy. They are pointing to the fact that in the years when there have been big snows the run of sap has set a record. They anticipate a record run this year and look forward happily to the financial return they will receive.

Though any of us may believe the making of maple sugar began with our forefathers who were pioneers on this continent, the Royal Ontario Museum reveals that the art was one of the few contributions to our civilization by the American Indian. After slashing the tree slantwise with a tomahawk, a wooden chip or spout was inserted to guide the fluid into birch bark pails resting on the ground. A number of such receptacles are on display in the Royal Ontario Museum, varying in size and design.

One of the methods of boiling down the sap was to use earthenware pots. The other was to drop red-hot stones into a sap trough such as those commonly used by the Mohawks-hollowed-out basswood logs. In the latter process, the stones were removed when cold and more hot ones dropped in so that the boiling down was accomplished only after a great deal of labour. Although poor in quality and meagre in quantity, the product thus obtained was a highly valued one, being the only sugar available.

The Humble Turnip is Important

In view of the fact that the Stouffville farmers are producers of turnips in great quantity, for export and for city markets in Ontario, an editorial in the Daily Times-Gazette of Oshawa will be of interest. For years Stouffville turnips have been shipped to New York where they are known as rutabagas. Only last fall a waxing plant was opened in Stouffville, and is flooded with-orders all the time. Entitled, "The Turnip Grows Up," the Oshawa paper

says: "During World War I Ontario farmers made considerable sums through the growing and sale of turnips which were made into "marmalades" and other products. During World War II the demand was just as great but the lowly turnip had come of age and is now known as the rutabaga.

During the recent war hundreds of cars of rutabaga were shipped from the Brock Township area to markets in New York and Philadelphia. Individual farmers are reported to have made as much as \$2,000 from a season's crop.

That the growing of this vegetable is big business is indicated by its popularity as a crop in Western Ontario. About 500 farmers in Middlesex, Huron and Lambton Counties are producing turnips as, a cash crop with an estimated 2,000 acres producing 350,000 bushels of first grade turnips last year. Yields of a thousand bushels are not uncommon.

Six waxing plants are operated in Middlesex and Huron Counties and the turnips, all No. 1 grade, are shipped in branded 50-pound bags. A constant watch is kept for vegetables which do not meet the required standard."

#### THIS KNOWLEDGE

Q.-How can I make the fat on boiled ham firm and white?

immediately after removing from ing it to boil for 5 minutes, then the boiling water in which it was strain. cooked. The fat will be white and Q.-How can I prevent grease firm and the meat will be a good from popping?

nace register?

A .- Place some fine wire netting ing it only when turning. over the top of the hot air pipe Q .- How can I overcome baby's directly below the register.

the flower box.

spots from cloth?

Q .- How can I make a hair sett-

ing solution? A .- A good hair setting solution can be easily made by taking 31/2 A.—When serving cold ham as a pints of water, to which is added 2 luncheon dish, place it in iced water tablespoons of quince seed, allow-

A.—Sprinkle a little flour in the Q.—How can I prevent small frying pan and it will stop the articles from rolling down the fur-spattering at once. Also try inverting a colander over the pan, remov-

Q.-How can I keep the water A .- Give water as hot as can be from running through the flower taken, and use the hot water bottle. If this does not give relief, dissolve A .- Place a layer of small stones a soda mint tablet in half a cup of in the bottom of the flower pots, or hot water and give a few teaspoon-

Q.-How can I remove kerosene Q.-How can I remove grease

stains from a garment? A .- If kerosene oil has been A .- Rub lard on the spots, then spilled on cloth, scour the spot wash in cold water, followed by a with turpentine, then with soap washing in warm water, This will



出版。这种"产品"的"一种","一种"的"一种","一种"的"一种"。

#### OUR CAPITAL CORRESPONDENT

Written exclusively for The Stouffville Tribune by M. L. Schwartz

Behind the blast at the Communranks and leadership of some of the Canadian labor unions by the now there is much gossip backstage in to clean out some of these effects, with whispers being that this may van case.

the following morning in this capi- than is available at present in tal hotel. However, the next morning, he failed to appear, and instead Eastern Canada is substantially the a messenger delivered his resigna. Same. About 47,000 box cars are tion from the post to the office of used for the transportation of varithe Trades and Labor Congress ous commodities, including feeds here. It was not mailed, with Sullivan's now famous 2,000-word state. Atlantic seaboard posts. There is an ment being handed to newspaper men at the hotel.

With Canada's House of .Commons taking a long Easter recess observers in Ottawa that, in view the usually terrific heat of summer King during a debate in the House and his words are considered significant.

It is recognized in Ottawa that Federal Features Syndicate).

some criticism has been levelled at the Government with reference to the movement of grain and it is known that some difficulty in this regard can be attributed particularly to the acute shortage of box cars, with an explanation having istic influence alleged to exist in the been offered in Parliament on the box car situation in general.

"The present box car situation in much publicized "Pat" Sullivan Canada is acute," declared in part Transport Minister Chevrier. "Summing up as briefly as I can, I be-Ottawa where it is believed that, lieve the situation can best be this is only the beginning of a fight stated by saying that at this time there are some 117,000 box cars in Canada. Of that number 26,000 are lead to a purge or war against in the United States, about 44,000 in Communistic growth in such circles Western Canada and approximately in Canada, though there is much to 47,000 in Eastern Canada. Of the be explained about the "Pat" Sulli- 44,000 in Western Canada about 11, 000 are used for the transportation On a Friday night, "Pat" Sullivan of grain and the balance for other told a small group of journalists in comodities. However for the transa hotel in Ottawa that he had no portation of wheat and other grains intention to resign as secretary there are required a far greater treasurer of the Trades and Labor number than 11,000. In fact, there Congress of Canada and that he are required some \$,000 to 9,000 would give a prepared statement more box cars for this purpose Western Canada. The situation in from lake ports and bay ports to acute shortage here, as well, of somewhere in the neighbourhood of

Prime Minister Mackenzie King from April 2 to 14, it is held by has refused to disclose all plans for the beautification of Ottawa as this of the heavy agenda facing the nation's capital on the ground that. legislators at the present time, the if this was done, speculators would session may last much longer than; immediately begin to interest themit is generally expected so that selves in the projects ........... There once again there is a distinct pos- were 11,901 physicians in this sibility that the House of Commons country on July 1, 1946, according and Senate may have to sit during to a report in Ottawa, with 3,004 medical students expected to gradin this capital. Last summer Parlia. uate in the next five years, includment carried on until Aug. 31 and ing 387 this year......There is much there were many complaints that interest in this capital in the statethis did happen. Now, it is believed ment here that the CPR's passenger possible that history may repeat revenues will drop by about \$8,000itself." "If the current session is 000 this year, this being based on to be concluded before the autumn. what has been called a "generous the House will have to clear the estimate" of passenger revenues of decks and get on with the business (\$45,381,000 last year) \$37,000,000 . before it," warned Prime Minister It is believed here that sometime next summer a provincial Progressive-Conservative leader for Nova Scotia will be chosen.

(Reproduction Prohibited, 1947.

# 3 Things the Cornish Brief Demonstrates to Premier Drew

The Brief submitted to the Royal Commission on Education by the Inter-Church Committee on Protestant-Roman Catholic Relations was largely the work of Prof. Geo. A. Cornish, B.A., the Executive Secretary of the Committee. It

is usually referred to as the "Cornish Brief." The most outstanding feature of the Brief is its exposure of the extent to which the Roman Catholic Separat eSchool system has supplanted the Public School system in Northern

## 1. The ROSS Appeasement Policy of 1902 was Bad

The Cornish Brief shows that the Betrayal of the Public School in New Ontario started in 1902, when the dying Ross Government passed Section 21 of the Separate School Act, allowing the first school in unorganized and unsurveyed townships to be a Separate School instead of a Public School.
Ross was a party-first Premier and Minister of Education.

## 2. The Ferguson Appeasement Policy 1927 was Worse

The Cornish Brief shows that this Ross Bid for Roman Catholic votes was out-bid by the Ferguson Government in 1927, when the then Premier and Minister of Education, G. Howard Ferguson, nullified Regulation 17, "for say five years," and enabled these illegal "Separate" Schools to be turned into French-speaking schools. The Brief shows that French-speaking classrooms increased from 362 in 1927 to 882 in 1928, to 984 in 1930, to 1,074 in 1931 and reached 1,471 by 1944! What a monument to the Ferguson Government's treachery! It had been elected on a platform of abolishing French Schools.

## 3. The present Drew Appeasement Policy is the Worst of All

The worst blow to the Public School system was still to come. In 1943 the C.C.F. offered to pay from 5% to 70% of the cost of these and all other Separate Schools out of public . funds. Mr. Drew out-bid them by offering to pay 50%. Mr. Hepburn in 1945 raised the bid of 90%, and Premier Drew then went "up to 95%."

These three party-first, vote-catching Premiers and Ministers of Education have sacrificed the Public School in New Ontario and many other parts of the province. The Cornish Brief demonstrates clearly that the Department of Education should never be in the hands of a Party Leader. The result has always been a "sell-out" of the Public Schools and a new "grab" of public money for Roman Catholic Separate Schools.

WE WILL GLADLY SEND YOU PLANS OF HOW TO HELP Combat the Betrayal of Ontario's Public Schools,

-Write-

## Public School Supporters' League

140 KINGSTON RD., TORONTO 8



NEW INVENTION 180 RADIO SETS PER HOUR

A robot process which is claimed to produce a complete radio receiv- in Toronto on Thursday. ing set every 20 seconds has been is based on automatic electronic line. circuit-making equipment known as "Ecme." The basic principle of Toronto. the system is the deposition of metal and graphite into grooves and per at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Aldepressions on preformed plastic bert Boake. plates. After passing through an electrically controlled machine, the eral of the late C. West on Friday. mouldings emerge complete with Our sincere sympathy is extended all necessary components, except to Mrs. West and family. Mrs. West tubes and loudspeakers, thereby was a former local girl here, Irene automatically producing a circuit Lundy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. arrangement. It is believed that this Lundy. invention may revolutionise radioreceiver production because of the low cost with which it can manu- Toronto. facture sets.

#### PINE ORCHARD

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Hope were Mr. W. Mitchell and family invented by a London scientist. It moved from the 6th line to the 9th

Mrs. Albert Boake spent a day in

The choir enjoyed an oyster sup-

A large crowd attended the fun-

Don McCallum is sporting a car. Mr. Heaslip spent Saturday in



# Stouffville Motors

## New International Trucks and Parts

McColl-Frontenac Products Firestone Tires and Batteries

> Grizzly Brake Lining Maremont Mufflers

Now is the time to check on those brakes and have them relined. Don't wait till the spring rush. Bring your car or truck in and let us check them now. We carry a full line of Brake Linging also Mufflers, Tail and Exhaust Pipes to fit most all makes of cars · and trucks. All kinds of overhauling done at reasonable rates.

Towing Service, O.M.L. Phone Stouffville 170

W. Pipher H. Ratcliff