SUNDAY SCHOOLESSON

THE SON OF GOD BECOMES MAN .- John 1: 1-51.

Golden TEXT. - The word became flesh, and dwelt among us. John the immediate gift of God. To ob-1: 14.

THE LESSON IN ITS SETTING. Time. - The prologue of John's Gospel entends back to eternity. The birth of Jesus and of John the Baptist took place in B.C. 5. The ministry of John the Baptist and the early ministry of Jesus here recorded are all to be placed in January and February. A.D. 27.

Place. - Practically everything in this lesson took place in Bethany beyond Jordan.

2. The same was in the beginning with God. This is simply an emphatic summary of the preceding verse. 3. All things were made through him; and without him was not anything made that hath been made. Notice carefully that the Word was not made. There was no time when he was without existence.

4. In him was life. No one knows today what life is, but we do know life when we see it. In Christ is every form of life-intellectual, moral, spiritual, and eternal. And the life was the light of men. Here John passes fron the relation of the Word to the world at large to his relationship to men.

sin flourishes: in the dark men stum- 3: 1-20.). And crieth, saying, This Father. ble, and are possessed by fear. Yet God's grace does not cease where darkness has fallen. And the darkness apprehended it not. However powerful the hold of sin unon men might be, and however deep the darkness Satan has created, nevertheless that darkness has never been able to extinguish the light of God's truth and grace in Jesus Christ!

6. There came a man, sent from God. whose name was John. "The Baptist was the final recapitulation of all prophetic forces concerning Christ, the great witness of Christ's Advent, the Forerunner."

7. The same came for witness, that he might bear witness of the light, that all might believe through him. "Belief rests on testimony. John's testimony turned men's eyes to Christ and convinced those who believed (cf. 4: 42)."

8. He was not the light, but came that he might bear witness of the light. All ministers and Sunday School teachers should remember that they themselves are "not the light," but are simply sent to "bear witness of the light"-all of our ministry and teaching of the Word is simply to point men to the light, the Lord Jesus Christ.

9. There was the true light, even the light which lighteth every man, coming into the world. "If John meant, as I believe he did mean, that there is a light that lighteth every man, that no man is utterly finally without light; and that, when Jesus came, that light, in some new sense. came into the world, then I think I have here a clear and remarkable statement of the truth that there is some measure of light in every human below, irrespective of incidental differences."

10. He was in the world, and the world was made through him, and the world knew him not. 11. He came unto his own, and they that were his own received him not. When the Creator himself, the Word of God, came into the world, the world knew him not. (Cf. Rom. 1: 19, 20.) The phrase "his own" is more accurately translated in the margin "his own things." and refers principally to the kingdom of Israel, which was his by right, and the land of Israel, which was also his, and all the things pertaining to the temple and the worship of Jehovah. including the priesthood. The phrase, "they that were his own," refers to the people of Israel in general.

12. But as many as received him. "This refers not only to the people of Israel, but to all mon elsewhere -the individual relationship takes the place of the national." To them gave he the right to become children of God, even to them that believe on his name. This is one place in the Gospel where we find the phrase, "children of God," which is often found in the same writer's First Epistle (especially chapters 3 and 5). It is true that all men are the children of God by creation, but all men are also prodigals, who have left the Father, who have forfeited their rights, and who, by their sins, have no right to the privileges of sonship.

13. Who were born. The margin more accurately translates "who were begotten," this birth referring, of course, not to our first and natural birth, but to our second and spiritual birth, by which we are made the sons of God, which spiritual birth is one not of blood, i.e., it is not a physical birth, the blood being mentioned as the seat of natural life. Nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of

man, i.e., not by the human will controlled by fleshly nature. But of God. "The higher, spiritual, eternal life is tain it, that divine begetting is need-

when he became flesh, but when he became the foundation of a greater was made in the likenes of sinful blessing." flesh (Rom. 8: 3), which means, of course, that he became a man, he Moses: grace and truth came through then was both God and man. And Jesus Christ. Grace and truth are dwelt among us. "The origina' word superior to law and the One who describes properly the occupation of brought grace and truth to man is a temporary habitation. The tent or infinitely superior to the one through tabernacle was easily fixed and easily removed, and hence it furnished a natural term for man's bodily frame."-(And we beheld his glory, man has ever beheld God with his glory as of the only begotten from physical eye, because infinite spirit the Father.) The glory of God is such part of his majesty, and power, al vision (Deut. 4: 12). The only beand grace as men are able to behold. gotten Son, who is in the bosom of Men saw in Christ such manifesta- the Father. Literally the preposition tions of power, holiness, and grace, here is "into," "suggesting the ten-and majesty that he had a glory like der, intimate relation between childunto that which men beheld in God ren and parents or bosom friends. the Father. Full of grace and truth. Christ's relationship to the Father is "In the Old Testament, the two es- one of closest fellowship in knowlsential features which, in John's edge and love." Christ as the only view, distinguish the human life and begotten Son of God, knowing God the Word made flesh.

5. And the light shineth in the The Baptist's testimony to Christ is dwelling in the very bosom of God's darkness. Darkness is the result of recorded by all of the evangelists love, is certainly one who can unveil sin and the environment in which (Matt. 3: 1-12; Mark 1: 1-8; Luke the glory and truth of God the

was he of whom I said. He that cometh after me is become before me. In other words, his successor has become his predecessor. Though he came after John in point of time, he really became one superior to John in influence, in holiness of character, and in finality of his mission. For he was before me. "The original phrase is very remarkable: it expressses not only relative, but absolute priority.

16. For of his fulness we all received. "As Christ has all the fullness of God (Col. 1: 19; 2: 9), the church has all the fullness of Christ. John is here looking back and staed by which God communicates his ting that he and all the other believers were simply empty vessels which 14. And the Word became flesh. Christ had filled. And grace for The Word did not cease to be God grace. "Each blessing appropriated

17. For the law was given through whom the law was given.

18. No man hath seen God at any time. The meaning here is that no cannot be the object of human, naturas no other being ever could know 15. John beareth witness of him. him, living with God from eternity,

Insofar as actual quantity is con | In spite of the fact that Canada was cerned, Japan is self-sufficient in excluded by trade policies from the wheat, having produced over 47,900,- market for half of 1935, the Do-000 bushels in 1935, but 16,318.000 minion supplied 1,929,029 bushels in with never a thought of keeping the bushels were imported for blending, that year.

Mystery Surrounds Fate of Chinese Premier



Widely differing reports as to the fate of General Chiang Kai-Shek feature dispatches from the far east today. W. L. Donald, the Australian who has been acting as intermediary between the rebel marshal, Chang-Haueh-Liang, and the Nanking government, declares he saw the premier alive and we'll. Earlier reports from Japanese sources quote Chang as announcing he had executed Chiang. Transcript of Chang's radio speech, released by Nanking, contains no such statement. The Nanking government has rushed 150,000 soldiers to Sian-Fu, headquarters of the rebel war lord, with orders to rescue Kai-Shek if he is alive, or take revenge. "Get Chang," their orders say. This photograph shows Chiang Kai-Shek with his wife, who is a graduate of a woman's college in the United States.

NOT A TREATMENT (ndianapolis News)

A horse will cat an apple a day

Bombs Spread Havoc in Madrid



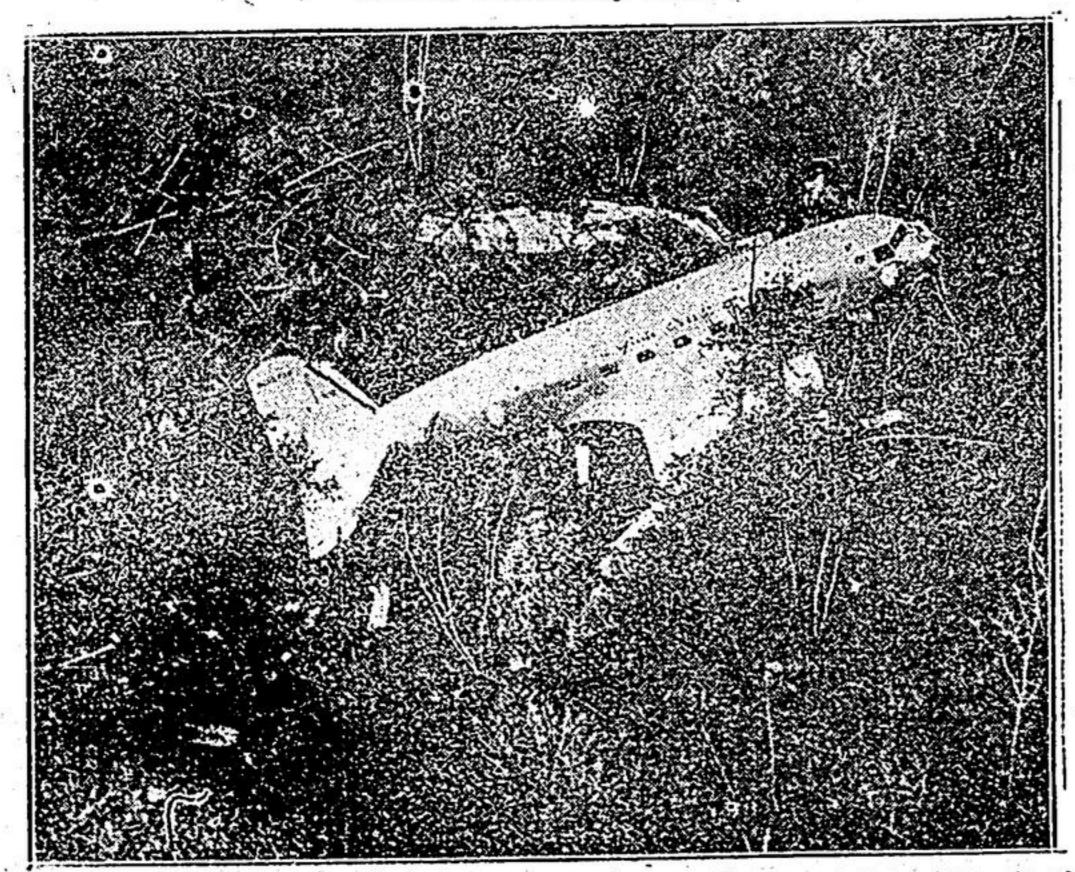
A view of the street in the Spanish capital, showing the devastation wrought by aerial bombs and artillery fire in almost daily bombardments. Despite the terrific hammering the city has received from rebel forces, it is no nearer to capture than it was a month ago. The death toll cannot be estimated, owing to difficulty of extracting victims from wrecked buildings.

Engineer Killed in Train Wreck

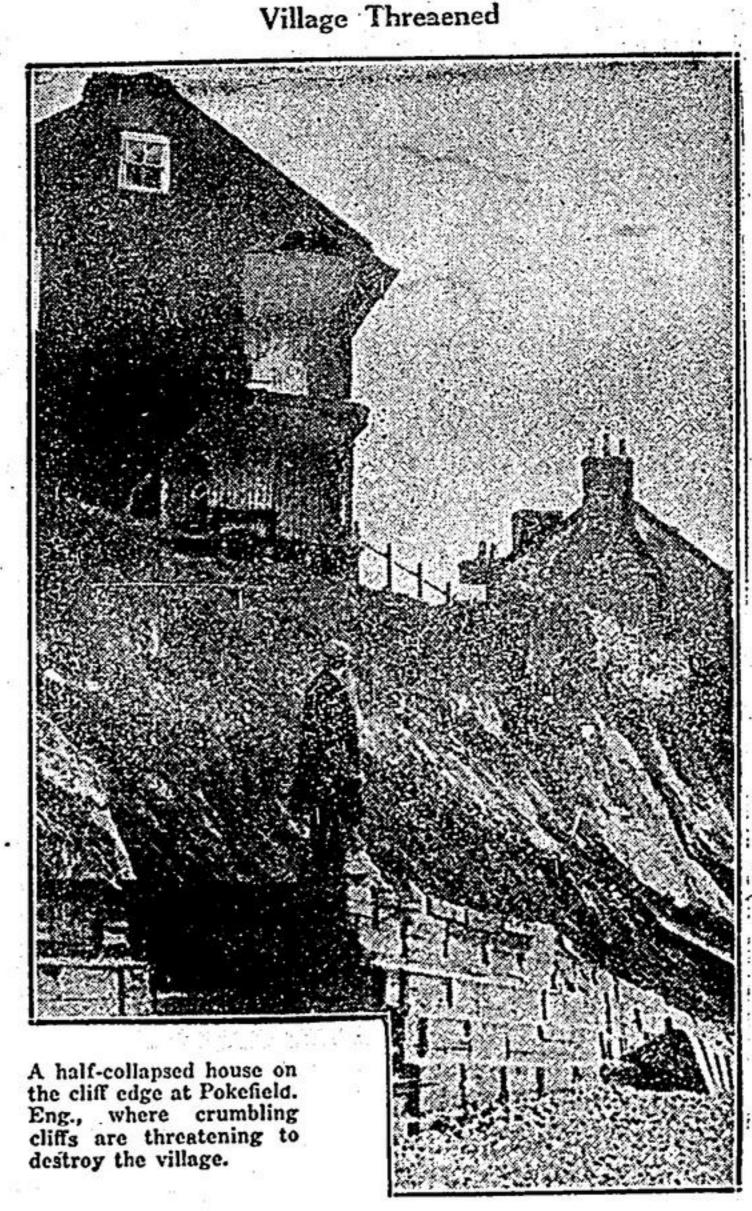


The engineer of this train was instantly killed following a collision near Mobile, Alabama. Rescue workers are shown clambering over the wreck searching for any possible victims that might have been hidden near the debris.

Airliner Wrecked by Crash



Here is the wreckage of the Eastern Air Lines transport aeroplane that crashed into the side of a mountain near Port Jervis, N.Y. Dick Merrill, famed transatlantic filer, who was at the controls, saved the lives of himself and the eight passengers aboard the aeroplane by making a pancake landing after the craft had torn off its wings as it plowed through trees on the mountainside. None of the passengers was injured and Merrill himself was only slight hurt.



Word Comes of Missing Sea Otters

The Vancouver Province writes:-A despatch from Washington tells of the discovery by a United States coastguard cutter of an isolated Alaska island with a colony of at least three thousand otters.

So that is where the sea otter has gone. It was at one time a British Columbia animal and so important to this province historically that it has as much right to a place on our coat of arms as the buffalo has on the coat of arms of Manitoba. It was the sea otter that led to the settlement of this coast. It was the sea otter that inaugurated British Columbia's foreign trade- both her trade with the Orient and her trade with Great Britain.

When Captain Cook came to this coast in 1777 and tied up at Nootka Sound to refit his ships, his men went trading with the Indians. The Indians had furs that seemed attracttive-big skins with dark brown, silky hair that shone in the sun the fur of the sea otter. At Nootka and later in Alaska, the sailors gave bits of metal and trinkets for the fur, and having got it cheaply, did not value it highly. They used the skins as bed clothes and to patch their jackets and trousers, and tool. very little care of them.

When the Resolution and Discovery reached Macao on the homeward voyage, some of the sailors offered their furs to the Chinese merchams, and were astonished at the lavish prices offered-so astonished, indeed that they wished to return to this coast a once for more, and there was an incipient mutiny.

When the official report of Cook's voyage was issued in 1784, the account of this new reservoir of furs, of which there had been rumors before, came definitely to the notice of the world and the next few years saw the development of a considerable trade in sea otter furs, first with China and then with Great Britain and the Atlantic coast of the United, States. Britain, the United States. Russia and Spain were all interested in this coast and strove for the mastery, and the incentive was not timber or gold or fertile lands, but the soft and shiny pelt of the little sea otter.

The results? There were several of them. First was the practical extinction of the sea ofter the beginning of a long and not very creditable campaign of spoliation of natural resources. In the seco: place, the ships engaged in the fur trade and their masters and officers gave their names to a hest of geographical features on this coast. and these names remain, a memento of an industry that is gone.

Finally, the four nations divided the coast among them, Russia in the north, Britain next, then the United States and Spain. At length Spain and Russia withdrew, leaving the coast divided as it is today.

Vimy Names

The thousands of Canadian names carved on the Vimy Memorial are those of Canadian soldiers killed in France and whose bodies never were recovered for separate burial in marked graves.

It may not be generally known that the British Legion will supply photographs of individual names on the Memorial, at the moderate price of five shillings for one print, one shilling for each additional print, observes the Ottawa Journal.

The Journal has seen one of these photographs. It is about three inches by six, mounted on cardboard which bears the crest of the British Legion, and shows a panel of names which includes the one in which the purchaser of this picture was especially

interested. The Journal gives publicity to this service of the Legion because it feels many Ottawa families will want these souvenirs of their gallant dead whose deathless fame is recorded at Vimy. Remittances and orders should go to Capt. W. G. Willcox, M.B.E., The British Legation, 29, Cromwell Road, South Kensington, London, S .-

Credit Guernsey Cow With Butterfat Record

ONEONTA, N.Y. - John Middlesworth, superintendent of the Cathedral Farms here, said Friday that Cathedral Rosalie, Guernsey cow, has broken the world's record for butterfat production by a Guernsey with 1,157.29 pounds this year.

Middlesworth said the old record of 1,155.8 was set last year by Norinda Milkmaid, of the Lockshire Farms at Cressy, Rosalie, wth 25 days to go yet this year, should set a 1936 mark of about 1,240 pounds, Middlesworth said.

She is milked three times daily. The cow is owned by H. H. Buckley. Rosalie set a record for May, Middlesworth said, with 2,413 pounds of milk, of which 124.51 were butter-

175,000 articles are left each year in public service vehicles in London.