Sunday School Lesson

October 4 Lesson I-The Macedonian Call-Acts 16: 6-15; Romans 15: 18-21. Golden Text-Go ye Matthew 28: 19. ANALYSIS

1. A DISSOLVED PARTNERSHIP, Acts 15: II. GALATIA REVISITED: TIMOTHY, Acts 16: 1-5. III. HOW PAUL TURNED WEST, Acts 15.

Paul's second missionary journey. cester. Newcastle, Portsmouth, and Had Paul gone East instead of West. Chinese churches would probably be sending missionaries today to evangelize the natives of Britain and America. As it is, into our western hands has been committed the missionary enterprise.

A DISSOLVED PARTNERSHIP, Acts 15: 36-41.

After accepting the Jerusalem compromise, the church in Antioch had peace. Paul was again free for mistive features in Paul's character. It appears in the letters which he wrote afterwards: "With great desire" he would see their faces (1 Thess. 2: 17), "night and day praying exceedingly" 'at he might see them, 2 Tess. 3: 10. Also, he recognized the importance of "following up" work be-

Then came the unhappy disagreemene between the two leaders. Barnabas would take John Mark again. Paul, setting out upon a journey like- BY ANNEBELLE WORTHINGTON ly to be difficult and dangerous, would have nothing to do with one who had already failed him. Darnabas, perhaps unconsciously placing his kindly feelings toward his nep'rew before the interests of the work, was adamants Unable to agree, they divided the field between them. Barnabas could take Mark and go to Cyprus. Paul, selecting Silas (15: 22), would go north overland to the cities previously

visited. Barnabas new disappears from the record. The church at Antioch agreed with Paul, v. 40. It seems inexpressibly sad. Paul ewed a great deal to Barnabas, 9: 27; 11: 25, 26. His affectionate nature must nave been deeply pained. It was a time when he felt that for Christ he must suffer loss of everything-even friendship, Phil. 3: 7, 8. That friendship, however, vas restored later, 1 Cor. 9: 6. Even Mark eventually won his confidence (2 Tim. 4: 11), but the two leaders never worked together again.

God 'makes the wrath of man to praise him; two missionary enterprises, instead of one, were thus set

II. GALATIA REVISITED: TIMOTHY, Acts

16: 1-5. After winning his fight for Gentile freedom from circumcision, Paul circumcized Timothy. Why? Timothy (v. 1), whom he himself had been the means of converting and of whom he was very fond, Paul would take with him, v. 3. But Timothy was uncircumcised. Being part Jew, he could reasonably be expected to come under the Jewish requirements. The missionaries would generally lodge in the Jewish quarters of the cities they work in the synagogues. The press school wear, has a definite smartness mestic animals the wastage is vastly which has been made with corn varie- She moved first in the direction of hindrance to the work. Paul, therefore, since no principle was at stake, Lad Timothy circumcised, v. 3. III. HOW PAUL TURNED WEST, Acts 16:

To the north lay Bithynia with its populous cities. Thither Paul turned. rect reading of v. 7) forbade. The har- cap sleeves. The skirt is so cute in than 4,000 years of recorded history. vest of Bithynia was not for Paul, but box-plait effect at the front and cirfor Peter, 1 Peter 1: 1. The only cular at the back. course left open for the missionaries now was westward to Troas, v. 8. For- this swagger outfit as rayon novelties, bidden to preach ther 1-for it was part of the forbidden Asia, they had not much choice; it was either to return home or cross the sea to Macedonia, which is today part of modern Greece. At the critical moment came a turning point in history. Paul's vision was the birth-hour of western trasting. civilization and western Christianity. Paul was evidently thinking and praying about Macedonia. Perhaps, as Ramsay suggests, a Dr. Luke meeting the travelers in the hotel at Troas, had suggested Macedonia to him. any case, falling asleep to the swish of the sea, Pail dreamed a dream, v. 9. He took it to be a divine guidance. So did they all, ... 10.

After a good passage, carefully reported by Luke, who is now one of the party and acquainted with the sea, the missionaries arrived in Philippi early in the week. Philippi had few Jews and no synagogue. Paul found some women holding a prayer-meeting by the river. Among then he began his "venture of faith." Lydia became one of his famous converts. The evangeltation of Europe had begun. So. by hindrances, embatrassments, appartherefore, and teach all nations .- ently sinister experiences. God "sets our feet in steps that lead us upward

Enter the Provost

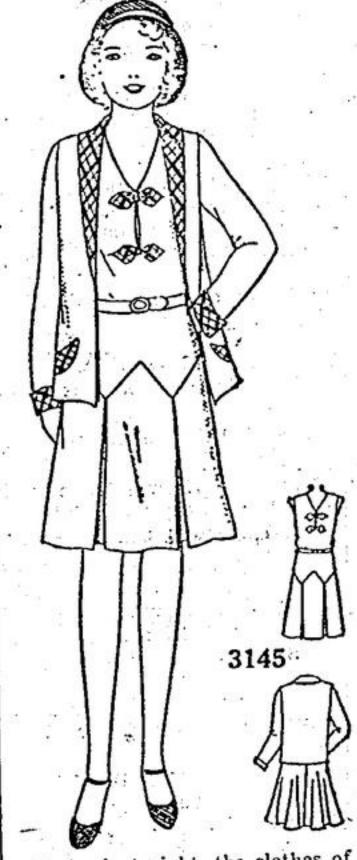
A new ecclesiastical title is to make its appearance-that of "Provost," which is to be borne by the incumbents of parish church cathedrals, INTRODUCTION-We come now to such as Birmingham, Bradford, Lei-

The title is to carry with it the precedence accorded to the dean of a cathedral.

Although new in this connection, the title of provost is an old one. It is applied to the heads of certain colleges, such as Eton and King's College. Cambridge, and to the chief magistrates of citi d boroughs in Destructive Floods Scotland. There the title is equivasion work. He longed to see the Gal- lent to that of _.yor in England, and Ltian converts once more, v. 36. This that of Lord Provost to Lord Mayor. personal affection and concern for all There are five ford provosts—the chief China's Diaster Warning to converts was one of the most attraction magistrates of Edinburgh, Glasgow, China's Diaster Warning to personal affection and concern for his There are five lord provosts—the chief Aberdeen, Perth and Dundee.

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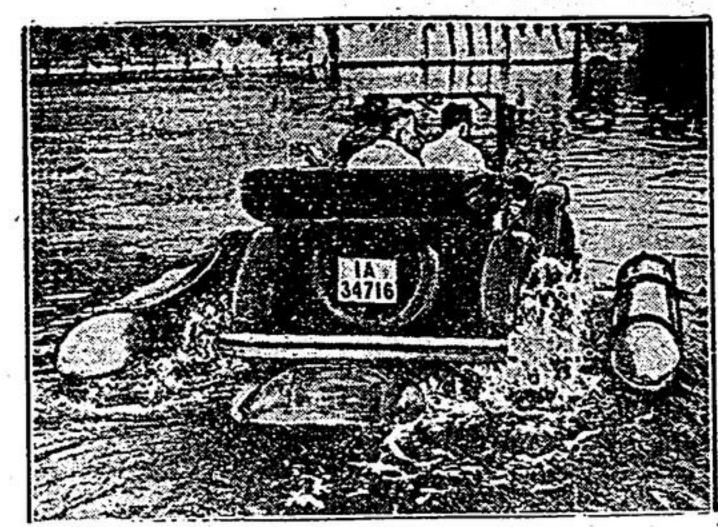
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A Novel Idea



Gross, a mechanic of Berlin, has conceived this new idea of a water riding automobile. With special equipment any auto can be converted in a period of 15 minutes into a sea-going hack. Just the thing for detours.

Countries Being Denuded of Forests

One of China's greatest scourgesthe flood—is again spreading death and destruction over a wide area, writes Hugh Hammond Bennett in The 'N.Y. Times. What is the reason for these periodic visitation entailing great loss of life and vast property damage? In China's recurring misfortunes there is a warning to younger civilizations, especially to America; for although in China with its densely populated lands the flood waters are future of the United States.

China's history of floods is voluminging canals, the great Yellow River broke over its banks in 1877 in an appalling overflow that brought death to 1,000,000 human beings. In 1852 this swollen Titan changed its lower channel to enter the ocean 300 miles north of its mouth on the Yellow Sea:

The Yellow Sea, a part of the Pacific Ocean, is colored with silt sweet down from slopes far up the Yangtso Kiang and Whang Ho, whose watersheds once were clothed with forests and grass. Stripped of these stabilizing agencies in nature, countless sloping areas were cultivated without protection against the evils of rain-wash, a process which has altered the surface of the earth more than the com-

This jaunty model is delightfully dence, nevertheless, that no such obviously, that we are still cultivating every mile. Naturally, the sensation carried out in yacht blue linen. And mighty flood ever before marched to be ultra-smart, it trims its jacket down the Mississippi as the one of shade. The dress repeats the trim in is reported to have surpassed its own States, has recently inaugurated a na- ca, the excitement grew. "Hubert on with blue linen overplaided in deeper four years ago. And now the Yangtso bows at the front, and for the modish long record of deluges, covering more tional program of soil conservation. His Way," said the headlines (they

When soil is washed out of fields it cannot be hauled back, nor can it be restored with fertilizers or soil-improving crops. It can be improved, to important agricultural soils of the on each acre of land aproximately 50,- quisitive. country it has taken nature not less 000 gallons of water, thus preventing Write your name and address plain- than 400 years to build one single inch run-off and erosion from numerous ly, giving number and size of such of this productive humus-charged sur- rains. patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in face material, the principal repository stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap of available plant food and the abidit carefully) for each number, and ing place of incredible hosts of bene-

layer removed by unchecked washing. but the exposed subsoil which now must be farmed, or abandoned, is more Cause of Erosion difficult to till because of its usual high content of stiff clay; it absorbs moisture slower than the mellow loam now gone and gives it up faster with the Africa? It is a diverting story. increased baking of dry weather.

Moreover, the washing is speeded up In many localities; and it is at this stage of land depletion that gullying usually sets in. Over the less absorptive eroded slopes water flows away with increased rapidity to augment

It takes just seven years under continuous corn cultivation in Northern Missouri and Southern Iowa for one inch of an important type or rolling corn-belt soil to wash off land of gently sloping topography. On steeper land, that having a fall of eight feet also to be found as a menace to the the rate of removal is one inch in one fields of sugarcane were the first-to John. There she settled down for a year. In other words, under the pre- raise the alarm. They heard a snort- time and lived happily in the river. vailing system of corn production in ing and a bellowing, and ran for safe- But again her fatal curiosity got the 4,000 years of building levees and dig- of the land, the seven inches constidered of people were staring wide- the village of Port St. John. A town away within from seven to forty-nine ed into the thicket. years. Here the virgin soil produced

> bushels per acre. fields and pastures of America every by correspondents who rushed to the the most exciting thing that ever hapyear by erosion exceeds by twenty- spot, but it was as Hubert the Hippo pened in Port.St. John or is ever like- no heed to the monotony of daily livone times that removed by the crops that she became a national character. ly to happen there. Huberta bore the ing or to those frequent spectacular harvested. That taken by crops can It was not until after her death that shouting of men and women and the be restored in the form of fertilizer, the mistake about her sex was dis- barking of dogs for half an hour. Then but that removed by erosion cannot covered, and she was renamed Hu- she left Port St. John never to return. be restored, because this malevolent berta. process takes the whole body of the soil, plant food and all.

quakes, tidal waves, tornadoes and all yet on the verge of a land shortage. she quickly achieved notoriety. downhill carries its toll of suspended crope surpluses. With increasing uso charged him. soil, eating away the substance of the of fertilizers and soil-improving crops, The jacket dress, so splendid for with these removed by man and his do- markedly. Wit's all the improvement mous hippo that ever lived.

been married?"

South Africa's Hippo Passes

Huberta, Whose Long Trek Through Town and Country Endeared Her to Thousands, Rests in a Museum

Cape Town.-In the Kaffrarian Museum at King Williams Town there stands a hippopotamus that gave South Africa thrill after thrill for more than two years. For this enormous stuffed hide was ouce Huberta the Hippo-the famous roving animal that was looked upon by white South Africans as a friend and by natives as the reincarnation of a great chief.

Flags were flown at half-mast in Durban on the tragic day when the "assassination" 'of Huberta became known. Four farmers convicted of the deed were each sentenced to a fine of £25 or three months' hard labor. A wave of protest swept through the country, and a museum director wrote: "I have entirely despaired of human nature. There are some people who cannot see an interesting specimen without itching to take a pot shot at it."

How did Huberta the Hippo capture the affection of the whole of South realize the sensation caused everywhere by the appearance of Huberta, it must be understood that South Africa-apart from a few game preserves -is no longer a wonderland of big game. Thousands of people living in the cities have never seen game animals execpt in captivity. So when, in November, 1928, a full-grown hippopotamus strolled into the village of into contact with civilization. She New Guelderland, fifty miles from Durban, the event received large headlines in all the newspapers.

Huberta Makes Debut

this region the most productive part ty. The hippo remained until hun- better of her and one night she visited tuting the top-soil, is being washed eyed with astonishment; then retreat- counselor, so it is said, was crossing

in good years seventy-five bushels of had wandered from the Umfolosi sanc- saw the yawning mouth of a hippo. corn per acre; the exposed subsoil pro- tuary, near Lake St. Lucia, Zulaland He did not attend the meeting! duces at the rate of about twenty -the last known breeding place of

From the day of her first appearance until her death Huberta was a Notwithstanding the vast continuing marked hippo. After she had startled Zoo had sent a party out to capture losses caused by erosion, we are not the plantation workers at Guelderland her alive. They were hard upon her the excavations of mankind since the In spite of the appalling wastage, we enterprising ress photographer went lived upon the fringes of civilization beginning of history. Every rain are confronted with the anomalous out among the sugar-cane, but when for nearly two years. - She had de-

Curious crowds flocked to see her. land down into the less stable sub. together with the abandonment of As they grew larger they annoyed Huspeeds on at accelerated pace. Under some of its top-soil, we continue to moved off. From that moment began nature's stabilizers of forest, shrub-produce abundantly. In many locali- her journeyings, which were to last

barrassing to Timothy himself, and a attractive when the jacket is disthere always will be. There is evi- corn has not increased. This means, more and more thickly populated with girth of 8 feet 1 inch. She must have

> The United States Department of As she approached Durban, which is Agriculture, 'co-operating with the one of the largest cities in South Afriwith field terraces, and experiments ple waited eagerly to see where the under way indicate that strip-cropping animal would make its next appear--that is, the growing of soil-saving ance. Of course, had it been necescrops in strips along the slopes, after- sary, an organized h int could have put nately with the clean-tilled crops-will an end to her career then and there. prove tremendously important. A soil- But by this time Huber'a was a public be sure, but soil like the virgin surface saving cultivator recontly devised at character. She 'ad roused the amuselayer, which averages only about nine one of these experiment stations digs ment, even the affection, of the entire inches deep over the uplands of the 10,000 holes to every acre, while oper- population. It had been proved that country, cannot be built back to its ating as rapidly as any practical farm she was quite harmless. Occasionally original condition. With some of the implement. These excavations hold she charged people who were too in-

> > An Unwelcome Visitor Her greatest escape ' - followed. She called at a hotel just outside Durhan one night, appeared suddenly and gave Grey-"How long has Meekleigh some of the habitues a severe nervous shock. After this, however, she de British experts in industrial health "Greene-"For twenty awed years." cided that she was coming too closely research.

Wolfhound Entry



Mrs. Osborn of London, England, enters her Irish wolfhound in the Richmond champion dog show.

made a wide detour and was not heard of again until she reached the coast twenty miles south of Durban. Journeying on, she came to the mouth of don Bridge were those of Queen Eliza-Indians and natives working in the the Umzimvubu River near Port St. the square to a meeting. He flashed

Huberta sat down in the square and the hippo within the borders of the soon the entire population of the vil-The plant food removed from the Union. At first she was named Billy lage turned out to see her. It was Her wanderings had begun again.

Huberta's odyssey now became less pleasant one. The Bloomfontein heavy enough to cause water to run situation of having on our hands large he leveled his camera Huberta veloped amazing cunning. She passed through areas inhabited by natives | ply was that the bridge, getting very and they saw not the least sign of her.

Then one day a farmer reported to strata, where the destructive process worn-out land for land still retaining berta more and more, and finally she the magistrate at Peddie, near King dead hippo in the river. Men went to growing miss must have a bit of dash, bery and grass, erosion works slowly; ties, however, yields have dwindled two years and make her the most fa-Huberta, with bullet holes above her planks, which were boited together. ties and the widespread betterment of Durban. As she approached the city eyes. She was a full grown cow hippo these steelings of these steelings are the city eyes.

Every paper in South Africa published an obituary. Museums quarreled for the right to preserve her hide. There was a popular outcry against the unknown marksmen who had shot her. Eventually, four men made voluntary confessions. They were charged under the game laws and fined \$125 each.

Huberta will always be remembered with affection in South Africa. To the natives the stuffed carcass will remain she was the reincarnation of one of the great chiefs of the past who had cool comfort of his stately barge. come back to earth to ead the Bantu Nation to the greatness that once was

Wheelbarrows should have eighteen inches long, according to

By BUD FISHER

"London Bridge Is Falling Down"

That much-ridiculed and ancient jingle is perfectly right. More than once throughout the slow procession of the centuries, London Bridge was observed to fall down. Not, of course, all together, sliding with a mighty splash into the swirling waters below: but rather with a disconcerting habit of falling down piecemeal. For example, the fifteenth-century dwellers on the bridge witnessed more than their share of such unsettling experiences; for in the year 1437 a stone gate and a tower at the Southwark end of the bridge subsided with its arches into the river, and later in the same century a house on the bridge just doubled up its timbers and fell. depositing an astonished family in the Thames. Hence the rhyme cannot be gainsaid. It simply does not tell, perhaps, the whole story.

It might as well be pointed out at once that it was no part of the present structure which fell. That was built by Sir James Rennie almost precisely one hundred years ago, and it is notably solid still, for over it pass sometimes in a single day 20,000 vehicles and 100,000 persons. This much, however, must be admitted in all fairness: it has never been weighted down with houses and a palace, with shops and a chapel and stalwart gateways as was the London Bridge which did service for six and a half centuries-the London Bridge which is invariably referred to when the name is carelessly used-the bridge which was built by a monk. Peter of Colechurch, in the twelfth century. A great deal is necessarily expected of a bridge; but it seems unreasonable to demand that, in addition to its specified duties, it support a street of crowded houses.

Proudest of all the days of old Lonbeth's reign, when the richest merchants of London lived there-when the narrow roadway was flanked with timbered houses, indeed almost roofed over by them. Had the Elizabethan merchant and his dame so desired, they might have lived in their own house on the bridge,, perhaps facing Undoubtedly this adventurous beast his electric torch in front of him and the dazzling, many-windowed Nonsuch comfortaby by trading only at such shops as were clustered closely about

And all the while (_3 Thames flowed imperturbably on below. It gave and tournaments, revolutions and pilgrimages. Yet the poet, Cowley, described the river as: Stopped by the houses of that won-

drous street. Which rises o'er the broad river like

a fleet. And a popular proverb has it that "London Bridge was made ,for wise men to go over, and fools to go under." What the proverb meant to immuch in the way of the river,, interfered with its natural and rightful ac-

It seems that the piers which supported the bridge were raised upon platforms, called "starlings," built of strong elm piles and covered by thick those who would pass urstream. The necessity of "shooting the bridge" became both a pastime and a danger, because of the narrowness of the space between the starling, and the consequent compression of the riveh water in their vicinity. It swirled and eddied alarmingly; the bargemen shricked warnings and clamored for thei rright of way; such pandemonium prevailed that it is a marvel that dwellers upon the bridge could sleep o' nights. Not caring to venture to "shoot the bridge," Cardinal Wolsey, While she lived they quickly surround- coming from downstream, always landed her with legends. To many of them ed, made his way around the bridge by the shore, before returning to the Slowly, however, the brilliant era of

the bridge's career waned. Little by little changes crept in: the Drawbridge Cate was pulled down as early as 1577 and later-much later, of course legs | -the old buildings were removed as sheer precaution of safety; then the once narrow readway was considerably widened. In 1776, the last of the gates disappeared. London Bridge was no longer in its heydey; it was indeed no longer supreme monarch of the river at London, for a neighbor bridge had come to be stationed at Westminster. Then, 100 years ago, all the most modern machinery of that period was brought to accomplish the building of the London Bridge which we know to-day-a bridge which was formally opened by King William IV. and Queen Adelaide. It was not quite on the identical site of Peter of Colechurch's long-lived structure; and perhaps that is how it happens that, long after, a close observer might have described ten of Peter's original arches still standing guard over a civilization which had forgotten. London Bridge would perhaps never have fallen all the way down unless it had been pulled .- M. W., in "The Christian Science Monitor."

Kindness

Kindness adds sweetness to everything. It is kindness which makes life's capabilities blossom and paints them with their cheering bues and endows them with their invigorating presence.-Frederick W. Faher.

MUTT AND JEFF- That's His Story-He's Stuck With It.

