

## The Delicious Flavor

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# "SALADA"

GREEN TEA

has won it millions of users. Finer than any Japan, Gunpowder or Young Hyson. Ask for SALADA.

## THE REVOLT OF MRS. HUMMINGBIRD

In the midst of our discussions there was a whir in the columbines, and Mr. Hummingbird appeared. This was so unusual that pony-plans ceased abruptly; we sat ery still. Mr. Hummingbird is shy; besides he is such a beauty. We must be sure to have more columbines in these beds next year; they suit him so—and he does love them. But—had Mrs. Hummingbird, for once, sent him out to do the work? He had, so far as anything was transient as a hummingbird could have the arduous, painstaking expression of one who grapples with an unaccustomed task; sometimes blundered a little, once almost missed his aim at a columbine-division. Surely, this was the revolt of Mrs. Hummingbird. Every day, before she had been doing the strenuous honey-search, tasting and sucking with all her litt' might; dashing at every possibility, sprying furiously into the slightest crack in the folded petals (the columbines were hardly out), sometimes at an inhospitable closed bud.

(Imagine Mrs. Hummingbird declaring, "Dearest, I must have a job," Mr. Hummingbird retorting, "Darling—don't you think you have one already?" and Mrs. Hummingbird silencing him—if a hummingbird husband could be silenced, which I doubt—with, "But this sitting on a nest, beloved, is a bore. I want to be out—being important, being visible, in the fierce traffic of the flower-beds!") Hummingbird nests, they tell us, are lined with cobwebs; imagine one of these little fairy creatures constraining itself to handle a cobweb; to weave it, patiently, into a lining. Either cobwebs are tougher than one thinks—or else a hummingbird can be gentle when it tries.

Later on, when leaves thinned we saw the little thimble-bump of a nest, high up, but on a strong limb, as broad as the nest. No precarious fork-architecture for these two. Getting honey was precarious enough, without a wiggly nest to worry over. I wish all birds were as careful.

### How Does She Do It?

The average mother with four or five children, has been under-scrutinized by an investigator in home economics. He finds that in the course of a year she makes the equivalent of 1,095 loaves of bread, fifty cakes and 750 pies, prepares meat which, if assembled, would make one or two cows and about six hogs, peels 5,110 potatoes, makes 1,200 beds, dusts 1,500 chairs and sews fifty to one hundred garments, exclusive of mending and darn-ing and the sewing on of buttons. The gross amount of dishwashing and a number of other activities is not computed. In her spare time she may do the family wash.

This hardly seems to cover the ground. Mothers can be recalled who do all that, and then some. They do it without any claim to knowledge of modern efficiency systems. Their objective is work performed and they go far in its attainment.

The investigator is endeavoring to contribute an answer to the question: Shall mother be paid a salary? That question, however, once answered in the affirmative, is productive of another just as difficult of answer: Can we pay her what she is worth?

### The Woman Pays.

"My new housemaid is a treasure," declared Mrs. Johnson. "I had a bridge party the other evening, and one woman failed to turn up. You know how it is—she gave me no notice whatever."

"Very annoying."

"The housemaid, however, put on one of my gowns and flitted in feathfully."

"That was helpful."

"Yes, and I won her week's wages."

### Cedars in Lebanon.

Ever since Solomon sent 30,000 men to cut them, the cedar of Lebanon have had a powerful attraction to the tourist and the visiting scientist, and many descriptions of the famous trees are in print, remarkable chiefly for their apparent inaccuracy in regard to size, distribution, and number of the trees. It is a wonder any were left at all with a fresh crew of 10,000 in the woods every month; for Solomon split his 30,000 into three shifts and put them on the job in relays.

### A Good Reason.

Sweet Young Thing—"Why do you have knots on the ocean instead of miles?"

Skiper (sarcastically)—"Well, you see, they couldn't have the ocean tied & there were no knots."

### CHILDREN LIKE THEM

#### Baby's Own Tablets Are Effective and Easy to Give.

You do not have to coax and threaten to get the little ones to take Baby's Own Tablets. The ease with which they are given, as compared with liquid medicines, will appeal to every mother. None is spilled or wasted; you know just how big a dose has reached the little stomach. As a remedy for the ills of childhood arising from derangements of the stomach and bowels they are most satisfactory.

Mrs. Rose Voyer, Willimantic, Conn., says: "I used Baby's Own Tablets in the Canadian Northwest and found them a wonderful medicine for children's troubles, especially indigestion and constipation. I have also given them to my children for simple fever and the restlessness accompanying teething and they always gave relief. I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all mothers."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### On a Second Journey.

Give me to live this life again, and I would ask no better odds than those allowed.

The right to walk and mingle with the crowd,

To know the self-same space of earth and sky;

The self-same friends and neighbors dwelling high;

This country, smiling, clean and strong and proud;

For freedom born, for freedom long endowed;

With all its laughing ages passing by.

"But," asks a voice within me, "would you weep?"

As you have wept to walk through life again,

Would you want joys you knew you could not keep?

And face once more those losses with their pain?"

Yes, once again to know those happy years,

I'd bear the burdens and I'd brave the tears.

Edgard A. Guest.

Spruce is found in all the forest regions of Canada, and it is not only the most abundant but is the principal wood used in the manufacture of both lumber and pulp.

Keep Minard's Liniment handy.

### SUNSPOTS ARE GIGANTIC CANNON

#### Astronomers Think They Bombard Earth With Electrons.

##### Secrets of Science.

By David Della

Observing the sunspots, it will be remembered, resulted in the discovery that the sun rotated on its axis once in 26 days and that the surface of the sun is molten and not solid.

The exact nature of the spots, however, is still one of the mysteries of astronomy.

They appear to be gigantic holes in the sun. Some astronomers think they are great whirlpools in the surface of the sun.

They change in size frequently. New ones appear and old ones disappear. There seems to be some sort of a cycle, as astronomers have observed the greatest number appearing every 11 years.

As we gaze at these sun-spots it is impossible for us to conceive of their true magnitude.

Many of them are more than 50,000 miles across. In 1858, one was observed which was 107,000 miles across.

The matter in these sun-spots seems to be whirling about with a speed of more than 100 miles a second.

When one of these spots disappears, the sides rush together with a speed 20 times as great as that.

Rising sprays of fire leap thousands of miles from the surface of the sun and fall back upon it, rolling out in great waves.

A ship as large as the earth placed in such a storm would be tossed about like a cork.

A peculiar connection has been observed between sun-spots and certain phenomena upon the earth.

When the sun-spots are the most frequent, we have the most magnetic storms, that is, periods when compasses fail to function properly, when telephone and telegraph lines are thrown out of order, and the aurora borealis or "northern lights" are seen in the sky.

These facts have led some astronomers to believe that sun-spots are like gigantic cannon, bombarding the earth and space with a fusillade of electrons. Electrons are the particles of negative electricity which physicists now believe compose the atoms of all matter.

Next article: Will the sun ever give out?

#### Oh Mother! What Can I Do?

How many times a day do your babies ask you that question? And how often are you able to suggest some interesting game for them to play, some amusing occupation for rainy day? If you'd like always to have a practical, helpful suggestion for them, read this snappy new feature:



Look through the magazine to find a picture of a sheep. Cut him out, then paste these bits of cotton on him for wool. You can paste him on cardboard to make him strong if you wish.

#### No Change in 20,000 Years.

It is believed that the market section of the ancient city of Bagdad has not changed in appearance or method during the last 20,000 years.

The shopping streets are like tunnels, lined with tiny booths, and packed and jammed with men, veiled women, donkeys and camels.

In these quaint streets there is always the clatter of at least a dozen different languages.

This market place is small, but probably the most congested spot in all the world during the business hours.

Don't let indigestion after meals, biliousness, heartburn or dyspepsia take the pep out of you. Take Seigel's Syrup. Any drug store.

Canadian feldspar enjoys a well-merited reputation as a raw material for the ceramic industries, being of high grade and of uniform potash content, analyses of sample from a number of quarries showing a potash content of about 12 per cent.

When horses use Minard's Liniment.

Ochres, wad and ferruginous clays suitable for the manufacture of paint, and hydrated oxides of iron for the purification of illuminating gas, are found in many parts of Canada.

Canada produces no tin ores. Though the occurrence of tin-bearing minerals has been noted in a number of localities, they have never yet been found in sufficient quantity to be of any economic importance.

Joe Malone's Tubular Hockey Skates, riveted on strong boots with leather straps. Regular price \$10.00. On payment of deposit \$7.50. Skis and equipment. The largest assortment. All half price.

SKATES & SKIS  
Joe Malone's Tubular Hockey Skates, riveted on strong boots with leather straps. Regular price \$10.00. On payment of deposit \$7.50. Skis and equipment. The largest assortment. All half price.  
THE BANCROFT CO.,  
2247 Bloor St. - Montreal.

### Great Beasts Were These.

The Dinosaurs form an order of extinct land reptiles which inhabited the earth more than ten millions of years ago.

All that is known of them has been learned from the study of their fossil remains found in the rocks of Europe, India, South Africa, and North America.

All had limbs and in many species the hind ones were much larger than the front ones, indicating that the animals walked on two legs similar to the birds.

The bones are hollow, as in birds, and since in several other important features the skeleton is similar to that of birds it is believed that the two groups are closely related and have descended from a common parent.

Many species were of immense size. Brontosaurus, the giant reptile whose mounted stone skeleton is in the Museum of Natural History in New York, was over sixty feet long.

Diplodocus, whose fossil remains may be seen in the Carnegie Museum of Pittsburgh, was about seventy feet in length.

The extinction of this entire group of huge creatures may have been brought about by lack of food or the presence of numerous parasitic or carnivorous enemies.

The reptiles are intermediate in structure between the amphibians and birds. The brain resembles that of the frog, but the cerebrum is larger. The vascular and respiratory systems approach the condition in birds. In most forms the heart has two auricles and one ventricle, but in the crocodile a partition divides the ventricle into two parts.

### A WOMAN'S WORK IS NEVER DONE

#### No Wonder Health Gives Out and She Becomes Weak and Despondent.

These facts have led some astronomers to believe that sun-spots are like

gigantic cannon, bombarding the earth and space with a fusillade of electrons.

Electrons are the particles of negative electricity which physicists now believe compose the atoms of all matter.

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### Bank of Montreal Annual Meeting

President's Address

Mr. Vincent Massey in his address said in part:

In reviewing the business of the past year our results are not particularly encouraging. Our deposits, as compared with two years ago, show a large increase, while our loans during the same period are considerably reduced.

Our profits are in consequence somewhat adversely affected, but we are left in an unusually strong position to meet any calls which may arise in the market, and we are in a position to defend ourselves.

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