

## Finish Your Hogs on Schumacher Feed

THE only thing a hog has to do is to grow and get fat. The cost of his growth is the thing which determines whether he pays you or not.

Schumacher Feed builds hog flesh at a profit. It is a combination of milled products of corn, barley, oats, and wheat, with linseed meal, high in protein.

Finish your hogs on Schumacher. It costs less than ground corn, and produces a firm, even flesh. It is easily digested and keeps the herd healthy.

Start with Schumacher now. Test it out this year in finishing your hogs, and you will make it a regular part of your hog feed.

Schumacher Feed is always the same. It comes in new sacks, each bearing the Government guaranteed analysis.

# SCHUMACHER FEED

Write us regarding your hog and dairy problems. Our Live Stock Service Department can help you. Its advice is free.

The Quaker Oats Company, Peterborough and Saskatoon.

FOR SALE BY STIVER BROS.  
Stouffville and Unionville.

## MORDEN and RORISON

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

W. E. Morden and Alex. Rorison solicit your work in Electric Wiring. We are prepared to wire houses, business places or farms, and all work guaranteed to pass hydro inspection. Estimates and advice cheerfully given. Power and Light. Prices Reasonable.

PHONE 2209

HEAT LIGHT POWER

# ELECTRIC

STOVES

SIGNS-HEATERS

And numerous other appliances installed by us or perhaps its new wiring or extensions to the old you require. Let us give you an estimate. All work guaranteed.

REG. W. GYATT,

Electrical Contractor, Stouffville

# The Dairy Cow

Rain or Shine, she makes her harvest twice a day. Keep more of them, and ship your CREAM TO

STOUFFVILLE CREAMERY CO.

PHONE 18602

We close every day at 6 p.m. excepting Saturdays

The Royal Canadian Naval Reserve, Loretown, Halifax, Lunenburg, St. John's, and 500 officers and men, is now being organized, and it is expected that selection of officers will be completed early in November. R.C.N.R. headquarters will be established at Charlottetown during the winter months.

## The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.05.  
Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 45¢; No. 1 feed, 43¢.  
Manitoba barley—Nominal.  
All the above, track, bay ports.  
American corn—Track, Toronto, No. 2 yellow, \$1.17.  
Ontario barley—58 to 60c.  
Buckwheat—No. 2, 72 to 75c.  
Ontario rye—No. 2, 73 to 75c.  
Peas—Sample, \$1.50 to \$1.55.  
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bra., per ton, \$27; shorts, per ton, \$30; middlings, \$36; good feed flour, \$2.05.  
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 94 to 96c, outside.  
Ont. No. 2 white oats—42 to 44c.  
Ontario corn—Nominal.  
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat. in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$4.75; Toronto basis, \$4.75; bulk, seaboard, \$4.25.  
Manitoba flour—1st pats. in jute sacks, \$6.30 per bbl., 2nd pats., \$5.80.  
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14.50 to \$15; No. 2, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50; mixed, \$12.  
Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$9.  
Cheese—New, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 24 to 25c; triplets, 25 to 26c; Stilltons, 25 to 26c. Old, large, 30 to 31c; twins, 31 to 32c.  
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 40 to 42c; ordinary creamery, 37 to 38c; No. 2, 36 to 37c.  
Eggs—Extras in cartons, 46 to 48c; extras, 42 to 43c; firsts, 37 to 38c; seconds, 30 to 32c.  
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 25c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 15c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.  
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 33c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 30c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 23c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 38c.  
Beans—Canadian hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.  
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.  
Honey—60-lb. tins, 12 to 13c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 14c; 2½-lb. tins, 14 to 15c; comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.  
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 28c; cooked hams, 39 to 41c; smoked rolls, 21 to 23c; cottage rolls, 22 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; backs, boneless, 30 to 35c.  
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 90 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$33.  
Lard—Pure tierces, 17½ to 18c; tubs, 18 to 19½c; pails, 18½ to 19c; pails, 20 to 21c; shortening tierces, 16¾ to 15¾c; tubs, 15½ to 16c; pails, 16 to 16½c; prints, 18½ to 18¾c.  
Heavy steers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; butcher steers, choice, \$6 to \$6.50; do, gd., \$5 to \$5.75; do, med., \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$4; butcher heifers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, med., \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$3.50; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2.50; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4.50; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3.50; feeding steers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$5; do, fair, \$3.50 to \$4; milkers and springers, \$80 to \$110; calves, choice, \$10 to \$11; do, med., \$8 to \$9; do, com., \$4 to \$5; do, grassers, \$3.50 to \$4.50; lambs, choice, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do, bucks, \$8.75 to \$9.25; do, com., \$8 to \$8.50; sheep, light ewes, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, fat, heavy, \$4 to \$5; do, culls, \$2 to \$2.50; hogs, thick, smooth, F.W., \$8.50 to \$8.75; do, f.o.b., \$8 to \$8.25; do, country points, \$7.75 to \$8; do, selects, \$9.25 to \$9.50.

MONTREAL.

Flour—Man. spring wheat pats., 1sts, \$6.30; do, 2nds, \$5.80; do, strong bakers, \$5.60; do, winter pats., choice, \$5.75 to \$5.85. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$3.05. Bran, \$27.25. Shorts, \$30.25. Middlings, \$36.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$15 to \$16.  
Cheese—finest westerns, 19 to 19½c; do, finest easterns, 18½ to 18¾c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 95c to \$1.  
Canners and cutters, \$1.25 to \$2.50; cows and heifers, slightly better fleshing, \$2.75 to \$3; bulls, \$2.25 to \$2.75; veal calves, fairly good, \$9 to \$10; lambs, good, \$10.50 to \$10.75; do, com., \$9 up; hogs, thick, smooth, and butcher, \$8.75 to \$9; do, select bacon, \$9.50.

Survivors of Earthquake and Fire Seeking Life Mates

A despatch from Tokio says:—Matrimonial agencies which survived the earthquake and fire are being flooded with applications for husbands and wives. Among the female applicants are hundreds of widows anxious to find life companions who will care for them and their children. Hundreds of girls, hardly 15 years old, who lost all their relatives in the disaster, have applied. Most of the male applicants are mechanics who make good wages.

Oil Geyser, Two Miles at Sea, Makes Small Island

A despatch from Baku, Azerbaijan, says:—Caused probably by shifting strata in the Caspian Sea, an unusual phenomenon in oil wells was noticed recently near here. A geyser suddenly began erupting from the sea, two miles off the coast, and during two hours of activity spouted at a height of seventy feet, throwing off stones as well as oil. The eruption was accompanied by flames. On the spot a small island formed after the "gusher" died down.

The great source of pleasure is variety.

## For good bread—use a good flour



To get uniformly good bread, you must use uniformly good flour. To get the best bread always, you must use Quaker Flour.

Good results are assured every time with Quaker Flour. It is milled only from the finest Manitoba Hard Wheat. It is rigidly tested once every hour during the milling process. Samples of each day's product are baked by our own expert bakers at the mill to ensure that every sack measures up to the Quaker standard.

Use a sack of Quaker Flour. If it does not prove absolutely satisfactory to you for every baking purpose, your dealer will refund your money without question.

# Quaker Flour

Always the Same—Always the Best

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon

STINER BROS.  
STOUFFVILLE

W. SHAPP  
UXBRIDGE

## MOTHER COUNTRY TO GIVE TARIFF PREFERENCE TO VARIOUS DOMINION PRODUCTS

A despatch from London says:—The British Government is prepared to widen the scope of its offer of Imperial tariff preference. At the Economic Conference Sir Philip Lloyd-Greame, president of the Board of Trade, intimated that in addition to the list already submitted, the British Government was prepared to give tariff preference on fresh apples, canned salmon, fruit juices and honey. In each case the British Government proposes to impose a new duty when these products are imported from foreign countries and admit them free when imported from countries within the Empire. The proposals are:

Fresh Apples—Dutiable at five shillings per hundredweight when imported from foreign countries. Empire apples free.

Canned salmon—Foreign imports to be dutiable at ten shillings per hundredweight. Empire imports free.

Fruit Juices—Foreign imports to be dutiable at six pence per gallon. Empire imports free.

Honey—Foreign imports to be dutiable at ten shillings per hundredweight. Empire imports free.

The offer also touches unmanufactured tobacco. The original British proposals on unmanufactured tobacco offered as alternatives either the stabilization of the existing preference or an increase in preference from one sixth to one fourth. The various dominions affected, however, prefer the increased instead of the stabilized preference and the British Government intimated its intention to bring down legislation increasing the preferential duty accordingly. Legislation is to be introduced also to give effect to the remainder of the British offer.

The preference to be given canned salmon and apples is particularly welcome by the Canadian delegates. They feel it will be a great stimulus to apple growers throughout the Dominion as well as encouragement to the salmon canneries on the Pacific Coast, whose products are to enter the British market free, while the foreign competitor is taxed.



COMES TO CANADA

Sir Robert Horne, former Chancellor of the British Exchequer, who is en route to Toronto to make arrangements for putting a big steel plant, owned by Premier Baldwin, to work at capacity output.

## CREW OF NINETEEN RESCUED IN LAKE ERIE

Canadian Freighter of Sandwich Burned from Unknown Cause.

Port Clinton, Ohio, Nov. 12.—News of the burning of the lake steamer Wesec, owned by the Border Transit Co., of Sandwich, Ont., and the rescue of her crew of nineteen off Middle Sister Island, in Lake Erie, near here, early today, reached here this afternoon when the freighter Conneaut landed two fishermen who had been marooned on the island. The cause of the fire was not learned.

The crew of the Wesec, which was bound from Sandwich to Cleveland, to load coal, succeeded in escaping in small life boats. After battling with heavy seas for several hours they landed at Middle Sister Island, where they found Martin Bosom and Harley Bass, fishermen, who had been without food for 104 hours. Attempts of Bosom and Bass to attract attention by burning signal fires failed.

The Conneaut, which was en route from Cleveland to Alpena, Mich., attracted by the burning Wesec landed at the island, and picked up the twenty-one men. It took the Wesec's crew to Sandwich, and then brought Bosom and Bass here.

Bosom and Bass said they left Petit Cote, Canada, early Thursday, with a power boat, which they were to bring to Port Clinton. The boat sprang a leak a few miles from shore, and the men landed when the boat was washed ashore by the waves Thursday night.

The island is not inhabited, but they found shelter in a deserted fishermen's cabin.

It is estimated that Saskatchewan's 1923 crop will yield \$276,844,650. It is based on crop yield reports and gauged at the average price which is expected to prevail during the selling season.

## Will Inform Dominions on Aviation Progress

A despatch from London says:—Empire air communication was discussed at the Economic Conference and it was decided that the British Government should undertake to inform the Dominions and India of present and prospective air performances, both of gas and heavier-than-air craft. The home Government is to keep the Dominions supplied with up-to-date information on all aviation subjects, as well as all the details of the progress of the Burney airship scheme, which provides for an Empire service from London.

## Premier Bruce of Australia Will Visit Canada

A despatch from London says:—The Times Melbourne correspondent says Premier Bruce has telegraphed that he is leaving England at the middle of December. He will stay eight weeks in Canada and the United States and reach Australia in February.

## Fog Often Costs London \$5,000,000 in Damages

A despatch from London says:—As the season of fog approaches, people here are recalling what these visitors do to them and their city.

They keep sunlight away from the city dwellers, deposit enormous quantities of soot broadcast over everything, and a single bad London fog costs the capital \$5,000,000 in extra laundering and injury to fabrics.



Hon. A. K. Maclean

President of Exchequer Court. Hon. A. K. Maclean, Dominion member for Halifax, has been appointed president of the Exchequer Court of Canada, to succeed the late Sir Walter Cassels. The bye-election will be held on December 6, to elect his successor in the Federal House.

## NET RESULTS OF IMPERIAL PARLEY

Dominions' Right to Make Treaties Chief Constitutional Gain.

A despatch from London says:—Another Imperial Conference has passed into history. The Economic Conference meets again on Friday for the consideration of wireless communications, but its proceedings will probably be brief. For all practical purposes both conferences have concluded their labors. It has been six weeks of constant consultations, committees, conferences and speeches.

What has been the result? Not until Sunday will the official text of the resolutions be issued, but it may be forecast that they will not indicate any organic change in constitutional relations; in fact no constitutional proposals of a sweeping nature appear to have been brought forward at all.

In matters of foreign policy there is no change in the existing machinery. As seen from the Canadian point of view the results of the Conference are summed up by a member of the Canadian delegation as follows:

1. A much clearer understanding of the Canadian position as to Imperial relations.
2. Recognition of equality and independent initiative in matters peculiar to one part of the Empire coupled with willingness to co-operate in matters of common concern.
3. The clearing up of the present position of the Dominions in respect to making treaties with the unanimous understanding reached along the lines adopted by the Canadian Governments from the treaty of Versailles to the Halifax Treaty.
4. Recognition by the Admiralty for the first time of the principles of Dominion navies.
5. Emphasis on the responsibility of each part of the Empire for its own defence.
6. Recognition that it is for the Parliament and people of each part of the Empire to decide on the measure of its own defence preparations.

These concern the main conference. In the Economic Conference the chief gains to Canada lie in increased preference, in the probability that as a result of the Conference discussions Canadian ships trading to Great Britain will be freed from British taxation on profits made here, and further in the probable concessions by the British Government in the administration of regulations under which Canadian cattle are admitted.