\$2.17\; No. 4 wheat, \$2.11\, in \$6.75; milkers, good to choice, \$90 to store, Fort William.

70%c; No. 1 feed, 68%c; No. 2 feed, choice lambs, \$18.50 to \$20; spring 65%c, in store Fort William.

\$1.06%; No. 4 CW., \$1.00%; reject- watered, \$22.25; do, weighed off cars, ed, 94c; feed 94c, in store Fort Wil- \$22.50; do, f.o.b. \$21.25.

liam. \$1.77; No. 4 yellow, \$1.74, nominal, \$7 to \$11 per cwt. Steers, \$11 to track Toronto, prompt shipment. Ontario oats-No. 3 white, 72 to cattle, \$7.50 to \$12. 74c, according to freights outside. Ontario wheat-No. 1 Winter, per

car lot, \$2.14 to \$2.20; No. 2 do, \$2.11 to \$2.19; No. 3 do, \$2.07 to \$2.15, f.o. They Wore Them in Rome in the Days b. shipping points, according to freights. Ontario wheat-No 1 Spring, \$2.09

3 do, \$2.02 to \$2.10 f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

cording to freights outside. Barley-Malting, 98c to \$1.03, virtually unchanged. nominal.

Rye-No. 2, \$1.68, nominal. Manitoba flour-Government standard, \$11, Teronte.

Ontario ficur-Government standard, \$9.65 to \$9.75, in bags, Toronto jute bags.

ton; shorts, \$44 per ton; good feed plainly stimulated after Pompey's vicflour, \$2.65 to \$2.75 per bag. mixed; \$20 to \$24 per ton, track To-

Straw-Car lots, \$10 to \$11 per

Country Produce-Wholesale. fresh made prints, 58 to 60c.

Eggs-New laid, 43 to 44c. 34c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 30 to 33c; stones. ducklings, 32c; turkeys, 45c; squabs.

Live poultry-Roosters. 22c; fowl, 28 to 33c; ducklings, lb., 35c; turkeys 35c; chickens, 27c.

tail trade at the following prices: 31 to 32e; twin, 32 to 321/2c. Butter-Fresh dairy, choice, 50 to

52c; creamery, solids, 60 to 61c; prints, 62 to 64c ... Margarine-34 to 37c.

lerd in cartons. 49 to 50c. Dressed poultry-Chickens, 40 to sets for winter and summer. 45c; spring chickens, 75 to 80c; roosters, 28 to 30c; fowl, 37 to 38c; turkeys, 45 to 50c; ducklings, lb., 35 to 38c; squabs, doz., \$7; geese, 28 to

Toronto, car lots, \$1.70 to \$1.75; on

track outside, \$1.60 to \$1.65. Beans-Cana hand-picked, \$4.25 to \$4.50; primes, \$3 to \$3.25; Imported, hand-picked, Burma or In-

dian, \$3.50; Limas, 12c. Honey-Extracted clover: 5 tins, 25 to 26c lb.; 10 lb. tins, 241/2 to 25c; 60 lb. tins, 24 to 25c; buckwheat, 60 lb. tins. 19 to 20c. . Comb: 16 oz.,

perial gailon, \$2.45 to \$2.50; per 5 granted Roman citizenship if not alimperial gallons, \$2.35 to \$2.40; ready held, "and the recognition of sugar, lb., 27c.

Provisions-Wholesale.

Smoked meats-Hams, medium 37 to 39c; do, heavy, 33 to 34c; cooked, 52 to 54c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 43 to 47c; backs, plain, 46 to 47c: boneless, 52 to 55c.

29 to 30c; clear bellies, 28 to 29c. Lard-Pure tierces, 32 to 32 2c; tubs, 321/2 to 33c; pails, 32% to 331/4 3316 to 34c. Compound tierces, 26 to 261/2c; tubs, 261/2 to 27c; pails, 271/2 to 28c; prints, 271/2

Montreal Markets.

1 feed, 83c. Flour-Spring wheat new the British Government. It is also standard grade, \$11 to \$11.10. Rolled oats-Bags, 90 lbs., \$3.90 to \$4.00. Bran ,\$44. Shorts, \$45-to \$46. Hay -No. 2; per'ton, car lots, \$32. Cheese -Finest easterns, 24 to 25c. Butter -Choicest creamery, 58 to 59c. Eggs -Fresh, 49 to 52c. Potatoes-Per bag, car lots, \$1.90 to \$2.25. Dressed hogs-Abatteir killed, \$30.50 to \$31. Lard-Pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net,

Live Stock Markets.

steers, \$14.50 to \$15.50; choice butcher steers, \$14 to \$14.25; butchers' \$13 to \$13.50; do, med., \$12 to \$12.50; isfactory assurances.

Markets of the World do, com., \$10.25 to \$12.50; do, med., choice, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do, med., \$10.50 to \$11; do, rough, \$8 to \$8.50; do, com., \$10.25 to \$10.75; butchers' cows, choice, \$12 to \$13; do, good, \$10.50 to \$11.50; do, med., Toronto, May 6.—Manitoba Wheat \$9.25 to \$10; do, com., \$8 to \$8.50; —No. 1 Northern, \$2.24½; No. 2 stockers, \$8.75 to \$12; feeders, \$12 Northern, \$2.21½; No. 3 Northern, to \$13.50; canners and cutters, \$5 to \$2.1716. \$150; do, com. and med., \$65 to \$75; Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW., 73%c; springers, \$90 to \$100; light ewes, No. 3 CW, 70%c; extra No. 1 feed, \$13 to \$15; yearlings, \$12 to 14; lambs, \$12 to \$15; calves, good to Manitoba barley-No. 3 CW., choice, \$14 to \$15; hogs, fed and

Montreal, May 6 .- Choice select American corn-No. -3 yellow, hogs, \$22 per cwt., off cars. Calves, \$18.50, according to quality. Butcher

SEAL RING AN ANTIQUE.

of the Empire.

The seal ring worn by the modern to \$2.17; No. 2 do, \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. business man and ocassionally used to seal important letters and documents, Peas-No. 2, \$2.05, nominal, ac- had its origin in the early empire and has come down through the centuries

Each ring bears in intagllio the coat Buckwheat-No. 2, \$1.15, nominal. of arms or crest, duplication of which by any outsider constituted a crime.

These jewels show plainly the influence of times and conditions; trace victories and conquests and reflect the and Montreal, prompt shipment in Romans from the summit of world Millfeed-Car lots, delivered Mon- power to decadence. For instance, treal freights included. Bran, \$42 per the passion for engraved gems was torics in the East. The conquests of Hay-No. 1, \$26 to \$28 per ton; Greece and Etruria are plainly reflected in the infusion of delicate handicraft and Etruscan artists, taken captive to Rome. .

Compared with the jewelry of other ancient nations, the distinctly Roman Butter-Dairy, tubs and rolls, 33 jewels are held to possess the advantto 40c; prints, 40 to 42c. Creamery, age of color and strength in design and workmanship. Its characteristic features were broad surfaces, massive Dressed poultry-Chickens, 30 to construction and the use of large

Under the Roman republic the use of precious stones was prohibited except in rings,, but in imperial times , they were worn in such lavish profu-Wholesalers are seeling to the re- sion that successive laws were made in an effort to correct wild extravag-Cheese-New, large, 28 to 281/2c; ance. Pliny describes a girl who at twins, 281/2 to 29c; triplets, 29 to her betrothal ceremony was covered WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE 291/2c; Stilton, 291/2 to 30c; old, large, with pearls and emeralds from head to

Reflecting the decadence of this period is the fact that rings were worn by men in senseless profusion. Marreggs-New laid, 47 to 48c; new tial speaks of an exquisite who wore six on every finger, and had different

Bracelets were also worn in large numbers, the design of a coiled serpent being very popular. This is believed to have been an importation atnoultry-Spring chickens, 60 ter Pompey's Oriental conquests.

Relic of the Romans.

There is a showcase in the British Museum that is proving very interesting to soldiers who are waiting for their discharge certificates. It is a case in the Roman British section con taining the discharge certificates given to soldiers in Britain in the time of the Romans. The bronze certificates \$4.50 to \$5 doz.; 10 oz., \$3.50 to \$4 are quaintly worded, and record the fact that the holders, "discharged hon-Maple products-Syrup, per im- orably after 25 years of service," are their marriage with those who are their wives, or, in case of unmarried any wives they may subsequently marry, provided they only have one each." The last sentence, in particular, amuses the khaki visitors.

Cured meats-Long clear bacon, Great Britain to Exchange Prisoners With Bolshevists

A despatch from London says:-The British Government announces that the Bolshevist Government has made a proposal to exchange the members of the British military mission to the caucus for certain Rus-Montreal, May 6-Oats-Extra No. sian subjects now in the hands of announced that negotiations are proceeding for the exchange of all British prisoners in the hands of the Bolshevists.

> TWO BILLION FRANCS TO GO TO BELGIUM

A despatch from Paris says:-The Belgians have asked the Council of Three for a first advance of two billion francs on their share of the Toronto, May 6 .- Good heavy German indemnity, according French circles, and it appears that cattle, choice, \$13.50 to \$14; do, good they have received definite and sat-



THE POWER OF A TEN DOLLAR BILL

Consider the POWER of a Ten Dollar Bill when it is spent AT HOME. It is like MAGIC. It CIRCU-LATES. It pays off a HUNDRED obligations. It creates BUSINESS and puts people to WORK in our community. But the ten dollar bill that is sent away to the out-of-town house does NOTHING for OUR town. It becomes DEAD to US. It is out of commission forever as far as OUR town is concerned. We NEVER see it again. Let US, then, give POWER to the money we SPEND. Let us remember, that our BEST-investment is that POWER-MONEY that we spend at HOME.

## were gathered at Grand Forks on Sunday, March the 23rd.

ARE DOING.

the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Calgary School Board will spend half a million dollars this year. Pincher Creek is going to enforce

its curfew by-law. The Great War Veterans at Victoria have endorsed the attitude of the International Longshoremen's Association and also a suggested agreement that veterans be given preference for positions in the mills.

The British steamship Cyclops, after several years' absence from the route and braving the dangers of submarines, has returned to Victoria in command of Captain W. C. Lycett. Alderman W. A. McAdam of Duncan

has been chosen as publicity commissioner for the Victoria and Island Development Association. Nanaimo and Ladysmith City were | cord steel-head trout. the winners in the preliminary games

for the McBride Shield, emblematic of the football championship of B.C. testing against the settlement of Great establishment at Vancouver has re-

claiming that their own men also helped to crush the Germans. Robert Kyle, who has recently returned from-overseas, has been given his former position as foreman carpenter by the School Board under Building Inspector Barrs, at Van-

The total amount of the increase in the Vancouver teachers' salaries .for the present year . mounts to \$17,362. Lieut. J. H. McKenzie and Major F.

W. Boultbee, of Vancouver, have recently returned from overseas. By the time the Manitoba Parliament Buildings are completed six mil-

lion dollars will have been spent. A resolution before the Mantoba disablement, with proper provision for emergency.

wives and children.

The first buttercups of the season : 000 acres within the next forty years, train."

There have already been several Many Persons Wear Them Uncon bush fires in the vicinity of South Vansciously-Disguised With Silk.

That the people of British Columbia must display considerably more cooperative effort and initiative if they are anxious to see the province developed, was the message conveyed by James Ramsay, acting president of the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association, during the course of his address at the annual meeting. It is announced that the proceeds

of the concert recently given in Vancouver by the French Band exceeded the guarantee of \$2,000 necessary to secare the services of the band by \$600 making a total contribution of \$2,600 from the city to the relief work of the stricken districts of France.

Two hundred and eighteen munition workers, women and men, with about forty children, arrived in Vancouver from overseas, and were given a warm welcome.

Trout fishing opened in Vancouver on March the 26th, and a number of anglers celebrated the occasion. Measuring 42 inches in length and tipping the scales at 27 pounds was the re-

Assuming full responsibility for the returned soldiers after they have been released by the military authorities, Vancouver Island Indians are pro-the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-War Veterans on the Indian reserves, gistered, up to February 22nd, 715 men, 106 of whom have been placed in positions.

FORESTS TO BE PLANTED

England\_is Preparing for Task at Cost of \$17,000,000.

Two hundred thousand acres o forest land in Great Britain are to be replanted at a cost, for planting and maintenance the first ten years of \$17,000,000, according to an announcement by the government. The trees will replace some of the heavy timber cut down during the war and Legislature urges the Federal Gov. provide additional forests, so that erument to fix soldiers' pensions at the country may be independent of not less than \$1,000 a year for total other, timber sources in cases of

Foresters are being trained and left on the train last week." The B. C. Manufacturers' Associathe necessary saplings are being pre- His. Wife-"That's good. Where is her of the organizing committee of tion have passed a resolution to give pared. If the experiment is success-"it now?" financial aid to the Returned Soldiers' ful it is proposed to increase the Professor-"Eh? By Jove, I-really, many will be admitted to the League acreage of referested land to 1,770,- my dear, I'm afraid I left it on the after a period of probation, probably

TIN STOCKINGS.

We have adopted many foreign ideas sought to introduce the wooden shoe from Holland. The tin stocking is even less suggestive of luxury, and yet many of us wear them. Of course | roundings of their billets. a person could not wear a sock of "oighteen-carat" tin and be unconscious of it, but if the tin is alloyed and disguised with silk he can wear a considerable amount of it without suspecting it.

In cutting round tops and bottoms out of tin-sheets in the manufacture of tin cans there remains a certain amount of scrap. Men have sat up nights figuring the maximum number of such pieces of various size that can be cut from a sheet of tin, and still there is the waste left over that cannot be worked into sheets again. Relief is found in the demand of the manufacturer of silk, who needs some substance to weight his goods. A silk garment hangs and fits and holds its shape better if weighted. Everyone knows how soft and light are the unweighted pongee silks: So the manufacturers of tin cans and of silks cooperate. One disposes of his tin waste tin chloride and works it into the woven silk. Virtually all the waste of Some silk stockings contain as much entirely legitimate, since the trade demands a silk that is firm and heavy the delegates. for certain garments for which the

purchaser desires a perfect fit. Silk waste, such as worn-out and cast-off garments, becomes in turn, a source of tin worth attention. Rag pickers give little heed to silk remuants, but carefully collect linen and wool. The rag-pickers' union, if there is such a body, might well take notice of this information. The tin chloride in the silk is easily converted into tin oxide by burning the material, and from the oxide the metal can be re-

office to-day and got that umbrella I says it is expected that Lord Robert

may be regarded as undesirables because, owing to their peculiar customs, habits, modes of living and methods of holding property, they are not likely to become readily assimilated or to assume the duties and responsibilities of Canadian citizenship within a reasonable time."

CANADA BARS

"UNDESIRABLES"

Order-in-Council Prohibits Im-

migration of Doukhobors, Men-

nonites and Hutterites.

A despatch from Ottawa says:-

Until further order, immigration of

Doukhobors, Hutterites and Mennon-

ites is prohibited. An order-in-coun-

cil to this effect was signed by the

Governor-General on Thursday. It

was passed under the provisions of

the existing Immigration Act which

The order recites that "owing to

conditions prevailing as a result of

the war, a widespread feeling exists

throughout the Dominion, and more

particularly in western Canada, that

steps should be taken to prevent the

entry into Canada of all persons who

gives authority to this end.

The order adds that numerous representations have been received that Doukhebors, Hutterites and Mennonites are of this class and character.

GERMAN DELEGATES AT VERSAILLES BUY UP SOAP

A despatch from Versailles says:-Germany's peace delegates passed the best part of their first day here blaspheming the weather, in common with other residents in this rainy, windy, chilly township. The second preoccupation of most of them, from Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau down, was the acquisition of soap. The barber shops near the three hotels where the Germans are quartered were emptied of their stocks of soap before noon. In search of the precious substance a party of German newspaper correspondents strolled far afield. Their appearance excited adverse comment among the Versailles citizens, and, although the hostile display was limited to prolonged hissing and hooting, M. Houdaille, who of comfort or utility, but no one has has charge of the police arrangements, gave the indiscreet soap hunters a severe warning against roaming beyond the immediate sur-

GERMAN SHIPS TO BE DISTRIBUTED AMONG ALLIES

A despatch from Paris says:-The German fleet is not to be destroyed, but it will be distributed. Final decision has just been reached on this point. Great Britain, which at first was inclined to oppose the plan for the elimination of the German craft as war machines, shifted its position and came to the support of France and Italy, which had desired the partition of the craft among the allies. The American peace delegation opposed the plan of destruction from

Palace Along Lake Geneva As Permanent Seat of League

A despatch from Geneva says:-A and the other converts the metal into palace for the permanent seat of the League of Nations will be constructed on one of several beautiful sites tin-can factories is put to that use. along Lake Geneva near the city.' In the meantime the city authorities as thirty per cent. of tin. The use is will place the Palais Eynard, near the University, at the disposition of

> Losses Imposed on Germany by Terms of Allies

A despatch from Paris says:-The terms presented to Germany include a loss of seventy per cent. of her iron ore, a third of her coal deposits, twenty per cent. of her potash, and between 7,400,000 and 8,000,000 of her pre-war population.

GERMANY MAY JOIN LEAGUE AT EXPIRATION OF ONE YEAR

A despatch from London says:-Professor-"I went to the railroad The Reuter correspondent at Paris Cecil will be appointed British memthe League of Nations, and that Ger-

BRINGENG UP FATHER

