

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Charles Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experiencing against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Peruvian Balsam, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substances. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and relieves Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A MAN SHOULD ALWAYS BE ON GUARD!



Credit Sale of Valuable Farm Stock, on WEDNESDAY, March 1st, Mr. R. Eagleton, of Hillview Stock Farm, Markham, will offer for sale by Public auction 40 head of Pure-bred and High grade Holstein Cattle, Stock Bull, a grandson of Pontiac Koridyske, some choice heifers sired by a half brother to M. H. Haley's Canadian Champion Cow, Reg. Clydesdale Horses, Fine Brood Mares in foal to a son of Baron's Pride, young stallion, rising 2 yrs old, some good geldings and fillies, 7 pure bred Berkshire brood sows due to farrow in March and April; Stock Bull, a 1st prize winner in the Bar-

Lehman Says

A Man Can't Be On Guard if His Brains and his Feet are asleep and what I do

By-Law No. 346.

Milk by-law for regulating milk produced for sale, offered for sale or sold within the municipality of the Village of Stouffville, passed in accordance with the provisions of section three of the Ontario Milk Act.

The Council of the Corporation of the Village of Stouffville enact as follows:

1. No milk will be allowed to be sold in the Village of Stouffville unless such milk has been produced, handled and distributed in compliance with the regulations set out in this by-law.

2. As to the production of milk and as to dairy farms.

Care of Milch Cows.

1. Milch Cows must be kept and must not be abused in any way.

Health of cows.

2. No milk shall be sent forward or sold from any milch cow that has any ailment that would affect the quality or wholesomeness of the milk, and any cow subject to such ailment shall be removed and kept from the milking herd.

Food of cows.

3. Only clean, wholesome food shall be given to milch cows. No strong flavored food which will affect the odor or taste of the milk, shall be fed to the cows at any time.

All water supplied or available to milch cows for drinking, and all water used in cleaning utensils must be clean, pure and protected from any danger of pollution.

Sanitary Condition of Stables.

5. The stable in which milch cows are kept, or in which they are milked must be kept clean, and in a sanitary condition. It must be well lighted, well ventilated, and so constructed as to be free from dust. It must be

renheit and kept at or below that temperature until used or sold.

Dairies in Stouffville.

1 There must be a separate room for washing cans, bottles and utensils. If this washing room is connected with the bottling room the doors must be closed tight automatically. The room for bottling milk must be well lighted and well-ventilated, separate entirely from any room in which engine boiler and wash vats are located, and must not be used for any manufacturing of cheese, butter or other products. These rooms for bottling and receiving the milk must be kept cool and sanitary.

Milk Vats.

2 All receiving, weighing and storage vats for handling milk must be made of smoothly tinned metal. They must have all joints soldered smooth and flush with the surface. They must be kept in good repair, thoroughly cleaned and sterilized after using. These vats must be provided with tin covers so constructed that they will not interfere with the handling of milk, and be kept covered as much as is practicable when in use.

Milk Cans and Bottles.

3. All cans and bottles, after using or after being emptied of milk, must be thoroughly cleansed and sterilized, and must be protected from contamination. Any can used for returning skim milk, whey or food of any kind, must not be used for milk. All milk cans must be cleansed and thoroughly sterilized before being returned.

Cooling Tanks.

4. Tanks in which milk is cooled must be constructed of some non-absorbant material, and be kept water tight. All tanks must be supplied with clean fresh water, and with sufficient ice to cool the milk and maintain it at a temperature of not more than

of Health, is or may be injurious to the public health.

Handlers of Milk.

6. All persons engaged in or about the dairy or in the handling or delivery of milk must be clean and free from any disease. Any case of a contagious disease of a person employed about or in connection with a dairy or in the family of such person, or in any family receiving milk and known to the dealer to be suffering from such disease, must be reported at once to the Medical Health Officer by the dealer.

Glass Bottles.

7. All milk sold in the Village of Stouffville must be delivered in sealed cans or in glass bottles tightly stoppered, or other receptacle approved by the Medical Health Officer, except in the case of dairies which only sell milk, cream, and butter and no other commodities.

Licenses.

8. Every person selling milk in the Village of Stouffville shall register and give full particulars as to his ability to carry out the provisions of this by-law as may be required, when they may receive a license to sell milk in this municipality on the payment of a fee of \$1.

Any person convicted of a breach of any of the provisions of this by-law shall forfeit and pay, at the discretion of the convicting magistrate, a penalty not exceeding (exclusive of costs) the sum of fifty dollars, and not less than one dollar for each offence, and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith, the said penalty and costs forthwith, the said penalty and costs, or costs only, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied, the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the com-