# FROM THE CAPITAL.

## Further Applications for Tariff Hearings.

## NO TIME TO GRANT THEM.

## Mr. Fielding Says Business is Pressing.

### REPLY TO BISHOP BLAIS.

### Misleading Reports About Sir Oliver's Health.

### The Coal Duties—Mr. Mitchell's Claim—Nominations in Wright—A Scotch Grievance.

Ottawa, March 11.—(Special.)—The following is a copy of the spirited reply of Mr. Guilte, the Liberal candidate in Bonaventure, to the communication from Bishop Blais a few days ago. The Bishop, it is his command, asked Mr. Guilte to sign a declaration of the Manitoba school denunciation of the Manitoba school settlement, and at the same time to pledge himself to vote against it in Parliament. Mr. Guilte writes: "Monsignor Blais:—You invite me to sign a declaration which you have prepared, and as to which I have never been previously consulted. The Manitoba school question is one of those mixed questions in which the church and the State have each their respective rights and duties. I am a Catholic, as your Reverence knows, and in all questions of faith and morals I accept without restriction the decisions of the church. In political questions I claim the liberty to which every British citizen is entitled. I cannot in conscience callenate this liberty, which also belongs to the electors whose suffrages I am now asking. I shall accomplish my duties as a member of Parliament like a sincere Catholic and like a free subject. Before taking my seat I shall have to take an oath, and I intend remaining true to that oath and to judge of questions that shall come under my consideration to the best of my judgment and according to the dictates of my conscience. I strongly desire that the Catholics of Manitoba shall have full justice, and I pledge myself to do all in my power with a view of their obtaining that justice. Your Reverence believes that the concessions obtained from the Greenway Government are not sufficient. I shall be very happy to exert my efforts to obtain more. As to the legislation when Parliament meets for attaining that end, I shall judge from my seat in Parliament, after having heard the discussions which cannot fail to take place as to this great matter. Neither, before God nor before my conscience can I renounce the liberty of exercising my franchise to the best of my judgment." A delegate of the Holy See will shortly be among us. His nomination is officially announced. He comes to study on the spot the political-religious question in Canada—the Manitoba school question. I presume that if this fact had been known to your Reverence you would have thought it prudent and convenient not to interfere in this election. By signing the declaration to which your Reverence asks me to subscribe my name I would fear to increase the violence of the religious discussions which are already the cause of too much agitation in this country. (Signed) F. J. S. Guilte."

### THE COAL DUTIES.

Ottawa, March 11.—(Special.)—The interests at Washington that are trying to put up the duty on coal will not now have things their own way, if the coal owners of Pennsylvania and Ohio know their business. In view of the announcement by Canada's Minister of Finance as to the Canadian Government's policy. That policy, according to Mr. Fielding, is to not only retain the Canadian duty on soft coal, but also to impose a duty on hard coal. Now free. If Congress increases the duty on coal Canada imports from the United States over five million dollars worth of anthracite coal. Anyway the Government must diminish the enormous free list under the existing tariff, amounting, as it does to nearly $50,000,000. To put one-half the imports on the free list and the other half under very heavy duties seems to be a very lop-sided system of taxation.

### DASTARDLY OUTRAGES.

The Toronto Mail and Empire speaks of the "dastardly outrage" committed on Major J. A. McGillivray by the circulation in his constituency of a contemporary of "a characteristic falsehood." What about The Mail and Empire's "characteristic falsehood," by which it sought to make Hon. J. L. Tarte responsible for the fire in the west block? The statement that Mr. Tarte had dismissed the man in charge of the hydrant to make way for a place-hunter has neither been withdrawn nor unsubstantiated by the name of the man. If a responsible journal makes such a grave accusation against an adviser of the Crown, and fails to furnish even the name of the dismissed official, it is an act that comes properly under the heading of a "dastardly outrage." To charge a man with being an annexationist is a light offence compared with being an incendiary. On a public platform in Lanark in 1894 a Conservative Cabinet Minister declared that Hon. W. S. Fielding was an annexationist. It was a barefaced falsehood, but no Conservative journal pronounced it a dastardly outrage.

### DEEP WATERWAYS.

The Canadian Commissioners, under the Deep Waterways Commission, are holding meetings in Ottawa at present to complete their report to the Dominion Government of their joint deliberations with the United States representatives. Much information has been gained and plans formulated with accompanying sketches and maps. The United States Government will be asked, however, to appropriate $150,000 for further surveys and deliberations. The Canadian commissioners, Messrs. O. A. Howland, M.P.P., Toronto; Mr. C. T. Keefer, Ottawa, and Mr. Thomas Munro, Coteau, will also ask for more money. Their request will be materially smaller than that before Congress. About $15,000 will be sufficient for their purpose. The report will be presented to Hon. A. G. Blair before the session opens on the 25th.

### A MISSING MERCHANT.

Cyrus W. Beardsley, who ran a store on Rideau street, is missing, and yesterday Judge Ross condemned him to serve 12 months in jail for defrauding his creditors. Some time ago Beardsley declared himself insolvent, his liabilities being placed at $12,000 and his assets at $1,900. At the meeting of his creditors it was decided to have an examination of the insolvent and the inquiry was adjourned until Friday. Beardsley was around town until Wednesday, but when he should have appeared before Judge Ross he failed to show up, and Mr. J. L. Dowlin, his legal representative, stated that he did not know of his client's whereabouts. Solicitors representing the creditors moved for a commitment to jail on the ground that he had failed to give a satisfactory account of the disposal of his stock. Judge Ross adjudged Beardsley guilty, and sentenced him to the full term of the law, one year, in jail. As Mr. Cyrus Beardsley has probably left the country, it will be difficult to carry out the sentence, but it precludes his return to Canada. A writ was issued in the High Court of Justice by the assignee of the estate of Cyrus Beardsley against William Beardsley to recover goods of the estate of Cyrus Beardsley, said to have been fraudulently obtained with the object of cheating the creditors. Mr. Beardsley is a boot and shoe merchant on Rideau street, and is the father of Cyrus Beardsley. The goods unaccounted for in the insolvent estate amount to $11,346.

### SIR OLIVER'S HEALTH.

Ottawa, March 15.—(Special.)—An advertisement is now running in the Ottawa papers similar to one which led Hon. Dr. Montague to demand a retraction a couple of years ago. It reads as follows: "The news has been flashed across the wires from the old country that Sir Oliver Mowat, who is there seeking medical aid, the victim of kidney disease. His friends say that the case is not as alarming as the press reports have stated. But there seems to be no disguising the fact that with Ontario's


PARSONS PILLS

Best Liver Pill Made

Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Dose, one pill. Find relief from them. Price 25 cts; five $1. Pamphlet free. J. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its great power. It is safe, soothing and prompt to relieve all sensitive sufferers. Internal and External. It cures every form of inflammation. Pleasant to take dropped on sugar for colds, coughs, cramps, burns, bruises, all soreness.

"I am ninety-one years and nine months old, was born September 17, 1790. I have been a standard bearer for Johnson's Anodyne Liniment more than fifty years. Have found no (or it ever since. I have found it superior to any other."—Mrs. WEALTHY L. TOZIER, East Corinth, Me.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free. Price, 25 cents. Sure and direction on every bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents, six bottles, $1.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

Say—"I saw it in The Weekly Globe."


11 to 6. Sir Richard Cartwright was in attendance late in the afternoon.

### TOO LATE NOW.

Ottawa, March 16.—(Special.)—Notwithstanding the announcement for the close of the tariff hearings, numerous applications continue to be received and deputations continue to come to the capital. The Minister of Finance, referring to this to-day, said the Government could hardly be expected to make progress with the tariff if these hearings were to continue. "For myself," said Mr. Fielding, "I am sorry to be compelled to refuse to make any more appointments to receive deputations concerning the tariff. We have endeavored by further hearings at Ottawa and throughout the country to afford ample opportunity to all interested to present their views. It is hardly probable that we can receive anything now which would be more than a repetition of what has already been laid before us. If gentlemen come to Ottawa for further hearings they must not be surprised if the Ministers are unable, owing to the great pressure of business, to find time to receive them. We have to ask the public to consider that we are within a few days of the opening of Parliament, and that every moment of our time is engaged."

### MR. MITCHELL'S CLAIM.

Hon. Peter Mitchell has been appointed general overseer of fisheries for Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. His presence in Ottawa frequently of late had to be accounted for by the newspaper correspondents, and the most natural thing in the world was to say that Mr. Mitchell was after an office. The war-horse of Northumberland was, however, after a totally different thing. He had a claim against the Government for $10,000, and desired that sum to be placed in the estimates to be brought down this session. Mr. Mitchell states that in the fall of 1895 Mr. Haggart, then Minister of Railways and Canals, made a proposition to him to purchase a piece of property adjoining the deep-water terminus of the Intercolonial Railway at Newcastle, N.B., which Mr. Mitchell fowned, for the purpose of erecting a freight station nearer the water than the present one. Mr. Haggart agreed to purchase the property for the sum, Mr. Mitchell says, of $10,000. In preparing the estimates for the session of January, 1896, Mr. Haggart inserted the sum of $7,000 for the property, which Mr. Mitchell says was a mistake. He spoke to Mr. Haggart about it, but with what result is not known very clearly. Last August Mr. Mitchell tried to get Mr. Blair to carry out Mr. Haggart's agreement with the price at $10,000, but Mr. Blair informed Mr. Mitchell that he would first have to be satisfied that the land was needed, and if so, that its value was as represented. Mr. Mitchell was not at all pleased at Mr. Blair's attitude, and, it is said, told him so, but Mr. Blair firmly declined to treat the matter in any way except as stated. Mr. Mitchell claims that Mr. Haggart, having made a bargain with him as Minister of Railways, his successor in office should carry it out. Mr. Haggart's method of business is badly exposed in this transaction, that he should make a purchase and not place on record even the amount he was to pay. Yet Mr. Haggart's was "the" business man of the late Government.

### NOMINATIONS FOR WRIGHT.

Messrs. L. N. Champagne, Liberal, and J. M. McDougall, Conservative, were nominated for the Wright vacancy in the House of Commons to-day at Hull. The candidates spoke, and then Mr. Laurier, who was enthusiastically received and loudly cheered as he explained the circumstances under which they were called on to again exercise their franchise, Ex-Premier Taillon of Quebec followed and endeavored to excite the racial and religious animosities of the thousand electors present, mostly French, by quoting Mr. D'Alton McCarthy's anti-French crusade of six or seven years ago, and holding the Liberal party responsible for it. This angered Mr. Champagne's supporters, who hissed the shameful appeal to passion. Mr. Taillon made and shouted out frequently. It is not true. No exception could be taken to these demonstrations, but Mr. Taillon, in concluding, called on his friends present not to allow any other speaker to be heard. This, in face of the fact that Hon. William Paterson, a Minister of the Crown, was on the platform, prepared to follow, was an unprecedented piece of discourtesy, to use a mild term. Mr. Bourassa, M.P., attempted to speak, but the Conservatives present responded to the ex-Premier's appeal and hooted and shouted so as to drown the voice of Mr. Bourassa, who is one of the finest orators in the Province of Quebec. Mr. Bourassa was refused a hearing and the meeting ended as Mr. Taillon wanted. Mr. Paterson did not attempt to speak.

### A SCOTCH GRIEVANCE.

A petition that is meeting with many signatures is being circulated among the Scotchmen and their descendants in the city. Similar petitions are being circulated among the Scotch people all over the world. The petition, which is addressed to the Queen, is to be presented some time during the coming summer. It protests against the use made of the word "English" on the ground that it was agreed in the treaty of union entered into by England and Scotland in 1707, that the two kingdoms should from that date and ever after be united into one kingdom, to be known by the name of Great Britain. This stipulation, which was intended to protect the national honor of Scotland, the

## THE HARE INQUEST.

### Jury Unable to Determine the Cause of Death.

### Mrs. Hare Was a Large User of Opium, Which, With Exposure, May Have Killed Her.

Oshawa, March 14.—(Special.)—A shocking affair took place in Cedar Dale on Friday night or early on Saturday morning, when Mrs. Wm. Hare met her death. She was found on Saturday morning lying on the kitchen floor dead, with her face in a very badly bruised condition. Her husband, Wm. Hare, is a laborer, and had up to a short time ago been employed in the Malleable Iron Works. The house where the Hares lived is a small one, situated in Cedar Dale, near the Ontario G. T. R. station, and the scene inside is one of desolation and poverty, three chairs, a table, stove and a broken-down bedstead being the only furniture. The floors were all wet, and broken furniture and dishes were scattered over the rooms. The sight on entering the front room was a horrible one, the dead woman lying on the wet floor with her face all black and blue from some cause and only a chemise and waist covering her body, both of which were badly torn. There are three small rooms in the house, and the whole place was in a most dilapidated condition. The room which was used for a bedroom was strewn with straw out of the tick, and the bed slats had fallen out. The only bedclothes were a tick and two dirty quilts. Deceased was a Miss Nellie Cryderman, and formerly lived with her parents in Hampton. She was from all accounts a respectable woman, tidy and clean about her person, and temperate in her habits. She had the habit of eating opium and constantly used it. Her husband says that she was subject to fits and had been since a child, and he claims that she must have died while in one of them.

Constable Goodman was summoned


Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

Say—"I saw it in The Weekly Globe."

Blood Will Tell

When an animal is all run down, has a rough coat and a tight hide any one knows his blood is out of order. To keep an animal economically he must be in good heart.

Dick's Blood Purifier

Is a necessity where the best results from feeding would be obtained. It tones up the system, rids the stomach of bots, worms and other parasites that suck the life blood away.

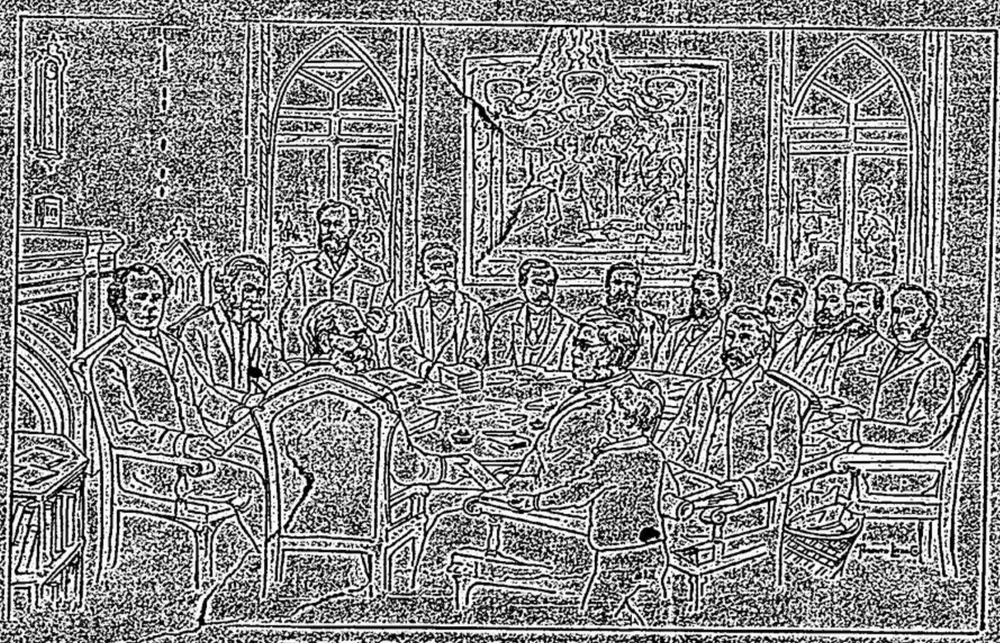
Nothing like Dick's for Milch Cows.

For sale by druggists at general stores or sent on receipt of 50 cents.

DICK & CO., P.O. BOX 402, MONTREAL.


## Have You Ordered It?

### Canada's Cabinet of Premiers.



This Outline Gives Only an Imperfect Idea of the Picture.

### It will only cost you fifteen cents.

The Picture is a half tone photo engraving in three colors; size 21 x 28 inches; arranged from actual photographs by Kelly, the well-known Canadian artist, and gives a most accurate and life-like scene of Mr. Laurier and his Cabinet. The picture is prepared by the Toronto Lithographing Company, and is considered one of the best of the kind ever produced in Canada. **IT SHOULD BE IN YOUR HOME.**

Premier, as thousands of others, kidney disease has seized the system.

This would seem to have been written while Sir Oliver was in the old country, but is now published as if now. It is untrue that Sir Oliver is afflicted with kidney trouble or a victim of kidney disease, or that kidney disease has seized his system. There have been no recent reports of any sickness to cause his return from the old country, though this may have been during his absence in 1895. On his return to Canada his appearance belied the stories of his illness, and everyone was satisfied that there had been no foundation for them. All who have seen him since coming to Ottawa agree that he has not looked better for many years. As the statement contained in this advertisement may cause alarm to some of Sir Oliver's many friends, it is given this emphatic contradiction.

Bishop Blais has publicly denied that he threatened to excommunicate every one who voted for the Liberal candidate in Bonaventure if he did not sign the pledge to follow the Bishop in Parliament instead of Mr. Laurier. The statement made was that his Lordship's ambassador (presenting the ultimatum conveyed the intimation of its consequences, and that is what was done. His Lordship denies that he directly made the threat, but it was made by his agent, and the natural presumption was that the agent, Father Landry, was carrying out instructions.

The Boston papers of Saturday contain notices of the address delivered there by Dr. Saunders. They introduced the report as follows: "Of all the novel news which Montreal can, in Canada, was given before the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in Horticultural Hall this morning by Dr. William Saunders, the Director of the experimental farms of the Dominion of Canada. The stereopticon illustrations added much to the attractiveness of the talk. In introducing his subject the speaker announced his purpose to treat of horticulture in its wider sense, as embracing the art of cultivating trees, shrubs and plants for utilitarian and decorative purposes, and, in order that the subject might be the better understood, he began with a brief sketch of the country whose horticultural progress he was to outline."

Premier Laurier was entirely recovered today from his indisposition and presided over a session of the Cabinet, which lasted from

few days of the opening of Parliament, and that every moment of our time is engaged."

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protest contends has been broken in that the general and continuous use of the terms "England" and "English" in an Imperial sense is a direct aspersion on the national honor of Scotland.

North Hastings Liberals.

Bancroft, March 14.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Liberals of the nine townships of North Hastings was held in this village and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested. There was a good attendance and the work of forming an association for which the meeting was called was commenced. Mr. W. Rankin was Chairman and Mr. G. Bartlett acted as Secretary. Among the others present were Messrs. D. Kavanagh, P. J. Mullon, W. J. Fitzgerald, M. Rouse, G. Davey, A. O'Neill, M. O'Neill, J. O'Neill, R. Thomson, E. McPherson, F. C. Humphries, A. McLaren, J. Appliu, P. Barry, N. O'Neill, W. McGee, T. Kavanagh, J. McFarlane, R. Matheny, A. McGyenn, W. Detlor. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mr. F. Mullett; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. D. Kavanagh. Vice-President—Monteagle, Mr. G. Bartlett; Mayo, Mr. W. Rankin; Wicklow and McClure, Mr. D. Carswell; Bangor, Mr. W. Lavoie; Dungannon, Mr. W. Detlor; Carlow, Mr. A. C. Campbell; Herschel, Mr. James Boatman. The association thus formed is a strong one and may be counted on doing great work for the Liberal party in future elections. Delegates will be selected to attend the big convention to be held at Madoc next Thursday.

A letter from Judge Angers, brother to the ex-Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, has written to the author of "Quickcure," saying: "It has always given my child relief from toothache. It is wonderful. I have also found it good for burns and cuts."

(Signed) C. P. ANGERS.

and at once notified Coroner Dr. Cobourn of Oshawa. He proceeded to investigate the matter and summoned a jury, and an inquest was begun at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, County Crown Attorney J. E. Farewell of Whitby was present and conducted the case. After the jurymen were sworn in they proceeded to Hare's residence and viewed the corpse and then returned to the Town Hall, when the following evidence was given:

Wm. Hare stated that deceased was his wife; she was 36 years of age and they were married seven years ago. She had always been healthy, but was an opium eater and had been for eight years. She never drank liquor. Last night we had our supper and went to bed as usual. We never quarrelled in our lives. I am accustomed to do drinking. I was not drunk last night, but had several drinks. Jas. McGrail and I had a few drinks in the day and he came to my house at night with a pail of beer. He was drunk and I kicked him out of the house. My wife had taken opium before she went to bed at night. She is accustomed to taking fits. She had one last January, which lasted six hours. In the night she got up out of bed and went out in the kitchen, but I paid no attention to her and went to sleep. In the morning I woke up about 5 o'clock and, not finding her in bed, I got up and put on my clothes and went out in the kitchen and found her lying on the kitchen floor, dead, in a horrible condition. She must have had another fit. I was very sorry and much surprised to. I went for Mrs. Crandall, a neighbor, with whom we used to board. I heard no noise in the house in the night and did not know anything of the affair until I found my wife in the morning. We did not have a fight. The lump on deceased's forehead and black eye were caused by my hitting her accidentally the other day with a stick of wood while throwing it into the woodshed.

Mrs. Crandall said that on Saturday morning about 5.30 o'clock Mr. Hare came over to her house and said that Nellie was dead, and to come over to the house. She went over and found Mrs. Hare lying on the floor dead, but it did not look at her face. Mr. Hare told her the same story as is given in his evidence.

Mrs. Crandall, continuing, said: Mr. and Mrs. Hare used to board with me. Mrs. Hare was always a clean, tidy and respectable woman. Her health was always good. On the first Sunday after New Year's she had a fit. She was in bed at the time, which was about 8 o'clock in the evening, and did not recover from it until 12 o'clock the next morning. While in the fit she would tear at her clothes and face and scream. She always ate opium as long as I knew her, but on this occasion she had run out of it, and I think this is why she had the fit. I was surprised to see the house in such a condition. The slats were out of the bed, and the straw pulled out of the tick, and lying around the room. I saw some opium on the window sill. Mr. and Mrs. Hare never had a quarrel while at my house. Mr. Hare went out to telephone for a doctor, and it went home.

James McGrail was the next witness, and said that on Friday morning, as he was going to work, he called at Hare's house and got him, and they went to a hotel and had a few drinks. He did not go to work, but continued drinking. In the afternoon I got a pail of beer and went with it over to Hare's house, where we drank it and I went for another pail. After that I do not remember anything, as I was too drunk. I do not know whether Hare kicked me out of his house or not.

Austin McGrail, a son of James McGrail, said: My father was drinking on Friday last. Towards evening I went to Hare's residence and found my father there, and I took him away. Hare did not kick either my father or myself out of his house.

It was by this time about Sunday morning, and the inquest was adjourned until 9 o'clock Monday morning, when a large number of witnesses are to be examined.

Drs. Cobourn, McKay and Holg held a post-mortem examination on the body this morning and will give their evidence to-morrow.

Oshawa, March 16.—(Special.)—The inquest into the mysterious death of Mrs. Wm. Hare of Cedar Dale was continued at 10 o'clock this morning in the Town Hall, Cedar Dale. The story of the affair had spread over the village and the Town of Oshawa, causing much interest to be taken in the affair, consequently the hall was crowded to the doors.

It was thought a verdict would be reached before noon, but it was not until 10 o'clock that all the evidence was given. Wm. Dickinson was the first witness examined. He said that the Hares lived in his house; that they moved into it about a week ago. When they moved into it, it was in a tenantable condition, and there was ice and water on the floor. It must have been put there as there was no possible way for it to get in itself. He lives within twenty-five yards of the house and heard no disturbance there last Friday night.

Mrs. Mary J. Mallett said she lived across the street from Hare's residence. On Friday she saw Jas. McGrail go into Hare's residence about 3 o'clock in the afternoon and Hare went in about half an hour afterwards. About 6 o'clock in the evening she saw Hare throw McGrail out of the house and come out after him and knock him down three times. McGrail's son came and took him away. I noticed particularly that there was no light in Hare's house on Friday night up to 10 o'clock, at which time I went to bed, and if there was one I would certainly have seen it as there are no blinds on the windows. This contradicts Hare's story that he and his wife had supper together and sat up in the front room reading until 10 o'clock, when they went to bed. Mrs. Mallett, continuing, said: I heard no noise in Hare's house on Friday night, but when I went over next morning and saw the dead woman lying on the floor and everything upside down, and the bed and torn up, it looked as if there had been a terrible struggle. The floor appeared to be covered with vomit.

Albert Crandell said that on last Friday night, between 8 and 9 o'clock in the evening, he was in front of Hare's residence and he saw Hare throw McGrail out of his house, and Mrs. Hare closed the door after them. Hare hit McGrail and knocked him down three times, and when he asked him what was the matter Hare said he had acquitted his wife.

Mrs. Weinstein, on being sworn, said that she lived near Mrs. Crandell's, and on Sunday in January last she was at Mrs. Crandell's residence, when Mrs. Hare had a fit. She said that she would scream and tear at her clothes and face. She knew the Hares well and said they were a very peaceable couple. Mr. Hare used to drink, and Mrs. Hare ate opium. On the Sunday mentioned Mrs. Crandell sent Mrs. Weinstein from the Hare residence. He came home about 10 o'clock in the evening when there was no light in Hare's house. If there was one I would have seen it. I heard no noise in Hare's house on Friday night and knew nothing of the affair until after I had gone to work next morning. Mr. Hare told me Saturday morning that Jas. McGrail was around his place drunk yesterday, and got in at the house, and said he was going in to insult his wife, and Hare threw him out and knocked him down.

Albert Chambers of the firm of R. W. & A. Chambers, druggists, of Oshawa, was called and produced the record of poisons sold by them. It showed that Mrs. Hare had several times within a year purchased opium, the last date being on March 8th, when she bought one ounce. This proved that she would have had some on hand at the time of her death.

Further evidence, corroborated that given by Hare, was given by Mrs. Mallett, his brother, who lived next door to the right between Hare's and Mrs. Crandell's, and 6 o'clock on the evening of Friday, the 12th inst.

Dr. T. G. McKay of Oshawa, in company with Dr. Holg, held a post-mortem examination on the body of Mrs. Wm. Hare on Sunday, March 14th. He produced and read the post-mortem report. Being questioned by Attorney Farewell, he said: I cannot determine the cause of the woman's death, the evidence of the post-mortem examination being negative. I cannot say that she had taken too much opium as no trace or smell of it could be detected in the contents of the stomach without a chemical examination. If she had got up in the night to take some opium and had taken an overdose she would have had time to get back to bed before the drug would affect her, and if she did not the drug would have most likely had a stupefying effect upon her, and not caused her to go into a state of convulsions. If she had died in a fit the tongue would possibly have been pressed between the teeth, which was not the case. One of the marks on the forehead and the bruise on one of the eyes had likely been caused a day or two before death, and showed signs of inflammatory action around them. The other bruises on the face were caused shortly before death. They could not all have been caused by falling on the floor. I do not think that any of these wounds would have caused death, but the blows that caused them might have caused unconsciousness and possibly have died from exposure and cold. The wound on the gluteal region might have been caused by a fall or a kick. It could not have been inflicted by herself. The post-mortem evidence that she died in a fit is rather meagre. The blueness of the lips might have been caused by blows, but it is my opinion that death was caused from some cause other than violence. There was no evidence to show that she came to her death from suffocation or by being strangled.

Dr. Holg (of Oshawa) corroborated Dr. McKay's evidence. Dr. McKay, continuing, said: In the post-mortem examination and the analysis of the contents of the stomach of the deceased I found no trace of opium. I found a large quantity of opium in the body in a healthy state. I concurred with Dr. McKay in the evidence he gave. He did not know of a case of a person in the habit of using opium had caused such a death.

Mr. R. Kirkpatrick, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel, Oshawa, said that neither Hare had received liquor at his place for the last month, and that he knew Mrs. Hare did not drink liquor.

Mr. F. Mallett, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel at Oshawa, G. T. R. station, said that Hare came to his house on Friday last for a bottle of liquor, and he would not let it to him, as he thought he had had enough. McGrail got a quart of beer from him on the same day. He did not think Mrs. Hare had been drinking.

Arthur Gethe, a witness, was then called. The jury, after the address of the coroner, took the case into consideration and returned in the following verdict:

That the said Nellie Hare died on the 13th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, at the Township of East. The jury further find from the evidence produced before them that the said Nellie Hare was accustomed to use opium in large quantities. The said jurors are unable to decide from what cause death occurred, but are of the opinion that the said Nellie Hare came to her death from the excessive use of opium and exposure.

Who is to be Adjutant of Bisley Team?

Apparently it rests between Capt. T. Patterson of the 85th Battalion, Montreal, and the popular Major of the 8th Royal Rifles of Quebec, who has written the author of "Pheno-Banine," saying: "Your Quickcure stops toothache immediately. I have found it worthy of confidence."

(Signed) J. S. DUNBAR.

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