VILLAGE OF WINNETKA BOARD OF HEALTH PUBLICATION OF HEALTH RULES

AND REGULATIONS Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Health of the Village of Winnetka on May 10th, 1927, the following rules and regulations in relation to the sanitary condition of the Village of Winnetka and for the prevention and suppression of disease were adopted, in accordance with Section 251, Chapter XXIV of the Municipal Code of the Village of Winnetka, entitled "Health."

REGULATION NO. 1. Relative to Sec. physician or other person having knowl- port. edge of any person affected or apparently affected with any disease specified in Sec. regulation shall mean in the absence of

3 shall report to Health Officer the following data:

Full name, age, sex, and exact address · of patient.

ment or school attended by patient. report and date of report.

Number of children or adults in household.

The report shall be made within six hours after the case comes under observation, preferably by telephone. A specimen sent to the Health Officer for laboratory diagnosis and accompanied by the data METHOD OF REPORTING. Every given above shall be considered as a re-

The term "other person" as used in this

a physician any parent, guardian, house- isolated. holder, keeper of a hotel or lodging house, midwife, nurse, school teacher, superintendent of an institution, master of a ves-Exact occupation, place of employ- sel, owner or manager of a dairy, or other person having under his care or observa-Name, and address of person making lion a person affected or apparently affected with a communicable disease.

REGULATION NO. 2. Relative to Section 4. MEASURES FOR CONTROL IN SCHOOLS. The teacher of any school, college, university or Sunday school, having under his care any pupil who appears to be affected by any communicable disease, shall promptly send such pupil home or separate him from other pupils un'il examined by a physician. The teacher shall report the case in accordance with Section 3.

A pupil who has been excluded from a school, college or university on account of having been affected with or exposed to communicable diseases shall not be readmitted to school without a permit

from the Health Officer. REGULATION NO. 3. Relative to Section 6. METHODS OF ISOLATION IN VARIOUS DISEASES. Every person suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in Section 3 shall isolate himself and every person in charge of such a person shall isolate the person of whom he is in charge in the following manner:

When the disease is: Anthrax Cerebro-spinal fever Cholera Diphtheria Glanders Leprosy Measles Plague Poliomyelitis Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Typhoid fever Yellow fever the person affected shall be obsolutely

When the disease is: Chancroid Chickenpox

Dysentary (amebic, bacillary) Gonococcus infection German measles Hookworm infection Mumps Rabies

Tuberculosis Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers Whooping cough

the person affected shall be so restricted in movement that the disease will not spread from him to others.

When the disease is:

Dengue Malaria

Syphilis

Trachoma

Yellow fever the person shall be kept in a screened room free from mosquitoes, provided that this form of isolation will be enforced only when practicable in the case of malaria.

No persons other than the physician or person in charge of or in attendance of the patient shall enter any premises, room, or apartment quarantined for a communicable disease in violation of the terms of the quarantine. No person shall wilfully or negligently expose any other to a communicable disease.

REGULATION NO. MINIMUM PERIODS OF ISOLATION. Relative to Sec. 8. The minimum periods of isolation in various diseases shall be as follows:

Chickenpox-For ten (10) days and until all scabs have disappeared from the

Diphtheria-For a minimum period of three weeks or until two successive cultures taken from both nose and throat, twenty-four hours apart, show the absence of the Diphtheria bacillus. Such



