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FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919

A New Epidemic

The government is calling for help to combat the epidemic of "I'mthru-enza," that insidious "war is over" feeling that threatens the program of saving and investment in government securities that is going to be necessary to provide the funds for the carrying on of the business incident to the completion of the war.

It is natural that there should be reaction after the excitement of the war is over, a certain feeling that occasion offers for a little indulgence in the pleasures that have had to be given up in order to meet the financial demands of the campaigns for subscriptions to the loans of the government. But we must rally from this feeling, must remember that much still remains to be done before the men may be brought back and returned to their homes and life normal peaceresumed under time conditions.

The government must have money. It will be secured in one of two ways, loans made by the people to the government under absolutely safe ordinary qualifications of Governor conditions and a most reasonable rate of interest, or by a program of taxation under which the people of this generation will pay the bills of the war which is to benefit the generations to come more than that of today.

Patriotic people of today ought to require no argument to enlist upon a program of saving and investment which will fully reach the financial needs of the government. We have had just enough experience in that line to realize the possibilities of saving even small amounts regularly and ought to be ready to apply that experience to our programs for the future without the urge of the govgain a little of the talent for thrift | would make an equally good presithat resided in our forebears. We dent." ought to hold fast to the good that we have reaped from its practice during the two years of the war and con tinue it into the year to come, and trait.

Blessings Not Unalloyed

"Blessed is the Peacemaker." That we have upon scriptural authority and must not doubt.

President Wilson has gained the reputation of being a peacemaker of the highest quality, but he is finding apparently, that the blessing that he has every reason to expect to descend upon his head will not be unmixed with tribulations.

The Test We Face

In his reply to the toast of King George, President Wilson touched the meat of the matter of the peace conference when he said that the refreely, "justice" and "right."

and that is the task that we shall | child and the adult, has not escaped | rules of health.

have to perform in the future. We have loudly protested against wars of aggression and it will be for us now to prove in our actions that we do not approve of the transference of people from one government to another for other reasons than that they so wish

It will not be easy to prove to a world disposed to eye us distrustfully that we have no ulterior purpose to serve in the negotiations at the peace conference, to show that we have a very definite idea of the meaning of "right" and "justice." But that is the necessary part for the United States to play, and for those other democracies which have professed a faith in the right of people to determine for themselves the government under which they will live.

A Tribute To Governor Lowden

A recent issue of the Fort Collins (Colorado) Courier pays a fine tribute to the governor of Illinois in a two column editorial in which is reviewed the record that Frank O. Lowden has made since he was established in the gubernatorial chair in Illinois. The successful reorganization of the government commissions and the resultant administration of the business of the state upon a standard of efficiency instead of the maximum of jobs for political supporters receives particular attention and comment.

The editor of the Courier once lived in Illinois, the publisher of a newspaper in Mount Vernon. Perhaps he looks back a little longingly to the state of his youth. Perhaps he sees opportunities for the same sort of business administration in his own state. Certainly he recognizes the general need of the country for business principles to be applied to public business, for the editorial, "The Governor Who Is Doing Things," concludes the summary of the extra-Lowden with these words:

"It has made such a reputation for accident. Governor Lowden that even out here in far away Colorado his application of honest business methods is receiving serious consideration. It has brought his name forward as a suitable man to undertake the application of the same principles to the United States government at a time when such methods are absolutely necessary in order for the nation to wipe out indebtedness in carrying on the war.

"The Republican party could go farther and fare much worse than accepting Frank O. Lowden as a canernment. We have just begun to re- | didate for the presidency in 1920. He

They Can't Resist It

Great Britain is to reward the the year after, until the habit be- service which has been rendered the comes again ingrained as a national nation by Sir Douglas Haig by making him a duke. He will be the third great British soldier to be elevated limitation, of the profanity with from the rank of commoner to the highest rank in the peerage, sharing honors with John Churchill, who became the first Duke or Marlborough, and Arthur Wellesley, who was made the first Duke of Wellington.

To the American there is a bit of irony in the bestowal of ducal rank upon the man who has successfully led the British armies through the great war for Democracy. Rank and the attributes of royalty have their appeal even for the strongest advocates of freedom, equality and brotherhood.

The Popularity of Profanity

REV. STEPHEN A. LLOYD IN FIRST CTIMON SUNDAY



. .. . L. Oyd

Reverend Stephen A. Lloyd, who ecently accepted the pastorate ie Wilmette Congregational churc sumed his new duties in Wilmett nis week. He will preach his firs ermon Sunday morning. Reverend Lloyd has been pasto

the First Congregational churc f Poughkeepsie, New York, wher upon a system designed to provide he achieved great success and that limitation of space did not opularity. He comes to Wilmette prevent our telling more of the many eralded as a distinct power for goo in church, school and municipal ing that human kindly touch "which

> career ar a worker in the coal mines of the east. He is characterized as a "self-made" man. He received his advanced training at Syracuse University, Columbia University, Union Theological Seminary and Auburn Seminary.

LIEUTENANT C. SMITH REPORTED RECOVERED

Lieutenant Cedric Smith, reported injured in a fall from his plane on the evening of November 10, while attempting to make a landing near the front lines in France under the guidance of search lights, is reported as recovered from the effects of the

Lieutenant Smith formerly lived in Wilmette. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Smith, now reside at 811 Lakeside place, Chicago. He was a companion of Louis Bruch, recently reported missing in action.

Word of Lieutenant Smith's mishap reached his mother indirectly through a girl friend of a companion week was advised of the recovery of her son.

Spends Holidays Here

Lieutenant E. P. Gowing of the his home here.

contamination with what has grown to be a general habit of speech.

The New Year is at hand and the war is over, a combination of circumstances which might be utilized to furnish the basis of a campaign for the elimination, or at least the which the ears that have remained sensitive are now so constantly affiicted.

Good Health A Public Duty

The influenza conditions are improving daily now, but the citizen is not on that account relieved in any way from responsibility to exercise every care of his health, both on his own account and because of his duty to help to keep the health conditions of Wilmette as nearly perfect as possible.

It is not altogether a personal matter when one contracts an infectious disease. It concerns all those who One of the side issues of the war have been in contact with him, all sult of the discussion at the peace has been an amazing increase in the those who must minister to him durtable would be the test of whether use of profanity. Never in our his- ing his illness, and, in the case of an we and the nations of Europe really tory has the word "damn" been so epidemic, those who must suffer finunderstand the meaning of the high widely recognized as an essential to ancial loss because of the imposition terms that we and they have used so the expression of the national and of a quarantine which stops certain individual sentiment. We have seen sorts of business altogether and les-We have grown accustomed to the nothing to criticise, apparently, in sens that of other types. It becomes phrases in which has been voiced flaming posters that recommend "To everybody's duty to protect himself more the indignation of the allies Hell with the Kaiser." We set before from infection and to protect others against Germany and condemnation our children cartoons whose point from danger on his account. In of German practices than the ideals lies in the "Damn the Kaiser!" at the other words, and to be brief, don't of themselves. It is easier always to end of the series. Even the "funnies," get your feet wet, don't expose yourcriticise than to live above criticism, that incomprehensible joy of the self to chill, don't forget the ordinary

War Emergency Union Activities

meetings conducted during the past floor .. " vastated regions of France.

came upon the platform, Madame America that could help the world. Delebecque and Lieutenant J. Allen Haines, both in their overseas uni- WAR EMERGENCY UNION NOTES forms. After the singing of the Star Spangled Banner, Mr. Davies offered a prayer. Mr. Horace K. Tenney, president of the War Emergency Union, in a very appropriate address. then turned our thoughts from the blessings which Mr. Davies had spoken of as ours to the sufferings of | our Allies in France, introducing Madame Delebecque as one who could picture to us as her own eyes had seen it.

In speaking of her address, we wish experiences which she related, havmakes the whole kin" and which Reverend Lloyd commenced his leads us to see that the feeling of sympathy and brotherhood is one of the good things which has come out of this terrible war.

This special work of the organization as described at the meeting lay in or near the province of Lorraine, Nancy being the center. First the work was at Toul where there were 450 children in the dispensary (our Winnetka dispensary) later at Frouard, then at Pompey, Pontamousson cular people to Querqueville, 2,000 of performed by our neighbor. whom were treated successfully, all of them being under fed. Madame Delebecque and one nurse at one time took 50 old people who had to evacuate their homes up to Paris, among the group there being a wildly insane man who was most difficult to

The trials of the poor old people were most pathelle as told by Mme. Delebecque. At one time they had to of the young pilot who received the leave their home near Nancy because information in a letter from France. of the incoming American troups Through the efforts of Paul Lobanoff, who were to take the place of the employed in government service at war worn French lads. The aged Washington, Mrs. Smith early this men and women felt that never again would they see any of their little old beloved possessions. Madame Delebecque said to one woman, "oh, our American boys will not touch anything, but will leave everything as they found it," and this feeling led to 22th Engineers, spent the holidays at the printing and posting of a large notice, asking the soldiers to refrain from disturbing these treasured Lars and Penates which were often nothing more than a kitchen box or an old bed. When the inhabitants could return, Madame Delebecque said to the same old woman, who had been so discouraged on leaving, "A bien gran' mere." how was it with your

Sunday evening, December 29, | house? "Oh Madame," she exclaimed, there was held at Community House, "They hurt nothing, your noble boys, one of the most interesting of all the and they even secrubbed my kitchen

year under the auspices of the War! The proclamation to the American Emergency Union. The object of soldiers was then put into the hands this meeting was to arouse the of Lieut. Haines to be auctioned. especial interest in the organization Taking as his slogan, "Is that worth known as the American Fund for while," he spoke most strongly of French Wounded. Madame Delebec- what we ought to do for these sufque having been working for over a fering people. Finally he aroused year with this association and hav- | the audience which Madame Delebecing just returned to Winnetka, told que had worked into a very sympawhat she and Dr. Brown had been thetic mood to such a response to the doing for the old people, the women call for help, that when Mr. Davies and little children in the war de- read the list of contributions they totalled \$1,470. Since then the pledge The meeting was opened with some cards returned from the meeting musical numbers given by Miss Pratt, bring the amount up to \$2,212 to be pianist; Mrs. Brewer, violinist, and used during the next six months in Mrs. George Ogam, soloist. Then to the work. The meeting was closed the stirring strains of the Marseil- with "America", everyone singing laise, those in charge of the evening, joyously, glad indeed that it was

A Patriotic meeting of unusual interest will be held in Community House, Sunday evening, January 5, 1919, which will give a very splendid idea of operations across the seas and help make clear the part of America's contribution to the war.

Second Lieutenant Guy W. Bolte is with the Army of Occupation near Coblenz.

First Lieutenant Frank Kultchar is an instructor of Gunnery at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Set in Their Ways

Will Meddle, the efficiency sharp, is trying to teach the hens to lay square eggs so they can be packed to better advantage, but is not meeting much encouragement from the oldfashioned hens.

Few Motives Entirely Unselfish

The gold of our best motives is so etc., extending through a circle of a mixed with the dross of selfishness half dozen towns. The work began and unworthiness that we can neiwith the care of 300 patients but ther take too much credit to our-17,775 were finally handled monthly, selves for any of our good deeds, nor One of the duties was to get tubur- afford to throw discredit upon any

> It is good to be proficient in the "Art of Not Saying the Things We Would Rather Not Have Said."



The Cemetery Beautiful

LANTED amidst nature's own beauty, man has created a beautiful park cemetery. The sunken gardens, the winding paths, and the imposing chapel makes this spot a vision of beauty. It is indeed a fitting final resting place for our beloved ones.

MEMORIAL PARK CEMETERY and ANNEX

Gross Point Road and Harrison St., 1/2 Mile West of Evanston

We want you to visit this cemetery. You will find it interesting and attractive. You should reserve for yourself a family lot-all lots in Memorial Park are sold with full perpetual care guaranteed. Suitable easy payments-no interest. Don't miss this opportunity.

YOU ARE INVITED

to call or write to the main office, 703 Mar wette Bldg. and make appointment to have one of our representatives call for you in an automobile to take you to and from the cemetery. No obligation. Investigate NOW!

Central Cemetery Company 703 Marquette Building, Dept. 8619 Chicago

Our perpetual care funds are on deposit with the Trust Department of the Central Trust of Minois.

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