WINNETKA WEEKLY TALK

Nearly Everybody in Winnetka Reads the Talk

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PICK NORTH SHORE MEN FOR OFFICERS

Forty-two Are Granted Shoulder Straps on Finishing Work at Ft. Sheridan Training School

HIGH RANK FOR SOME

Select Some of the Men for Draft Army and Others for Regulars.

Forty-two men of the north shore were awarded army commissions at Fort Sheridan in the Illinois division of the first officers' reserve corps and appointed to various branches of the United States army. The appointment lists were issued last week by Adjutant General McCain in Washington, and those who were named for commissions in the officers' reserve corps are waiting to be assigned for duty. Following are the names of the men appointed:

Wilmette.

Dr. B. M. [illegible] captain, medi-
[illegible] tenant,
[illegible] ten-
[illegible] nt,
[illegible] in-
[illegible] en-
[illegible] ant,
[illegible] reserve.
[illegible] r, second lieutenant,
[illegible] erve.
[illegible] nd lieuten-
[illegible] ieu-
[illegible] s' rese[illegible]
[illegible] ond lieutenant,
[illegible] erve.
[illegible] econd lieuten-
[illegible] reserve.
[illegible] in-
[illegible] aptain, in-
[illegible]

Charles B. Stuart, captain, artillery, officers' reserve.
William P. Lester, second lieutenant, cavalry, officers' reserve.
Guy A. Osborn, second lieutenant, infantry, officers 'reserve.
Zero Marx, second lieutenant, quartermaster's corps, national army.
Alden J. Sears, second lieutenant, quartermaster's corps, national army.
Leon B. Allen, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
Warren Pease, Jr., second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
Clive J. Taylor, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.

Winnetka.

John S. Miller, major, artillery, officers' reserve.
James H. Linn, captain, artillery, officers' reserve.
William M. Rutter, captain, infantry, officers' reserve.
Preston Kumler, captain, infantry, national army.
H. W. Snell, captain, infantry, officers' reserve.
Fraser Hale, first lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
Charles H. Matz, first lieutenant, infantry, officers' reserve.
Preston B. Boyden, first lieutenant, infantry, officers' reserve.
Edwin D. Bradstreet, first lieutenant, infantry, officers' reserve.
G. H. Scrivener, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
Frederick W. Copeland, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
Frederick E. Swanson, second lieutenant, infantry, officers' reserve.
Frank O. Magie, second lieutenant, cavalry, officers' reserve.

Glencoe.

Ralph B. Richards, captain, infantry, officers' reserve.
Lancel R. Foote, captain, infantry, officers' reserve.
Harry D. Wiley, first lieutenant surgeon, medical corps, officers' reserve.
F. L. Foote, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
D. Bligh Grasett, second lieutenan,t artillery, officers' reserve.
Gilbert D. Johnson, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
George V. Pope, second lieutenant, artillery, officers' reserve.
John E. Bradstreet, second lieutenant, quartermaster's corps, national army.

Under Draft Law.

The men accepted for the national army under the draft provisions:

Wilmette.

Perry J. Rollins
Harold D. Hill
Fred Guenther
Thomas W. Casey
Sven August Ohlson
Albert William Henning

(Continued on page eight)

GLENCOE GIRL KILLED IN WRECK AT STATION

Electric Trains Meet, Telescoping Cars and Injuring Passengers.

Mrs. George Whittaker and daughter, Elizabeth, 533 Green Bay road, died from injuries received when two trains on the Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Electric railway crashed into each other at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station on Wednesday afternoon. Jacob Portney of Chicago was killed and several other passengers were bruised.

All the injured were removed at once to the Naval Training Station hospital.

Those injured were in a train of two wooden cars which had just stopped at the Naval Training Station to discharge passengers.

The train had scarcely made its stop when a steel coach limited rushed around a bend 300 feet to the rear. The crash came, followed by cries from the injured, as the heavy steel car telescoped itself into the wooden coach.

Mrs. Whittaker and her daughter were buried under the debris. The others were injured as they were thrown in the aisles of the wooden coach by the crash, or by flying splinters or glass.

Ten thousand people watching a sham battle at the station rushed to the scene. Among the first rescuers were Lieutenants Kauffman and Hall of the medical corps. For half an hour they worked with others to rescue the three persons buried under the steel coach.

Sailors who had been taking part in the mock battle rushed to their assistance, bearing stretchers, and what had been a first aid drill among the "dead" and "wounded" of the sham fight became a grim reality. Lieutenant George Dewey, in acting command at the station, soon took charge.

NORTH SHORE BUSINESS MEN HELP NAVY LEAGUE

Proceeds of Annual Outing Donated to Assist Women in Work.

Five hundred people attended the annual picnic given under the auspices of the New Trier Commercial association at Skokie Playfield in Winnetka yesterday.

The business men of the north shore marked August 16 on their calendars as a "Roman Holiday," and their employes enjoyed an attractive program which began in the morning and continued throughout the day. A band concert by the jackie band from Great Lakes Naval Training Station, and an athletic program, were the main features of the day's events.

Prizes were awarded to the winners in a varied sport program, which included races, golf and baseball contests for men, women and children. The judges of the athletic events were E. E. Orner, H. M. Lieber, H. N. McLain and G. H. Stewart.

The proceeds of the annual outing amounted to $150. This money will be given to the Navy League to help the local branches of the society in their work for the sailors.

SHOULDER STRAPS FOR LOCAL NEWSPAPER MEN

Hollister and Lemon Passed Army Examinations at Camp.

Two newspaper men from Wilmette were among the men in training at Fort Sheridan who received commissions as second lieutenants. Lloyd Hollister, editor of The Lake Shore News, and Frank Lemon, his assistant, each passed the examination. Both of the young men were members of the Sixth Infantry, I. N. G., and were transferred to the training school upon recommendation of their senior officers.

In the Service.

Mrs. Hoyt N. McClain and children, 258 Ridge avenue, are spending the summer at Trout Lake, Wis. Major Hoyt N. McClain, U. S. R., is on active duty with the regular army at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Lewis S. McClain is on active duty with the Thirteenth Aero Squadron, U. S. A., at Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton, O.

Health Notes

by C. O. Schneider, M. D., Health Commissione

The epidemic of whooping cough can only be controlled by the strictest enforcement of the quarantine rules and regulations now in force in the village.

There were reported during the month of July, forty-six cases of whooping cough, and this is three times the number of cases that were reported during the preceding month of June.

In order to control this epidemic, rules and regulations have been formulated to govern those having whooping cough. Violations of these rules and regulations during the past month resulted in three successful prosecutions by the village.

Maurice Davis, 572 Provident avenue, was arrested and fined for the violation of the whooping cough quarantine law, by Justice Nelson.

Archibald Norman, 894 Linden avenue, was arrested and fined by Justice Northrup for his failure to report a case of whooping cough.

William D. McAdams, 746 Foxdale avenue, was arrested and fined for failure to report a case of whooping cough.

Notwithstanding the fact that whooping cough is a preventable disease, there was one death in Evanston and one death in Wilmette from this disease during the last week.

It is a highly contagious disease—especially during its early stages.

Whooping cough is most commonly contracted by direct contact with a child or person having the disease.

The disease develops from seven to ten days after exposure.

Whooping cough in infants and the aged is a very serious affection. The death rate under one year of age averages twenty-seven per cent; between one and two years, fourteen per cent; two to five years, three per cent; and five to fifteen years, one and eight-tenths per cent.

Whooping cough is characterized by catarrh of the respiratory passages and a series of convulsing coughs, ending with a "whoop," the whoop being a long-drawn inspiration.

The early symptoms of the disease are those of an ordinary cold—slight fever, running at the nose, congested eyes an da bronchial cough which is usually dry and somewhat spasmodic in character. This continues for a week or ten days and instead of subsiding, the cough becomes worse and more convulsive and whooping in character.

A fit of coughing is sometimes preceded by a deep inspiration and then comes a series of fifteen to twenty forcible short coughs of increasing intensity, without inspiration, the child's face becomes blue and then with a deep inspiration the air is drawn into the lungs making the whoop.

Whooping cough ranks third among the acute infectious diseases as a cause of death in children under 5 years of age.

Never expose your child to whooping cough. Don't take chances with the child's life. Get the silly notion out of your head that whooping cough is a very simple disease and that all children must have it.

Attention!

The local office of the Winnetka Weekly Talk will be moved to 1222 Central avenue, Wilmette, on August 1. The management of the Winnetka paper, wishing to give this community the best service, has ordered this change in order to have all business and editorial matter come to the managers personally.

In the new arrangement no toll charges on telephone messages will be charged, and all communications will receive our prompt attention. After August 1, the telephone numbers for the Winnetka Weekly Talk will be Wilmette 1920 and 1921.

LOCAL DRAFT BOARD CALLS 900 MEN FOR EXAMINATION

More Men Notified to Appear for Physical Tests to Furnish Quota Assigned to This District for New Army

CROWDER ISSUES NEW ORDERS GOVERNING EXEMPTION

Conscientious Objectors Will Be Drafted and Assigned to Duty Which President Wilson Will Class as Non-Combatant to Assist in Army Work

NINE HUNDRED men were called by the local draft board to appear at the Wilmette Village hall for physical examinations this week. The additional number of men called were started through the physical tests on Wednesday, and the final tests will be given Saturday.

The draft officials were unable to fill the quota assigned to this district from the number of men who were called last week. Following the examinations of the first 250 men on Wednesday, the number accepted by the doctors and not claiming exemption helped to boost the total number of men accepted from this district, and if the average is maintained during the other examinations this week, it will not be necessary to call more men to furnish this district's quota.

When the 900 men already notified to appear have been examined it will bring the total of those who have appeared before the physicians up to 1,504. The next call will be for those immediately above this number on this district's draft list.

A number of the men notified have not appeared for their examinations. The men who are avoiding the physical tests are making themselves liable to serious trouble. According to the ruling of Provost Marshal General Crowder, persons who do not respond to the notifications from the exemption board are classified among those not claiming exemption and automatically become members of the national army. Then, if they fail to answer the call to the colors, they are subject to desertion penalties.

Draft Ruling.

The statement of the provost marshal general on this phase of the draft law reads as follows:

Press reports and other advices received indicate that in one or two widely separated districts individuals, misinformed as to the purpose of the law and misguided as to its result, are threatening forcible resistance to the draft.

There is nothing to resist at this stage in the execution of the law. All male persons between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, have been enrolled for military service. A preliminary call has gone forth to some such persons, but the immediate and actual object of this call is merely to provide an opportunity for such persons, or for some one else in respect of them, to present to the government reasons why they should not be finally ordered to report for military duty. If such persons do not appear and present their reasons, they have simply neglected to take advantage of an opportunity that was offered solely for their benefit.

Subject to Military Law.

The failure of persons to take advantage of this opportunity does not interfere with the raising of the army and interests the government only as punishable crime of omission. If they do not desire to make any such claims or if for any other reason they fail to appear, their names are automatically posted as having been called and not exempted or discharged. Automatically, also, they are inducted into the military service and made subject to military law. Failure to appear merely hastens this automatic process.

When the time allowed for making these claims has elapsed, these persons will be enrolled as in the military service. They will then be ordered to appear as soldiers. From this point on they will be under the swift and summary procedure of courts martial. Failure to report for military duty when ordered to do so constitutes desertion. Desertion in time of war is a capital offense.

Apprehension of Deserters.

Deserters may be apprehended by either civil or military authority, and after the mandate of the federal government has gone forth the whole strength of the military army of the government is available to apprehend deserters if it is necessary to use such force.

Demonstrations against local boards are simply futile strokes in the air. All the records necessary to hold such persons are already on file at state headquarters and at the national capital, and since local boards have no occasion to use any force in simply offering a beneficial opportunity to registered persons, there is no field for resistance. If resistance is attempted later, when the army seeks to apprehend deserters, it will instantly encounter troops of the federal government.

New Draft Rulings.

It became increasingly evident this week that the government is influenced by only one consideration in applying the selective service law—raising of an army.

Here are some of the new rulings from the provost marshal general and the secretary of war:

1. Conscientious objectors will be drafted and assigned to duty which the President will class as non-combatant.

2. If abuses of exemption privileges continue, all exemption privileges will be withdrawn.

3. The first increment of the new army will move practically as scheduled, on September 5. There may be a delay of a few days, but no serious delays through shortage of clothing and equipment. All those increments will be in camp by October 1.

4. Persons whose dependents are abroad will not be permitted to claim exemption on their behalf, because such dependents cannot become a burden to the United States.

5. Drafted men will not be permitted to enlist in the navy after they have been called, as erroneously announced some days ago by the Navy Department.

Religious Objectors.

General Crowder's ruling on the conscientious objectors means that members of sects and individuals who claim their beliefs do not permit them to engage in war or killing, will be compelled to render service to the nation, if exempted on no other grounds.

They will be drafted, credited to their states' quotas and localities, sent to the cantonments and assigned to the huge body of men who, in modern warfare, never enter actual combat.

These are the medical units, sanitary troops, transportation units, engineer units, workers in mechanical departments of the aero squadrons and scores of other activities.