THE STRIKING ENGINEERS.

THE SECOND BALLOT ON THE EMPLOYERS' PROPOSALS.

Prolongation of the Strike — A General Lock-Out Probable — Pessimistic View of English Trade — A Devastating Industrial War.

A despatch from London says:—The striking engineers in their second ballot upon the proposals of the employers, are again rejecting the propositions made by the masters in the conference. The leaders of the strike insured this result by combining two questions in the ballots. These questions were: "Are you in favor of the proposals of the masters in regard to their management of workshops?" and "Are you in favor of a working week of fifty-one hours?"

Naturally all the men support the latter question, against which the employers have all along contended, and upon which they are still unyielding in their opposition. The masters declare that they never offered such a compromise, and they are now formulating plans for a wide extension of their proposed lockout.

A London despatch to the New York Tribune says: Lord Londonderry at Newcastle has taken a pessimistic view of the condition of trade, supporting it by statistics showing the decline of exports and the increased competition from the United States, Germany, and Belgium, especially in machinery and deploring the losses caused by the engineering strike. This view is generally shared by merchants and manufacturers for the shipping trade is almost the only one which has had a prosperous year, and this exception was due to the immense shipments of wheat from America. Yet though times are growing worse, the conflict between the employers and the employers threatens to become even more deadly. The trades unions are rejecting the employers' ultimatum, and the lockout notices will probably be posted early in the new year. The Employers' Society has already received and expended half a million dollars from other trades unions who want from depleting its resources, and this devastating industrial war will go on."

THE FLEET AT PORT HAMILTON.

Japanese Cruisers side by side With the English Vessels.

A special despatch from Shanghai says the British fleet has anchored at Port Hamilton. Port Hamilton, according to the maps is a small island south of Corea, and not far from Quelpart island.

THE BRITISH FLEET.

The British fleet now stationed in Chinese waters, under the command of Admiral Sir Alexander Buller and Rear-Admiral O'Icy, embraces the following vessels:—First-class battleship Centurion, flagship, 14 guns, tonnage, 10,500; first-class cruisers, second flagship, Grafton, 12 guns, 7,350 tons; Immortalite, 12 guns, 5,600 tons; Narcissus, 12 guns, 5,600 tons; Undaunted, 12 guns, 5,600 tons; first-class gunboats —Seawk, 6 guns, 755 tons; Plgmy, 6 guns, 755 tons; Pigmy, 6 guns, 755 tons; Redbreast, 6 guns, 755 tons; Redpole, 6 guns, 805 tons; Red Pole, 6 guns, 805 tons; second-class cruisers—Aeolus, 8 guns, 3,600 tons; Ra nbow, 8 guns, 3,600 tons; Pique, 8 guns, 3,600 tons; third-class cruisers—Archer, 6 guns, 1,770 tons; Porpoise, 6 guns, 1,770 tons; second-class gunboats—Firebrand, 4 guns, 445 tons; Clamet, 2 guns, 756 tons, Spartan, 4 guns, 3,600 tons; Swift, 4 guns, 756 tons; sloops—Daphne, 8 guns, 1,580 tons; Wild Swan, 8 guns, 1,580 tons; torpedo destroyers—Handy, 6 tons; Hart, 6 guns, 280 tons; despatch boat—Alacrity, 4 guns, 1,700 tons; and the store boat Humber, of 1,640 tons.

THE JAPANESE FLEET.

A special despatch from Shanghai, dated to-day, says:—"It is reported that a Japanese fleet of more than twenty warships is waiting near Gedo Island, outside Nagasaki, fully equipped for war, and only awaiting instructions. The intention of Yashima and the Fuji, two of the finest vessels in the Japanese navy; and the Chen-Yuen, that was captured from China. The Japanese fleet, it is understood, is acting in close touch with the British squadron, under Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Buller, Commander-in-Chief of the China station.

"Japan will certainly oppose a permanent occupation of Port Arthur. The sudden dissolution of the Japanese Diet, owing to the war spirit, it is expected that the Japanese fleet will attempt to prevent the landing of reinforcements from Odessa for the protection of the Russian trans-Asiatic railway in Manchuria."

WOMANLY MANNERS.

If manners make the man, so also do manners make the woman, and a woman without manners is but a usurper of the throne of true womanhood; it therefore behooves every mother who would have her children loving and beloved, to tend and gently train the little ones to forget self if they would have others respect it, for this is the soil in which every good seed will strike root, whether it be those of good manners or good humor, which will flower and bear fruit of future happiness, both toward themselves and their children.

COLDLY CRITICAL.

What a lot of cheap skates, groaned the ice pond, as the boys in the neighborhood made their first appearance for the season on its glittering surface.

AN EARNEST BIDDER.

Daughter, do you think young Tompkins, means business?

Of course, papa; I have just received his sealed proposal.

OUR FOREIGN BUSINESS.

TRADE RETURNS FOR THE LAST FIVE MONTHS.

A Very Large Increase Exports of Minerals a Big Feature.

The aggregate foreign trade of Canada for the five months of the current fiscal year, ending November 30, shows an enormous increase, being in excess over the same period of last year of over $23,660,000. The duty collected on the imports shows a gratifying increase in amount. The following is a statement of the exports compared with the same five months of 1896. Only the produce of Canada is given:

	1896.	1897.
Minerals.	$4,008,504	$6,248,128
Fish.	6,260,563	6,298,233
Forest	17,469,271	17,793,291
produce.	21,595,191	25,874,997
Animals and their		
ducts.	7,780,682	14,290,888
Manufactures.	4,059,777	4,331,768
Miscellaneous.	93,969	39,103
Totals.	$60,798,277	$74,896,807
Coin and bullion	229,390	436,032
Grand Total	$60,968,667	$75,382,839

This shows an increase for the five months in the exports of domestic products and merchandise of $14,414,172. In addition there was exported of goods not the produce of Canada exclusive of coin and bullion, $5,028,266 in 1896, which had increased in 1897 to $8,159,564, showing an increase under this head of nearly $3,000,000. The foreign coin and bullion exported during the five months was, in 1896 $2,905,126, and in 1897 five months as follows:—1896, $68,942,359; 1897, $83,638,289; increase, $14,695,924.

The imports for the five months compared with 1896, exclusive of coin and bullion, were as follows:—

	1896.	1897.
Dutiable	$27,340,000	$29,221,000
Free	18,870,000	22,375,000
Total	$46,210,000	$51,597,000

Increase for five months, 1897, $4,536,000. The import of coin and bullion for the two periods was $4,332,000 for 1897 and $2,076,000 for 1896. The duty collected on the dutiable imports amounted for the five months to $6,500,000, compared with $8,216,000 for the same period in 1896, an increase for the five months of 1897 of $284,000.

FEATURES OF THE RETURNS.

The aggregate trade of total exports and imports entered for consumption was for the five months of 1896 $132,000,000, and for the five months in 1897 it was $135,691,000, showing an increase in the aggregate trade of Canada for the first five months of the present fiscal year of $3,691,000. The total increase of the twelve months of the last fiscal year in the aggregate trade is about $6,000,000, so that the increase for less than one-half of the current year is greater than for the whole of last year. A noticeable feature of these returns is that the exports of agricultural produce, domestic, have doubled in the five months of the current year, a fact partly attributable no doubt to the higher price of wheat. Another noticeable feature is that notwithstanding the glutting of the American market with lumber prior to last August, the exports of the products of the forest from Canada kept well up, and in fact show an increase of $2,260,000. The increase of $2,260,000 of $700,000. The increase of mineral is substantial testimony to the development of the mineral resources of British Columbia. The imports for November also show an increase of over $200,000 and the exports of $3,240,000, or an increase of nearly three and a half millions in the month. The duty collected for November was $16,030 in excess of the amount in November, 1896. The average rate of duty on dutiable goods is 29 per cent.

FIRES IN DAWSON CITY.

Two Serious Conflagrations — Much Destruction of Property.

According to news received at San Francisco from Dawson City under date of November 20th, the Klondyke mining camp has twice been in danger of destruction by fire. On November 22nd, two front street log houses were destroyed by fire. One of them was used as a lodging-house on one floor and a church on the other. The lodgings contained food and outfits for ten men and nothing was saved. Steps have been taken to relieve the destitute. The fire was caused by the overturning of a lighted candle. A fire from a similar cause broke out on November 25th and the Opera house and two saloons were burned to the ground. The new on the roofs caused the rest of the front street from destruction. A large quantity of provisions and liquors valued at $40,000, was destroyed. On November 10th the Yukon froze over, and since then about 3,000 persons have started out over the ice between Lawson and Selkirk.

ABERDEEN'S SUCCESSOR.

Marquis of Hertford Mentioned as the Next Governor General.

A despatch from London says:—It is rumored that the Marquis of Hertford will succeed the Earl of Aberdeen as Governor-General of Canada.

Hugh de Grey Seymour, sixth Marquis of Hertford, was born in 1843, and married a daughter of the first Viscount Bridport. The marquis was formerly a captain in the Grenadier Guards, was member of Parliament in 1869 for County Antrim, and in 1874 he was member of Parliament for South Warwickshire. He is deputy lieutenant for Warwickshire, was comptroller of her Majesty's household in 1879, and is a conservative in politics.

SOME CAUSES OF SUDDEN DEATH.

About One-Half the Total Number of Cases Due to Heart Disease.

Roughly speaking, about one-half of the total number of cases of sudden death from natural causes in adults is, more or less, due to heart disease, which has existed for some time, and in which no further change is in progress at the time of death—such as valvular disease, angina, fatty heart, and sclerosis of the cardiac muscle from chronic myocarditis. In many cases concurrent lung or kidney diseases complicates the statistics, such cases frequently being tabulated as death solely due to heart disease. Spontaneous rupture of the heart, mostly in men, may exceptionally occur; the left ventricle, often toward the front, is almost invariably the feat of the rupture. It is to be remembered that in traumic rupture of the heart the right side, usually the auricle, suffers more frequently than the left in the proportion of about as seventy to fifty-four. Apoplexy and other cognate brain lesions rank second as natural causes of sudden death. It is to be noted that miliary aneurisms of the vessels of the brain, although most common in persons past middle life, occasionally occur in young people, even in children, and by bursting cause death from apoplexy.

CHRONIC ALCOHOLISM,

a potent factor among the causes of sudden death, is frequently associated with rapidly terminating heart and brain disease.

Asphyxia, a not unfrequent cause, may be due to oedema of the glottis, membranous deposits in the trachea, pressure of a neoplasm on the trachea, spasm of the vocal-chords, pulmonary embolism, air embolism, rupture of a vessel or of an aneurism into the air passages, asthma, whooping cough, pneumonia and hoamo thorax, pleurisy, effusion and epilepsy. The rupture of a gastric or of an intestinal ulcer, of an aneurism, of a varicose vein, of the surroundings of an ectopic gestation, the formation of a peri-uterine haemotocele, may severely prove quickly fatal. Nophritis, uraemia and apoplexy, diabetes, exophthalmic goitre, and Addison's disease may also terminate with unexpected rapidity. Hemorrhage into the pancreas occasionally causes sudden death, apparently from the impression produced on the contiguous nerve centers. It is most common in males over 40 years of age who may up to the occurrence of the hemorrhage to all appearances be in perfect health. Obesity, the habitual use of alcohol, and the presence of heart disease appear in many of the cases to be predisposing cause. Koetschau, however, observed hemorrhage into the pancreas in a woman—an alcoholic—in her 25th year. Occasionally it occurs in spare people who are free from obvious disease and who are abstemious as regards alcohol. The sufferer may die within half an hour after the occurrence of the hemorrhage or he may survive for twenty-four or even thirty-six hours. Draper records five cases between the ages of 26 and 35 years, of which three were men and two women. Fitz tabulated sixteen cases, of which eleven were males between 31 and 70 years of age, and five were females between 26 and 47 years.

SUDDEN DEATH

has in instances followed spontaneous rupture of an enlarged spleen, the result of tropical malarial influences, the individual immediately before rupture being to all intents and purposes quite well. Pellereaux gives the history of thirteen cases of rupture of the enlarged spleen; in five the rupture was spontaneous, and in the remainder it was due to apparently inadequate causes, such as a simple fall in the street. It is to be borne in mind that when the spleen is thus enlarged a mere pat with the palm of the hand may determine rupture and consequent speedy death, which, in the absence of knowledge of the experience of others, might readily be assumed to be the result of criminal violence.

It is to be remembered that some of the above-named diseases may exist without giving rise to any symptoms until the final moment arrives; this applies with special force to diseases which have a prolonged course, during which, as a rule, symptoms indicative of disease declare themselves. Such a disease is gastric ulcer. I have seen more than one case in which, until the fatal rupture occurred absolutely no symptoms were experienced, not even such as might have been attributed to simple dyspepsia; in one such instance a second ulcer was present in the walls of the stomach in addition to the one that ruptured and caused death, and yet until perforation occurred the patient never felt any adnormal sensation whatever.

FAMILY LIKENESS.

Mrs. De Firm—I tremble to think of our daughter marrying that young man. Why, he orders his mother and sisters around as if they were slaves.

Mr. De Firm—Don't worry, my dear, He won't order our daughter around more than once. She takes after you.

ROLLING IN WEALTH.

Miss Suburb—Ma, are the Stuckups rich?

Mrs. Suburb—I guess so. They rented their house for three summers right along, and got the money

A NICE NEIGHBORHOOD.

Deacon Ebony—I heah you hab moved, Brudder Black. Has you got inter a select neighborhood?

Brudder Black—I hab, fer a fac', deacon. Nebber saw sich a selection of chickens in mah life.

A TOUGH SUIT.

Smartfellow, anxious to poke fun at an old maid.—Let me see. It's a long time since we last met, is it not, Miss Antique?

Miss Antique—A very long time.

Miss Antique—A very long time. How well that suit of clothes has hung together.

POVERTY OF THE BLOOD,

A TROUBLE THAT IS MAKING THE LIVES OF THOUSANDS MISERABLE.

It Brings in Its Train, Nervousness, Pains in the Back and Side, Headaches, Heart Palpitation and Results Fatally Where Efficacious Treatment is Not Resorted to.

From the Sussex, N. B., Record.

There are many ways in which people may prove benefactors of the human race. There are those who of their abundance spend large sums in erecting public buildings and beautifying public parks. Others spend their money in charitable work, and in alleviating the sufferings of less fortunate fellows, and for these acts these people are honored. The person, who, having obtained relief from sickness, and makes public the means by which health was regained, is none the less a public benefactor. Among these latter is Miss Elena O'Neil, daughter of Mr. James O'Neil, a well-to-do farmer, living near Millstream, King's Co. N. B. Miss O'Neil was attacked with anaemia — poverty of the blood—a trouble unfortunately too common among the young girls of the present day, and one which is certain to terminate fatally, if not promptly checked, and the blood enriched and renewed. Having discovered a remedy that will achieve this happy result, Miss O'Neil is willing that less fortunate sufferers may reap the benefit of her experience. To a correspondent of the Record, Miss O'Neil related the story of her illness and cure. She said: "I believe that had I not begun the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my trouble would have ended fatally. My illness came about so gradually that I can scarcely say when it began. The first symptoms were a loss of color, and a feeling of tiredness following even moderate exertion. Gradually I became as pale as a corpse, and was extremely nervous. Then I was attacked with a pain in the side, which daily grew more and more intense. I coughed a great deal and finally grew so weak that if I went upstairs I had to rest when I reached the top. My appetite forsook me. I was subject to spells of dizziness, and severe headaches and I was gradually wasting away until I lost all interest in life. I had tried a number of medicines but found no relief. While reading a newspaper I saw a statement of a young lady whose symptoms were almost identical with my own, whose health had been restored through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This statement was so encouraging that I determined that I would try this medicine. In my case as in that of the young lady whom I had read about, the result was marvellous. The pain in my side from which I had suffered so much, disappeared, my nerves were strengthened, my appetite returned and my whole system seemed to be strengthened and renewed. I am now as well as any member of my family and have not known what sickness was since I discontinued the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

My gratitude towards this grand medicine is unbounded and I hope my statement may be the means of bringing encouragement and health to some other sufferer.

The gratifying results following the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in the case of Miss O'Neil prove that they are unequalled as a blood builder and nerve tonic. In the case of young girls who are pale or sallow, listless, troubled with a fluttering or palpitation of the heart, weak and easily tired, no time should be lost in taking a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which will speedily enrich the blood and bring a rosy glow of health to the cheeks. They are a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

SLAPPED THE MARQUIS.

At a public convention in London the other day one of the delegates, noticing, as he supposed, a friend, hurried up to him, and, giving him a hearty slap on the back, said: Hallo, old boy! Politics continues to agree with you, eh?" The portly man turned slowly around and revealed the distinguished features of the Marquis of Salisbury, who said smiling pleasantly: Yes, thank you, politics does continue to agree with me. The delegate was horror-struck at his mistake, mumbled a confused apology and beat a hasty retreat. It is believed that the Prime Minister must have enjoyed the joke very much, for later in the evening he was seen to be relating to several friends some incident which provoked him and them to a great deal of laughter.

WORN OUT.

Tramp—Please, sir, won't you give me a pair of shoes? I've worn these all out looking for work. I'm a gardener, sir.

Benevolent Individual—I will give you another pair with pleasure. Here, take these. By the way the seat of your pants is all worn out, too.

Tramp—Yes, sir; I wore them out while workin' at my last job.

TO WELCOME A GOOD BOY.

Why are ye decorating, Mrs. Murphy?

Me b'y Denny is coming home the day.

I thought he was sent up for foive years.

Yes, but he got a year off for good behavior.

Sure, it must be comfortin' for yez to have a good b'y like that.

Here's a Little Nut to Crack:

Just a grain of corn! The principle upon which Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor acts is entirely new. It removes the corn layer by layer, without any pain whatever. It never fails either. Try it.

SHREDS AND PATCHES.

The greatest remedy for anger is delay.—Seneca.

There is no education like adversity. —Disraeli.

A lawyer is the only one who is glad there are so many trials in life.

She—"What do you consider his greatest fault, then." He—"His claim that he hasn't any."

When you think you oughtn't, then you want to; when you know you can't, then you've got to.

"God bless you," is the old-fashioned summing up of sincere affection, without the least smirk of stupid civility.—George Eliot.

No matter what his rank or position may be, the lover of books is the richest and happiest of the children of men.—Langford.

It's pretty hard for some people to distinguish between what they think they know and what they know they think.

The world is full of men with no other possession than experience, who would be glad to sell it for less than they paid for it.

Minds of great men may run in the same channel, but somehow the channel seems never to become overcrowded.

PRACTICAL PHILANTHROPIST.

Say, mister, won't you please give me a few cents to buy somethin' to eat?

My friend, I will give you what you need a great deal worse. I will give you some good advice. You animated rag bag, you walking garbage box, you comprete suburban dump, in whose visage everything that offends the senses and robs the mind of its normal and necessary optimism looms up in huge and disenchanting ugliness, disturbing that cheerful faith in the truth of Pope's dictum. Whatever is is right, so indispensable to the equipoise of the human soul, go and wash your dirty face.

Yes, sir. Will you please give me a few cents to buy a cake o' soap?

HOME HELP.

Small Daughter—It's most school time and I've mislaid my geography.

Cultured Mother—Well, tell me what the lesson is about, and I'll write out the answer for you to learn.

Small Daughter—The lakes of Africa.

Cultured Mother—Um—er—if you've mislaid your geography, you careless child, you can just hunt till you find it.

UNIMPEACHABLE TESTIMONY.

Do you say to this jury, sir, roared the cross-examiner, that you saw two trains approaching each other at the rate of fifty miles an hour when they were not more than a hundred feet apart, and that there was no collision? Was there ever ranker perjury!

O, yes, colonel. These trains were on different tracks.

NOT THE WAY TO CORK.

Charles Kenny, dining once at the house of a friend, chanced to swallow a piece of cork with his wine, the result being a severe fit of coughing. Take care, my friend, said his next neighbor, with a rather feeble attempt at humor, that's not the way for Cork! No, gasped the irrepressible sufferer, it's the way to kill Kenny!

A SOPHISTRY REFUTED.

Little Emerson—It seems to me that these are extremely small pieces of cake.

Little Browning—Mamma says it would be imprudent to eat more. We are obliged to be content.

Little Emerson—I do not understand, Browning, how any one can be obliged to be content.

Quick as Thought

The maddening toothache stops when Nerviline— that wonderful nerve-pain cure—is applied to the tooth. Nerviline is the only positive, never-failing remedy for toothache and all nerve pains. Be advised and try it.

OF COURSE HE WOULDN'T.

You wouldn't marry a girl solely for her money, would you?

Oh, dear no—that is, not if I could get money with a girl who had some other attraction also.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(SEAL) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

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Lounger—Do cook-books form an important item in your sales?

Bookseller—Yes, we sell them by the thousand.

The women appreciate them, eh?

Oh, the women don't buy them; their husbands do.

FERTILITY.

This is mighty good soil, said Farmer Green, see that tree?

Yes.

Wa-al, that wuz a hitchin'-post when 'twas set out.

W P C 900

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YOUNG MEN, Learn to Cut. No better trade or profession. Write for particulars, 112 Yonge St., Toronto.

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Paid-up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 1,450,000
Total Assets 12,000,000
Office—Company's Buildings, Toronto St., Toronto.

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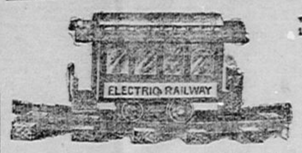

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We have all kinds of electric supplies. Get our prices.
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SOFT, GLOSSY, PLIANT SILKEN TRESSES,
Are the pride and glory of lovely woman. Amberine cleanses the scalp, removes dandruff, itchiness, harshness or brittleness, and makes the hair as beautiful as in youth.

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The following ladies have kindly permitted us to refer to them. They have used Amberine, they know its worth, and they recommend it highly:—
Miss Jennie Tibbs, Nelson St., London.
Mrs. J. Manson, Young St., Hamilton.
Miss E. Patterson, Hess St. N., Hamilton.
Mrs. Alfred Jordan, Hill St., London.
Miss I. V. Ryckman, Hughson St. S., Hamilton.
Miss Eva Dickenson, Young St., Hamilton.

GROWS A NEW CROP OF HAIR.
SWORN EVIDENCE:
DOMINION OF CANADA. Province of Ontario, County of Middlesex. To Wit: } IN THE MATTER of the "Amberine Hair Producer," manufactured by Messrs. Job Cook and Company, 58 Wellington Street, London, Canada.
I, Henry Amos Plastow, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Water Works Inspector:
Do solemnly declare that I have used the "Amberine Hair Producer," manufactured by Messrs. Job Cook and Company, of No. 58 Wellington Street, in the City of London, Canada, since the 15th day of April, 1897. It has stopped the itching of the scalp, stopped the hair from falling out, removed the dandruff, and has brought out a thick crop of hair where my head was entirely bald before I commenced using their preparation.
And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of "The Canada Evidence Act, 1894."
Declared before me at the City London, in the County of Middlesex, this 11th day of October, A.D. 1897, all which I certify under my notarial seal } H. A. PLASTOW.
E. T. EGERT, a Notary Public in and for the Province of Ontario.

W. G. HARRIS,
William Street, Toronto.
BUYS COPPER, BRASS, LEAD.
REFERENCE:—IMPERIAL BANK.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS.
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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Boys and Girls
wishing to make from Ten to Twenty-five dollars this month, write us quick. We have a brand new 25c. article that smart boys and girls from fourteen upwards can sell rapidly. It is instructive, interesting, edifying and fascinating. Send 25c. for complete outfit to J. L. NICHOLS & Co., Wesley Building, Toronto

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Intelligent ladies and gentlemen can be supplied with genteel and very PROFITABLE employment. Industry is the essential NECESSARY to secure GOOD REMUNERATION. Can give the address of representative who has just cleared $113 in 21 DAYS $5 can be made right AT your own HOME.
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33 Richmond West, Toronto

Kootenay's New Ingredient.
Makes Startling Cures.
Bright's and Kidney Disease.
Sciatica, Inflammatory Rheumatism.

If There is Any
Old Chronic Disease
Lurking in Your System,
KOOTENAY WILL DRIVE IT OUT

The way that Kootenay takes hold of old chronic cases of Rheumatism, and rids the system of the lurking poison upon which the disease exists, the endorsation by well-known clergymen, physicians and hospital executives of its cures, leads past all doubt as to its power to cure this disease.

The New Ingredient, that works so marvellously in searching out stubborn and chronic rheumatism, is just as effectual with most any other chronic disease. Hopeless cases of Bright's Disease yield to its influence, Eczema, in extreme forms where eruptions have existed from head to foot are in its records of cures. Pale, haggard and emaciated people, whose frames are all angles and curves, unrefreshed by sleep, troubled by indigestion and nervousness, round up in health through the use of Kootenay Cure.

I, Wm. H. Why, residing at 47 Hughson Street North, in the City of Hamilton, do solemnly declare that I have been afflicted with rheumatism for seven years, and at different times confined to the hospitals both in Hamilton and Toronto. Was discharged from the Hamilton hospital after eleven months' treatment, and on the 15th of January last I was told that they could do nothing for me. When leaving there I was scarcely able to walk. I tried a number of so-called cures; had my feet covered with fly plasters under directions of a physician, but got gradually worse. On the 12th day of this month, after taking two and one-half bottles of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure, I threw away my stick which I had been compelled to use for support, and am now a healthy man, free from all pain, after seven years' suffering. On Tuesday last I was on my feet for eighteen hours steadily without any bad results. I am now able to attend to my work regularly, which frequently necessitates my hands being in water for hours. I consider Kootenay the most wonderful blood medicine and Rheumatic Cure ever known. Wm. H. Why.

Declared before Notary J. W. Nesbit.
July 17, 1896.

If not obtainable of your dealer, will be forwarded, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle, by addressing S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO., Limited, Hamilton. Send for Chart Book free.

Torturing Rheumatic Pains.
Agony. Wrenched Limbs.
Hopeless Hospital Incurables.
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