

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe, Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading.

CANADA.

There was a large increase of immigration in Manitoba for April. A fresher in the Restigouche, in the vicinity of Campbellton, N. B., has done much damage.

General Manager Hays of the Grand Trunk was in Hamilton and denied the statement that the shops there are to be moved.

Freshing lots in Manitoba, except in Red River valley, is expected to be finished in ten days. There is a large increase in the acreage this year.

At the meeting of the trustees of Queen's University, Chancellor Fleming announced his intention of giving four scholarships to the University.

The Government taking into consideration the complaints which have been made respecting ammunition, have decided to try a new lot of ammunition manufactured by a Canadian firm.

Judge Snider of Hamilton has convicted the cigar dealers charged with conducting a lottery by selling tickets for the Promotive of Arts Association of Montreal. An appeal will be taken.

The Women's Council will ask the Minister of Education to allow subscriptions to be taken up by the school children of Ontario to aid the fund for founding the Victoria Order of Nurses.

Simon Lowry of Hamilton was compelled by the Police Magistrate to pay \$5 to Miss Jennie Cohen for tearing her jacket in a street collision. The young lady presented him with the remains of the garment.

The wholesale grocery warehouse of H. P. Bekardt and Co., Front street, Toronto, was badly gutted by fire on Thursday. The loss will be in the neighborhood of \$75,000, with sufficient insurance to cover same.

Ephraim Conroy, who is confined in Woodstock jail awaiting trial on the charge of murdering the lad George Frost at Princeton, is falling in health and it is doubtful if he will live until September, when his trial takes place.

The Supreme Court at Ottawa on Saturday decided that a British subject, resident in Canada who goes to another country to recruit a regiment, and returns to Canada, is guilty of bigamy. Chief Justice Strong dissenting.

Mrs. Johnson of Hamilton sued the T. E. & H. Railway for damages for the death of her husband, and was awarded \$1,500, her infant daughter \$500 and \$300 costs. Mrs. Facer, in an action against the same road, was awarded \$1,500 damages and \$300 costs.

In February, 1895, George Ballard, son of School Inspector Ballard of Hamilton, kicked a boy named Richard Neville, who with some other boys, was teasing him. Neville's father carried the case to the courts, and has just secured a verdict of \$250 and costs against Mr. Ballard. It was stated that his son is a cripple for life.

The Government relief steamer sent up the Red River to relieve the people in the flooded districts found that two days in their one-story house with two feet of water on the floor. In a house in which three to five families were living together, sickness had broken out among the children, and on account of their being so many mouths to feed provisions had run short.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen, on her arrival and departure in jubilee week, will be escorted by colonial troops.

Lord Salisbury has replied to the request from Washington, refusing to open the Bering Sea, as requested.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in his recent budget speech, stated that the cost of the monarchy is less now than it was sixty years ago.

Admiral Sir George Willis Watson, formerly commander of the British North American fleet, is dead. He was seventy years of age.

According to a despatch to the London Times from Cape Town the British Cape squadron will be disbanded in May and the middle of June.

With reference to the Hundredth Regiment repatriation proposal, it is learned that the Queen favours the idea of the corps being sent to Canada.

The log of the Mayflower was formally handed over on Thursday by the Bishop of London to Mr. Bayard, the recent United States Ambassador to England.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on Friday testified to a writer in the Transvaal Commission, and stated that the Colonial Office had no intimation of the Jameson raid.

The Grand Trunk Railway officials in London do not fear that the United States will retaliate for the Dominion tariff by removing the bonding privilege.

The Canadian team at Bixley is making rapid progress toward completion, and will be a decided ornament to the camp.

The favorite novelists of the Queen, according to a writer in the Quarterly Review, are Jane Austen, Charlotte Bronte, Mrs. Gaskell, George Eliot, and Edna Lyall.

Prof. Thompson, the British Commissioner in his report on the Behring Sea seal fishery, says that the present rate of slaughter there is not only increasing, and without extreme care will diminish.

A number of Victorian sealing houses, at present in the Victoria, are the extension of the close season for seal fishing, as proposed by the United States, would ruin the Canadian industry.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, presented another very satisfactory budget to the Imperial Parliament. Trade has increased 5 per cent., the national debt has been reduced seven millions, and the surplus is nearly two and a half millions.

UNITED STATES.

Shipment of gold from New York to Europe have commenced again.

The Des Moines river in Iowa is inundating many towns and villages.

Dean French, vice-chancellor of Syracuse University, is aged 72. He was said to be one of the best mathematicians in the world.

Fire at Newport News burned four vessels at the dock and destroyed \$1-

500,000 worth of property. Several sailors were terribly burned.

A number of British delegates to the Universal Peace Congress in Washington arrived at New York on Wednesday night on board the Majestic.

Frederick Crowther, a fourteen-year-old boy, of Hapeah, L. I., died on Saturday from a blow with a ruler said to have been inflicted by his teacher, Miss Johanna E. Scouler.

The Rochester Conference of the Western Methodist Church has found the Rev. R. C. Horner guilty of wrong acting, and has expelled him from the conference and the function of the ministry.

Guthrie, Oklahoma, was flooded in places up to the eaves of the houses by the sudden rising of the Cottonwood River. The number of drowned was variously estimated at from 20 to 100.

The tone of the principal commercial agencies in New York speaking, of course, in reference to the business of the United States—is more apologetic than satisfactory in some directions improvements have occurred, but the predominant tone is a tone of disappointment. The certainty of the trouble between Greece and Turkey being speedily settled has not brought that boom to the grain markets that the probability of serious trouble in Europe would doubtless cause. Flooding has seriously interfered with trade in some quarters. The commercial failures in the United States for the week just ended amounted to 237, as compared with 228, in the corresponding week last year.

GENERAL.

The Queen Regent of Spain is suffering from nervous prostration.

Earthquakes in the Leeward islands have killed a number of persons and caused great destruction to property.

Premier Deliyannis of Greece has resigned at the King's request, and a new Cabinet has been formed by M. Ralli.

Fears are entertained that the French steamer Henri, bound from Swansea, to Marseilles, has been lost, with thirty of her crew.

The Governments of Chili and Brazil have entered into an alliance with a view to guaranteeing the maintenance of peace in South America.

Twenty-six more of the Barcelona anarchists who exploded a bomb in a Corpus Christi procession, with fatal results, have been condemned to death.

Princess Victoria Melita, the second daughter of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, refuses to live with her husband, causing great scandal.

The Queen Regent of Spain at a Cabinet meeting Thursday signed a decree providing for the application of the agreed upon reforms for the island of Cuba.

A Berlin paper states that the Ambassadors of Great Britain, France and Russia at Constantinople have asked the Turkish Government to grant Greece an armistice.

Isma'il Pasha, Governor of the Island of Crete, has protested against the decision of the Admirals allowing food to be supplied to inhabitants in the interior.

A distinguished French priest urges abolition of celibacy, which he believes to be the chief obstacle to the return of the Anglican Church to Catholic unity.

The case against Lieut. Eloff, the grandson of President Kruger, who was charged with slandering the Queen, has been dismissed on the ground that the evidence was conflicting.

Lieut. Eloff, the grandson of President Kruger, who recently made insulting remarks regarding the Queen, has been reinstated and appointed lieutenant of the Pretoria police.

It is again rumored that England has purchased Delagoa bay, and that she will at once proceed to fortify Nyak island, to serve as a base of supply in the event of hostilities with the Transvaal.

The Berlin correspondent of The Daily Mail hears that the powers will not consent to the levying of indemnity upon Greece, and that Austria and Germany are trying to induce the Porte to modify its demands.

A telegram received at Athens says that a great battle has been fought at Velesino, between a Turkish force of 8,000 and Gen. Smolenski's brigade. The despatch states that the Turks were repulsed with enormous losses.

The Emperor and Empress Francis-Joseph at a magnificent banquet at St. Petersburg on Tuesday evening. Their Majesties drank each other's health and declared that their aims were in the interest of maintaining the peace of Europe.

During the recent trip of Emperor William to Dresden the Imperial train was stopped en route for fully two hours. The engineer discovered that gear had been tampered with, and that there would have been a serious accident if it had passed unnoticed.

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WAR NEARING THE END.

THE CONFLICT BETWEEN GREECE AND TURKEY.

Hard Fighting at Velesino—Crown Princess and the Mob—The Stampede at Larissa—Critical Position of the Greek Royal Family.

The London Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Pharsalos says:—"The Turks attacked Velesino junction on Tuesday night, with four squadrons of cavalry and a battery of horse artillery. The large force of Greeks there easily beat the Turks off, but not before they had displaced half a dozen rails and cut the telegraph wires. The latter were replaced, and on Wednesday the train service was resumed."

THREE TIMES REPULSED.

"Fighting was renewed on Wednesday night, but without special results. On Thursday night the Turks assembled in great force in the direction of Velesino, and made an attack before dawn, but were successfully repulsed. Three times in the course of the morning was the attack repeated, each time from a different direction, and each time the result was a repulse. Apparently it was intended that these attacks should be simultaneous, but this plan failed, owing to the lack of proper organization. The Turks, however, pushed the attack with the utmost determination for six hours, and only abandoned the attempt to seize the junction about noon."

PREVESSA ATTACKED.

A despatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says that the Greek fleet has attacked Prevesa. The commander of the garrison has asked for provisions, but adds that he can wait, if necessary, a little longer. It is expected that reinforcements will reach him in two days.

LIKE SISTERS OF MERCY.

"Queen Olga and the Crown Princess Sophia are working day and night, like Sisters of Mercy. The latter, health still leaves much to be desired."

A TUNNEL BLOWN UP.

Salonica says it is reported there that the Daily News correspondent at Keranoli and blown up the railway tunnel near Okiada, and that a strong band of insurgents has appeared at Nevisia with the intention of cutting off communication with Sorovitch. Troops have been hastily sent to Moneas, as an attack is feared.

JERRED THE CROWN PRINCESS.

The Standard's correspondent at Athens says:—"On Friday evening at the Crown Princess Sophia was returning from a visit to the ambulance hospital she was hissed and jeered by the crowd which forced her to return to the hospital. The Royal carriage was summoned, and the Princess drove to the palace at top speed. The Royal army had been stripped from carriages in order to occupy the city and drive about unrecognized and thus avoid similar experiences."

A CALL TO ARMS.

A special despatch from Athens says that M. Ralli, the new Greek Premier, has announced his intention of calling to arms every able-bodied man in Greece.

THE DISASTROUS RETREAT.

The events of the past week have served to further alienate sympathy from the Greek cause. The Standard's correspondent at Athens says:—"The Greek retreat from Larissa to the fighting at Pharsalos, which took place on Wednesday last, is the sensation of the day. All newspapers here are glowing with praise of the despatch, saying it was the finest description of events yet recorded. It is a credit to the Standard, and that the Greek officers were equally affected by the panic regarded as proof that the Greeks are utterly demoralized, and incapable of withstanding the steady advance of the Turks."

INTEREST CENTRES IN ATHENS.

At the present moment interest centres at Athens rather than on the Greek Royal family. The Greek Royal family is evidently preparing an extensive plan to attack Pharsalos, and the appearance of the Turkish cavalry in the direction of Demokos, about fifteen miles south of Pharsalos, indicates that it is the intention of Edhem Pasha to turn the Greek flank. It is suspected that the fighting at Velesino was intended to draw attention away from the Turkish operations. The Greek commander there while overwhelming forces are thrown on Pharsalos.

AN ATTACK ON PHARSALOS.

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A FIERCE BLOW.

There was a striking feature in Friday's cavalry charge. Col. Mahmood Bey was fired upon by a Greek officer, who sent four bullets through the latter in the direction of the Turkish officer, Mahmood Bey then galloped ahead of his men, and with one fierce blow with his sword completely severed the Greek officer's head from his body.

IN FAVOUR OF INTERVENTION.

A London correspondent cables as follows:—"England, as Mr. Curzon announced in the House of Commons today, is again pressing the question for intervention, this time with success. It is beginning to be recognized in St. Petersburg, Berlin and Vienna that the political friendship of England and France has become a genuine factor in the situation, and its influence is already felt."

"It is no secret that England is in favour of stopping war immediately at any cost, and of restoring the status quo ante bellum in every respect. France practically endorses the policy of Lord Salisbury.

The American mission grows stronger in all quarters that the submission of Greece to Turkey and the powers will soon be forthcoming. It is not expected that the form of suing for peace through the mediation of the Sultan or Greek feeling is more bitter against the concept of Europe than against Turkey. King George would prefer to negotiate with the Sultan rather than through the powers. Instead he declared recently that he would never under any circumstances seek the intervention of Europe."

"It is not unlikely that the end of

TO ADVANCE WITH CAUTION.

The Morning Post's correspondent at Constantinople says:—"An imperial trade has been issued, approving the telegram sent by the military council to Edhem Pasha, ordering him to discontinue the utmost caution. This curious step is quite in accordance with Turkish methods. Such orders are of a nature greatly to embarrass the general in the most critical moment."

COMPELLED TO WALK.

The Morning Post has a despatch from Larissa, saying that the Greeks, before evacuating the town, seized the homes of the war correspondents, thus compelling them to go on foot.

EDHEM PASHA SUPERSEDED.

The Daily Chronicle published a despatch from Pharsalos, which says it is reported there that Osman Pasha has superseded Edhem Pasha.

TURKS JOINING THE GREEKS.

A despatch to the Times from Penepolia, dated Thursday, says that the Greeks are arming the population of the district, and have occupied Turkish territory, many villagers escaping through Calaburk lines and joining the ranks of the Greeks.

AMONG THE DEAD.

The Athens correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that among the dead at the Turkish side at Velesino were German major and two Russian officers.

OVERTURES BY THE POWERS.

It is said here, on good authority, that the powers have made overtures to Greece on the subject of peace, but the Government declines to invoke the mediation of Europe. The Emperor decided to remain here for the present. It appears the Turks asked an armistice in order to bury their dead. The Emperor refused the overture, and the Emperor, from whom no definite reply is forthcoming. Col. Tosmadis, the Minister of War, and the Emperor, the Minister of the Interior, are said to be favorably impressed with the situation at Pharsalos, both as respects the position of troops and the plan of defence.

NEGOTIATING FOR MEDIATION.

Official despatches from Athens received at Rome say that the Greek Premier, M. Ralli, continues negotiations with the view of securing the intervention of France, Russia and Great Britain in favour of an armistice.

CHANGE OF AIR FOR THE KING.

An Athens despatch to the Paris Figaro asserts that King George is suffering from cardiac spasms, and that his physician insists that a change of air is necessary. A trip to the island of Milo or to the island of Syra is recommended.

A THREE HOURS' BATTLE.

The Athens correspondent of the London Standard, under date of Wednesday, says:—"There is great rejoicing over the receipt of an official telegram from Pharsalos saying that the Greek and Turkish forces have been at three hours' battle. The despatch says:—"The Crown Princess and the Crown Prince Constantine and the King were very active in the front rank, risking the lives a hundred times, and they had an ovation from the whole army when the fighting was over. The Government has forwarded to them its warmest congratulations, assuring them they have celebrated their father's name today in the most admirable manner. The King and the Crown Prince have also addressed a manifesto to the troops, congratulating them upon their courage and patriotic devotion."

The Athens correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, under date of Wednesday, says:—"The following is the despatch from Pharsalos to the Chief of the Staff of the Greek forces in Thessaly, describing the fight at Pharsalos:—"The Turks attacked our positions at two o'clock on the morning of the 10th inst., and by yesterday evening their movements had indicated an intention to cut off our left wing, and to-day they attacked our front. Our advance posts retreated, and the fighting continued very hotly for superior numbers, and took up a position in front of our right wing. An artillery duel ensued along an extensive line. The enemy's infantry attacked in perfect order at three points, and in large numbers, but they were speedily checked by our infantry. The respective losses are as yet unknown."

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