

The Grey Review.

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DURHAM, ONT. THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1893.

WHOLE NO. 932.

THE CASH SYSTEM

ADOPTED BY

N., G. & J. McKechnie.

We beg to inform our Customers and the Public generally that we have adopted the Cash system, which means Cash or its equivalent, and that our Motto will be

"Large Sales & Small Profits."

We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for past patronage, and we are convinced that the new system will merit a continuance of the same.

N., G. & J. McKECHNIE

Durham, Aug. 9th, '95.

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for the NEXT THREE WEEKS

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Dalglis's Old Stand, Upper Town, Durham.

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So is House-cleaning time, and

YOU WILL NEED New Lace Curtains

Just read the following prices:

2 1/2 yds. long, 28 in. wide, 40c. a pr.	3 1/2 yds. long, 42 in. wide, \$1.00 a pr.
3 " " 32 " " 65c. " "	3 " " 42 " " 1.25 " "
3 " " 42 " " 75c. " "	3 1/2 " " 54 " " 2.00 " "

Get one of our new Carpet Stretchers. We have the best made for 90 cents.

Our New Prints are just in. We have the very best value at 6c. 9c. 10c. and 12c. a yd. See them before buying.

See our 5c. and 6c. CHALLIES. MEN'S TOP SHIRTS from 25c. up.

BOOTS & SHOES

Ladies' and Men's Low Shoes before buying. (Note this fact.)

Best Table oil cloth, white and colored, 45 in. wide, 25c. a yd. Best Oatmeal, or White Castile Soap, 7c. a bar, or 4 bars for 25 cents. Glycerine Soap, 5c. a box of 3 cakes. Scrub brushes 5c. up. Heavy Galvanized 14 ct. pail, 25c. See our \$1.00 lot of Tinware. Call anyway, We want your trade.

Bean & Co.

ELECTION NOTES.

The entry of Mr. McCallum into the campaign in this county has raised the tone of the discussion, while it has pricked some of the bubbles which have been floated by the opposition candidates or their friends. Mr. McCallum is of the Presbyterian faith, or, as he expresses it, "is an outside pillar of the Presbyterian Church." He was six years Principal of Listowel High School, but is now a barrister in Paisley. He is full of Celtic fire, his knowledge of public questions is both wide and deep, and by his earnestness and eloquence, and having a good cause, captures his audience every time.

Hampden, June 3.—Dr. Jamieson's meeting here tonight was addressed by Mr. Kribs of Toronto and Mr. Patterson, of Uxbridge on his behalf. For Landerkin Messrs Calder and Miller appeared. The best of order prevailed and half an hour each was given to the two liberal speakers. This is a stronghold of Dr. Landerkin, and but for the importations of Tories from "the four ends of the earth" as Mr. Miller said, there would have been no evidence of Jamieson's popularity. The patrons were represented in the audience but not on the platform. Dr. Jamieson arrived late and merely said a few words, reiterating his "no-pledge" statement. The usual cheers were given for the Queen and Candidates, and it is certain that Hampden will give a majority for Landerkin the only candidate with a straight record.

PRICEVILLE, JUNE 4.—The meeting called here to-night was well attended, Watson's Hall being completely filled and some standing. There may have been some doubt in the minds of some, (though Dr. Landerkin to his credit did not share it) whether Priceville would give the same welcome as formerly to their late member. Before the meeting was assembled this doubt was removed, and before it was closed the enthusiasm for the Liberal candidate exceeded any previous demonstration.

Mr. Dugald McCormick was appointed chairman and filled the position most creditably. On the platform with him were some 8 or 9 ladies, besides the speakers of the evening.

Mr. Binnie opened on behalf of Dr. Landerkin, and showed up the inequalities of the Franchise Act, its opportunities for unfairness and the enormous expenses incurred in revising it. Mr. Binnie has a grasp of public questions which enables to be clear and forcible in their presentation.

Mr. Davis dep. recve of Artemesia, was then given an opportunity to speak for Mr. Allan. He announced himself as having been a conservative and believed the Patrons of Industry had a policy that was the hope of the country. Dr. Landerkin, he said, had not been their representative for the last 18 years, because he was not on the government side of the house but how the patron can even be a representative if their policy of never aiming to form a government is carried out he did not say.

Mr. Patterson, of Uxbridge was present on behalf of Dr. Jamieson, and for half an hour received the best of attention while he presented the case of the "Upper candidate. This is no easy task, and though Mr. P. is a ready speaker, loaded with figures, he failed to make an impression. He tries to make a point of guilt against Dr. Landerkin because he gave a silent vote while the fact is he spoke twice on the question in the House at some length, and further at a meeting of his constituents held in Durham, declared his readiness to stand or fall by his action. Mr. P. had nothing to say of the Remedial Bill nor where Dr. Jamieson stood on it.

Mr. A. B. McCallum, of Paisley, a personal friend of Dr. Landerkin's followed as the speaker of the evening. To say that he carried the meeting by storm is no exaggeration. Fortified by fact and argument, and documen, he demolished every contention of the opposition. He appealed to them as fair minded men if it was honest or right that Dr. Landerkin whose public career was a consistent one, should now be supplanted by in the one case a gentleman who had consistently opposed the doctor while he and his party were struggling for the very things Mr. Allan now wants. He defended the McKenzie administration in the matter of increase of debt showing that the obligations left for him to be carried out by his predecessors actually exceeded the increase of the debt during the five years he was in power. He touched on a few of the scandals which have disgraced the past 18 years, and wound up by an earnest appeal to vote for Landerkin and good government. The applause which

followed, the enthusiasm displayed, was a guarantee that the vote for Landerkin was all right.

Dr. Landerkin on coming to the front was received with all the old time fervor. He appealed to them on his record of nearly a quarter of a century, and in referring to the Manitoba Schools case showed that his action was in the line of duty as he had on several occasions voted on religious questions not from the standpoint of Catholicism or Protestantism but from that of provincial autonomy, and a desire for even handed justice, the applause which followed showed the audience thought so too.

Cheers were given for the Queen and the Liberal Candidate, after which the meeting resolved itself into an informal reception committee, the heroes of the hour being Dr. Landerkin and his able helper, Mr. McCallum. A short story in Gaelic from McCallum warmed the Celtic blood of his countrymen who had listened with delight to his oratorical effort.

DROMORE, JUNE 5th.—The meeting here tonight was called by Dr. Landerkin, and was addressed by him, and Messrs McCallum, Calder and Murdoch on his behalf. Mr. Allan was allowed a generous time to present his claims and Mr. Rodgers, of Cedarville, came to his assistance. Dr. Jamieson was not represented, Mr. Patterson, who represented him in Priceville, evidently thinking discretion the better part of valor skipped away, no doubt feeling that one night of Mr. McCallum was more than enough.

Mr. Crawford, president of the township Reform Association was appointed chairman, and none could complain of want of fairness.

After Mr. Calder and Mr. Murdoch had spoken, Mr. Allan was called upon, and the warmth of his reception showed plainly the strength of the Patron sentiment here, the stronghold of the order in S. Grey.

After thanking them for their reception and remarking that their "clouds were breaking on the western sky," (rather an unfortunate suggestion of a setting sun), I entered on the tariff question declared here as he has done elsewhere that much of the talk on tariffs on both sides was humbug urged his hearers not to be carried away with doctors and lawyers, declared the patrons would support the best principles but would not be a party. He appealed to those following him, as if afraid his followers might prove obstreperous, a caution we venture to say not necessary.

Mr. Allan referred to Mr. McCallum as a flowery speaker who would make them laugh, but in this Mr. A. was mistaken, but before McCallum was through with his speech there can be no doubt he made them think. Mr. McCallum shows with great force that at present parliamentary government is divided into two forces, Reform and Conservative, and to oust the conservative force, which patrons and liberals agree should be done, it was necessary the Reform force should not be weakened. The patrons make no claim to be a force, they would be as flies on the wheel, and it would be much more becoming in Mr. Allan, owing to his recent conversion, to carry a little lamp in the procession, rather than try to be the star himself, try to displace a man whose principles were fixed long before Mr. Allan was heard of.

He then entered on the trade question, showing how the candle was burning at both ends, the revenue getting less and the expenses more year by year. The chattel mortgages of this province increased over a million dollars last year, a certain test of the impoverishment of the people. He touched on the well known fact that the so called "loyal" Tory party imposed an average tax on British imports of 30%, and only 27% on United States imports. Government tried to blind the people by nostrums, such as the famous butter trade, by the Australian trade, where \$40 worth of farmers' products were carried although the line was subsidized. Not so with the manufacturers: the benefit to them was so great that they could actually sell their machines cheaper in Australia than at home. The Canadian farmer then was virtually assisting the Australian farmer and in return the subsidized ships paid for by the farmers, bringing home rabbits and frozen mutton to lower the farmers' own meat products. Ah! said Mr. Patterson in Priceville, but this mutton has to pay 35% duty. Granted said McCallum, but as the mutton is only worth 2 cents a lb. the duty will only add 7-10ths of a cent to its value. Is that protection to the farmer?

He then referred to some acts of maladministration, particularly the St. Charles Railway, where the 350 acres of worthless land needed for the road cost over \$25000 an acre, of course much of it coming back to corrupt the electorate.

He condemned Mr. Allan for throwing sturs on Alex. McKenzie whom all

men now agree gave a pure administration.

The audience which was at first cold and stiff became most completely thawed by the sun of Mr. McCallum's eloquence, and the incontrovertible nature of his facts, before he was half through his speech. In some of his passages he was heartily applauded, and he sat down amid much enthusiasm.

A surprise was in store for the audience in the next speaker Mr. Rogers, of Cedarville. This gentleman had just recently discovered the public accounts, and proceeded to enlighten the audience. He began by assuring Dr. Landerkin that he was going to hold him responsible for the debt of the provinces, as well as the other fellows. He put the blame of all the borrowing too on Landerkin's broad shoulders. He then dipped into the public accounts and showed that brushes and brooms cost high. That \$6.00 of the public money went for candy dishes, that there were corkscrews and pen knives in abundance, but the Dr. assured him, he never got one. He condemned the expenditure of \$400 for the picture of the speaker, and seemed to condemn the genial doc. who reminded him that the frame cost \$90 more. \$5 nothing was spent for soup or soup plates, and the doctor gravely assured him, amid the roar of the audience, that his opponents would be in it when the campaign was over. Much more of this semi dialogue took place, and the ex-warden, Mr. Rogers, and the doctor seemed to agree so well that the latter had some notion of engaging him for the rest of the campaign.

The Doctor himself then came forward and was heartily received. He had stood up for the farmers in the past, and was prepared to do so still. The Scotch government abuses which the patrons condemned, he condemned, he had voted against it, and showed that the increase of Superannuation in McKenzie's years was largely owing to the number placed on the list by the conservative government as they were going out of office. On every point raised the Dr. seemed invulnerable and he was warmly applauded when he pointed out the fact that McKenzie had abolished the list of the House of Commons, that he had voted to do so, and while he was doing so, Mr. Allan was voting against him and supporting a government that introduced it. He sat down amid much applause. The usual cheers for the Queen and the two candidates present brought the meeting to a close.

A number from Priceville and Durham found their way to Dromore to hear McCallum.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are nothing if not hospitable, and the large number they entertained at the close of the meeting drew forth warm expressions of appreciation.

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Sure Specifics for Kidney, Rheumatism and Stomach Diseases.

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