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WAREROOM

And Inspect the Famous Noxon Steel Hoosier Drill, Noxon New Steel Binder and Mower and Rake. I have the well known Waterloo Threshers, Ploughs, Dice Harrows, Cultivators, Hay Forks and Sheaf Slings. It will pay any farmer to see my stock and the low prices I sell.

Showroom two doors north Standard Bank, Upper Town, Durham.

WM. SHARPE, Agent.

A SNAP!

FARM FOR SALE.

On the 2nd Con. Normanby, containing 174 acres. 140 cleared. A 1 soil in grand state of cultivation free from noxious weeds. Spring Creek. Stone House & Kitchen. Wood Shed attached. Bank Barn 50x70, Stone Basement Stables. Drive & Implement House 30x60, Stone Stables underneath. Root House 10x50. Hard and Soft Water. Churches and School convenient. 4½ miles from Durham.

Buildings cost over half the Money asked, one-third down.

This is a Rare Bargain. Stock or Grain. Business meant. If not sold will lease for a term of years. Apply on the property to

ROBERT WATSON, Jr.,
Varney P. O., Ont.
49

ALIVE!
—OUR—
Clocks and Watches
Are not dead but
ALIVE.
OUR CHAINS AND CHARMS
Are not Ancient but
MODERN.
A. GORDON.

WATSON BROS
NORTH EGREMONT.

We beg to announce to the public that we have the mill rebuilt and refitted with

IMPROVED MACHINERY.

We are prepared to take building contracts and furnish all kinds of Material at living prices.

LOGS WANTED.

Soft Elm, 12 and 14 feet; Rock Elm, 7, 8, 14 and 16 feet lengths; Birch, any length over 10 feet.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR LOGS.

Dromore, Dec. 6th, '95. 50

Rheumatic Twingcs

With Old Age come Twinges of "Rheumatism" and aches in the back which

"Basanos Red Oil"

Always cures. We carry this as well as all other standard remedies constantly in stock. The

"Red Oil" . . . .

Is one of the best preparations of its kind, it is a sure cure, (if directions are followed) for not only "Rheumatism" but also for "Chilblains" being successful in every case of the latter where it has been tried, also in "Sprains," "Gout," &c. Everybody should have a bottle of this reliable remedy. For Sale at

"THE DURHAM PHARMACY."

HAGYARD'S Block, Durham.

Have You Tried the "German Cooking Condition Powder"?

The Grey Review.

Durham, Thur Mar. 26, '96.

—Sir Chas. Tupper made a statement when reading Mr. Greenway's private telegram that a conference would be asked for when the 2nd Reading was carried. What did he mean then as soon as the bill was read a second time by trying to force the House into committee on it? Mr. Laurier resented this, but the action is another Tupperism.

—Sir Mack. Bowell has gone through the whole of this stirring session with a more consistent record than any of his confreres in the government. The "Official head" has more to his credit than the "Master mind." Pity his firmness was not expended in a better cause.

—Bedlam let loose, would have described the usually decorous Legislative Halls at Ottawa during the long debate. Members had to attend in relays, and those resting had to be within call, so sofas, lounges and soft corners were soon preempted. The many who could not get rest made night uproarious in song and jest, while the "whips" of each party had to be constantly on the alert that the vote was not sprung upon them unawares.

—An interesting incident in the reign of Queen Victoria occurs this year, in the fact that if she survives, her's will be the longest reign of any sovereign within these islands. Hitherto the longest reign has been that of George III who ascended the throne on 25th of October, 1760, and reigned till 29th of January, 1820. He thus occupied the throne 59 years and 96 days. Queen Victoria began to reign on the 20th of June, 1837. In her case 59 years, 96 days will expire on the 24th of September, 1896. At that date her reign will if she still be with us, equal to that of George III, and after that her's will be the actual longest reign in Britain, already she is the longest actively reigning sovereign, as for nine years before his death, George III was under a regency.

—Judging by the evidence taken before the Committee appointed by the Local Legislature concerning the main tenance of Government House that institution will be compelled to support itself. Why Ontario should be asked to contribute thousands of dollars annually to enable the Lieu.-Governor to entertain a few hundred aristocrats is a conundrum that should be easily solved. This appears to be the chief reason put forward for the continuance of the present arrangement and is too weak to stand without crutches. We say let the Lieu.-Governor, and the Governor-General too, keep up their residences the same as other people do and perhaps more economy would then be practiced by them. The London Advertiser says on the subject:—An inquiry is on foot at Toronto regarding the continuance of Government House as a Provincial Institution. A number of prominent society leaders have been examined, and there seems to be a union of sentiment on their part that it is well to provide the Lieutenant Governor with a mansion and spacious grounds, the maintenance of which every year takes a good round sum, because the Lieutenant-Governor gives parties to prominent visitors. This it is argued, is a benefit to the province, because it advertises the Lieutenant Governor as a hospitable individual.—*Ex.*

—The Ontario Government with commendable promptness has laid before the House the Reports of the various Departments, thus the Legislative Assembly can at a glance become acquainted with the work done during the year and be prepared to discuss it on the floor of the House.

The Report of the Department of Education is very elaborate and very complete, giving full statistics down to the end of the year 1894, dealing not only with the Public and High Schools, but with all the educational Institutions of the Province from the Public School to the University. The average attendance at the Public Schools has not increased as might be reasonably expected,—in the last ten years there having only been an increase of about 23000. This may be chiefly due to the tide of emigration flowing across the borders. But the Schools are occupying a higher plane year by year, there being a very large increase in the last decade in the number studying the advanced subjects. We also observed that there is a corresponding advance in the status of the Teachers. 3,207 having attended the Normal Schools in 1894 as against 2434 in 1887. While the Teachers are thus showing all diligence in preparing themselves for the work, the salaries of the teachers do not show a corresponding increase—the average salary for male teachers being $421 and for female teachers $300 as against $428 and $292 respectively in 1887.

The total cost of maintaining the Public Schools of the Province in 1884 reached the large sum of nearly four millio. dollars an average of eight dollars and eighty two cents per pupil. In the County of Grey it was eight dollars and seventy nine cents per pupil. In the town of Owen Sound the cost per pupil was seven dollars and ninety cents, but in Durham it fell to six dollars and sixteen cents. So much must be said at least for the economical character of the Durham School Board especially in view of the excellent work done in our Schools.

The High Schools show an advance all round, slight in the average attendance but considerable in the work done and in the salaries of teachers. It is generally supposed that High Schools exist chiefly for the training of teachers and preparing pupils for the learned professions. But while they do much of that sort of work it is satisfactory to observe, as stated in the Minister's Report that the Higher education is more and more generally appreciated, and that many young men preparing for mercantile life and agricultural pursuits take advantage of a High School training. In all, the High Schools gave to mercantile life and to agriculture in 1894, 1970 pupils and to the Universities and the learned professions including the teaching profession 951. The cost of the High Schools per pupil in 1894 was $31.34 cents for the Province, in Owen Sound only $27. At the present time when public attention is so much directed to Separate Schools it is interesting to observe that in Ontario a large proportion of the children of Roman Catholic parents attend the Public Schools. With a population of something near two millions in the Province the ratio of Roman Catholic attendance being as 1 to [illegible] in 1884 [illegible] in 1894.

part of the Province for Separate Schools. Not only so, but many Roman Catholics do not want Separate Schools, preferring of choice to have their children educated in the Public Schools. In these circumstances it seems very odd that such objections are made by the handful of Roman Catholics in Manitoba to sending their children to the Public Schools, especially that the Manitoba Public Schools are modelled after the style of the Public Schools in this Province.

THE GREAT DIVISION.

Second Reading of the Coercion Bill carried by a majority of 18.

After a continuous session of 38 hrs, from 3 p. m. Wednesday till 5.30 a. m Friday morning the great vote was reached, and 206 Commoners were put on record. A large vote. There were three absentees, Montague, Denison, Corley; three vacant constituencies, all in Quebec, two paired, (Sir Donald Smith and Mr. Rowand, Bruce,) these, with the speaker, make the total of 215 representatives.

Twenty Ontario conservatives voted against the bill and seven Quebec Liberals voted for it. Dr. Weldon was the only conservative outside of Ontario, who voted against the bill.

Great credit is due to the Frenchmen of Quebec who stood so manfully by Mr. Laurier. All the old time French Liberals were with him, some of the bolters being elected at recent by-elections.

Let it be noted that if every liberal had voted against the bill it would still have carried by four majority.

Great interest was manifested everywhere in Mr. McGillivray's (North Ontario) vote as at his election he desired to go unpledged. Mr. McGillivray's Legislation is destructive. He first helped to vote down Mr. Laurier's amendment, and then tried to vote down the Bill, nice man Mr. McG. even up with both sides. It is owing to a few like him that Mr. Laurier's amendment was defeated by 24 while the bill was carried by 18.

It is reported that Mr. Moneriff, Conservative M. P. for East Lambton, will be appointed to a judgeship at an early date, and will not be a candidate at the ensuing general election. He voted for the bill. Mr. Masson, of N. Grey voted for the bill, and will not be a candidate at next election.

Mr. Sproule, M. P., for East Grey, distinguished himself in the debate by his independent stand, and confirmed his speech by his vote against the bill.

SAUGEEN PRESBYTERY.—The Presbytery of Saugeen met in Palmerston on March 10th. Mr. McVicar was appointed Moderator for the next six months and took the chair. Mr. Young reported that he had met with the congregations of Amos and Knox Normanby, and that Amos again expressed its willingness to unite with St. Andrew's Proton, but that Knox, Normanby, was not willing to separate from Amos and unite with Ayton and East Normanby. It was agreed that no change be made in the representation to the General Assembly. Mr. Grier, on behalf of Midmay, Ayton and East Normanby, requested that Mr. Hastie be continued in the same field for the summer. The request was granted, providing the provision be sustained by the H. M. Committee. Mr. Miller, on behalf of Cedarville and Esplin, requested that Mr. Buchanan be left in the field for the summer. Mr Hardie from St. Andrew's, Proton, asked for a student for the summer and $3 out of the H. M. Fund. Messrs. Aull and Munro were appointed to visit Cedarville, Esplin and St. Andrews, Proton, to ascertain if said congregation would accept one man for the three stations as supply in the meantime. In the event of not being able to agree to this the convener of the H. M. Committee was empowered to ask a grant for St. Andrew's, Proton, provided the deputation be satisfied that the station is not able to pay for student supply. The Presbytery expressed its deep sympathy with Mr. Aull and family in the death of their only boy. Mr. McKellar expressed his deep sense of gratitude to the Presbytery for its expression of Sympathy with him and their family in their affliction, also for supplying his pulpit. Honor certificates were granted Miss Bella McKenzie from the S. S. of Cedarville, Cecilia Taylor, Jas. Taylor, John Taylor and Maggie Benson from the S. S. at Rothsay. Messrs. Aull and Jansen were appointed members of the Synod's committee on Bills and Overtures and Messrs. Cameron and Thom on the Assembly's Committee on bills and Overtures. Mr. McVicar was appointed Moderator of Cedarville and Esplin. It was agreed to spend the first hours of the afternoon sederunt of the next meeting in devotional exercises, Mr. McVicar, moderator, to lead the meeting with an address on any subject he thinks suitable. The Presbytery adjourned to meet in Knox Church, Harriston, on July 14 next, at 10 a. m.

S. YOUNG, Clerk.

SCOTCH TOWN.

The Snow storm on Thursday night was the worst of the season, the roads East and West are completely blocked.

The many friends of the Rev. Father Maloney, were very much shocked on hearing of his sudden death, which took place on Thursday last, at the home of Mr. Andrew Fogarty, on the forth concession, the community extend their sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. Mac. Beaton in company with Messrs Jim. and Arch. Brown of Bentinck leaves Tuesday for Portage La Prairie Manitoba. We wish them luck in the far west and hope they may return in good health and chinck galore.

The sick folks in our burg are improving; Mr. Hugh Mc Lellan is gaining in strength; Mrs McLellan's broken wrist is doing as well as can be expected; Mrs. Muir is critical enough yet, although much improved; Mrs. McIntyre is able to go about; Miss Flora McMillen is some better; Mrs. John A. McMillan is well again, and Mrs. McCormick is able to get out and see old acquaintances.

Miss Kate McKinnon from Pomona is in our burg at present.

Miss Jessie Murchison is at present with the Black family.

Mr. A. C. Patterson, of Durham spent a few days with his friends here last week.

Miss Bella Graham has gone to the Queens City to remain for a time, she will be much missed by her many friends and companions.

We had a hearty hand shake and a pleasant chat with the Mink the other evening, he is hale and hearty since his return from the Soo and says the steady game of hearts, will surprise none than one in the near future, by the jingle of bells, a double wedding.

The Waterloo lumber Boys are soon expected to return to their respective homes. There will be more than one heart glad.

Mr. James White finished in Durham, some time ago his term of [illegible]. Home and Dominion [illegible] the Principal [illegible]

THE REV. FATHER MALONEY PASSES AWAY.

The town and countryside were surprised and sorrowful to learn on Thursday night last that Rev. Father Maloney had succumbed to pneumonia and hemorrhage of the Lungs. The Rev. gentleman was ill but a short time and was taken ill at the residence of Mr. Andrew Fogarty, Glenelg, while in the discharge of his duties and it was there he died. As a neighbor and citizen he was highly esteemed, and as a priest and pastor he earned the respect and the love of his own people. The remains were taken to Markdale and then to Melancthon after several delays on account of the storm. The mother and family have the sympathy of all. The following account of his career is from the Toronto *World*:—

Rev. Father Maloney, parish priest of Durham, died very suddenly on March 13th in Glenelg, of pneumonia, at the early age of 29 years. The funeral took place to Melancthon on Saturday at 11 a. m. Deceased was born at Acton County Halton. He received his early education at Guelph under the Jesuit Fathers, at St. Jerome's College, Berlin, and St. Michael's College, Toronto. He received his theological training at the Grand Seminary, Montreal, and was ordained priest of the diocese of Hamilton by Archbishop Fabre, in Montreal, in December, 1889. The first six months of his ministry was spent in Arthur as assistant to Father Doherty, whence he was sent to the charge of the missions of Priceville, Glenelg and Melancthon. The deceased priest was extremely popular and highly respected by his people and all classes of the community, and his early death is deeply deplored by all.

DO NOT DO THIS.

Do not be induced to buy any other if you have made up your mind to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail. Do not give up in despair because other medicines have failed to help you. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and you may reasonably expect to be cured.

Hoods Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

Mr. Editor.

SIR,—I have seen you complain in the columns of the REVIEW about people in this vicinity sending to the city for goods instead of buying in Durham and encouraging home trade. I can give you one instance why we send to the city for our stuff; I was in Durham on Saturday the 14th inst, and among other things I wanted some Onions; inquiring the price they were quoted to me at from 2½ to 3 cts a lb. for common kinds, and consulting the market report in the Mail, (retail street M. P.) I find them selling at 30cts. per bushel. Don't you think Mr Editor if things are sold on a par with onions it is any wonder that consumers are obliged to send to the city for their goods. Hoping you will find space for this in your valuable paper.

I am, yours very truly,
T. STEWARD.
Welbeck P. O.

MARRIED.

McMEEKIN.—REID.—At the residence of, and by Rev. A. Stewart, on March the 20th, Mr. Robert Meekin and Miss Janet Reid, both of the township of Egremont.

RESOURCES OF ONTARIO.

MINERALS.

In 1888 the Ontario Government appointed a commission to enquire and report upon the mineral resources of the province and on measures for their development and from the report of that commission we have taken the following:—

The evidence that Ontario possesses great mineral wealth is abundant and is constantly accumulating. In the Central and Eastern counties are found, Magnetic and hematite iron ores, gold galena, plumbago, arsenic, mica, fibrous serpentine, apatite, granite, marble and freestone.

In the township of Denison, rich specimens of goldbearing quartz and extensive deposits of copper and nickel are found.

Along the shore of Lake Huron, from the mouth of the French, to Sault Ste. Marie, gold and silver bearing veins, iron, copper galena, and immense quarries of marble, have been discovered. North of the Height of Land and extending towards James Bay, prospectors report a promising mineral region. North of Lake Superior localities of gold, silver, copper, iron, galena, plumbago, zinc and iron ores have been taken up, besides which an inexhaustible supply of stone of great value. West of Fort William, is the silver district which judging from the explorations already made, promises to be an auriferous region of great richness.

Beyond this district, and to the North West are found veins of gold bearing quartz and extensive ranges of magnetic iron, while to the South West, is believed to be a continuation of the famous Vermilion range of Northern Minnesota. Upon Sukama Island and other islands in the Lake of the Woods, and in the region adjacent to that Lake gold bearing veins of wonderful promise have been discovered, and already many claims have been taken out in this district.

The area of the province is vast, many districts have not been prospected at all, and only an inconsiderable portion of our mineral wealth is known to us.

The mineral deposits are widely spread, varied in character, and cover the entire list of economic minerals with the exception of coal and tin. The Iron ores of Ontario are among the best in the world, being equal to the highest quality of Swedish. So great indeed is the mineral wealth of the province that an American authority has said that "To particularize the undeveloped wealth of this northern land would require volumes"

The following classification, from the report of the Geodetical survey shows a greater detail the enormous variety of the mineral resources of the province.

(1) Metals and their ores, as, ores of gold silver, iron etc

(2) Minerals used in certain manufactures, as, phosphate of Lime, Iron pyrites, &c.

(3) Minerals used in Agriculture as Gypsum, shell marl, &c.

(4) Minerals used as pigments, Iron, Ochres, soap clay, &c.

(5) Combustible, and carbonaceous materials, as petroleum coal, &c.

(6) Refractory minerals, soap stone, mica asbestos.

(7) Minerals applicable to building, lime stones, granites, &c.

(8) Minerals for polishing and grinding mill stones, whetstones.

(9) Minerals applicable for the fine arts and jewellery, amber and precious stones.

(10) Minerals applicable to miscellaneous purposes, mineral waters, &c.

CEMENTS.

The manufacture of cements is steadily increasing. There are now in Ontario four works producing Portland, and five producing Natural rock cement. The value and amount of the output of Portland was $1,024 bbls. valued at $950,868 and of natural rock, 74,333 bbls. valued at $68,567 in 1893, while the quality is considered equal to the imported articles.

LIME.

The number of Lime Kilns in operation in the Province was 3[illegible] [illegible] 2,000,000 bush.

Weak and Nervous

Whenever the body has been weakened by disease, it should be built up by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this:

"About two years ago I suffered with a very severe attack of inflammation of the bowels. When I began to recover I was in a very weak and nervous condition, and suffered intensely with neuralgia pains in my head, which caused loss of sleep, and having no appetite, I

Became Very Thin

and weak. Fortunately a friend who had used Hood's Sarsaparilla with great benefit, kindly recommended me to try it. I did so and a perfect cure has been effected. I am now as well as I ever was, and I would not be without Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house for anything." MRS. G. KERR, 245 Manning Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

brick. The output of common brick in 1893 was 163,350,000 brick valued at about one million dollars.

Drain tile to the value of about 300,000 was make in the same year, while the value of the pressed and fancy brick was $217,373.

The Gypsum industry is making slow progress while the salt industry remains practically at a standstill, although the production of the latter was greater in 1893 than the previous year the aggregate value was less. The salt produced in the Dominion is almost all manufactured in Ontario, the census returns showing nineteen establishments in Ontario, out of twenty reported for the whole Dominion.

The beds cover an area of about two thousand miles, embracing the counties of Lambton, and Huron and portions of Bruce, Middlesex Kent and Essex. Since their first discovery in 1865, wells have been bored at Clinton, Seaforth, Brussels, Kincardine and other small places, and of late at Windsor. The census of 1891 gives $400,000 as the amount invested in Salt in Ontario, while the total amount of Salt of all kind made in 1893 was 43,387 tons valued at $162,760.

H. H.

THE LAND OF EVANGELINE.

ONE OF THE MOST ROMANTIC SPOTS IN CANADA.

But it is No More Free from the Ills to Which Flesh is Heir than Less Favored Localities—An Account of a Strange Malady From Which a Gaspereax Farmer Suffered.

From the Acadian, Wolfville, N. S.

Perhaps there is no more beautiful or picturesque spot in Nova Scotia than the valley of Gaspereaux, in the "Land of Evangeline." Winding its way through the centre of the valley is a beautiful little river, while nestled at the foot of the mountains which rise on either side to the height of hundreds of feet, is the romantic looking little village of Gaspereaux. About two and a half miles from the village resides Mr Fred J. Fielding, one of the most thrifty farmers in this section of the country. Your correspondent called upon him and found a very genial, intelligent and apparently a very healthy looking man. In reply to our question, Mr. Fielding said. "Yes, I was near to death's door at one time, but thank God I am a new man to-day. You see, he went on, that pump in the kitchen, beneath is a well about 20 feet deep, which was the cause, I think of all my illness. I went down last fall (1894) in it to clean it out and was only a short time at the bottom, when I took with a severe pain at the the back of my head and a burning sensation in my throat and lungs, such as caused by the inhalation of brimstone. A sort of stupor also was gradually coming over me when by a huge effort, I succeeded in regaining the kitchen once more. A lighted lamp let down became extinguished, thus showing that the accumulation of gas had caused the trouble. The pain at the back of my head continued to trouble me and one day while working in back field I suddenly lost the use of my left eye, right arm and left leg. At times I could not speak but towards evening I began slowly to grow better. The next day at about the same time I was seized again in the same manner. I now called in our family physician who told me that a blood vessel had burst in the the back of my head. He left me medicine. The pain in the back of my head never left me and I continued to feel miserable. About two months after this second attack while sitting in the post office of the village I was suddenly seized again and getting out my horses and wagon started for home. I had not gone far when the lines dropped out of my right hand and I again found myself blind in my left eye and the right arm and left paralyzed. The horses now carried me home but passed the house in the direction of the barn. My wife thinking I had gone on to the barn paid no attention for perhaps 15 minutes, when she sent one of the children to see what what was keeping me. At this time I was unable to speak and had to be assisted into the house. Before bed time I began to recover somewhat and felt fairly well the next morning, but was again seized during the day in the same manner and the report reached the village that I was dead. Neighbors came flocking out expecting that it was true. As the medicine I had tried seemed to do me no good, I now thought I would try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and by the time I had used six boxes the pain had left my head and I felt as good as new. I now ceased using them for about a month when I thought I felt a recurrence of the pain at the back of my head. I sent again and got three more boxes and used them. It is now about five months since I used the last pill and I have never had a recurrence of the attack, besides I feel myself a new man. I am now 39 years of age, and have always worked on a farm and never enjoyed work better than last summer and autumn and am positive Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me. I now always keep them in my house and when my wife or children have any sickness our resort is to this medicine and always with the very best effect.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are offered with a confidence that they are the only perfect and unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer and when given a fair trial disease and suffering must vanish. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

THE OPENING OF SPRING TRADE

Is just at hand. We are shaping each department of our general stock to be complete in

DISPLAY, VARIETY AND FRESHNESS

To meet the demand and give complete satisfaction to our customers.

Call and See Our Spring Prints.

C. McARTHUR.

Dalglish's Old Stand, Upper Town, Durham.

Robe Tanning!

obe Tanning!

Horse Hides, Cow Hides, Dog Skins, Tanned suitable for

Robes & Coats

By the New Process, which for Finish and Softness can't be beat.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

THOMAS SMITH.

N. B.—To ensure a good job the Hides must be well salted as soon as taken off.

THE

Tea of Teas

KURMA TEA.

A delicious blend put up in ¼ lbs. and 1 lbs. Lead Packages

Sold for 30c. lb.
Sold for 40c. lb.
Sold for 50c. lb.

Try it, and you will be perfectly satisfied.

Also a full assortment of

Crockery & Glassware.

Dinner, Tea & Toilet Sets

At Popular Prices.

J. CAMERON

Hay is Scarce

—BUT—

Money is Plenty.

May be you think it is not, but H. H. MILLER, the Hanover Conveyancer, is lending lots of it at 5½ per cent and on extra good loans at less—Costs low—Terms as any reasonable person may desire.

—H. H. MILLER—

Collects Notes and Accounts—no charge if no collection. Cheap Farms for Sale Deeds, Mortgages, Leases and other writings neatly and quickly prepared at reasonable cost.

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We Handle everything in the Harness line, at right prices.

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Collars, Pads, Bites, Whips, &c., &c.

Heavy & Light Harness

TO SUIT YOU.

Workmanship Unsurpassed.

Fine Choice in Valises, Grips, Horse Blankets, &c., &c.

FURS.

We do the trade in Raw Furs. Highest Price Paid.

C. LEAVENS, Jr.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles. He hopes all sufferers will try this remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York

Know What You Chew

5¢ Plug

10¢ Plug

Be free from the injurious coloring. The more you use of it, the better you like it.

THE THOMPSON & BOND CIG. CO., LTD. MONTREAL.

THE CASH

SYSTEM

ADOPTED BY

N., G. & J. McKechnie.

We beg to inform our Customers and the Public generally that we have adopted the Cash System, which means Cash or its equivalent, and that our Motto will be

"Large Sales & Small Profits."

We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for past patronage, and we are convinced that the new system will merit a continuance of the same.

N., G. & J. McKECHNIE.

Durham, Aug. 9th, '95.

Seeds! Seeds!

New and Fresh Seeds now in Stock from one of the best Seed Houses in Britain per steamer Damara via Halifax.

ALL STAPLE SEEDS.

The Turnip Mangel and Carrot Seeds are true to name and selected. Special attention is called to Carter's Elephant Purple Top Swede. It has been a grand success when the true seed has been sown from the grower the seed is reliable.

HAVE IN STOCK

A Car of Selected Seed Ensilage Corn, Clover and Timothy Seed. 300 Bags Oil Cake of 100 lbs., $1.25 per bag. Large buyers, close prices. Car Land Plaster in Bags. Land Salt in Bags. Fine Barrel Salt.

Hay, Straw and Mill Feed.

H. PARKER,

Druggist & Seedsman, Durham.

Bargains at Wholesale!

The Implement Season is nearly over but we have a few Buggies and Democrats in Stock which we will sell at Cost in order to clear out our Stock any person in need of a

BUGGY, CART OR DEMOCRAT

Come at once and we will surprise you with low prices.

We have a large shipment of Stoves, Cutters and other Fall and Winter Goods on the way and must have room.

The Fall is a good time to buy a

Sewing Machine, Organ or Piano.

We have the famous Raymond Sewing Machines. We have in stock Bell, Karn and Doherty Organs at prices which will suit the times.

Money is going to be scarce this winter, we have arranged to loan any amount of it on good farm security at 5½ and 6 per cent. straight loans.

All kinds of Ploughs, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, Turnip Cutters, &c. in stock at our Show Rooms in Lower Town.

Marriage Licenses issued and Fire & Life Insurance promptly attended to

CALDER & LIVINGSTON, Agents,

LOWER TOWN, DURHAM.