ONTARIO ARCHIVES
TORONTO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. L. Grant—Cash Store.
J. A. Hunter—Hand Over Fist.
L. Torry—Art.

The Grey Review.

DURHAM, JANUARY 24, 1895.

BINNIE IS WARDEN.

WE learn to-day, (Wednesday) that Reeve Binnie, of Glenelg, has been appointed to the highest municipal position in the gift of his fellow-citizens and will occupy the Warden's chair for 1895.

The County Council has honored itself by this appointment and we have very great pleasure in congratulating Warden Binnie on his promotion. Mr. Binnie is a son of the soil, a progressive and enlightened farmer, who takes a deep interest in all that concerns the farming community, and has proved a trusty and capable municipal officer. That he will do honor to the office goes without saying.

Glenelg may not rank highest among the municipalities of the county in material wealth, but she has furnished more Wardens to the square mile than any municipality we know of. County Council, South Grey, Glenelg, Binnie, congratulations again all round.

—The Supreme Court has decided by a majority of three to two, that the Provincial Legisiatures have not the power to prohibit either the sale, or manufacture, or importation intoxicating liquors. These questions, being those of trade and commerce, come, in the opinion of the Court, under the juridiction of the Federal Government. This finding fully sustains the opinion of Sir Oliver Mowat on this question. However as the Supreme Court was not unanimous on any of the points submitted to it. It is probable that an appeal will be taken to the Privy Council for the question is an important one, and it is necessary that the question of jurisdiction as to the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors should be definitely settled.

—The Empire in commenting upon Mr. Ballantyne's speech at the meeting of the Dairymen's Association at Stratford, says, that when the Reciprocity Treaty with the U. S. was repealed and a protection of three cents a pound given the Canadian cheese manufacturer, there was a rapid increase in the number of cheese factories in Canada. This is a most extraordinary confounding of the 'post hoc' with the 'propter hoc,' that is because an incident no. 2, occured after an incident no. 1, therefore incident no 2, resulted from no. 1. Canada is not the market for U. S. cheese, nor is the United States the marked for Canadian cheese. The British market is the market for both, and the law of supply and demand in the Liverpool market rules the price of cheese as it does that of wheat. With the rising excellence of Canadian Cheese, prices increased and factories multiplied.

—The death of Senator Tasse makes the eleventh vacancy in the Senate: Two being in Ontario, four in Quebec, three in N. Brunswick, and one each in Nova Scotia and P. E. Island. Why is this thinsly? as Artemus Ward would say. True, nobody complains because nobody is affected. When a Senator dies his constituency (himself) dies with him. Can it be that these positions are kept vacant until after the elections, when, even if the government is defeated, there will still be time to fill them with defeated aspirants for the Commons? There are just about vacancies enough now to receive the members of the government who have seats in the Commons The delay, therefore, may be due to prudential motives, or is there a plan to let the Senate die a natural death by the death of its individual members? A generation would accomplish this, the expense would get gradually less, legislation would not suffer, and the feelings of the occupants of the senatorial banches would not be wrenched by being asked to vote for their own dissolution. "Let the old cat die."

—France is again next door to a revolution, M. Cassimir-Perier the successor to M. Carnot, and only elected president of the Republic six months ago, has resigned. The wildest disorder has ensued. The Socialists are again noisy and to the front, but not having one among them capable of taking the lead they simply yell and cry, down with the Republic, and Vive L'Anarchie. The Republicans are demoralized and the Legitimists, struggling to to be heard, shout Vive le Roi. One of them, M. D'Asson, ascending the rostrum, waved aloft a document held in his hand, which, he said, contained a resolution to establish the monarchy. Meanwhile the Duke of Orleans has left London and has taken up his quarters at Dover to be near his beloved France, as he said himself, and to be ready to take advantage of any emergency. Surely the French have not yet learned the art of Government. M. Perier is much condemned by the English Press for throwing up his office at such a time as this, when France is in such an unsettled condition as she is at the present time. He justifies his course on the ground that he was maligned by all parties. The immediate cause of the present crisis is said to be the corrupt arrangements made with railways by the Republican majority in the Assembly. $140,000 is said to have been distributed among the members in order to secure their votes in favour of the railway policy. M. Felix Faure has been elected President by a small majority.

—The Annual Meeting of the North Wellington Reform Association was held in Arthur on the 15th inst. Resolutions of confidence in Laurier, Mowat and McMullen were passed with enthusiasm. Mr. McMullen and others made speeches, and we give the following from the speech made by Dr. Landerkin, the only speech given at length in the "Mercury"

Dr. Landerkin was requested to address the meeting, which he did in a speech lasting over half an hour, dealing principally with the tariff question. The first part of his speech was of a humorous character—the doctor has very few equals in that line. He said he only received a telegram yesterday from Mr. J. McMullen asking him if he would come to Arthur and address the convention. He couldn't refuse, as he recognized Mr. McMullen as his leader, both here and at Ottawa. He was a leader he was perfectly willing to follow and all those who would follow his friend would be led in the right direction. He would like to say a few words about the tariff. All who read the papers (and, of course, all Reformers do) will remember the late Sir John Thompson, at the banquet given in his honor in Toronto, promised to "lop off the mouldering branches of the tariff." Well, how did they lop them of? They sent a committee around the country enquiring about trade and see what was wanted. They conducted their enquiries privately, and never published any report. The committee was a farce. The Finance Minister, in introducing the new tariff, dwelt two hours on its beauty and beneficence, and before the bill got through the House was so changed and mixed up with specific and advalorem duties, and special rates to certain manufacturers for certain purposes, and hedged around with certain clauses, that it was so manipulated and mangled very few could understand it. He thought the other day that he would try and study the thing out if possible and he would advise all, especially farmers, to get a copy of it and he was sure any of them who studied it would become stronger free traders, or at least in favor of tariff for revenue only. He read some of the reforms? this beneficent government was doing for them, and especially for the farmers. He selected a hundred articles that they put on the free list, and gave the following, which caused great laughter:—skeletons, moss, leeches, antiquities, fossils, sulphur, brimstone, fiddle strings, hair, gravel, sand, &c., &c.

He wanted to know what in common sense there was in such things to benefit the farmers or any poor man. He brought his remarks to a close by eulogizing Mr. McMullen He had spent a great deal of time in his company at Ottawa, and he could assure them that he was a man worthy of their confidence and support, and he hoped that they would elect him at the next election by the largest majority they have yet given him. He resumed his seat amid loud and continued applause.

THE ANNEXATION OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

The annexation of Newfoundland is not a live question yet in Canadian politics, but the peculiar condition of the island at the present time, the extreme destitution which prevails there, the depreciation of her credit and unsettled condition of her internal affairs, together with the unsettled condition of her relationship with the mother country and the claims of virtual ownership made by a foreign country, France, of a large and important portion of the island, have forced the affairs of Newfoundland upon public attention. Some of the American papers would rejoice to see the Stars and Stripes floating over it. The Canadian Press down East advocates the absorption of Newfoundland into the Dominion, the Globe dreads the large increase of our public debt which would be entailed upon us by such a step, while the London Times says, that Newfoundland's only way out of her present sea of troubles is to become a part of the Canadian Confederation. Undoubtedly the absorption of Newfoundland would be a good thing from several points of view and would round off the Dominion. Her fisheries are the best in the world, and the interior of the island abounds in valuable minerals. But the population only numbers a few hundred thousands, and the public debt reaches several million dollars. Moreover the French claim exclusive rights over 800 miles of the coast lying on the Gulf of St. Lawrence the most important part of the coast line as to fishing, and besides offering readiest access to the interior. This is the real crux of the whole matter. The islanders demand the entire withdrawal of the French settlers and fishermen, bag and baggage, and France claims certain rights on the southern shore of the island which she holds Great Britain is compelled to enforce. This state of things has been a bone of contention between Great Britain and France for many years, nor is the trouble at all likely to be removed by placing the responsibilities of Great Britain on Canadian shoulders. Possibly, with a stable Government in France, and an economical and enlightened Government at Ottawa, some way might be found out of the difficulty. But, as the Globe advises, this is a question in which Canada should hasten slowly.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder Diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by McFarlane & Co., Druggist.

Rheumatism Cure.

The undersigned offers free the following receipt for the benefit of all sufferers from Rheumatism as a grateful acknowledgement of his own cure:—

Nitrate of Potash ½ oz; Alcohol 2 oz; Glycerine 1½ oz; Oil of Wintergreen 20 drops; Liverwort leaves 1 oz: Mandrake root ½ oz.

Infuse the two last separately in water strain through a cloth, then add the other ingredients; this will fill 2 black bottles. A tablespoonful 3 times a day before meals. Cost of ingredients 28 cents.

R. WATSON, sr.
3m Varney.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

ALLAN VS. LANDERKIN.

Editor Grey Review.

Please accord, to a Patron, space sufficient to reply to the strictures of "a farmer who opposes Allan."

Unless my perspicacity is greatly at fault, your correspondent is not engaged in agriculture, and judging by the internal evidence, contained in his production, it will not be necessary to go as far afield as Dromore, to find him. Falsehood is a very venial offence compared to writing anonymously, a letter of the character of said production. Be a man and give your name even if you have made the mistake of opposing Allan and are ashamed of it, as every tiller of the soil should be. Open confession, &c.

Allan is opposed to gerrymandering, he supported the Dominion Government therefore his actions do not agree with his professsons, argues this unknown coward. Both Governments, Dominion and Provincial, and both parties, have carved up the constituencies so as to suit themselves, and each gets a majority, as a consequence, from the province. But mark the difference: Dr. Landerkin and his party hold that when this is done at Ottawa, by Conservatives, it is a wicked gerrymander; but they also hold, that when done by Reformers, at Toronto, it is a fair and honorable Redistribution Bill. Why can not both parties be honest and call the same thing by a similar name, let it be done by friend or oppoent?

Dare the members of the old parties be straightforward enough to act sensibly in positions where friend and opponent do similar things, to apply the same epithet to each indifferently, and not palliate in one what they condemn in the other? All intelligent persons know that both parties have done wrong and will do anything to benefit their party and injure those opposed to them, but to acknowledge this is to get on Patron ground and submit to having "Currie and Mallory" think for them, says that pseudo farmer. He thus admits that his party leaders think for him. By what right have Laurier, Cartwright, Landerkin etc. a monopoly of thinking for their party; also Bowell, Foster, Sproule, etc. to do the same for theirs; are the Patrons to be left out in the cold without leaders to do similarly for them?

The old parties wish the ranks and file to follow blindly and not think, for as soon as they begin to do so they start on a journey the end of which is the Patron Order, and all such, who are not extreme partizans enough to follow their leaders blindly through thick and thin—whether Conservatives or Liberals Grits or Tories—will reach that goal eventually. Many will still stick to the old parties, for no better reason than that they were born in one or the other.

On the tariff question it is claimed that Allan has changed while Landerkin was always in favor of one for revenue only: What about Unrestricted Reciprocity, Commercial Union, Continental Free Trade, Free Trade and other fads, advocated by Landerkin and his party? How foolish for a supporter of the Drs. to raise the Tariff question. Both candidates are in favor, now, of the same thing, but Allan having been a private individual, has not gained as much notoriety as his opponent. Neither has he nor the Conservative party performed so many or such ridiculous gyrations as the man of medicine and his party has.

Allan claims that a man can not be independent and travel on a Railway Pass. His critic says he can, as it is a mere business transaction. Of course it is, an M. P. accepts a Railway Pass and becomes the slave of the corporation issuing it, he has sold himself and his country and is bound to do the bidding of that body, when called upon to do so—his vote and influence is, when demanded, the price he pays for the pass. But there is more of this matter, as the relation of the M. P. to his country financially is to be considered. He gets his mileage puts it into his pocket, sells his country, by accepting and travelling on a Pass, and then his supporters call it a business transaction. So it is, but one in which no honest man could engage.

Patrons do not approve of such business transactions, and their standard bearer, in South Grey, being strictly honest, though a Sunday School teacher and a Temperance man, voices their sentiments and they will support him in spite of the venomous attacks and special pleadings of an army of anonymous scribblers.

WM. GORSLINE.

Durham, Jan'y 21st, 1895.

To the Editor of Grey Review.

SIR—I noticed in your issue of Jan. 10th an article over the signature of Elector No. 2 commenting on Mr. McNichol's speech at Corinth re Sunday printing. He also passed some remarks on Mr. Allan, Patron Candidate, on same subject.

Now if Elector No. 2 is referring to Mr. Allan's speech at Corinth I must say as one who was present, that he is sadly mistaken, as Mr. Allan never mentioned Sunday printing in a semi-tragic manner or any other manner.

What Mr. Allan said about printing was to this effect "just on the eve of the last Local Election literature was spread broad-cast through some of the Townships of South Grey commenting unfavorably on Mr. McNichol's past history, over the signature of "A Farmer or such like." This Mr. Allan condemned.

Now Mr. Editor the nom de plume in this case may not be a criminal offence, but to say the least it is not manly and I see by your two last issues they are at it again. It seems to me the idea of such is to give the character of some person a damaging blow, then jump behind the screen of a nom de plume and have some innocent one blamed. Now is not an action like this tainted a little with cowardice?

My opinion is, and always has been, that if a person has an accusation to bring against any individual and is not manly enough to tell him it to his face, or on the platform, and had to put it in print he should invariably sign his own name to it and perhaps save some innocent person from carrying the blame all his days. In this, I think I will be backed by all fair minded people.

Thanking you Mr. Editor for so much space, I remain,

Respectfully Yours
THOS. MILLIGAN,
Bentinck.

Editor Grey Review.

Having read the article from the pen of a Dromore Farmer(?) we paused a moment to consider it, and arrived at the conclusion, that it was one of the most insulting and contemptible peices we have read for some time, reflecting as it does on the Patrons here and elsewhere and their worthy candidate, Mr. Allan, whom we claim to be a genuine Farmer and will make an efficient Farmer's representative. In the article in question, they refer to the strength of the Lodge room system of secrecy. We can only refer them to the majority for McNichol at the last election. At the same time, we are no more secret than the parties in their committee meetings. Who ever heard of a Grit committee meeting being open to the public, or a Tory admitted to the number? No one. Only a few chosen ones are admitted. Then that poetical selection "Perish all that fears the light" etc. fits the party caucus hard they shrink from the light, which the Farmer's party have been spreading throughout the land.

And then again, these "Big Push" party men have (not being content with besmirching the good record of Mr. Allan and the Patrons) turned their dark and ignorant minds to the Patron meetings, where they say "young and innocent girls were thrown into the company of men of all grades of morality, usually found in country places. Meetings which have all the demoralizing tendencies, with *none* of the pleasures of the dance."

Evidently they mean by this, that the men who compose the Patron ranks, are the scum of the earth, generally composed of reprobates, vagrants, convicts, escaped jail birds, &c. Will any Patron for one moment think of so far belittling himself as to do what these writers have done in last week's issue of the REVIEW. Oh! then, ye poor, blind, ignorant, benighted, deluded, half-civilized, atrocious specimens of the human race, can you then be so inexpressibly narrow in your minds, as to imagine your fellow-men guilty of any such conduct as you have insinuated in the above paragraph. You evidently believe in dances. We wonder if those with whom you ever associated as dancers, have ever imagined that in you were slumbering, such ingenious, selfish, demoralizing, motives as your words above have indicated you to be capable of cherishing in the inner recesses of your dark hearts, as the Poet has written "he that evil thinketh, evil doeth." Then Mr. Ed. we can the more readily conceive the dark purposes, and motives which appear to be brooding in the breasts of these dark and prejudiced writers.

We say this is an insult that should stir up every pure minded ratepayer of S. Grey to united action, and an endeavour to maintain pure and honest principles.

Thanking you Mr. Editor for the space allowed.

The Executive of Freedom Ass., P. of I.

THE PRESBYTERIANS

In town held their annual business meeting on Monday last The day was a disagreeable one and many country members were prevented from coming. However a large number were there, and having read or heard the various reports, criticized, discussed, questioned and passed them in a harmonious manner. The congregation is making steady progress in all directions. The retiring managers were re-elected, and other officers remain the same. Except one, Mr. R. Parker, who, for six or seven years has led the psalmody, has resigned, much to the regret of the congregation who value his services very highly, as the address in another place will show. The ladies of the congregation prepared a sumptuous repast in the basement the disposing of which occupied the time nicely between the business meeting and the intellectual part.

Mr. Jansen occupied the Chair. The Choir sang sweetly and received many compliments. Rev. Mr. Flagg on a somewhat short notice was present and made a happy speech.

Rev. Mr. Pomeroy had been detained by wind and weddings two things which could not be controlled, but acknowledged the invitation to speak in a brief and humorous manner. Mr. Jansen questioned Mr. Pomeroy's statement about the wind, and cited Holland as an example of the control of wind power by windmills, &c. but hinted that the wind power of some of its inhabitants was not so easily managed.

The address of the evening was given by Rev Mr. Munro, of Harriston, always a favorite here, and adding to his reputation every succeeding visit. The subject of his remarks was "Temptation," and earnestly did he urge resistance thereto that strong natures might be built up. He took Jno. B. Gough and Quincey as examples of men who knew their weakness, yet were not able to resist temptation. The young men were frequently a temptation to each other and the duty of all was clearly to see that not only should they shun temptation themselves, but be careful that they did not put a stumbling block in the way of others.

Mr. Campbell in a few well chosen words introduced the address to Mr. Parker drawn up by a committee appointed by the Congregation. After general all round votes of thanks and the benediction by Mr. Flagg all went home, satisfied with the entire features of the annual meeting of 1895.

On Tuesday night upstairs and downstairs were swarming with a little army of delighted children. They did ample justice to the table, of course, and ample credit to themselves and their trainers in the after performance. Mr. Allan was in the chair and called off song, recitation, dialogue and concert music for an hour or more. The piece of the evening was those 8 whitewhed little tots with their candles, in the good night piece. It was "too cute for anything" and ought to have warmed every heart. A dialogue by Misses Maggie Munro, Jessie Hunter, Birdie Crawford and Violet Blackburn was well done. Indeed there was much to praise and nothing to condemn. A package of oranges and candies delighted the little hearts on their way home.

Below we give the address to Mr. Parker. At the afternoon meeting a warm congregational vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Parker, and a committee appointed to draft an address. This was read by Mr. Campbell in the evening, and, though taken by surprise Mr. Parker made a most appropriate and touching reply, referring to the many acts of kindness he had received and the pleasant associations he had formed, which he now severed with regret.

To RICHARD PARKER, Esq.,
Musical Director,
Durham Presbyterian Church,

RESPECTED AND DEAR SIR,

On behalf of the Members and Adherents of this Congregation, who have to-day learned of your resignation, we desire to express our heartfelt regret for a decision on your part which involves our separation as choir leader and people.

For the past seven years we have joined with pleasure and satisfaction in the service of Praise in this church, the efficiency of which has been largely due to your painstaking care and unselfish efforts.

Not only have you been prompt and regular in your attendance on all the Sabbath services, but you have always been ready to sacrifice your own personal convenience in order to assist in all special services when the choir was needed at home and abroad.

Your personal character has won for you the respect and esteem of all our people. Possessed of a good voice, a good knowledge of music, a genial disposition and patient forbearance, you are in our opinion peculiarly fitted for the position which you have filled so acceptably. Our choir has been, under your able leadership efficient, harmonious and united.

While respecting the motives which prompted your resignation, we deeply deplore the loss we sustain by your departure We shall miss not only your familiar voice, but your Christian fellowship as well. We hope that if we do not again have the pleasure of joining with you in the Service of Praise as Congregation and Leader here below, we may all unite in the joyful anthems of the Blest in the heavenly choir above.

Wishing you and your esteemed family all temporal and spiritual blessings, we are, Yours in Christian Brotherhood,

N. W. CAMPBELL.
CHARLES RAMAGE.
THOS. MCGIRR.
Com.

"It requires a good deal more than an ordinary storm to lay up Dan Campbell, the Durham and Walkerton stage driver. He made his trip yesterday, as usual though some others failed, his being the only stage to reach Walkerton.

Bargains! Bargains!! Bargains !

OUR STOCK OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES
is complete.
NEW GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.
Fair Dealing with living profits must be our guiding principle. Call and examine our Goods. We do not sacrifice any line but we sell at the lowest possible prices.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.
C. McARTHUR,
Dalglish's old Stand, - - Corner, Upper Town, Durham.

PEOPLE'S MILL.
Having thoroughly overhauled and refitted these Mills, we are now prepared to do all kinds of custom work to the satisfaction of the public.
CHOPPING A SPECIALTY.
HEWSON BROS.
Durham, Aug. 8th, '94.

JACKSONS.
DAVID JACKSON, Jr., Clerk Div. Court. ARTHUR R JACKSON, Notary Public
LAND VALUATORS,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
COMMISSIONERS.
Money to lend. Money invested for Parties. Farms bought and sold.
CONVEYANCERS.
A general financial business transacted.
Office next door to Standard Bank, Durham.

What People Want
Is value for their money.
We don't claim to be the largest Store in Durham, but we do know it is the cheapest place to buy your
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES.
Every article is sold on its own merit. We don't cut prices to make a sale, but we give good value in every line for
Cash or Produce.
As our expenses are small we can afford to sell cheap.
TEAS A SPECIALTY.
A quantity of Dried Apples wanted to fill an order.
—REMEMBER THE PLACE.—
DAVIDSON & Co.
Upper Town, Durham.

WANTED Local and Traveling Salesmen to handle our Hardy Canadian Grown Nursery Stock. We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Our nurseries are the largest in the Dominion—over 700 acres. No substitution in orders. Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or part time agents. Write us.
STONE & WELLINGTON.
(Head office) Toronto, Ont.
(The only nursery in Canada having testing orchards.)

WATCHES,
SILVERWARE.
A. GORDON, SIMCOE. A. GORDON, JEWELLERY. Leading JEWELLER, UPPER TOWN, DURHAM.

Boar for Service.
THERE will be for service at lot 7, con. 2, (near Varney cheese factory) Normanby, a thoroughbred medium Yorkshire boar, from imported stock. Terms, 75 cents.
W. H. LEESON, Prop.
November 28th, 1894.

THOROUGHBRED STOCK FOR HIRE.
The undersigned offers the undermentioned Stock for hire, and would recommend his brother Farmers to use the same, as the demand now is for Long Lean Meat and not the heavy fat meat of the Berkshire. A cross on Berkshire sows would be very suitable. Circulars issued by the Wm. Davis & Co. Pork Packing Establishment, Toronto, recommend the large Yorkshire and the Tamworth as the best kinds of swine for the Farmers to breed.
FROM CANADIAN
Tamworth Swine Record.
BRIERY BANKS DUDE. (NO. 170.)
Farrowed March 16th, 1894. Bred by Caldwell Bros., Orchardville, Ont. 2nd owner, Alex. Taylor, Dromore, Ont. Sire Roland 23, dam Amber Sarah 44, by Ingersoll Dude, imp., 12. Middleton Minnilda, imp., 32, 2828, by Middleton Monarch 1461; 3 Middleton Mab 2024 by The Squire 649; Middleton May 1556.
FROM CANADIAN IMPROVED
Yorkshire Swine Record.
BRIERY BANKS SULTAN, (NO. 1291.)
Farrowed March 25th, 1894. Bred by Caldwell Bros., Orchardville, Ont. 2nd owner, Alex. Taylor, Dromore, Ont. Sire, Briery Banks Dandy, 898, dam Miss Emma, 505, by Klondyke Tom, 24; Beauty, 99, by Snowflake, 254; Lady Bird, 45, by Holywell Wonder 2nd, imp., 3, (711) Hilda 8, by Holywell Victor, imp., 1, (512); Holywell Victoress, imp., 1, (725) by Holywell Duke, (227); Blemish 3rd, (346) by Snob, (141); Blemish 2nd, (94) by Holywell Jimmy, (222); Eva by Samson 6th, (123.)
FEE—75c. Cash or $1 Insured.
ALEX. TAYLOR.
Dromore, Jan., 1895.

HARNESS! HARNESS!
Farmers and others attention.
For a Set of Team, Single, Double Driving or Plough Harness in all kinds of mounting and style, or for Sweat Pads, Whips, Blankets, Bells, Curry Combs, and anything in the way of horse furnishing call and inspect my complete stock.
Single Harness from $10.00 up.
THOMAS SMITH.
CASH FOR HIDES AND TALLOW.

A RARE CHANCE.
Prof. Chamberlain,
of the Philadelphia Optical Co. of Toronto, will visit
Our Store
Wednesday, Jan. 30th.
For the purpose of fitting Spectacles.
The following testimonial speak for itself:
Letter of recommendation from one of the Company of Archdale Wilson & Co., Hamilton's reliable wholesale druggists:—
HAMILTON, ONT., May 2nd, 1893.
Mr. E. R. Carpender, Collingwood:
DEAR SIR.—In reply to your enquiry in reference to L. G. Chamberlain, Eye Specialist, I can say that I have seen a good deal of Prof. Chamberlain through Manitoba and the West, and the 40 druggists with whom he has been doing business speak very highly of him, both to his manner of dealing with customers and his ability in his line.
Yours truly,
A. McD. WILSON.
DONT FORGET THE DATE.
MacFARLANE & Co.

BIG 4,
UPPER TOWN, DURHAM.
1895—Bargains.
25 in. Grey Flannel 12½c
25 in. All Wool Heavy Twell Grey Flannel 16c
25 in. All Wool Grey Flannel (superfine) 20c
28 in. All Wool Grey Flannel (superfine) 20c
Flannelettes from 5c up.
10 oz Cottonade (great value) 25c
Fine All Wool Dress Serges, Double Fold 25c
30 in. Heavy Grey Wincey 10c
Factory Cotton at the lowest prices.
Men's Heavy Kip Long Boots hand made $2 85
Men's Casco Calf Lace Boots in cork soles $2.25
Men's Casco Calf Congress Boots in wide toes $2.25
MEN'S & BOYS'
Rubbers & Socks.
Ladies & Childrens Shoes
At incomparable prices.
Come with the crowds.
BEAN & Co.

PARK & Co.
BANKERS.
Transact a general Banking business. Money loaned to farmers and others on reasonable terms. Interest allowed on special deposits at current rates. Also
FIRE & LIFE
Assurance Policies issued.

The Cash System
ADOPTED BY
N., G. & J. McKechnie.
We beg to inform our Customers and the Public generally that we have adopted the Cash System, which means Cash or its equivelant, and that our Motto will be
"Large Sales & Small Profits."
We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for past patronage, and we are convinced that the new system will merit a continuance of the same.
N., G. & J. McKECHNIE.
Durham, Aug. 9th, '94.

Cutters & Stoves.
For the finest line of Cutters of all descriptions, Portland Cutters, Piano Box Cutters, Latest Styles. Prices from $25 upwards.
For the finest line of Stoves, Cook Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Box Stoves, Furnaces, Double Heaters, &c., go to
Calder & Livingstone,
Lower Town.
Also Insurance Agents, Money to Loan and Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

McKENZIE'S
Emul'n of Cod Liver Oil.
This Remedy is highly recommended by the Medical Profession for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all Throat and Lung troubles and is most valuable in cases of Consumption, General Debility, Scrofula, night sweats and all wasting diseases of young and old. Large Bottles 25c.—5 for $1. Express paid to any part of Canada. The letter below from Mr. A. D. Browning, an employee of the well known firm of N. G. & J. McKechnie, Durham, explains itself.
McKENZIE'S
TONIC COUGH SYRUP.
For ordinary cases of Coughs and Colds we guaratee this to give satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. per bottle. The letter of recommendation from Mr. Jas. A. Clarke, one of Durham's business men, speaks for itself.
Durham, Jan. 14th, '95.
Mr. Arch. McKenzie, Durham.
DEAR SIR:—I have used your Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and feel it my duty to let the public know that it has more than given me satisfaction. I can recommend it to all my friends as one of the best remedies I ever used and also wish to draw attention to the Price, 25c. per bottle. I am resp'y yours,
A. D. BROWNING.
Durham, Jan. 14th, '95.
Mr. Arch. Mckenzie, Durham.
DEAR SIR:—It gives me great pleasure to give you a testimonial for your Tonic Cough Syrup. I have used a great many cough Mixtures but find your Tonic Cough Syrup the best for an ordinary cold I ever used.
JAS. A. CLARKE.
These Preparations are sold only at ARCH. McKENZIE'S Drug Store.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES STATIONERY, Etc., Etc.
CALDER'S BLOCK DURHAM. ARCH. McKENZIE.