

of plunder. Not a few whose dead bodies lay in the doorways of the buildings were caught looting sellers of military stores. Some have been the Arabs; others have been the Semites; some have been to murder every Giaour and Turk, which runs east from Tin, the same name, and then due South (the place Melville) a house being left unburned. Throughout quarter desolation reigns; are strewed with debris the looters. At this turn over the corps of an Arab, his dead and stiffened watch or a high chaste another, just within the charred entrance to what magnificent mansion, lies with the hideous carcass of his unclosed eyes up, his swollen tongue protruding from his blubber lips, seek hidden in the fatty cord by which he had all this ruin, there unmercifully ruined of its after still preserved vestige left inside to tell the sacred building had not a mere, had suffered such work. Two of us in the ground had exchanged the walls of the plumed and after edifice. Atoned of all grace this quarter at the Inter- and the Anglo-Egyptian Telegraph Office had the dead body of one face downwards on the ground and mangled, told all so many who were murdered on the bombardment 3,000. Of those who hundred and twenty of these had a hand and fought at great fifty-three Euros entrenched themselves by a garden and a Meidan, between the Custom House, a howling mob of and mingled, the lives and prodded. Their number than 800 or 1,000, supplied with am- ridges, kept up such fierce fire that in a bay dead in heaps, was ripe for a sudden salvo leading down to Port Vieux, and as chain, got clear that they were taken.

In the salvo, as our foes that they number, though or less severe that they killed. Being determined to the lives of the and the Christians body of marines taking gams and rimes, numberingough such of the possible. They stopt out for them. Rue de Colonne far-street); which met Ali, through marine, they came under robbers' eyes. To have one would have therefore, given a Gattin gun did fearful exciting them down broke and fled, volleys from which completed to the slough the blue jacks, on whom firing several bloodthirsty the course of the Arsenal drowning shot. This and last nights, during summary judg- the scoundling those four weeks, and others only looting. Except for incendiaries entirely de-

strength of his army is variously estimated; but at any rate it is stronger than first accounts led us to suppose. One account places his strength at four regiments of infantry (1,500 regulars), one regiment of cavalry (with 800 horses), 36 Krupp guns, and 12 mitrailleuses. Two deserting officers from his forces have taken refuge in Cairo, and claim that he has eight regiments of infantry, four batteries of artillery, and one of mitrailleuses.

#### AFFAIRS IN ALEXANDRIA.

Although it is gratifying that the first reports of the second massacre and the burning of the city are scarcely borne out upon closer investigation, yet the reality is bad enough. Long lines of streets are still burning; clouds of dense smoke envelop the city; corpses of slain Europeans, including many women, are floating about in the harbour; thousands of persons are homeless and starving; and refugees who have been hiding in the dismantled fort or in the ruins of the pillaged houses, continue to be found on all hands. To prevent a pestilence large bodies of men are employed in burying the dead with every possible despatch. The Khedive is taking, under the advice of Admiral Seymour, steps to re-establish order, and will immediately issue a proclamation declaring the city to be under martial law. An enforcement of martial law is under his name, and the British authorities act in his behalf.

The grain market has been reopened to meet the demands of local consumption, and the orderly inhabitants are being invited and encouraged to resume their normal occupations. The English sailors flogged ten Arabs who had been guilty of committing arson and pillage; and five men publicly shot. Four were guilty of murder, and one was a spy. A few venturesome Arabs are still firing houses in secluded parts of the city; but such fires are soon suppressed. Last night a foray of Bedouins into the city took place, and a number of loyal Egyptian soldiers were killed. The Bedouins were repulsed. The American marines were cordially co-operating with our sailors in maintaining order, and appear to be the only other power that is disposed to do more than play.

Alexandria, July 18.—Plenty of mules have also been landed. The English force is thus ready to move at a moment's notice.

The "Northumberland" with 700, the "Tamar" with 91 marines, and the "Salisbury" and "Aigencourt" have arrived. The marines will land at the Gabbari Fort, and the two regiments of the Ramleh Palace.

#### OUTSIDE ALEXANDRIA.

Port Said, July 17.—Arabi Pasha is said to be only fifteen miles from this place. He is also said to have some troops near Suez and close to Ismailia. An immense number of refugees are here. Many more women and children are expected. The sturdy Europeans are imperfectly armed with revolvers and sporting guns. They fear they will be attacked by a large force of Bedouins, who, it is stated, are assembling in the desert. There are also 1,500 Arabs at Fort Quedam six miles hence, throwing up earthworks. Three British, four French, and two Italian men-of-war and one Spanish war ship are in the harbour. The Governor is loyal to the Khedive, and the Egyptian Colonel, who commands 250 men, is suspected of disloyalty.

Alexandria, July 17.—Bad news comes from the interior, the details of which are very meagre. The anti-European fanaticism is awakening all round, and murder is the result. Refugees from Cairo report that a Holy War is being proclaimed and that the Europeans are being massacred in Tanta, Mansura, and Zagazig, where a consul has been killed.

The ironclads "Minotaur," "Sultan," and "Temeraire" have arrived off Aboukir to prevent Arabi Pasha cutting the Canal dykes. A white flag was hoisted directly the ships appeared. It is said that Arabi Pasha has appointed Ali Fami, the notorious Anglophobe, to command the force intended to look after the Suez Canal. His intentions are evident.

#### SCENES IN CAIRO.

Cairo, July 17.—Seven hundred and fifty Europeans, mostly Italians, with the Italian Consul and an escort of forty soldiers left here on Saturday. The German residents and the German Consul left on Friday. Both parties have arrived safely at Ismailia.

Anarchy prevails in the provinces. It is reported that eighty Europeans have been massacred at Murtah.

London, July 18.—There is a temporary lull even in the tide of rumours, but none in the warlike preparations, unless, perhaps, a report that the Government has informed shipowners that it will not require to hire any more transports. But the Government fleet of transports at present in England is already large enough to carry over an army of 20,000 men, including cavalry and exclusive of stores, siege guns, horses and ammunition. The warships now at Gibraltar, Malta, and Cyprus will be utilized to carry the infantry and engineer companies now at these stations to their various destinations in Egypt. The troops en route from Cyprus and those still to leave that island are four companies of the first Battalion Royal Sussex Regiment (late 35th Foot) with a detachment of the Royal Engineers. These will be brigaded with the Naval Brigade at Port Said, and will look after the gatlings and the field artillery. From Malta the regiments ordered are the 1st Battalion Lothian Regiment (late 1st Royal Scots), the 1st Battalion South Staffordshire Regiment (late 38th Foot) 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders (late 75th Foot) 2nd Battalion Manchester Regiment (late 69th Foot), 3rd Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps (late 60th rifles), and the 17th Company Royal Engineers. This contingent is under the command of Major-General the Hon. Percy R. Basil Fielding, C. B., now commanding a brigade at Malta. Sir Garnet Wolseley will be commanded by Sir Evelyn Wood as his Chief of Staff, an important command being also intended for Colonel Resi-

vers H. Buller, V. C., C. B. C. M. G. of South African fame.

Alexandria, July 18, noon.—For the first time since the bombardment began we quieted a quiet night—that is to say, quiet by comparison. Of course there have been Arabs and mongrel Italy—Egyptians arrested for espionage and a pistol firing. But there has been no alarm from without, and no fear of major disturbances from inside the walls. Fear, however, are chiefly for Cairo, on which Arabi is said to be retreating. The Governor of that city is loyal, but the troops cannot all be depended on, and there is an ugly spirit at work. Several ineffectual attempts have been made to fire the town. The Europeans are not unfrequently insulted.

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#### MOTHERS! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night by broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the agonizing pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of the new and wonderful SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. The Syrup is a pure, strong, and safe drink which has been used it, will not tell you at once that it is good for the bowels, and give rest to the mind and body, and cure the toothache, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases of toothache, and the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold every 25 cents a bottle, 25c.

#### BIRTHS.

McKEEVEN—In Remington on the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. J. McKeeven, a son, 25 lbs. 10 oz. MCGILLIVRAY—In Remington on the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. Neil McGillivray, a son.

EISCHLEIN—In Mariborne on the 11th inst., the wife of Mr. E. Eischlein, a daughter.

GARDNER—In Dundas, on the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. J. Gardner, hardware merchant, of a son.

HILL—In Mariborne on the 5th inst., the wife of Mr. John Hill, carriage maker, of a son.

#### DEATHS.

MCKEEVEN—In Remington on the 18th inst., Julia, daughter of the late Donald McKeeven, aged 29 years.

MCKEEVEN—In Glenelg, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. Letoch, Eastern Highlands, aged 29 years. Deceased was a native of Iona, Argyllshire, Scotland.

GO to Mowat's. Lower Town, Durham, for Window Glass. 200 Boxes, direct importation, just to hand.

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Both Open & Covered Carriages, and guarantees satisfaction in all its branches. Nothing but first class material kept.

Repairing promptly attended to. Before going elsewhere give him a fair trial and be satisfied.

EDD. McCRAKEN, Manager.

June 6, 1882.

DURHAM MARKETS.

DURHAM, July 19th, 1882.

Flour, per 100 lbs. . . . . \$0.00 to \$3.25

Corn Meal . . . . . 2.50 to 3.25

Shorts. . . . . 0.80 to 1.00

Oats . . . . . 0.60 to 1.00

Oatmeal . . . . . 2.75 to 2.75

Fall Wheat, per bush. . . . . 1.16 to 1.20

Fall Wheat, per bush. . . . . 1.16 to 1.20

Spring Wheat . . . . . 1.16 to 1.20

Oats . . . . . 0.40 to 0.42

Poas . . . . . 0.00 to 0.60

Hay, per ton . . . . . 12.00 to 15.00

Hides . . . . . 7.00 to 8.00

Sheepskins, each . . . . . 0.25 to 0.50

Butter, per lb. . . . . 0.15 to 0.17

Eggs, per dozen . . . . . 0.17 to 0.17

Wood, dry, per cord. . . . . 1.25 to 1.50

Wool, per lb. . . . . 0.18 to 0.20

FALL FLOUR . . . . . \$3.00 per 100 lbs.

Mixed Flour . . . . . 3.00 "

Spring Flour . . . . . 3.00 "

Graham Flour . . . . . 3.00 "

Cracked Wheat . . . . . 3.00 "

Shorts . . . . . 0.80 "

Bran Feed . . . . . 70 "

Oats . . . . . 75 "

Mixed Chops . . . . . 1.10 "

Oatmeal Seeds . . . . . 15 per bag.

Dust . . . . . 10 "

Fall Wheat, per bush. . . . . 9.75 to 10.00

Spring Wheat, per bush. . . . . 18 to 20

Tub dairy . . . . . 15 to 17

Eggs, per dozen . . . . . 18 to 19

Potatoes, per bag. . . . . 1.50 to 1.60

Turnips, per bush. . . . . 40 to 45

Hay per ton . . . . . 10.00 to 14.00

FALL WHEAT . . . . . \$0.00 to \$6.50

Oatmeal per barrel. . . . . 6.00 to 6.50

All Wheat . . . . . 1.00 to 1.10

Trundwell Wheat . . . . . 1.00 to 1.10

Spring Wheat . . . . . 1.00 to 1.10

Banary . . . . . 0.50 to 0.60

Oats . . . . . 0.40 to 0.42

Potatoes per bag. . . . . 0.60 to 0.65

Butter . . . . . 0.80 to 0.90

Eggs . . . . . 0.18 to 0.17

Wool per lb. . . . . 0.18 to 0.16

Sleep skins . . . . . 0.18 to 0.20

Lamb Skins . . . . . 0.75 to 1.00

Hides per cwt. . . . . 0.25 to 0.30

Hay . . . . . 10.00 to 12.00

JUST ARRIVED

#### A NEW STOCK OF

Wall Paper,

—AND—

Window Blinds,

Of the Latest Styles, Cheap for Cash,

Butter or Egg at the

SCHOOL BOOK DEPOT.

T. JONES.

Upper Town, Durham.

216

JUST ARRIVED

REVERE HOTEL,

MARKDALE.

T. SPROULE, — Proprietor.

This Popular Hotel has had a large

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