

Mohammed Tewfik Pasha, the New Khedive of Egypt.

His Highness Mohammed Tewfik, who has succeeded to the vicereignty of Egypt, by a decree of the Ottoman Empire, upon the forced abdication of his father, Ismail, was born on Nov. 10, 1852. He is the sixth ruler of Egypt in the dynasty of Mohammed Ali Pasha, who was appointed Viceroy or Governor in 1805, and who, in 1841, got the Sultan, with the Five Great Powers of Europe, to settle the hereditary principle of his own family. Ali had rebelled against the Sultan, encouraged by the French Government of that day, and had made himself absolute master of the country. He was succeeded in 1848 by his son Ibrahim Pasha, who lived but two months after his elevation. The next ruler, Abbas Pasha, a son of Mohammed Ali's second son, reigned but six years. In 1854 he was strangled by order of the Sultan, as a punishment for attempted treason. Said Pasha, a third son of Mohammed Ali Pasha, succeeded on the death of Abbas; but Said died in 1868, upon which his nephew Ismail Pasha, second son of Ibrahim, born in January, 1829 became ruler in his stead. This is the "Khedive" who has recently been deposed, that title of two syllables being conferred upon him instead of "Vah" by an Imperial firman of 1866. At the same time, the law of succession was altered from that which had been established in 1811. Instead of succession devolving as heretofore, according to the usual principles of Mohammedan law, upon the senior male descendant of the founder of the dynasty, it was to go to Ismail's eldest son, and thenceforth in the same order of primogeniture, excluding the other branches of Mohammed Ali's family. This favor was granted to the Khedive, in 1866, by Sultan Abdul Aziz, in consideration of a large money payment, but in violation of the ancient and sacred law, and of the convention with the Foreign Powers. The consequence of that arrangement of 1866 is the present accession of Tewfik, instead of Ismail, a fourth son of Mohammed Ali, now about fifty years of age, and reputed a much abler man.

Our Cairo correspondent says: "It would be premature to speculate on the prospects of Egypt under the new regime, as the Prince has not hitherto been prominently brought forward. He held office as Minister of the Interior for some time, before the fall of the late Ismail Pasha; but the position gave little scope for displaying his capacity, as he was coupled with a councillor or adviser, some hard-headed official, who really did the work, and was actually responsible. The Prince's short presidency of the Council of Ministers did not prove a success; but he could not have been an independent agent under the circumstances. In private life he is very much esteemed, and is popular among all classes and nationalities. He is a strict and consistent Mohammedan, without being a fanatic; and, though he has not had the advantage of a European education, like his brothers, he is exceedingly well informed and conversant with the topics of the day."—Illustrated London News.

Operation of the Socialist Law in Germany.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—From a tabular statement just published as to the operation of the Socialist law up to the 30th of June last, it appears that during the first nine months of its existence no fewer than 647 prohibitions have been issued in conformity with its provisions. Prussia, of course, heads the list, with a total of 304 repressions, 66 applying to societies and the rest to various kinds of political and other publications. The number of clubs and societies, however, dissolved by the Berlin police is trifling in view of the 55,000 Social Democratic associations registered in the capital at the last Imperial elections. After Prussia comes Saxony, with a total of 159 repressions, representing 63 societies and 93 publications of various kinds, a bill of slaughter which is comparatively moderate in consideration of the fact that this industrial kingdom is the nursery and headquarters of the revolutionaries, and that of nine Social Democratic clubs sitting in the Reichstag Saxony contributes half a dozen. Next in order is Hesse Darmstadt, which has been visited with thirty-three arrests, Brunswick with fifty-five, and the free City of Hamburg, another nest of German nihilists, with twenty-seven. In Catholic Bavaria, curiously enough, only eighteen publications and societies have been suppressed, in Wurttemberg eleven, and in Baden eighteen—a result which almost constrains one to see some justice in the contention of the Vatican that the Church is the least friend of the State, though whether on positive or negative grounds it were, perhaps, too uncourtous to inquire. The remaining repressions are distributed among the smaller States of the Empire, but there must still be a solid statistic of those who have suffered under the lesser state of seige clause in the law of October.

REMARKABLE ATTACHMENT OF GOLDSMITH M.A.—Recently, (Lindsay Cochrane, who has for many years been the fattening ground of Goldsmith Maid, the famous trotter, arrived from California, and wishing to see the grand old trotting mare and her colt, called on Mr. Smith, the owner, to obtain his permission to visit Fashion Stud Farm, in New Jersey. Mr. Smith accompanied Cochrane to the farm, and on arriving there remarked, "Charlie, the Maid is jealous of her colt, is very cross, and will permit no one to approach it." Cochrane arranged that Goldsmith Maid should hear his voice before she saw him, and, although they had not seen each other for two years, a loud whinny presently assured the visitors that the mare had recognized the old man's voice. Cochrane next showed himself, when a touching scene occurred. The old queen of the turf, who for months would not allow anyone to approach her, making use of both heels and teeth, if it was attempted, rushed with a bound to her old friend, pressing even her nose against his face, and then she turned round and looked at her old master with a face, playful with his whiskers, and she met her every action that her heart was full of joy to see him. Directly the colt came up to him, and the old man was delighted to see Charles placed his hand on the little fellow. When Cochrane left the place the mare followed him to the gate, whinnying for him even after he had passed out of sight.

A Highlandman's Good Cheer.

SHERIFF M'KELLAR'S CHRISTMAS PRESENT TO THE MARQUIS OF LORNE—Gaelic Correspondence.

When Mr. Sheriff M'Kellar, of Hamilton, who is an inveterate man, heard of the Marquis of Lorne's arrival in Canada, he succeeded in procuring—through the kind offices of Major Martin, of Tillyrie East, county of Kent, which Mr. M'Kellar represented in Parliament for many years—a brace of the finest wild turkeys that could be had in that region. These were forwarded to His Excellency in time for his Christmas dinner, with a Gaelic letter, a copy of which is subjoined, together with the reply which His Excellency was graciously pleased to make, in the same language:—

SHERIFF M'KELLAR'S LETTER.

Do 'N Ard Dhuin Uasal, Sir Ian Caimbeul, Mòrthair Lathagan, Agus Ard-Uachtaran Chianada:—

GUM FITEADH E TAINNACH L'ER N'OIDHEACAS:—

The mi gabhail denach d a clur d'ur ionnannail fa chomhair Latha Nollag, a tha dluth air lann, da Chloisich Furanach, a cium agus gum faie sibha gine cunlaith fhialaich a tha ann an tir os.

The does agus gu'n gabh sibh iad mar chomharradh air an urram agus an dil-seachd a tha mi 'g altram a' na a' thobair N-Orduireacs fein agus 'ur Ceile Biog-lach, nighean ar Ban-righinn gladhhaichte.

Gum bitheadh sibh ann an seallbhadh slainte agus mor shonrae iomadh buadhan, a e iartas crithe.

'Ur Seirtheach uimhal, GILLEASBUIG MACLELLAIR, Frar de tathuinnir Intha-Aoradh, Baile Mor HAMILTON.

An t-reas fa fheadh de 'n darra Mios d'ug, 1878.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

Tigh an Bhaighlaidh, Ottawa.

An ceithirinn la thar fhichead de 'n darra Mios d'ug, 1878.

Tas 'n Proum Uachtaran ro thainneach le lath chianadaich, Manachair MacEallan, a' sealladh arson an fhadle Ghaidhealach a' chuir e da ionnannail. Tha e cur mar oirre mar ghluist 'os an de mhanair lathair.

Aoradh a' chianach e' da fhineas agus da' ann an an T' sagaidh 'Ur, agus mar dhearbhadh air a' gladh d' ur Bhan-righinn, a tha air altram to slangh na duthchas. LATHAIRSE.

A Rich Man on Riches.

The following story is told of Jacob Ridgway, a wealthy citizen of Philadelphia, who died many years ago, leaving a fortune of five or six million dollars. "Mr. Ridgway," said a young man with whom the millionaire was conversing, "you are more to be envied than any gentleman I know." "Why so?" responded Mr. Ridgway. "I am not aware of any cause for which I should be particularly envied." "What, sir?" exclaimed the young man in astonishment. "Why, are you not a millionaire? Think of the thousands your income brings you every month!" "Well, what of that?" replied Mr. Ridgway. "All I get out of it is my victuals and clothes, and I can't eat more than one man's allowance, or wear more than one suit at a time. Pray, can't you do as much?" "All, but," said the youth, "think of the hundreds of fine houses you own, and the rentals they bring you!" "What letter am I off for that?" replied the rich man. "I can only live in one house at a time; as for the money I receive for rents, why, I can't eat it or wear it; I can only use it to buy other houses for other people to live in; they are the beneficiaries, not I." "But you can buy splendid furniture, and costly pictures, and fine carriages and horses, in fact, anything you desire." "And after I have bought them," responded Mr. Ridgway, "what then? I can only look at the furniture and pictures, and the poorest man who is not blind can do the same. I can ride in a carriage in fine carriages than you can in an omnibus for five cents, without the trouble of attending to drivers, footmen and hostlers; and as to anything I desire, I can tell you, young man, that the less we desire in this world the happier we shall be. All my wealth cannot buy me a single day more of life—cannot buy back my youth—cannot purchase exemption from sickness and pain—cannot procure me power to keep off the hour of death; and then, what will all avail when, in a few short years at most, I lie down in the grave and leave it all for ever? Young man, you have no cause to envy me."

Celery.

No vegetable improves more on acquaintance than celery. It is sometimes objected to its cultivation by farmers that there is too much labor about it, and this was a serious objection when the fashion was to cultivate it in trencles requisite for the dwarf and medium varieties, which are really a little more crisp, solid, and better than the giant. It can be grown with little more labor than a crop of cabbages, and as it adorns the table, tickles the palate and tones the stomach, it deserves a wider cultivation by farmers than it has yet secured.

Smuggling has become so common along the St. Clair that the smugglers go and come just as it suits them. The beauty of the matter is that the smugglers are all strong protectionists.

MISLAIN.—Some gentlemen of a Bible Association calling upon an old woman to see if she had a Bible, were severely reproved with the spiritual reply, "Do you think, gentlemen, that I am a heathen that you should ask me such a question?" Then addressing a little girl, she said, "Bun and Ietch the Bible out of my drawer, that I may show it to the gentlemen." The gentlemen declined giving her the trouble, but she insisted on giving themocular demonstration. Accordingly, the Bible was brought, nicely covered with cloth, and on opening it the old woman exclaimed, "Well, how glad I am you have come! Here are my spectacles, that I have been looking for these three years, and didn't know where to find 'em."

TRUSSES!

All kinds and sizes, Single and Double, Supporters, &c., at KIERNAN & HUGHSON'S.

Shoulder Braces for Ladies and Gentlemen, a Large Stock.

School Books of all kinds, Drugs and Chemicals.

of the best quality. LIQUORS for Medicinal purposes. GROCERIES, good and cheap, at

KIERNAN & HUGHSON'S, MEDICAL HALL, LOWER TOWN.

Durham, August, 21, 1879.

MONTHLY CATTLE FAIRS. Durham—Third Tuesday in each month. Friesville—Monday before Durham. Hanover—Monday before Durham. Mount Forest—Third Wednesday in each month.

Geoph—First Wednesday in each month. Harrison—Friday before Geoph. Drayton—Saturday before Geoph. Elora—The day before Geoph. Douglas—Monday before Elora Fair. Hamilton—Crystal Palace Grounds, the day after Geoph. Berlin—First Thursday in each month. Brampton—First Thursday in each month. Lisford—First Friday in each month. Fergus—Thursday following Mount Forest. Rosemont—Fifteenth of February, April, June, August, October and December. Primrose—Wednesday preceding the Orangeville Fair. Orangeville—The 2nd Thursday in each month. Flesherton—Monday before Orangeville. Dauphine—Tuesday before Orangeville. Simsbury—Wednesday before Orangeville. Manawick—Second Wednesday in each month. Walkerton—The last Wednesday in each month. Millburg—Last Wednesday of each month.

DURHAM DIRECTORY. TENNIS CHURCH. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Rev. H. W. Wray, B. A., pastor. Church Warden, H. J. Muddaugh and Elias Edge.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Divine Service every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Bible Class every Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. Wm. Park, pastor.

C. METHODIST CHURCH. Services every Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Bible Class every Thursday evening at 7:30. Pastor, Rev. J. Godfrey.

BAPTIST CHURCH. W. Grant, pastor. Sunday Services—preaching at 11 a. m.; Sabbath School at 10 a. m.; Praying meeting at 7 p. m. Week evening Services—Monday evening, young people's prayer meeting at 8 p. m.; Wednesday evening, Bible class at 8 p. m.; Thursday evening, regular prayer meeting at 8 p. m.

S. G. LIGHTS OFFICE. Thomas Lander, Registrar. John A. Munro, Deputy Registrar. Office hours from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

MECHANICAL INSTITUTE. Town Hall—open every Friday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock. Shows of animals for sale. Alexander Robertson, Librarian.

POST OFFICE. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Arch. McKenzie, Postmaster.

DURHAM LODGE No. 36 of A. E. F. & S. M. Night of meeting, Tuesday on or before full moon of each month. Visiting brethren welcome. A. Vollet, W. M. H. W. Mackie, secretary.

S. STEPHEN LODGE No. 100 I. O. O. F. Night of meeting every Monday at 7 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. T. A. Harris, S. G. W. B. Vollet, Sec.

DURHAM L. O. L. No. 62. Night of meeting, Thursday on or before 1st moon in each month. J. Carson, Sec.

TORONTO, GREY, AND BRUCE RAILWAY. CHANGE OF TIME. On and after MONDAY, 5th May, 1879, trains will run as follows:—

TORONTO (ONION STATION). Depart, 7:30 a. m., 11:30 p. m., 2:40 p. m. Arrive, 10:0 a. m., 5:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m.

ORANBOWVILLE. South, Depart 7:15 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m. and Arrive, 11:0 a. m., 4:45 p. m., 8:15 p. m. North, Depart, 11:30 a. m., 4:45 p. m. Arrive, 11:15 a. m., 6:20 p. m., 10:00 a. m.

OWEN SOUND. Depart 6:30 a. m., 12:00 noon. Arrive 1:00 p. m., 10:15 p. m.

TEBRANTON. Depart, 6:00 a. m., Arrive, 6:30 p. m.

For time at intermediate stations see Time Table. J. H. MANNING, General Manager.

Toronto, April 29th, 1879.

NO ARMISTICE

War, War!

With the Cretan Saw against all kinds of Saw Logs during 1878.

Custom Sawing of Lumber AND SHINGLES.

done at once, and cheap, to suit the times.

SHINGLES, LATH AND LUMBER on hand and sold at down hill prices.

J. W. CRAWFORD, Rockville Mills, Durham P. O.

BEST

Business you can engage in for \$25 to \$50 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities.

Particulars and samples worth \$5 free. Improve your spare time at the business. Address: STROBEY & Co., Portland Maine.

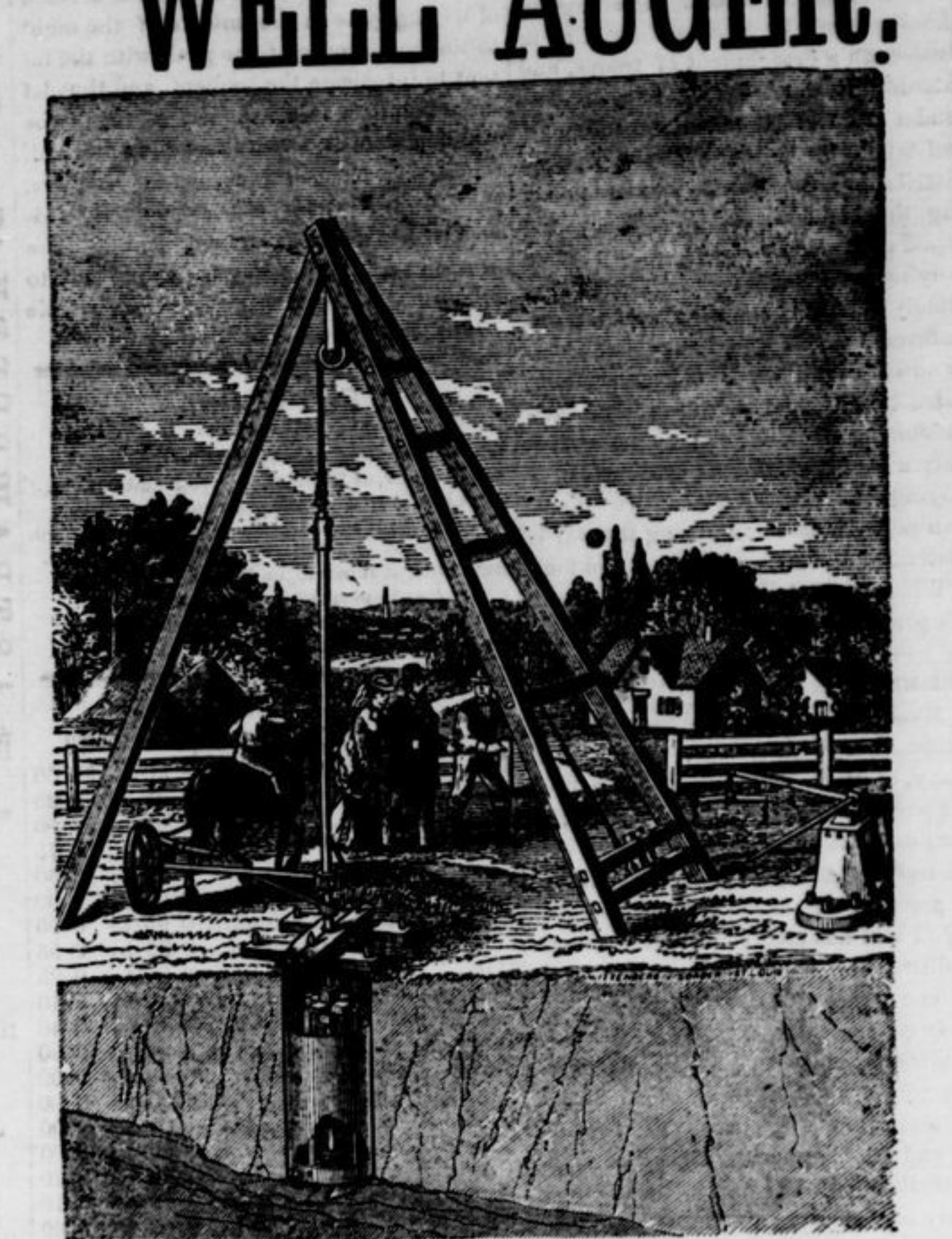
Buy It! - Try It!

As usual we have a large Stock of Fines and Flannels which we will exchange for Wool or sell cheap for cash.

ADAMS & MESSENGER, Hanover, May 22, 1879.

\$25 to \$50 PER DAY

CAN ACTUALLY BE MADE WITH THE GREAT WESTERN WELL AUGER!



WE MEAN IT, and are prepared to demonstrate the fact.

FOUR AUGERS are operated entirely by HORSE POWER, and GUARANTEED to bore at the rate of 10 to 15 FEET PER HOUR.

They Bore from 3 to 6 Feet in Diameter, and ANY DEPTH Required!

They are WARRANTED TO BORE SUCCESSFULLY IN ALL KINDS OF EARTH, SOFT SAND and LIMESTONE; BITUMINOUS STONE COAL SLATE, and HARD PAN, and make the BEST OF WELLS IN QUICKSAND, GRAVEL, and CAVY EARTHS.

They are Easily Operated, Simple in Construction, and Durable! The Cheapest and Most Practical in the World!

MANUFACTURED AT OUR OWN WORKS, from the Very Best of Material, by Skilled and Practical Workmen.

GOOD ACTIVE AGENTS Wanted in Every County in the United States and Canada, to whom we offer liberal inducements. Send for our Illustrated Catalogue, Prices, Terms, &c., proving our advertisement *non sibi*.

GREAT WESTERN WELL AUGER WORKS, St. Louis, Missouri, U. S. A.

LADIES

Before purchasing Elsewhere don't fail to see our Stock

MILLINERY

Fancy Dry Goods.

E. & A. DAVIDSON, Durham, May 15th, 1879.

JOHN CAMERON

WOULD NOW INVITE THE LADIES TO COME AND EXAMINE HIS NEW Fashionable SUMMER STOCK

Consisting in part of the following:

The Royalist Trimming especially shaped for collars & cuffs PATENTED CHINILLA NECK TIES, MUSLIN TIES, NET TIES, LACE TIES, FRENCH FANS, FANCY FANS, DAMASK POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, NEW METAL DRESS BUTTONS, & A LOT OF SUN SHADES, All of which will be sold at very low prices.

JOHN CAMERON, Durham, May, 15, 1879.

WM. JOHNSTON, Jr.,

(Agent for the sale of all kinds of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Mowers, Reapers, Sulky Hay Rakes, Laidlaw & Stewart's Improved Gang Ploughs, &c

The Subscriber is agent for the sale of the celebrated MOWER manufactured by the TORONTO REAPER & MOWER COMPANY.

ALSO Note and Book Accounts collected on reasonable terms.

OFFICE: At Kiernan & Hughson's Store, Lower Town DURHAM, Durham, April 4, 1878.

WOOL! WOOL!

The Subscribers wishing to return thanks to their numerous friends and customers for their patronage in the past would remind them that they are as usual prepared to do

Carding, Spinning & Manufacturing, in the best possible manner and on the shortest notice. We are also prepared to pay the

Highest Market Price in Cash, FOR WOOL!

As usual we have a large Stock of Fines and Flannels which we will exchange for Wool or sell cheap for cash.

ADAMS & MESSENGER, Hanover, May 22, 1879.

"Grey Review"

38 COLUMN PAPER

and contains a vast amount of interesting READING MATTER,

LOCAL AND FOREIGN

MARKET REPORTS,

AND EDITORIALS

The Large and rapidly increasing Circulation of the

"GREY REVIEW"

in the Townships of Glenselg, Bentine Normandy, Egremont, Proton, Armesina Osprey, Melanethon and other Townships makes it one of the Best Mediums for Advertisers

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Price \$1.25 per Annum, If not paid in advance,

POSTAGE FREE.

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Job Department,

OF THE "REVIEW" PRINTING OFFICE

is now fitted up in the very best style, and Possesses great Facilities for doing all kinds of

WORK.

AGENTS, READ T

Having lately made an addition to our type, parties wishing

Geo. J. Matthe Cabinet Ma

UPHOLSTERER, and UNDER Garrafraxa Street, DURHAM

Wood Turning of all kinds done to order on short notice

Watson Bros. Carpenters and Bu

PLANS and Specifications for Schools, Churches, and private Houses, Sash and Blinds made to order. A. P. & C. W. Egremont, Jan., 1878.

The British Hotel, D

HAVING been thoroughly repaired and put in first-class order, it is now open, and will receive the patronage of the public.

A LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT has been opened in connection with the hotel, and will receive the patronage of the public.

Formerly Master Shoemaker in the 1st Regiment, and now in the 2nd Regiment, J. TOWNSEND, Durham, August 7, 1879.

W. CALDWELL Boot and Shoema

SOUTH END, Durham, has commenced the new line of work, and will receive the patronage of the public.

The very best material used, superior to anything in the country, and work in the principal cities of the United States.

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