school of opinion, in other words, just

Then in quarters where faith

still placed in the value of the Lea-

gue and of collective security, Mr.

Dexter says the cry is that the agree-

ment is built on a betrayal of Ethio-

pia and the collapse of all principle

DANGEROUS GROUND: None of

he Quintuplets could have minded

very much when their favorite doctor.

Allan Roy Dafoe, last week declared

that Yvonne is the brightest of the

five. Intellectual competition among

females never is very fierce, but when

comes to the question of who's the

best-looking - oh, boy! We're afraid

Doc Dafoe has started something by

saying that he thinks Annette's the

REALISTIC FRIENDSHIP: That

Canada and the United States should

enter into a treaty for mutual defense

- an agreement that one nation

would go to the aid of the other in

case of emergency - is urged editor-

jally by a prominent American news-

paper, the New York News. "We know

that we're already friends," the ar-

ticle declares; "what is needed is that

our friendship should take on a more

Coming down to the particular, it

advocates that the United States

agree to use some of its fighting ships

for Canadian defense by sea, while

Canada should see to it that the St

Lawrence is adequately equipped with

Such an agreement would prove in

valuable to us in Canada, should the

British navy be engaged in defending

Great Britain or Britain's Mediterran

ean or South African sea routes, and

not be able to come to our aid in case

STALEMATE. Japan, drawn further

and further into Chinese territory, and

spending terrific sums in an attempt

to consolidate her gains, is coming to

admit that the campaign in China has

reached a stalemate. Reverses that

past couple of weeks in Southern

Shantung Province, Southwestern

Kiangsu have been unprecedented for

the Japanese. The real facts of the

shattering defeats they have suffered

are facing bitter criticism and denun-

ciation. Grave undest is making itself

doesn't trust Mussclini.

save that of expediency.

prettiest!

of attack.

NOW THEY'RE ALL COMING: | ed for from the agreement. This The little Anglican church at Herb Lake, 80 miles northeast of The Pas. Manitoba, was crowded last Sunday as evening services began. Sunday before, you could have counted the congregation on the fingers of two hands. Reason: the hour of service was set back sixty minutes in order to permit the people of the district to listen to Charlie McCarthy at seven o'clock and come to church at eight.

Said Rev. Percy, the clergyman: "Our people just weren't coming to church, Now, Charlie McCarthy is a blockhead, but he does give whole some entertainment, and that kind of entertainment is too sadly lacking in many a settlement of this kind - he was worthy considering."

A LONG SESSION: Reconvening after the Easter recess, the House of Commons at Ottawa is facing a huge amount of work which means a long. long session. Some of the things to come up: the Budget, Canada-U. S. trade agreement, Transport Bill, ports of Commissions including the National Employment Commission, report on the penetentiary probe. These with others are all matters of mom-

REASON FOR HASTE: Now that Italy has concluded her conversations with Britain and the new pact has been signed, Mussolini is turning very quickly to France in the hope of settling Franco-Italian differences before Hitler comes to make his visit in Italy on May 3rd. He isn't even asking that France first restore ful diplomatic relations between the two countries (by sending an Ambassad " to Rome)

Because when Hitler comes to Rome next month ready to lord it over Mussolini and force him to fall in with his wishes, the Duce will have two trump cards in his hand-the agreements with Britain and France. Nice work

THEY DON'T AGREE: Grant Dexter, correspondent in Great Britain for the Globe and Mail and the Winnipeg Free Press, declares that the two large political groups in England are questioning Prime Minister Chamberlain's foreign policy, in particular, the new agreement with Italy. The centre wing Conservative sentiment, as typified by the Yorkshire Post, he says, views the settlement coldly, pointing out that while the pact may be good on the surface, it is doubtful if it can penetrate the depths. The Post suggests that the terms of the pact are too broad and too vague, leaving so many loopholes that little can be hop- felt throughout the country.

Reforestation

Group Formed

Conservation Aim-Ontario As-

sociation Seeks to Curb

Destruction

The Ontario Conservation and Re-

forestation Association, a province-

wide organization designed to promote

reforestation and conservation, was

formed at a meeting of representa-

tives from several reforestation zones

in various parts of Ontario held in

Reeve James Rennie, of Markham,

was named president of the new asso-

ciation. Other officers: Vice-president,

W. H. Casselman, Chesterville; secre-

tary, W. H. Porter, London; treasurer,

Will Survey Reforestation Zones

York County last week.

W. W. Gardhouse, Weston.

Removal of Fears Aid to Treatment

Medical Patients Should Be Adiusted to Life - Worries and Fears Said To Cause Digestive Trouble

Removal of causes of fear and worry is an important factor in the treatment of many diseases, Dr. Martin E. Rehfuss, Professor of Clinical Medicine at Jefferson Medical College, asserted at the Philadelphia County Medical Clinic.

"Plan deliberately." he said, "to help your patients adjust themselves to life. If you could only write a few large cheques and correct marital disturbances, you would find the sick stomachs of your nervous patients amazingly quick in taking up their work.

People Are Worrying

"With the stock market out of sight, politics a question mark, and future security a matter of doubt, people are worrying. And I know from 30,000 fluoroscopic examinations that digestive disturbances of the most diverse nature can occur from nervous condi-

"Find out if your patient likes his wife, likes his work, and if he spends more than he earns. Campaign deliberately to adjust him to his environ-

The possibility of error in hasty liagnosis was pointed out by Dr. Geo. E. Pfahler of Graduate Hospital, when he flashed one clinical X-ray photograph on the screen. "There's no one in this room," he declared, who would not diagnose cancer from this picture. But it isn't that at all. It's a mass of peanut butter sandwich that the patient ate contrary to instructions."

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* The **BOOK SHELF** By ELIZABETH EEDY

"INTERMISSION IN EUROPE" BY VERNON BARTLETT

"Intermission in Europe" tells you first hand of exciting events of German Revolution; of war in the Polish Corridor; of the nerve-shattering night when the votes were counted in the Saar Plebiscite; how Mussolini snubbed Hitler publicly during the historic meeting in Venice; of the March on Rome; of Haile Selassie in Geneva; of Dollfuss' assassination and funeral; of experiences in war-torn Spain; of tense, smoke-filled rooms behind the scenes at Genoa, Stresa and Geneva.

are just now beginning to leak out The turning-point of the war appears Mr. Bartlett has been present at a to be at hand, while at home the mili great many history-making scenes. tarists who threw Japan into the war and remembers them well.

From personal knowledge Vernon Bartlett, can, in a sentence, provide the key to the personalities of Hitler, Goering, Goebbels, Attaturk, Schuschnigg, Mussolini, Eden, Litvinoff, Dr. Salazer and others.

"Intermission In Europe" - by Vernon Bartlett. Oxford University Press, Toronto, \$2.75.

"KING GEORGE VI" BY HECTOR BOLITHO

No hard feelings will be engendered by Hector Bolitho's account of the life of the present occupant of Buckingham Palace. "England does not ask for a scholarly king or a witty king, one who lives in glamour," the narrative affirms. "We are a domesticated people, and when we pass Buckingham Palace we are happy, and we feel safe when we know that within there is a married couple joined together in unanimity and peace."

Mr. Bolitho's dignified chapters cover the childhood and education of King George VI, his war experiences, his marriage and his coronation. The conclusion: "He is king because he satisfies the twentieth-century conception of monarchy."

"King George VI" by Hector Bolitho - 257 pp - J. B. Lippincott Company, Toronto, \$2.00.

Canada's Gold Output Ahead

February Production Shows Gain Over Last Year

The production of gold in Canada during February amounted to 340,-838 ne ounces compared with 361,-086 in the previous month and 310,-074 in February, 1937. London prices averaged \$35.06 per ounce during the latest month, in Canadian funds, the value of the output being \$11,497,780. In the previous month prices averaged \$34.90, the total being \$12,601,901.

Production by Ontario operators in February totalled 210,448 ounces, of which 93,249 came from the Porcupine camp, 73,704 from the Kirkland Lake area and 43,495 from other sources. In January the Porcupine camp produced 99,948 ounces, Kirkland Lake area 82,866 and other sources 40,053. Quebec produced 70,879 ounces against 76,865 in the previous month.

Jewellery and scrap receipts at the Royal Canadian Mint in February contained 1,286 cunces of gold; the gold content in February, 1937, was 1,711 ounces.

May Subsidize iron industry

New Zealand Would Go Into **Business of Steel** Merchants

A bill providing for the establishment of an iron and steel industry as a state monopoly in New Zealand, has been introduced in the House o Representatives, at Wellington.

It is proposed to finance the industry by authorizin, the reserve bank to invest a sum not exceeding \$20,000, 000. The control of the industry would be in the hands of three com missioners under the direction of the minister of industries, D. G. Sullivan.

To Train Own Men Mr. Sullivan expected the initial full production would be reached in two years and this would amount to about 85,000 tons of finished steel annually. This would still necessitate importing about 75,000 a year from England and Australia.

The proposals are based on a report by the firm of Brassert and Company, of London, consultants, who would be asked to supervise the technical operations until New Zealand had trained its own men.

The proposals presumably refer principally to the development of iron ore deposits at Onekaka and Nelson

### Survey Is Planned Of Iron Discovery

Ontario Mines Department to Investigate the Potentialities of Finds In Northern Ontario.

TORONTO. - Thorough survey of the potentialitites of the reported new hematite (iron ore) discoveries ten miles northwest of Fort William will be made by the Department of Mines Hon. Paul Leduc announced last week.

The new finds are being developed by private capital, and in some quarers are viewed as a continuation of the famous Mesabi range of iron which in past years contributed so much to the development of Duluth and other United States cities on Lake Superior.

The Government's survey will probably be made by a member of the geologists' branch. It will pretty well determine the extent of iron ore bounty aid which the Province will contribute, if asked, to the development.

The Mines Department has been watching the situation closely, particularly in view of reports that the ore can be produced for marketing without beneficiation.

THE EMPIRE

THE WORLD AT LARGE

PRESS

CANADA

### CANADA

Peak of Crime Wave

It is said that rural crime is on the increase at the present time. We thought skulduggery reached its peak in the country each year about the time the harvest apples ripen.-Peterborough Examiner.

The Other Extreme Ontario's automobile markers are

to be yellow and black for 1939. Now listen to those fellows who have been criticizing the 1938 markers say the new ones look like smallpox placards. -St. Thomas Times-Journal. Going After Tourists Although it lies a bit off the beaten

path, Prince Edward Island is beginning to share in the proceeds from the tourist traffic and when the Provincial Legislature met recently, was declared in the Speech from the Throne that the tourist business "The Island" had shown a rapid de velopment.-Brockville Recorder and

Living Without Working

Can anyone doubt the point that it would be better to spend even more money and get something in return rather than spend what is being spent today without anything being done except to proclaim to the world that thousands of people are living on direct relief and must take their living without working? The millions of dol lars that have been spent to keep people in idleness will remain one of the tragedies of the non-production period in Western Canada. It is not too late to make a start .- Regina Leader-Post.

Canada In England

A straggling English settlement nestling along a winding Hampshire lane, has but 200-odd inhabitants, but they are proud of being called Cana-

About 78 miles from London, the village has houses, church, public house, one store and a blacksmith shop all cluttered along a single

The village got its name in strange way. More than 50 years ago when thousands were migrating to Canada, there was a minor back-tothe-land movement in Hampshire. About 20 families settled in this area. Huts were built by the pioneers and the land broken for cultivation.

When the question of naming the settlement was debated, someone pointed out that those there were settlers just as much as the people who had migrated to the Dominion. "Canada" was the name chosen .- Municipal Review of Canada.

### THE EMPIRE

Fair Share of the Load The vastness of the burden of Empire defence which Britain has thus

assumed must arouse questionings whether Australia, in proportion to her wealth and population, is doing enough to provide for her own pro- interior of the building, will illustrate tection. We are rebuilding the defences which were allowed to fall in- | toric interest and a dozen dioramas to disrepair during the depression, will tell the story of Canadian indusbut our effort is small compared with | tries, sport and education. The Cathe tremendous effort which Britain | nadian railways and manufacturers is putting forth-an effort which she | throughout the Dominion will also cannot, unaided, maintain indefinitely. | contribute to the exposition. Other considerations apart, the claim which Australia and the other Dominions make to consultation on foreign policy implies that they must be read; to take a fair share of the load which is now falling so heavily in the Motherland .- Sydney Herald.

### China Can Win

Ever since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese war-the Japanese have at least now attained the distinction (sic) of being the initiators of the "undeclared war" era-the Daily Press has held that, powerful military and naval Power though she be, Japan, in embarking on a campaign of conquest | stand. in China, had set out on what is certain to culminate in national suicide. 'hat view has been expressed on many occasions, not as a piece of propaganda, but because such has always been and still is our firm conviction, based on several irrefutable factors, . . . Japan evidently considers the "China Incident" sufficiently grave to warrant

the mobilization of the nation's entire resources, although she has repeatedly denied that the measure will be used during present hostilities. The Mobilization Bill, in the existing circumstances, will probably prove the proverbial last straw which breaks the camel's back, and it may be confident ly expected that-provided the Chinese maintain their resistance - the Japanese masses will, before a year from this date, have openly rebelled

### Game Of Baseball Played On Moon

In Imaginary Game-Hitter Has To Circle Bases Six Times To Get Home Run; Put Fly 1,500 Feet High.

The Hayden Planetarium of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, this year beat the gun on opening the 1938 baseball season by "broadcasting" an imagin-

ary ball game on the moon. The setting was realistic, 2,000 feet of painted close-ups of the moon's surface which the planetarium is showing. The announcer was Professor William H. Barton, Jr who is a baseball fan as well as as tronomer.

Field Mile Long ing to a shadowy area behind a moon crater. "It is a mile long and half a mile wide.

"It is in the shade because in the sun the temperature is the boiling

"That's the field," he said, point

point of water. "The first batter smacks a long fly. Up and up goes the ball, 500-1,000 -1,500 feet. A fielder catches it quarter of a mile away.

"The next batter smacks a homer He makes first base in three strides. He goes 30 feet with each step-12 steps to circle the bases.

"But he goes around again. On the moon the rule is six times around the bases needed for home run. Just 72 strides.

rulers .- Hong Kong Press.

### 30-Foot Leaps

The moon is so small its gravity is one-sixth that of earth. A 150pound man there weighs 25. But with a ball player's muscles he can run in 30-foot leaps. A player like Ty Cobb would be expected to steal second in two jumps-45 feet each.

Players would need oxygen respirators. But there is speculation whether creatures living on the moon for a million years might condition themselves to do without respirators. Recently astronomers have suggested that some color changes may be vegetation, and that maybe there is just a little rarefied atmosphere.

The rate of disintegration of the element uranium, into helium and lead, furnished science with one of the most accurate historical clocks for measuring the age of the earth.

## Dollfuss Children in Exile in Switzerland



Above is the first picture to be made of Rudi and Eva Dollfuss, children of Austria's assassinated Chancellor, as they grow up in exile in Castle Middes, Switzerland. Their mother is also at the castle.

### Push a Button To See Canada

At Empire Fair—Exhibit at Glas-gow to Be Unique Feature

GLASGOW.-Canada will play a conspicuous role in the United Kingdom's greatest exhibition since Wembley, 1924-25, which opens its Empire display May 3, backed by a guarantee fund of \$3,750,000.

The Canadian pavilion covers 24,-000 square feet. It is built of Canadian lumber on a framework of British steel. Flanking the entrance are two eight-foot figures of Canadian youth. Surmounting the pavilion is a 100-foot tower.

### Illuminated Map

A feature of Canada's display will be the largest illuminated map in the Empire. By pressing on buttons visitors will be able to light up such features of Canadian life and developments as mines, outposts of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

airports and cities. Thirty-five panels in black and white, forming a balcony round the Canadian buildings of public and his-

### Germany Issues Jewish Reader

"First Book" Starts Where Anti-Semitic Premier Stopped-Instructs In Jewish Question

Julius Streicher, Germany's leading anti-Semite, this week issued his "first reader," which he said in his newspaper, Der Stuermer, was intended to struct Germans in the Jewish question by pictures and stories easy to under

The book, picking up where Strelcher's anti-Semitic "primer" left off. contains seventeen stories with such titles as "What Happened to Inge at the Jewish Doctor's" and "How a Jew Treats His Female Servants."

Outlining the book's purpose, Der Stuermer said:

"If the German people are to remain protected in the future from the dangers into which the Jew has tumbled it in the past, every German must be impregnated thoroughly with knowledge about the Jew."

"Bad People" Are the Jews The stories in the Streicher reader contain observations such as: "There are good people and bad people. The bad people are the Jews."

This occurs in the opening chapter, where a mother is teaching her son against the madness of their military how to distinguish between edible

mushrooms and poisonous She gravely explains to the boy how "just as one poisonous mushroom can kill a whole family, so can one Jew ruin a whole ci'y-even a whole na-

### 4-Year-Old Hums 3,000 Musical Airs

Detroit Boy Who Is Mental Marvel Has Encyclopedic Know-

A mental marvel at four, George Lovett, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lovett of Detroit, can hum the airs of 3, 000 musical compositions, including the themes and overtures arias and His knowledge of geography is com-

prehensive. George can tell the poplation of the world's largest cities, name state capitals, the boundaries of any state, and waters surrounding any nation in the world. At any time, he can tell the exact hour in any of a dozen -cities scattered around the globe. With knowledge a sports editor might envy, he names baseball stars, their teams and batting averages off glibly. In an off-hand manner, he can recite the Declaration of Independence, the preamble to the Constitution of the U.S., name planets and tell their distance from the earth, and tell

what nation raises the most wheat His father, a musician, says he the gan months ago, picking up things ht heard us say. We have never allow ed him to become commercialized." George has a sister and a brothet both older, who betray none of the brother's abnormal mental traits.

### Cancer Toll

Cancer deaths in Canada are show ing a steady increase and the malady is now taking a toll of 1,000 deaths per month, Dr. J. S. McEachern, Calgary, chairman of the Canadian Medical Association's Committee of Callcer Control, told a city health exposi tion in Vancouver last week. British Columbia, Dr. McEachern said, had the highest death toll of an

province in Canada. Dr. F. R. Menne, professor of Path ology at the University of Oregon, told the meeting that although the disease had been known and recognized since 1500 B.C., its cause and

cure were still virtually unknown.

MASON REMEDIES LIMITED

Among resolutions adopted was one recommending that the provincial government be approached to obtain leg-

islation preventing the destruction of tree growth and asking that the cutting of small trees be controlled. The government will be requested to make a survey of all reforestation zones in the province. At present the province is divided into five zones. Wallace Gallinger, mover of the resofrom these surveys was the percentage of municipally-owned land, the percentage of submarginal land suitable for reforestation, and the extent

and condition of waterheads. This new organization will co-operate with the game and fisheries department and horticultural and other societies interested in soil conserva-

### Centre of London Boasts A Farm

A farm of 25 acres, charmingly situated among old trees beneath which Cromwell's men are said to have sheltered, and watered by a stream along which Queen Elizabeth sailed in her State barge, is for sale.

It all sounds beautifully ruralbut actually the farm is right in London, England, less than five miles from Charing Cross. No farm is closer to the centre of the city. Continental trains pass its boundaries within a few minutes of leaving Victoria. In the summer hay-making can be seen in progress almost before passengers have had time to settle

down in their places. The farm is on the Belair estate, in Dulwich, which was owned by the lution, stated that information desired late Sir Evan Spicer.

### Uncle of King of Egypt Visits Laboratory



Hussein Sabry Pasha, right, uncle of the King of Egypt, visits the "House of Magis" at Schnectady, N.Y., accompanied by Dr. W. D. Coolidge, director of the laboratory.

# British Scientists Aim For Greater Air Speeds

Than Those at Present-Look to drawing this turbulent layer away, 500 Miles Per Hour-Exports Grapple With New Problems Created In Aviation.

Statements made in the House o Commons by Colonel Muirhead, Undersecretary of State for Air give promise of even greater air speeds than those at present. Indeed, it seems possible that these afr-speeds will shortly cross the ratio at which only a few years ago scientists believed the human frame would collapse under the strain.

British scientists, Col. Muirhead declared, were looking forward to speeds of 500 miles per hour and more within a comparatively short time. The Minister revealed one of the

methods which will assist in obtaining such speeds, explaining that the air immediately adjacent to the airplane wing surface oscillates violently instead of flowing smoothly over it constituting a turbulent boundary layer retarding the aircraft's speed. Experiments are now under way to

correct this impediment by artificially

thus smoothing out the flow of air over the wing surfaces. New Problems

At and above the 500-mile-per-hour speed, a new range of problems has to be faced, more particularly the compressibility of air, and new experiments with the wind tunnel are necessary to furnish vital data on these. One of the latest heavy bombers now in service, an Armstrong-Whitworth "Whitley" monoplane, named the Whitley IV, is showing distinct improvement over its predecessors, the Whitley I, II, and III, the latter having a speed of 212 m.p.h., while the Whitley IV is a great deal better than the III.

While full details are not yet available the performance of the latest type can be estimated through the inforr 'ion that the Whitley I weighed approximately 22,000 pounds and had a range of 1,500 miles with a heavy bombing load.

A-C

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