# jays Worry Plays Havoc With Health

e Day at a Time Right Way to Live, Cleveland Scientist Advises.

ne of the hardest things to do in life of modern civilized man is "to trile, Cleveland, eminent surgers author, in addressing a large gate g of the Local Council of Women he Academy of Medicine, Torona "Life's Impacts and the Adults

How much time have any of year but the generation ahead," " Because if we press too hard things too difficult, step-up nosition of trying to draw a trust an air eagine."

Bookkeeping For Each Day e bright child should be kept bore r than pressed forward, lest & develop beyond its mental gth and disaster will result, ha d. And the adult should recupwhat he is, and take something the "doctrine of acceptance," to

would be a fine thing for all of we could take an inventory of lay, keep books, as it were, and o settle each day on its merita ere is a loss, well, take it. And min-all to the good! Make earch end before the night begins, and day has been a failure, charge , and do not fret about it," he ed. Modern elvilized man works ay and worries all night, and it is retting and anxiety as much as resoure which plays havor with

# tience Sometimes s Extraordinary

People Do Jobs Which Reire Years of Exacting Work 17 Years to Count 2,000,000

these restless days patience & fed to be rate. But in actual here are still many people with splay pagience of an extraordkind. Astronomers at the Umpayvatory of South Africa, for sle, spent more than sevente us making a sky map on which esitions of two million stars

Nearly a Million Stars

cen astronomer in Johannes pent twenty years in measuree distance from the earth of ars. Star counting is no work e impatient, and among those ave achieved remarkable feasts direction is Miss Ethel Bed f Oxford University Observaho, with the assistance of her ms fixed the position of near-

men whom we regard as one are remarkably patient in their per beliefs. One of as a man from Bath, with to prove that the earth is often slept in his chair at a that he might be ready to e sky when the opportunity After long study he arrive conclusion that the sun wos thin ten miles across acid

th all this parlent study wars. utile effort, this man, a Min. bleyele free wheel, an weighter reachine, and are

## er Parenthood rthwhile Career

ent Attachment Often Deps From Relationship

of careers open to persons bould include foster parentme care of the Chicago of Social Agencies. The e, which is launching a to acquaint the public opportunities of this careent. es of persons who had found y took under-privileged chalto board, not only eash reon, but usefulness and talents in home-making.

Made It A Vocation ment attrehments often die om the foster-mother reitr said Leon H. Richman, trae of the committee and salent of the foster home de-

of the Jewish Children's ertha H. Butler, represent-

Chicago Orphan Asylum es mittee, related a case in ant of a foster mother, now who built a monument for n the remembrance of those he befriended. This wom at ster motherhood a vocation

VOICE

CANADA THE EMPIRE

THE WORLD AT LARGE

PRESS

#### CANADA

Curl In the Pig's Tail

Last year Canada sold to Great Sertain 193 million pounds of bacon equivalent to 1200,000 hogs. The curl the pig's mil appears to be assum-

A Stream of Talk

The average man talks two hours ests of every twenty-four at the rate at 100 words a minute. He utters some 45 00,000 words a year. The authority miking of single men. - Chatham NAME.

What Charce Has It?

Brard which warns motorists when # they won't heed tooting whistles, singing bells and wig-wagging sigapole, what chance has a little red with ?-Wind or Daily Star,

tielo to Farmers

- Agriculture is at last to receive gogater recognition. The prosperity the province depends so much upar the well-being of the farmer that would be nothing short of crim mail, now that the money is available we to recognize the demands of the be raing community for greater assist wrice in placing agriculture in a bet for position to play its full part in the # evelopment and progress of the coun-St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Wants Less Provincial Power

We may not always agree with Donton Massey, M.P., but we can see a me validity in his claim that Can-2 ma is in danger of becoming "Balkanfind." He, like most of us, sees provfaces seeking to assert too much auth or ity with a consequent danger to fedevallsm. There is such a danger. There is far too much emphasis laid a "provincial rights," which usually z and a reaching out for federal pow-Probably what is needed is less percential power. There is a growing body of public opinion, which even be-I s it might not be a bad idea to a bodish the provincial governments alangether, with consequent saving in taxes and tomble,-Niagara Falls Re-

A Changing Ontario

to Middlesex and Lambton coun-E- a rapid changes are taking place. The sons of the old pioneer families are not staying on the farms. They selling out in many cases to the New Canadians of alien origins. In ton County, particularly near Advinston, there is a large settlement · Czechoslovakians who have bought and old farms. They are making exentient settlers. They are happy just now that they are living in Canada and not in Czechoslovakia. The ma Burity of new settlers are anxious to & ke out citizenship papers and to bestate good Canadians. They are ready w adopt our ways and our customs. Flogsibly in the end it is not such a had thing to have an infusion of new a sood. In any case, whether we like ft or not, the Western Ontario of Bow decades from now may be an en-Trely different Western Ontario from tiant of our day and generation.-Lon con Free Press.

## New Process Makes Pictures On Metal

Photographs Produced In This Way Are Much More Accurate

The Aluminum Company of Amera disclosed last week at Pittsburg that it has, perfected a method of a haking pictures on metal which was expected to be more enduring and more accurate than those taken on maper.

It presented the first portrait made by the new process to Dr. Paul D. Merica, whose research work on the a recipitation hardening of alloys led a more diversified use of metals.

Do Not React To Changes The pictures are made on a patenand metal about one-sixteenth of an tich thick, which contains an oxide scrating, with the sensitive silver salts that react to light. When exposed see light sent through a negative an arage is produced on the metal.

A spokesman said the metal picrares have proved more valuable for werial surveys, where a surface, absolutely accurate, was needed.

He explained that a slight change It temperature causes contraction or \* xpansion of paper pictures, and that much slight distortion would bring shout a grave miscalculation of dismances. The metal pictures do not meact to such changes, he said.

THE EMPIRE

Rising (?) Sun

The core of the Chinese armies i still intact; the Central Government with the whole-hearted support of a united nation, has never been strong er; and Japan has been forced to en list the good offices of a European Power in order to make peace over tures which have been rejected with the contempt they deserved. Turn back the calendar, may be the wish of most Japanese. Too late, their awakening. Japan is caught in the toils of a war, the outcome of which is perfectly clear-all too clear to the Japanese. She has antagonized the Powers of the world by h brutality Her troubles at home are increasing daily. News of insurrections in the territories she has torn from the main land in previous "raids" leaks out to the world. The Land of the "Rising" Sun. We wonder!-Hong Kong Press.

Irish Living Costs

For a time Ministers were disposed to deny that there was any increase in the cost of living, but when they could no longer persist in that attitude they proceeded to make the case that the increase in the cost of living was a sign of greater prosperity. The housekeeper in town and country has to pay higher prices for all her re quirements. The citizens, as taxpay ers, are, for the same reason, called upon to provide the funds needed by the Exchequer to defray the additional cost of living bonus. The citizens, as ratepayers, are similarly affected . . . . While the costs and charges to which we have referred have been

mounting, the income of the chief producing class in the country-the agricultural community-has been relatively diminishing. For everything he has to purchase the farmer has to pay more, and as his income is much less than it had been, obviously he is compelled to limit his purchases to a bare minimum. This decline in his purchasing power is detrimental to the manufacturer and trader.-Irish Independent, Dublin.

## Indented Road Reflects Light

New Type Surface - Engineer Offers Scheme to Aid Night Drivers

A new type of road surface that will "increase visibility very greatly" was reported at the 17th annual Massachusetts Safety Conference at Boston last week.

Need for some such surface was emphasized by a group of engineers discussing "highway lighting in relation to night accidents."

They pointed to mounting automobile fatalities after dark, restrictions on headlights, and experience "proving" the impracticability of enforcing speeds within the limits set by headlight visibility.

The Only Safe Speed L. A. S. Wood, lighting engineer, said that "10 to 15 miles an hour is

the only speed safe with present lighting equipment." The problem, therefore, these engineers agreed, was one of getting | boy 169 per cent., and an East Indian enough light of the right kind in the

right place on the highway. C. A. B. Halvorson, of Lynn, Mass. announced that the new type of road surface was developed during an attempt by the research experts to design a surface that would allow drivers to see farther without glare. Crux of the problem, he said, was to get hold of a design that would do its job as well in wet weather as in dry.

Pitted At Intervals The design he finally settled on makes his miniature test road look like one of those pans you put in the oven for hot biscuits. Little "cups" pit the road at intervals of an inch in diameter. Mixed with this indented surface is a substance, such as quartzite, which gives a high reflectivity.

## Spaghetti Shooting

"I went crazy because I was offered spaghetti instead of steak for my supper." A man offered this explanation recently to Chicago police after shooting his 17-year-old daughter and wounding his 21-year-old son. He missed his wife.

#### Walking For Ten Years

The most energetic man in the world has been walking for 10 years. He started in 1927 to walk round the world. Now he has completed 80,000 miles-more than three times the earth's circumference.

Whales have been known to break their jaws on the ocean bottom, after a mile deep dive.

#### Tissues Outlive Organism Growth

Animal And Plant Tissues Both Can Live On, Celebrated Botanist Announces

Living tissues have the power to survive long beyond the life of the growing organism. This was demonstrated in the case of animal tissues by Dr. Alexis Carrel, who kept tissues from an embryo chicken heart alive longer than the greatest life span of a chicken. The culture is still alive at the Rockefeller Institute after more than a quarter of a century.

Blossoms Alive For Months Dr. Carl L. LaRue, of the department of botany, University of Michigan, has demonstrated that it is possible to keep plant tissues alive 265 times as long as they would survive in the plant. He took portions of the blossoms of plants which have but a short span of existence under natural conditions and placed them in a nutrient culture medium, similar to that in which germs and other micro-organisms are cultivated.

After a given structure has fulfilled its function in the plant, its nourishment is withdrawn and it disintegrates. The nourishment available is then diverted to the newly developing structures. When the blossom has finished its task it makes way for

#### Scenes Recall Klondike Days

Yellowknife, N.W.T., New Parised With Seekers After Gold

EDMONTON. - Scenes reminiscent of Dawson City during the Klondike rush, are being enacted at Yellowknife, N.W.T., centre of the gold field on the north shore of Great Slave Lake, Leonard E. Drummond, secretary and manager of the Alberta and Northwest Chamber of Mines, said. He just returned from a 10-day aerial inspection trip of far north mineral

Airplanes Bring Men In

'Airplanes are bringing men in daily who are seeking work and the work hasn't started yet," he said. "The re sult is there is no hotel accommodation for the new arrivals. Men are forced to undress and dress almost in public. It's almost like the Dawson

Mine managers in Yellowknife, Gordon Lake and Goldfields, whom he visited during his tour, asked him to issue a public warning to work-seek ers not to consider going into these areas yet as it will only add to the difficulties and work will not start until the summer, Mr. Drummond said.

Commenting on the activity in the north, Mr. Drummond said "there's no question it will be a big year."

# Longevity Of Canadians Is Steadily Increasing

Life Expectation In the Dominion Is Shown By Latest Figures To Be Higher Than In Either The United States Or Great Britain.

Investigations into longevity tend to reinforce the Biblical dictum that the span of life is three score and 10, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics announced this month as official life tables for the general population of Canada were issued for the first time.

"It seems that today, in Canada particularly, there are far more people attaining the allotted span than ever before in history but there are not appreciably more centenarians than there were 100 years ago," the bureau said. "The decreasing mortality at younger ages is a token of the vastly smaller amount of illness among young people today."

More Years In Prospect

Based on the 1931 census, which was the first to compare deaths with living population in order that prob abilities of dying could be reckoned, the survey showed that the Canadian boy of five can look forward to 62.30 years of life. An English boy has only 60.00 years, and the American boy 59.38 years.

As a person grows older the expectation of life steadily decreases. When a Canadian youth reaches his majority he has in prospect 48 years to live on the average. When he gets to 40 he may anticipate living 32 years more. When he retired at about 65, he may expect to have a comfortable 13 years of retirement and die at 78. If he reaches 80 he should live six years more and even when he arrives at the century mark his expectation of life

is two years. Study of mortality in 15 countries, show that only two have a lower male mortality from ages 25 to 45 than Canada, these being Denmark and Holland. Chance of an Italian boy of five dying is 39 per cent, greater than that for a Canadian, of a Japanese 637 per cent.

Healthy and Vigorous Elements "In addition to our healthy climate.

advanced facilities in medicine and public health and our standard of living, all of which undoubtedly con tribute to our remarkably superior longevity, there is the factor of selection through immigration," the report continued.

"When large movements of population take place there is a tendency for the more healthy and energetic elements to move while the less healthy stay at home. Hence it is that Western Canada has the lightest mortality as the three provinces have received much of their population very recent-

# News In Review

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To Control High-Power Stations OTTAWA. - It was the ultimate policy of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation to take control of all highpower broadcasting in Canada, L. W Breckington, chairman of the Board of Governors, told the Parliamentary Committee on Radio.

Some permits had been granted for private stations with power up to maximum of 1,000 watts, but no in creases would be permitted above that maximum, to private stations, Mr. Brockington said.

Eventually it was the intention to restrict private stations to "purely local functions."

The Heart of Europe

VIENNA .- "The political heart of Europe no longer beats in Paris, but in Berlin," Propaganda Minister Goebbels of Germany declared this week in an Anschluss plebiscite campaign

"In ten years' time, it will be understood what that signifies," he said. Appealing for a 100 per cent. vote by Austrians in favor of union with Germany in the April 10 plebiscite,

Trafalgar Square Sees Another Demonstration

Twenty thousand jammed London's Trafalgar Square recently to protest against the German annexation of Austria. Here are mounted and foot police tackling a deputation seeking to take a letter of protest to the German Embassy. Eventually a few were allowed to pass and deliver the letter. The crowd was shouting "Hands

Commentary on the Highlights of the Week's News . . . By Elizabeth Eedy

INSIDE PRESSURE -- By taking over | vinces have failed to communicate Austria, Reichsfüehrer Adolf Hitler's chief gain has been the increase of his own prestige with the German people at a time when their faith in him badly needed bolstering. His Austrian coup has served for the moment to distract German minds from the army purge, mounting unemployment, shortage of food essentials, loss of personal freedom.

Observers say that the move is accomplishing little in the way of bettering the desperate economic conditions of the Reich. Austria, too, is deficient in foodstuas and raw materials, has to import between 700,-.000 and 900,000 tons of grain a year to feed her people. Sole resources present there in any sort of abundance are iron ore and timber, which Hitler and his financial advisers plan immediately to exploit. By selling the iron ore and timber outside the country, they will be able to hoard more foreign capital and stave off economic collapse for the present.

The seizure of Austria is then only a stop-gap, a temporary measure, to be followed by moves much more drastic, infinitely more brutal. side pressure drives Germany outside herself, forcing the country on and on to further and still further aggression. There is no foundation for the hope that Hitler will stop where

DOG EAT DOG-It won't be long now before Poland, having won the first round of a bloodless fight with Lithuania, by forcing that country to accept Polish terms in settlement of a border dispute, will be making new demands of her neighbor. The truth is that Poland would like to annex Lithuania, thereby gaining more outlets on the Baltic. It is pretty generally agreed that Poland, supposedly an ally of France, has been backed up in the Lithuanian dispute by Germany in return for a promise of Polish support for some other moves Hitler has in mind . . . one of which might be a boycott of Czechoslovakia.

Professor Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard, dean of American historians, however, is of the belief that Germany is actually planning to annex Poland. Case of dog eat dog, we opine.

HOLDING IT UP-It was admitted by Prime Minister Mackenzie King in the House last week that the reason the present session has not dealt with the proposed amendments to the British North America Act (empowering the Federal Government to enact unemployment insurance legislation) is that three of the nine Pro-

Goebbels said that grave decisions taken by Chancellor Hitler - leaving the League of Nations, remilitarizing the Rhineland and absorbing Austria -were all full of risks.

Warns of Depression

OTTAWA.-Right Hon. R. B. Bennett sounded a warning in the House of Commons this week that Canada was on the verge of a depression similar to that of 1930.

The Opposition Leader charged that "the danger signals are already flying," and that the upward trend of the past three years had suddenly stopped. The signals to which he referred, he said, were that exports had fallen off drastically, that unemployment was "growing by leaps and bounds, 25,000 in one month," that business men were refusing to invest money because they lacked confidence.

with him, giving their views on the

matter. The draft of the proposed amend ment was submitted to all Provincial Governments, January 20. New Brunswick and Quebec had not up to this week acknowledged receipt o the draft.

NORMAL CROP-From the drought areas of southwestern Saskatchewan are coming reports of water flowing in creek beds, rivulets and lakes storing up greatly-needed water. A Regina it is said the country has received the largest amount of moisture in many years. Further, it has been an open spring with r rap d thaw of beavy snow in many per s.

A "normal" crop is looked for by the farmers of Saskatchewan. Prospoets long seen hopeless are brightening again. It will be a wonderful thing for Canada if the West really is beginning to "come back."

SCAPEGOAT-In primitive times, high priests of religion were went to | ign exchange, while the rest of the place all the blame for plagues, defeats in war, sins of the people, on ! some innocent animal, for instance a goat, which they put to death with great ceremony. When the goat had been killed, the cause of the evil was supposed to have been removed and expiation made. Hence the origin

of "scapegoat." Though we are far from primitive times today, we still have our scapegoats. It looks as though Ex-Chancellor, Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg of

Austria is going to be one of them. Branded now as a traitor by Adolf | duced which in combination with Hitler, he will be tried for treason against the German Reich, in Leipzig this summer. The court proceedings. it is reported, will be " public and widely publicized on purpose to prove to the world that all the blame for Austria's plight rests on Schuschnigg's shoulders. Germany hopes that the death of Schuschnigg on the chopping block will silence all criticism of the Nazi annexation,

CHINESE - HIT BACK - Counter thrusts by Chinese armies are result ing in victories over the Japanese throughout the entire Central China front. Peports last week had it that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek himself was at the central battle front in personal charge of the drive. Certainly it is definite that the Chinese have met with striking military success in Shantung, Shansi and Anhwei

Provinces. It is still too early, however, to predict that the tide is turning against Japan.

# The Arctic Tern Flies Very Far

Long-Distance Champion - In Three Months One Globe-Trotting Bird Flew From Labrador to Nigeria.

Now that the northern bird migra tion is getting under way, the vast distances which these travellers cover in flying to and from their nesting grounds is a topic of current interest

The powers of endurance displayed by large numbers of North American birds on their lengthy migratory journeys is amazing, but there is one species that out-rivals them all. This is the Arctic tern, aptly referred to as "the champion globe trotter and longdistance flyer of the bird world."

Circumpolar Range The species is well named, as it range is circumpolar and it nests over the Arctic land as far north as suitable conditions can be found. When the young are well-grown the Canadian and Greenland terns disappear from their breeding grounds and a few months later may be found even as far away as Africa. In fact the long est flight on record for an individual bird was achieved by an Arctic term that in three months flew from the coast of Labrador to the Niger River in Southeast Africa.

Traverses Atlantic

The journey of the terms is believed to fellow a route touching upon the west coasts of Spain and Africa, and on the return trip northwards in dividuals are known to fly along the east coast of South America.

The route indicated for this bird is altogether unique, as no other species is known to breed abundantly in North America and to traverse the Atlantic Ocean to or from the Old World These globe-trotting birds travel many thousands of miles and touch on four continents in the course of a year.

#### Don't Skate On Ice

When ice skaters skim along over a smooth stretch they are not actually sliding on ice but on water. The ice melts under the skates, due to the friction, and the skates move along on a thin film of water. Increased | outfits students at bare cost, refundpressure, as all physicists know, also | ing at the end of the trip any unused melts ice, and the weight of the person on skates provides pressure which combines with the friction to change the ice to water.

#### Fish For Whale; Sharks To Help German Industry

By-Products to Supply Many Necessities In Germany-Skins Used For Leather And Albumen Is Used For Wool.

BERLIN.-In its struggle for raw materials, which it cannot secure at home and cannot pay for in foreign exchange, the Third German Reich has turned its attention to the sea as an important free and unbounded source of supplies of certain useful

Germans in early years were not accustomed to cat much fish - they preferred ment. During the last few years propagandizing 'Eat more fish" has done much to chan - this; and, even more, the better occanization of the fich trade as far as inland towns are concerned and the marketing of this food at cheap prices.

Special Fleet of Ships

The shark is also expected to contribute its share to German self-sufficiency. A special fleet of ships recently left Hamburg to capture sharks in the Caribbean Sea. Shark skin is used as leather, its fins are considered a delicacy by the Chinese and so their sale helps to bring in the needed forefish is made into fish-meal, of which 60,000 tons are expected to be produced this year. Since it is now forbidden to give grain as fodder for pigs (it is required for feeding the population), this fish-meal is mixed with potato-fodder to provide the albumin necessary for pig-raising.

Many By-Products But the uses of fish as food for human beings and animals is only part of its contribution to Germany's selfsufficiency. An albuminous fibre, called "fish-wool", has already been procellulose from wood (80 per ent, cellulose and 20 per cent, fish albumen) gives a yard claimed to be tearproof, warm and can be dyed like, and is cheaper than, natural wool. The f:ture production of "fish-wool" is expected to replace cellulose wool for many purposes, and so reduce the present heavy demands upon the German forests for supplies of wood cellu-

In the shop windows today, many articles made from new raw materials are on sale. Among them may be seen books bound in codfish leather, gloves made from the same materials, which seem as soft and fine as antelope leather, etc., whale fish leather which has been substituted for lizard skin

#### You Can Switch On The Weather

British Air-Conditioning Invention Gives You Choice of Heatwave or Frost

A machine for controlling weather sounds like something out of an H. G. Wells fantasy. But actually the ingenuity of man has given birth to

such a device. You want a fresh,n spring day, You're tired of March winds and want a heatwave? Or perhaps you'd like nice crisp, frosty weather with a touch of snow. Pull down a switch on the machine-which is known as an all-year-round Conditioning Plant

-and your wish is fulfilled. Connected With Outside Air Right in your own room you can have what you want. You don't have to go outside to switch on a heatwave and so clash with the Robinsons next door who prefer a gentle bal-

miness. The plant looks like a radiogram, and was designed and made in Great Britain. It has left the Americans, pioneers in air conditioning, miles behind, so they say. It is connected with the outside

air by a tube, and every hour distributes nearly 17,000 cubic feet of filtered and reconditioned air in the room in which it is working. Controls consist of a couple of switches, and the running cost is claimed to be about half that of an electric fire.

The plant can be fitted into an ordinary office or house, and already about 400 have been installed and are manufacturing such weather as their owners prefer.

#### Exchange Tours For School Boys

TORONTO .- The Scottish Secondary Schools Travel Trust, which last year sent Scottish boys on a trip to Canada, has made arrangements for two tours of Canada for Scottish schoolboys for this summer. In the 20 days to be spent in this country. the boys will visit Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Niagara Falls, and other centres.

This summer, for the first time, several groups of Canadian schools boys, between the ages of 12 and 18, will sail for Scotland, join a Scottish travel group, and tour the British Isles, and the continent. The Trust

The Canadian boys will ge in groups of 25, under the supervision of a teacher.

ONTARIO ARCHIVES TORONTO