

## Dominion News in Brief

**Kentuc., A.S.**—The farmers of the Annapolis Valley are going in more for mixed farming, including conspicuously dairying and hog raising. At the same time they are extending their apple orchards and in many parts of the Valley large areas of virgin land are being broken up for this purpose.

**Saint John, N.B.**—A modern fish curing plant will open here in April next year, operated by McCormick and Zatzman. It will be located at Strait Shores.

**Sherbrooke, Que.**—A census just completed shows Sherbrooke's population to have increased in a year from 22,454 to 25,021—a gain of 1,567.

**Hamilton, Ont.**—The city of Hamilton claims the largest and most important telephone repeater station in the Dominion, according to the Chamber of Commerce here. The new toll terminal equipment is entirely new in design. It has 46 circuits passing through Hamilton between Toronto and points east and as far as Buffalo and beyond, and between Toronto and points west as far as Detroit. In addition there are 194 circuits composed of physical and phantom, which terminate at Hamilton. The composite ringers recently installed here are the first to be put in in Canada by the Bell Telephone Co.

**Winnipeg, Man.**—The fur branch of the Industrial Development Board is devoting its attention to muskrat farming in Manitoba. The question of a land survey, food supply and Provincial Government co-operation are being discussed with the Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

**Rogina, Sask.**—According to a statement made by Louis Rosenberg, field representative of the Jewish Colonization Association, Saskatchewan has a bigger proportion of farmers among its Jewish population than any province or state in the world. Out of a total Jewish population of 5,400 nearly 1,500 are permanently settled on farms. Of the fourteen Jewish Farm Colonies established in Canada eight are located in Saskatchewan. In 1925 they marketed approximately 500,000 bushels of wheat.

**Calgary, Alta.**—The Vulcan well in the Turner Valley field has taken its place as one of the deepest oil wells in the world, having passed the 5,000-foot depth. Both oil and gas have been encountered but the drillers are prepared to go 6,000 feet.

**Victoria, B.C.**—A record mangal, weighing 38 pounds, has been grown by Dr. Colvert, of the "White House," Sooke River, following other records produced on his farm. He has just sold a ton of them, consisting of 100 mangals, averaging 20 pounds apiece.

### A Canadian Economic Commission.

BY CHARLES W. PETERSON.

Our colonization problem in Canada is, comparatively speaking, elementary. Money and intelligent organization would solve it. The more difficult problem is holding our rural population. But with greater agricultural prosperity in plain sight, even that will be largely simplified as time goes on. But that we should, in the meantime, do everything in our power to arrest our abnormal population leak can hardly be open to argument.

What should we do about it? The answer, if answer there is, would obviously constitute a detailed and complete chart of the economic sea showing the safe harbors, the shoals and the hidden rocks. We must, of course, make the average man in Canada so contented and prosperous that emigration would have no attractions for him, which would naturally be the goal of all rational statesmanship.

### THE POLITICAL CHART.

Theoretically, our political leaders and our public services should work out these detailed, calling directions in co-operation. Practically, one can hardly imagine a more hopeless machine for such a purpose. Democratic politics is primarily concerned with party welfare. Its appeal is to the great body—the best intelligent of voters. It is swayed this way and that way by popular prejudice. Politics is concerned with herd psychology and mass hysteria. Political leaders frequently—perhaps generally—know what should be done in the best interest of the country, but uninformed, mass opinion dictates policy in the end. As to the public service—our bureaus—it has in its multitude of watertight compartments all the detailed data we may need to form intelligent conclusions on economic questions and it contains within its ranks many brilliant and resourceful technical men, but co-operation and team work—the conference spirit—is totally lacking.

### George V. to Have Office Building as Neighbor

**London.**—With the announcement this week of a new property deal by which an imposing mansion in Buckingham Palace Road will be converted into an office building it appears certain that King George within a short time will be surrounded entirely by tradesmen and professional men.

Formerly Buckingham Palace was the centre of the fashionable residential district of the West End, but the King has been losing his neighbors rapidly in recent months as commercial interests have encroached almost up to the palace gates. The King's new neighbors now include the headquarters of the Boy Scouts, the Girl Guides and the Imperial Reference College, as well as cookery experts and pupils, the sanitation authorities and a school for dress designers.

### Good Guesser.

A lady engaged a new gardener, and after breakfast one day she sauntered out among the flowers. Seeing the new man hard at work, she said: "Well, and how is my sweet William this morning?"

"First rate, thanks, ma'am," replied the man of the spade. "But how did you know my name?"

The best art: Painting a smile upon the face of a child.

### MUTT AND JEFF—By Bud Fisher.



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### Natural Resources Bulletin.

Perhaps one of the least known or explored parts of Canada is the great peninsula of Gaspé jutting out into the Gulf of the St. Lawrence for 160 miles and with a width about half as great. Yet this is one of Canada's most picturesque and oldest regions with great resources of timber, fisheries, game and minerals.

The peninsula may be said to be, historically, the oldest part of Canada, for it was on its shores near the town of Gaspé that Jacques Cartier, in the year 1534, landed and claimed the country for his sovereign, the King of France. Although the first discovered part of Canada, the peninsula is still largely covered with primeval forest.

There being no roads or railways across the peninsula, direct communication between the settlements in the north and those in the south does not exist. The lack of roads from north to south is, of course, accounted for by the chain of Shickshock mountains which are very rugged and run from 2,000 to more than 4,000 feet in height. The Quebec Provincial Dept. of Roads will shortly open a highway which will run completely around the peninsula.

The population of the two Gaspé coasts is quite different. Along the north coast the people are mainly French Canadians of the "habitant" type. Along the south shore the Acadian French are in the majority, although here and there is found the habitant who has drifted in from other parts of the province. They differ in both language and customs; as a rule the habitant is agricultural while the Acadian is a fisherman. Settlements of Scotch and Irish are also to be found, sharply marked off from each other and from their French-speaking neighbors. Another important group on the southern and eastern coasts of Gaspé are the Jersey and Guernsey people who have for generations been fishermen on these coasts. In fact, from the point of view of race, language and folklore, Gaspé forms one of the most unique parts of Canada.

### The Serf.

His naked skin clothed in the torpid mist.

That puffs his smoke around the patient hooves. The ploughman drives, a slow, somnambulist. And through the green hills crimson furrow grooves; His heart, more deeply than he wounds the plain.

Long by the rasping share of his iron, Red clay, to which the warry once was rain.

And tribal spears the fatal shaves of corn,

Lies fallow now. But as the turf divides,

I see in the slow progress of his strides

Over the toppled cloots and falling flowers.

The timeless, surely patient of the serf.

That moves the nearest to the naked earth.

And plows down palaces and thrones and towers.

—Roy Campbell.

### Black and White.

Farmer (proudly showing off his pig)—"Yes, sir, that is the cutest little pig I have, and I've named him 'Ink'."

Visitor—"How's that?"

"Cause he's always running out of the pen."

### Girl Makes Baking Powder.

Among Norway's successful business women is a girl of eighteen who owns and operates a factory for making baking powder from a recipe that has been for generations a secret in her family.

### Just Like That.

The newlyweds had moved into a home near a railroad. As the fifth train rumbled by the bride said:

"These trains do make a great deal of noise, don't they?"

"Oh, after the first few days you won't mind it," replied the husband.

"Then let's go to mother's for the first few days."

Painfulness at work comes from working, not shirking.

### To the Point.

A school teacher had found one boy reluctant in writing compositions. At last she conceived a great idea! She would have him write an account of a ball game.

It seemed that she was successful, for the paper was handed in promptly. It read: "John—no game."

### Willing Helper.

Mother busy knitting—"There, now, you've made me drop a stitch."

Miss Two-Years (looking around cage 4)—"I'll find it, Mother, I'll find it."

### Had a Good Job.

The fan bearer of an Egyptian Pharaoh ranked as a high official.

### Battle Target Ashore.

A 100-foot battle practice target used for warship firing was washed up by the sea on the Firth of Forth coast.

### Artificial Wool is Being Manufactured from wool.

In Northern Siberia some natives are reported to practice a form of hibernation, sleeping during the winter for days at a time.