

# PRINCE OF WALES CHEERED SICK PRESIDENT BY CORDIAL VISIT

President's Physician Says They Joked and Laughed Together and the Visit Put Mr. Wilson in "Splendid Humor."

A despatch from Washington says:—One of the most cheerful twenty minutes which President Wilson has spent since his illness he thoroughly enjoyed late on Thursday when the Prince of Wales called upon him at the White House. In describing this visit afterwards, Rear-Admiral Carey T. Grayson, the President's personal physician, said the two had "a fine old time."

President Wilson sat propped up in a great old-fashioned bed, in which sat only Abraham Lincoln had slept, but in which the Prince's grandfather, Edward VII., had reposed when he visited this country nearly 60 years ago. Even before Prince Edward knew of this his attention was attracted by the great mahogany bed with its towering headboard. He kept talking about it to the President.

The President and his boyish caller laughed and joked the entire time, and Dr. Grayson said afterwards there was no doubt that the visit put the President in splendid humor. It was something of a family party, for the President asked many questions about King George, Queen Mary, and Queen Alexandra, all of which the Prince was, of course, able to answer in de-

tail. He brought the President many personal messages from the Royal family.

Prince Edward displayed genuine enthusiasm over his visit to the United States. He talked with the same boyish charm and lack of affectation that has made so many friends for him here in Washington. Mrs. Wilson and Admiral Grayson remained in the room during the visit, and the Prince also included them in the conversation. Both are friends of his, dating back to the days of the President's visits to Paris and London.

It developed today that when the Prince first arrived in Washington President Wilson sent him one of his own books with the President's signature and some inscription written on the foreleaf. The Prince to-day expressed much appreciation over this thought.

The Royal visitor was at the White House about forty minutes in all, half of which time he spent in an informal tea with Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson and Mrs. Frances P. Sawyer, another daughter of the President. Only two members of his personal staff, Admiral Halsey and Captain Lord Claude Hamilton, accompanied him to the White House.

## CANADIAN TRADE WITH BELGIUM

Playing Large Part in Reconstruction—Proposal to Establish Linen Industry Here.

A despatch from London says:—According to statements of Canadian business men passing through London, Canadian trade is now beginning to play a large part in Belgian reconstruction. Senator Beaubien, director of the Canadian Car and Foundry Co., has been in Belgium in connection with that company's proposals to the Belgian Government for relief of transportation difficulties by provision of rolling stock, which, it is understood, will probably be accepted. Hon. Philippe Parada, president of the Asbestos Manufacturing Co. of Montreal, has been in Belgium and Paris negotiating a further order from the French Government for cement products for use in reconstruction. The Dominion Iron and Steel Co. has been selling large quantities of iron ore to Belgium, a single recent order approximating half a million dollars, and the Nova Scotia Steel Co. is also investigating the market there. Other Canadian business men, who have recently visited this export field, are J. H. Fortier and J. O. Linteau, of the P. T. Legare firm. A proposal was recently made to Belgian capitalists to establish a linen weaving industry in Canada similar to that at Courtrai and other centres.

## Civil Service Employees to be Asked to "Punch Clock"

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Civil servants employed in the Departmental Offices here may soon find themselves called upon to "punch the clock" on their arrival at and departure from work. Of late Government employees have been required to report the times of their comings and goings by signing books, of which the deputy heads of departments are custodians. Now the Civil Service Commission has reported in favor of the installation of time clocks in Government offices, and an order-in-Council has been passed by the Cabinet instructing the Public Works Department to make enquiries as to the cost of the necessary clocks.

## British Sending Goods to Germany

A despatch from London says:—During the first ten and one-half months after the signing of the Armistice the United Kingdom exported to Germany goods to the value of over \$80,000,000 and received from that country imports valued at about \$1,000,000. Details of these imports and exports were given by Sir Auckland Geddes, President of the Board of Trade.

## Weekly Market Report

**Breadstuffs.**  
Toronto, Nov. 18.—Man. wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.30; No. 2 Northern, \$2.27; No. 3 Northern, \$2.23, in store Fort William.  
Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, \$4.14; No. 1 feed, \$1.14; No. 2 feed, 79¢, in store Fort William.  
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Ontario oats—No. 3 white, \$5 to 87c, according to freights outside.  
Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2 to \$2.06; No. 2 do, \$1.97 to \$2.03; No. 3 do, \$1.93 to \$1.99, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.  
American corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.82; No. 3 yellow, \$1.81, track, Toronto, prompt shipments.  
Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.08; No. 2 Spring, \$1.99 to \$2.05; No. 3 Spring, \$1.95 to \$2.01, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.  
Peas—No. 2, \$2.50.  
Barley—Malt, \$1.45 to \$1.48, according to freights outside.  
Buckwheat—\$1.31 to \$1.33.  
Rye—Nominal.  
Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$11.00, Toronto.  
Ontario flour—Government standard, \$9.50 to \$9.60, Montreal and Toronto, in jute bags, prompt shipment.  
Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$45; shorts, per ton, \$52; good feed flour, \$3.15 to \$3.50.  
Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$25 to \$26; mixed, per ton, \$18 to \$21, track, Toronto.  
Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$10 to \$11, track, Toronto.  
**Country Produce—Wholesale.**  
Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 40 to 42¢; prints, 43 to 45¢. Creamery, fresh made solids, 58 to 59¢; prints, 59 to 60¢.  
Eggs—Held, 53 to 54¢; new laid, 63 to 64¢.  
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 26 to 30¢; roasters, 25¢; fowl, 20 to 25¢; ducklings, 25 to 30¢; turkeys, 35 to 40¢; squabs, doz., \$4.50.  
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 23¢; roasters, 20¢; fowl, 18 to 25¢; ducklings, 20¢; turkeys, 35¢.  
Cheese—New, large, 31 to 31½¢; twins, 31½ to 32¢; triplets, 32 to 33¢; Stilton, 32 to 34¢.  
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 53 to 55¢; creamery, prints, 62 to 64¢.  
Margarine—35 to 38¢.  
Eggs—No. 1, 20 to 61¢; selects, 63 to 64¢; new laid, 70 to 79¢.  
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 30 to 33¢; roasters, 23 to 25¢; fowl, 30 to 32¢; turkeys, 45¢; ducklings, 34 to 35¢; squabs, doz., \$6.00.  
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 22 to 26¢; fowl, 23 to 25¢; ducks, 22 to 25¢.  
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bus. \$3.25 to \$3.75; primes, \$1.25 to \$1.75; Japan, \$4.75 to \$5; imported, hand-picked, Burma, \$4; Lima, 17½ to 18½¢.  
Honey—Extracted clover, 5-lb. tins, 25 to 26¢; 10-lb. tins, 24½ to 25¢; 60-lb. tins, 21¢; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 18 to 20¢; comb, 16-oz., \$4.50 to \$5.00; doz., 10-oz., \$2.50 to \$4.00.  
Maple products—Syrup, per imperial gal., \$3.15; per 5 imperial gals., \$3; sugar, lb., 27 to 28¢.

**Provisions—Wholesale.**  
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38¢; do, heavy, 31 to 32¢; cooked, 49 to 51¢; rolls, 30 to 31¢; breakfast bacon, 42 to 46¢; backs, plain, 47 to 48¢; boneless, 49 to 52¢.  
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 31 to 32¢; clear bellies, 30 to 31¢.  
Lard—Pure tins, 29 to 29½¢; tubs, 30 to 30½¢; 50½ to 20½¢; prints, 31 to 31½¢; Compound tins, 28 to 29¢; tubs, 28 to 28½¢; pails, 28½ to 29¢; prints, 29½ to 30¢.  
**Meat Markets.**  
Montreal, Nov. 18.—Oats, extra No. 1 feed, 97½¢. Flour, new standard grade, \$11 to \$11.10. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$4.50 to \$4.55. Bran, \$4.50. Shorts, \$5.2. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$23 to \$24. Cheese—Finest cast-erns, 30 to 31¢. Butter—Choice creamery, 64 to 65¢. Eggs—Fresh, 75 to 80¢; selected, 64¢; No. 1 stock, 58¢; No. 2 stock, 55¢. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.80 to \$2.00. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$21.50 to \$22. Lard—Pure, wood polls, 20 lbs. net, 31¢.  
**Live Stock Markets.**  
Toronto, Nov. 18.—Choice heavy steers, \$13 to \$13.25; good heavy steers, \$12.25 to \$12.75; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.50 to \$12; do, good, \$10.50 to \$11; do, med., \$9 to \$9.25; do, com., \$8.50 to \$8.50; bulls, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do, med., \$9 to \$9.25; do, rough, \$7.25 to \$7.50; butcher cows, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do, good, \$9 to \$9.25; do, med., \$8 to \$8.25; do, com., \$6.50 to \$7; stockers, \$7.50 to \$10; feeders, \$10 to \$11.25; canners and cutters, \$5 to \$6.25; milkers, good to choice, \$11 to \$17; do, com. and med., \$5 to \$7; springers, \$9 to \$10; light ewes, \$8 to \$9; yearlings, \$9 to \$10.50; spring lambs, per cwt., \$13 to \$13.75; calves, good to choice, \$17 to \$18; hogs, fed and watered, \$17.25 to \$18; do, weighed off cars, \$17.50; do, f.o.b., \$16.25; do, to farmers, \$16.  
Montreal, Nov. 18.—Butcher steers, medium, \$8.75 to \$9; common, \$7 to \$8.50; butcher heifers, med., \$7.50 to \$8.50; com., \$6 to 7.50; butcher cows, med., \$6.25 to \$7.50; canners, \$4.75; cutters; \$5 to \$6; butcher bulls, com., \$5 to \$6. Good veal, \$14 to \$16; med., \$8 to \$13; grass, \$6.50 to \$7. Ewes, \$7 to \$8; lambs, good, \$13.75; com., \$10.50 to \$12.50. Hogs, selects, \$17.25; cutters; \$5 to \$6; heavy, \$16.25; sows, \$12.25 to \$13.25.

**British Children to Play With Canadian Xmas Toys**  
A despatch from London says:—British children will play with Canadian toys this Christmas. An order for \$1,500 worth of unbreakable toys has been placed at Harrods, one of London's largest departmental stores, with a Toronto firm. Other stores who have also been stocking Canadian toys. No German toys have been bought for this year's gift season.  
"The test of whether you are educated, can you do what you ought, when you ought, whether you want to do it or not."—Herbert Spencer.

## NEW ONTARIO PREMIER, E. C. DRURY, HAS FORMED CABINET

W. E. Raney, K.C., of Toronto, is Only Member Outside the Coalition—Eight Farmers, Two Labor Men and One Lawyer Compose Cabinet.

E. C. Drury, Prime Minister and President of the Council.  
W. E. Raney, K.C., Attorney-General.  
Peter Smith, M.P.P., Provincial Treasurer.  
H. C. Nixon, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.  
F. C. Biggs, M.P.P., Minister of Public Works.  
Beriah Bowman, M.P.P., Minister of Lands and Forests.  
Walter Rollo, M.P.P., Minister of Labor and Health.  
R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education.  
Manning W. Doherty, Minister of Agriculture.  
H. Mills, M.P.P., Minister of Mines.  
To be sworn in as Minister with-  
out Portfolio pending creation of new department by Legislature.  
Lieut.-Col. D. Carmichael, M.P.P., Minister without Portfolio.  
The Farmer-Labor Coalition Government was sworn in at Government House, Toronto, at 11 o'clock Friday morning. Immediately thereafter the Ministers went to Queen's Park and entered upon their administrative duties at the Parliament Buildings.  
The first meeting of the Cabinet was held Friday afternoon.  
Official announcement was made Thursday night by Premier E. C. Drury of the members of the Cabinet. A last minute change was in the Attorney-Generalship, Mr. W. E. Raney, K. C., of Toronto, being chosen for the position after Mr. W. F. Nickle, K.C., of Kingston, had declined to accept it because of personal reasons.

## Two of Renown's Crew Lost at Sea in Gale

A despatch from New York says:—William Franklin and John Light, able bodied seamen of the crew of the British battleship Renown, were lost at sea last Sunday morning when the Renown, ploughing through a gale, was coming here from Trinidad to take the Prince of Wales home.  
Midshipman Richard Knight was taken from the big battle-cruiser to-day to the Presbyterian Hospital with both legs broken as the result of the tempestuous weather.

## England Selects First Lady Mayor

A despatch from London says:—Sixteen Labor Mayors were elected throughout England and Wales recently, including T. G. Hall of Hull, T. B. Duncan of Leeds, Alderman Fox of Manchester. The first lady mayor was elected at Stalybridge, Councillor Ida Summers. Conservative Mayors number 148, Liberals 112.

## Cell of Edith Cavell Will Become Museum

A despatch from Brussels says:—The cells occupied by Edith Cavell and Gabrielle Petit previous to their execution by the Germans are to be transformed into miniature museums. Clothes worn by the two women, their books and other belongings, have been collected and placed in these cells. Plates bearing appropriate inscriptions will be attached to the doors.

## ENGLAND.

In Paddington and Kensington many of the mansions are being converted into flats.  
R. A. Cotterill, of Sunbury, was found drowned in the Metropolitan reservoir at the back of his house.  
Mrs. Shattock, of Bermondsey, who was injured in a motor bus accident, died in King's College Hospital.  
T. Cooper, of Stevenon, Berkshire, has dug up two potatoes from his garden which weigh over two pounds each.  
The Rev. O. C. Legge Wilkinson, rector of Allington, has died from injuries received in a motor car accident.  
A provision store has been opened at Hounslow by the Discharged Soldiers, Sailors and Airmen's Co-operative, Ltd.  
The allotment holders on the Pound Field Estate, Surrey, have decided to purchase the land from Lord Onslow.  
The City of London Corporation will present the freedom of the city and a sword to Gen. Diaz of the Italian forces.  
Alfred Charman, a dairy farmer of Abinger Hammer, was fined £20 and costs for selling milk above the maximum price.  
Frank Ingram, who was formerly a railway shunter in Monmouthshire, has been promoted to a captaincy in the Indian Army.  
The Southend War Pensions Committee are supplying widows with sewing machines to enable them to supplement their incomes.  
W. Milburn, an Ashington miner, has been awarded fifty shillings a week from the Carnegie Fund for saving the life of a child.

## Advocates Agent in London Representing Agriculture

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The placing of a Canadian representative in London to look after the development of Canada's exports of agricultural produce, is advocated by Hon. S. F. Tolmie, Minister of Agriculture, in a foreword to the November issue of the Agricultural Gazette, issued by the Department of Agriculture.  
Keep the soil in the garden rich. It costs no more for seeds and labor to operate rich soil than poor. From rich soil the crops will be larger and of better quality. Therefore fertilize heavily.  
There was a foolish man  
And he bought a foolish block  
Of Yaki Hula Common,  
A foolish mining stock!  
And now he lies on field-mice,  
And pails with other tramps,  
Which never would have happened  
If he'd bought war savings stamps.  
The tops or side shoots of geraniums may be used for cuttings. Make the cuttings a few inches long, trim off the lower leaves and insert them firmly in pots of sandy loam. The base of each cutting should be made just below a joint. Stand the pots in a sheltered, sunny spot in the open air as long as the weather remains fair.

## SCOTLAND.

There was a big celebration when William Mure, son of Lady Georgina Mure, came of age.  
William Forsyth has announced his retirement as station agent at Wishaw after forty-eight years service.  
Rev. George Rae, senior minister of Ashton U. F. Church, who died recently, left an estate valued at \$39,175.  
Mrs. Todd has presented a stained glass memorial window to Cambuslang U. F. Church in memory of her two sons.  
Mrs. Louise Agnew, wife of Capt. Agnew, R.N., has been added to the British Red Cross Society's Roll of Honorable Service.  
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kemp of Delbrave Ave., Edinburgh, recently celebrated their golden wedding.  
The total length of Glasgow's streets, public and private, within the city boundary, is 479 miles.  
William Hunt has been appointed superintendent of Holyrood Palace, in succession to the late F. H. Parsons.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Ramsay, of Kamesburgh Terrace, Uddington, recently celebrated their golden wedding.  
St. Luke's Church, Glasgow, will be sold on conditions that the property will not be used for unworthy purposes.  
An aerial torpedo from a Zeppelin raider has been picked up in a wood bordering on Lothianburn golf course.  
John Welsh, M.A., headmaster of Addiewell School, has been appointed headmaster of Addiewell Burgh School.  
The death has taken place at The Beeches, Newton-Mearns, of J. Lunan Oatis, a well-known Glasgow solicitor.  
The Glasgow Tramways Committee have recommended the appointment of Lachlan McKinnon as deputy-general manager.  
The death has occurred of George Middleton, M.A., LL.B., formerly secretary of the Sanitary Association of Scotland.  
The Corporation of Glasgow has purchased the beautiful estate of The Linn, and will be opened as a public park in November.  
J. B. Black, M.A., Glasgow University, has been appointed professor of Modern History in Queen's University, Kingston, Canada.  
The Lord Provost of Glasgow has received £100 from an anonymous donor as a contribution on behalf of "our gallant fighting men."  
The tank presented to Edinburgh in recognition of its War Savings efforts will be placed on the east side of the National Monument.  
Sir Andrew McDonald, a former Lord Provost of Edinburgh, has left £1,000 each to the Royal Infirmary and Royal Hospital for incurables.  
The death has taken place at his residence in Edinburgh of Henry Kin-nimouth Brown, an artist on the staff of the Royal Scottish Museum.  
The death has occurred at Dunedin, Blackford Road, Edinburgh, of Dr. Wm. Moir Bryce, widely known as an Investigator of Scottish history.

## Production is Antidote For H. C. L.

The high cost of living is the greatest material problem of our day.  
For the man with a small income, it is a large-sized menace; even for the man with a comfortable income it is a source of continual worry.  
The phenomenal rise in prices since 1914 is due to the scarcity of goods brought about by the suspension of production during the war. We have also wasted untold quantities of material for war purposes.  
This shortage and this waste must be made good before the world can be again as prosperous as in 1914. Until they are made good, it is useless to expect that prices will materially decline or even remain stationary.  
Recognizing this fact, many people propose that we get over the difficulty by increasing wages, salaries and profits in the same ratio as the advance in prices. If this were possible, the effect would be the same as reducing prices to pre-war levels. Ultimately, this may take place, but certainly not soon.  
The "day-light savor" realized that they could not get the public to perform every act of the day one hour earlier than usual, so they innocently deluded us by advancing the clock. It worked, because there was no fundamental law against it. But we cannot cheat ourselves over the cost of living in the same manner. Increasing wages without augmenting production sends up prices and leaves real wages unimproved.  
What does the higher cost of living really mean? Sweeping aside the camouflage of prices expressed in currency, it means this: That we must now put forth greater effort and work harder to obtain the same satisfactions. There is no cure for it but economy and increased production.  
It is not in the nature of the average human being to economize in what is lightly come by, nor to work any harder than is necessary to obtain a comfortable living.  
Therefore, the high cost of living is not only natural, but necessary at the present time. Let us face this blunt truth bravely and apply ourselves patiently to work and to save—the only remedy.



## BRINGING UP FATHER

