

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF TURKEY OPENS DARDANELLES TO ALLIES

Terms of Armistice Include Release of All Allied Prisoners—
Entire Turkish Army Captured by British in Mesopotamia
—British Fleet En Route to Black Sea to Engage
German Naval Forces.

A despatch from London says—Turkey on Thursday unconditionally surrendered to the allies. The armistice was signed by Admiral Calhoun on behalf of the Entente at Mudros, on the Island of Lemnos.

Gen. Townshend, the British commander, captured at Kut-et-Amara, was liberated several days ago by the Turks. Sir George Cave, the Home Secretary, announced in the House of Commons on Thursday, "in order to inform the British public of the collapse of the Provisional Government in Russia. The Germans obtained one super-dreadnought, several battleships of the pre-dreadnought type and a score of fast destroyers.

The German battle cruiser Goeben also is in the Black Sea. This vessel was in the Mediterranean when the war began and escaped to the Bosphorus, where it was reported to have been "sold" to Turkey before that country entered the war. The cruiser was badly damaged several times, but recent reports said it has been repaired again, taken over by the Germans and withdrawn to the Black Sea.

The entire Turkish force which has been opposing the British on the Tigris has been captured, it was officially announced on Thursday. The text of the statement reads: "The hard fighting on the Tigris, which began on October 24, ended on the 30th with the capture of the entire Turkish force opposed to us on that river. The prisoners are estimated at about 7,000, with much material."

reparation of allied prisoners of war." The announcement that an armistice with Turkey which permits passage of allied warships through the Dardanelles already is in operation led naval officers to believe that an allied fleet if it has not already started, soon will pass through to the Black Sea to attack the German naval forces there.

"A reply was sent that if the Turkish Government sent fully accredited plenipotentiaries, Vice-Admiral Calhoun, the British commander, was empowered to inform them of the conditions upon which the allies would agree to stop hostilities, and could sign an armistice on these conditions in their behalf.

"The Turkish plenipotentiaries arrived at Mudros, Island of Lemnos, early this week and an armistice was signed by Admiral Calhoun on Wednesday night. It came into operation at noon on Thursday.

"It is impossible as yet to publish the full terms of the armistice, but they include (1) The free passage of the allied fleets through the Bosphorus to the Black Sea; (2) The occupation of forts on the Dardanelles and in the Bosphorus necessary to secure the passage of the ships, and (3) Immediate

provisions—Wholesale
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 37 3/4c; do, heavy, 39 to 32c; cooked, 52 to 51c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45c; backs, plain, 46 to 47c; boneless, 50 to 52c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c; clear bellies, 29 to 30c.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 21 to 21 1/4c; tubs, 21 1/2 to 22c; pails, 21 3/4 to 22 1/4c; prints, 23 to 23 1/2c. Compound, tierces, 25 1/2 to 26c; tubs, 26 to 26 1/2c; pails, 26 1/2 to 26 3/4c; prints, 27 1/2 to 28c.

Montreal Markets
Montreal, Nov. 5.—Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, 98c. Flour—New standard grade, \$11.50 to \$11.65. Rolled oats—Bran, 30 lbs, \$5.10 to \$5.25. Bran, 37.25. Shorts, \$42.25. Moullie, \$68.00 to \$70.00. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$25.00 to \$26.00. Cheese—Finest castles, 25 1/2 to 26c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 49 to 50c. Eggs—Selected, 54c; No. 1 stock, 49c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.60. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$25.50 to \$26.00. Lard—Pure, wood pails, 29 lbs, net, 31 1/2 to 32c.

Live Stock Markets
Toronto, Nov. 5.—Choice heavy steers, \$13.00 to \$13.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.00 to \$11.75; do, good, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do, medium, \$8.85 to \$9.50; do, common, \$7.75 to \$8.25; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10.00 to \$10.50; do, medium bulls, \$9.50 to \$9.75; do, rough bulls, \$7.25 to \$8.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$10.00 to \$10.25; do, good, \$9.00 to \$9.50; do, medium, \$7.50 to \$8.00; do, common, \$6.50 to \$7.00; stockers, \$8.00 to \$10.00; feeders, \$10.00 to \$11.00; canners and cutters, \$5.50 to \$5.75; milkers, good to choice, \$9.00 to \$145.00; do, com. and med., \$85.00 to \$75.00; springers, \$90.00 to \$145.00; light ewes, \$13.00 to \$14.00; yearlings, \$15.00 to \$15.50; spring lambs, \$15.25 to \$15.60; calves, good to choice, \$14.00 to \$17.75; hogs, fed and watered, \$17.75 to \$18.00; do, weighed off cars, \$18.00 to \$18.25.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Choice steers, \$11.00 to \$12.00; good steers, \$9.50 to \$10.50; medium, \$8.00 to \$9.00; common, down to \$7.00; choice butchers' cows, \$9.00 to \$10.00; good cows, \$7.50 to \$8.50; medium, down to \$6.00, and common, \$5.50. Canner cows, \$4.50 to \$5.00; canner bulls, \$5.50 to \$7.00. Sheep, \$9.50 to \$11.00; good lambs, \$15.25. Other lambs, \$13.00 to \$15.00. Choice select hogs, \$17.00 to \$17.50. Milk-fed calves, \$15.00; grass-fed, \$6.00 to \$8.00.

SOLE REMAINING TURK ARMY
CONCENTRATED AT GALLIOLI
A despatch from Paris says: A despatch from Athens to Le Matin says the "sole remaining Turkish army has been concentrated at Bulair, a town at the neck of the Gallipoli Peninsula. The Tehatalja positions are being prepared as the second line of defence for Constantinople.



ABDICATION OF KAISER REPORTED

Uprising of Population in Rhine District.

A despatch from London says: High-placed German officials at Copenhagen Thursday afternoon received information that the German Emperor had abdicated, according to the Copenhagen Telegraph Company, who adds: "Nothing is said about the Crown Prince."

A despatch from Amsterdam says: There has been an outbreak and a panic among the population in the Rhine provinces, arising from reports that the authorities were prepared, if necessary, to allow enemy troops to occupy Coblenz and Cologne, according to Berlin newspapers.

FOUR WHEAT FLOUR SUBSTITUTES ALLOWED

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order on wheat flour just passed by the Canada Food Board defines the only four wheat flour substitutes as oat, barley, corn and rye flours. All consumers must now take one pound of substitutes to four pounds wheat flour.

The order allows anyone to have on hand 100 pounds of flour, or sufficient for present daily ordinary requirements, while any farmer whose home-grown wheat has been ground by or exchanged directly with a miller, and any person living more than five miles from a mill, or licensed dealer, may keep on hand 200 pounds of flour, or what is sufficient for 200 days.

Feeding milling wheat or its mixtures to live stock or poultry is forbidden, except where grown together, containing not more than 25 per cent, of milling wheat. Orders Nos. 31 and 40 are repealed.



Stolen But Not Taken—Here is a pile of books stolen from the libraries of Montdidier and billed "for Berlin." But they never reached the "Land of Thieves." The German getaway was too rapid to allow of the carriage of mere books, valuable though they may be. Buy a Victory Bond in gratitude that Canadian libraries have been spared such pillage.

AUSTRIAN ARMY SUFFERS COMPLETE ROUT: 50,000 CAPTURED

Vanquished Envoys Offer White Flag to Italian Commander—
Italy Will Dictate Terms on the Field.

A despatch from Rome says: "The success of our arms is assuming great proportions. The routed enemy is retreating east of the Piave, and can hardly withstand the close pressure of our troops on the mountain front," says the official report on Thursday night.

Italian troops have reached Ponte Delle Ali, northeast of the city of Belluno, thus definitely dividing the Austrian armies, said an official wireless message received here on Thursday night from Rome. Over 50,000 prisoners and more than 300 guns have been counted, and thousands of additional captives are coming in. "The success of our armies is becoming more and more stupendous," says the despatch. The fighting is on a front of 100 to 120 miles now.

Gen. Diaz, Italian Commander-in-Chief, has issued the following bulletin to his troops: "Soldiers, forward! In Italy's name we will place the wreath of victory on the tomb of our glorious dead. Forward! Our beloved country calls!" In answer to Austria's announcement that she was ready to evacuate Italian territory, Italy has officially replied that the offer has come too late. It is assumed the Italians will endeavor to drive the Austro-Hungarian army from Italian soil before an armistice can be signed.

The Austrians in the north are menaced by the movement northeast above Belluno and an Italian army marching from the south toward that city.

The other Austrian army is menaced by an Italian drive moving southeast. In this case one fork of the pincers is the Adriatic Sea. The Austrians have been completely routed east of the Piave, an earlier despatch said, and are with great difficulty sustaining the incessant pressure of the Italian troops in the mountain region, in the plain and in the Alpine foothills of Venetia. Enemy masses are declared as "streaming in confusion" down the mountain valley in an attempt to reach passes on the Tagliamento River.

A despatch from Vienna says: The War Office issued this announcement to-night—"The high command of the armies, early Tuesday, by means of a Parliamentary, established communication with the Italian army command. Every effort is to be made for the avoidance of further useless sacrifice of blood, for the cessation of hostilities and the conclusion of an armistice. Towards this step, which was animated by the best intentions, the Italian high command at first assumed an attitude of unmistakable refusal, and it was only on the evening of Wednesday that, in accord with the Italian high command, Gen. Webber, accompanied by a deputation, was permitted to cross the fighting line for preliminary parleys. If, therefore, the cruelties of warfare must continue in the Italian theatre of war, the guilt and responsibility will have to be ascribed to the enemy."

210,315,600 BUSH. TOTAL WHEAT CROP

Estimate for Year's Yield of Various Grains and Legumes.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Dominion Bureau of Statistics announces the result of the collection of the areas under crop and the numbers of farm live stock throughout under arrangements made jointly by the Dominion Bureau and the Provincial governments. They are published, subject to revision, in the form of a press bulletin as follows:

The total areas sown to the principal cereal crops are as follows, comparative figures for last year being given within parentheses:
Wheat, 17,375,922 acres (14,755,850 acres); oats, 14,790,236 acres (13,213,400 acres); barley, 3,153,811 acres (2,292,200 acres); rye, 555,294 acres (211,880 acres); peas, 235,976 acres (192,487 acres); beans, 235,977 acres (98,551 acres); buckwheat, 548,997 acres (335,977 acres); flax, 921,826 acres (919,500 acres); mixed grains, 1,088,120 acres (497,236 acres); and corn for husking, 250,000 acres (224,339 acres).

The estimated total yields of these crops are, in bushels, as follows:
Wheat, 210,315,600 (223,742,850); oats, 456,735,900 (409,009,800); barley, 83,262,500 (55,057,750); rye, 10,375,500 (3,557,200); peas, 4,384,700 (3,026,340); beans, 4,688,200 (1,274,000); buckwheat, 11,459,600 (7,149,400); flax, 7,695,000 (5,934,900); mixed grains, 32,303,000 (16,157,080); and corn for husking, 6,915,600 (7,762,700).

The estimated numbers of farm live stock, based upon the returns received, are for the whole of Canada as follows:
Horses, 3,008,315; milk cows, 2,542,429; other cattle, 6,597,267; sheep, 3,037,480; swine, 6,289,882; fowls, 31,324,498; turkeys, 1,058,981; geese, 879,177; and ducks, 884,034.

KINGDOM OF GREATER SERBIA IS PROCLAIMED

A despatch from Basel, Switzerland, says: A Vienna despatch received here says that according to the Austrian newspapers the Kingdom of Greater Serbia has been proclaimed at Sarajevo, Bosnia, and that the assassins of Archduke Franz Ferdinand have been released by soldiers.

The assassination of Franz Ferdinand and his consort at Sarajevo in June, 1914, afforded Germany the excuse she was looking for to commence the world war.

GERMANS HAVE LOST 2,500,000 THIS YEAR

A despatch from London says: German losses since Jan. 1 were semi-officially estimated on Thursday at 2,500,000, of which one million were permanent.

Of the 10,000 German guns operating July 15, the allies have captured a third.

FROM OLD SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER
BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

One hundred pigs from Lord Rosebery's herd realized over \$5,470. The united ages of an east coast fishing boat crew is 298 years, the cabin boy being a man of seventy.

The Military Medal and D.C.M. have been awarded to Sergeant D. Hogg, Eskdalemuir.

The Countess of Mar and Kellie opened a Women's War Service Exhibition in Stirling.

Capt. John Todd, R.A.F., Ferndene, aged nineteen, has seventeen aeroplanes to his credit.

Major Victor Fortune, Black Watch, Blonairn, has been promoted to Brigadier-General.

The D.S.O. and Croix de Guerre have been awarded to Lieut. Harold G. Campbell, of Colgrain.

Brookbach Farm, Kirkpatrick-Durham, has been purchased by John Briggs, Sheffield, for \$5,800.

Capt. Robt. Halley, son of ex-Bairlie Halley, Perth, has been awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross.

Cockburnspath, Berwickshire, has twenty-two inhabitants, whose ages vary from seventy to ninety years.

The presence of a white crow in a householder's garden in Pillochrym attracted a good deal of attention.

Buchlyvie district, with a population of 500, subscribed over \$13,000 to the local War Savings Association.

By the death of Lieut. Odo L. D. Simpson, Sherwood Foresters, there is now no living heir to the baronetcy.

The oldest of the farmers in the Kirkintilloch district passed away in the person of William Laird, "The Dyke."

Mrs. McIntyre succeeds her late husband as clerk and treasurer of the Archhatten and Mucklain School Board.

Major R. Scott, Alton M.C., R.F.A., son of Rev. Thomas Scott, Livingston, has been awarded the Croix de Guerre.

Lieut.-Col. R. A. Wolfe-Murray, awarded the D.S.O., is the eldest son of Commander Philip Wolfe-Murray, Cringletie.

Lieut.-Col. Sir Ian Colquhoun, who has been awarded the D.S.O., is the chief of clan Colquhoun, Ross Dhu, Loch Lomond.

The parish church bell will ring each day at noon as an invitation to the inhabitants to pray for the success of the Allies.

The house of Lord and Lady Clivenstone, at Innerleithen, has been given as a convalescent home for Canadian officers.

Capt. G. Hunter, Hawick, has four brothers in the army, out of them in the Canadian army having won the Military Medal.

The Marquis of Graham, when opening a fête at Ardwell, said the workmen at home had reason to thank the men on the battlefield.

When retiring from the position of Classical Master of Peebles High School, William Macquoen was presented with a wallet of Treasury notes.

Capt. Frank M. McCallion, Starforth, killed in action, was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. McCallion, Doune Cottage, Dumfriesshire.

P. Bell, schoolmaster, Muirkirk, has been notified that his son, Lieut. Thomas Bell, R.S.F., has been killed in action.

The Military Medal has been awarded to Sergeant John Stewart, Gordons, son of the late John Stewart, Loxie, Dumfriesshire.

Sister Nellie Mackenzie, who has been awarded the Royal Red Cross, is a daughter of Mr. Mackenzie, 14 Hill Terrace, Inverness.

FOUR INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS
Proof of Earth's Revolution Can Be Obtained With Bowl.
Take a good sized bowl, fill it nearly full of water, and place it upon the floor of a room which is not exposed to shaking or jarring from the street. Sprinkle over the surface of the water a coating of lycopodium powder, which can be obtained at almost any chemist. Then upon the surface of this coating of powder make, with powdered charcoal a straight black line, say an inch or two in length.
Having made this little mark with the charcoal powder on the surface of the contents of the bowl, lay down upon the floor close to the bowl a stick or some other straight object, so that it will be exactly parallel with the mark. If the line happens to be parallel with a crack in the floor, or with any stationary object in the room, this will serve as well. Leave the bowl undisturbed for a few hours, and then observe the position of the black mark with reference to the object with which it was parallel. It will be found to have moved in the direction opposite to that of the movement of the earth on its axis. The earth is simply revolving, has carried the water and everything else in the bowl round with it, but the powder on the surface has been left behind a little. The line will always be found to have moved from east to west, which is perfectly good proof that everything else has moved the other way.

The Doings of the Duffs.

