

FRESH DIVISIONS LEAVE TRAINS ONLY TO BE MOWED DOWN

German Losses in Men and Guns in Desperate Fighting on Russian Front Are Colossal.

A despatch from Russian Army Headquarters on the Stokhod says: Fighting of the most desperate character is in progress on all positions of our front. The Germans, driven to desperation by their losses in guns and men, have been launching counter-attacks almost without cessation.

Monday and Tuesday they were pouring in fresh divisions which proceeded from the trains to the battlefields, where they were mowed down by the Russian fire. With huge losses in all attacks which so far have been delivered, they have been beaten back. Cannonading continues night and day, at times reaching such violence that it is impossible to distinguish individual events. It is simply a continuous roar like thunder. At night the whole sky is illuminated by bursting shells, searchlights and star bombs. The towns are filled with German and Austrian wounded. The Stokhod position is extremely strong.

RETREAT ONLY WAY OF ESCAPE

Russian Nut-Cracker Is Slowly, but Irresistibly, Closing In.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The ultimate Russian occupation of Kovol and Lemberg and the retirement of the Austro-German line of defence beyond the Bug River are now regarded here as a foregone conclusion. The armies of Generals von Eochm-Ermoloff and von Linsingen, which have been badly crippled in their efforts to hold back the advancing right wing of General Brusiloff's forces, have been forced to retreat to a point which leaves open the approaches to these two important centres, and the Russians in both regions have begun an encircling movement, which is slowly, but apparently irresistibly closing in upon them.

The German loss of the Stokhod crossing and the recently-announced Russian crossing of the river leaves no important line of defence before Kovol except a natural barrier consisting of a wide swamp, which undoubtedly will retard the Russian progress. But this movement from the west along the route midway between the Saray-Kovel and Rovnok-Kovel railways, in conjunction with the Russian pressure brought from the south in the region of Vladimir-Volynski, both of which are successfully developing, despite all German counter-attacks, is considered as making the outcome assured.

The operations against the Germans are also having an important effect in facilitating the advance against the Austrians defending Lemberg, since they enable the Russians to exert pressure against the Austrian left flank and increase that brought up on Lemberg from Brody and the south, where Gen. Leitchitzky's troops are successfully traversing the flooded Dnieper region and are threatening the Galician capital along the route leading through Stanislaw and Halich.

It is unofficially reported that the Germans have already begun their retirement from Kovol and are preparing to fall back on Brest-Litovsk, Chelm, and the general line of defence following the Bug River.

2,000 ACRES LEVELED SOUTH OF SASKATOON.

A despatch from Saskatoon says: A hailstorm of unusual severity struck the country eight miles south of this city on Wednesday.

GERMANS BOMBARD RUSSIAN HOSPITAL.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The Russian official statement is as follows: "An enemy aeroplane bombarded a transport containing wounded near Dnestri, on the Vladimir-Volynski-Lutsk route, killing one and injuring twenty already wounded men. The same aeroplane also bombarded the divisional hospital in Dnestri, killing one and injuring eight hospital orderlies. Caucasian front: Our advance continues."

SECOND MILITARY CROSS WON IN ONE FAMILY.

A despatch from Vancouver says: To the second member of the Bell-Irving family has come the honor of being decorated with the Military Cross, according to private advice received in Vancouver. This time it is Roderick Bell-Irving, acting Major in the 16th Canadian Scottish, and is in recognition of his gallantry in leading his company to the attack and the eventual capture of an entrenchment which had been taken from the British by the Germans.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS TO SLEEP 'NEATH MAPLES.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canadian maples are to be planted around the graves of Canadian soldiers in France. Seed of the red and silver maple, ripened at Ottawa, has been sent to London by Dominion Horticulturist W. J. Macoun and planted in Kew Gardens. After the little trees from these seeds are to be transplanted in France, seeds of the large-leaved maple of British Columbia are to be sent to London for the same purpose as soon as ripe.

Markets of the World

Toronto, Aug. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.41; No. 2 Northern, \$1.39; No. 3 Northern, \$1.37; No. 4 Northern, \$1.35; No. 5 Northern, \$1.33; No. 6 Northern, \$1.31; No. 7 Northern, \$1.29; No. 8 Northern, \$1.27; No. 9 Northern, \$1.25; No. 10 Northern, \$1.23; No. 11 Northern, \$1.21; No. 12 Northern, \$1.19; No. 13 Northern, \$1.17; No. 14 Northern, \$1.15; No. 15 Northern, \$1.13; No. 16 Northern, \$1.11; No. 17 Northern, \$1.09; No. 18 Northern, \$1.07; No. 19 Northern, \$1.05; No. 20 Northern, \$1.03; No. 21 Northern, \$1.01; No. 22 Northern, \$0.99; No. 23 Northern, \$0.97; No. 24 Northern, \$0.95; No. 25 Northern, \$0.93; No. 26 Northern, \$0.91; No. 27 Northern, \$0.89; No. 28 Northern, \$0.87; No. 29 Northern, \$0.85; No. 30 Northern, \$0.83; No. 31 Northern, \$0.81; No. 32 Northern, \$0.79; No. 33 Northern, \$0.77; No. 34 Northern, \$0.75; No. 35 Northern, \$0.73; No. 36 Northern, \$0.71; No. 37 Northern, \$0.69; No. 38 Northern, \$0.67; No. 39 Northern, \$0.65; No. 40 Northern, \$0.63; No. 41 Northern, \$0.61; No. 42 Northern, \$0.59; No. 43 Northern, \$0.57; No. 44 Northern, \$0.55; No. 45 Northern, \$0.53; No. 46 Northern, \$0.51; No. 47 Northern, \$0.49; No. 48 Northern, \$0.47; No. 49 Northern, \$0.45; No. 50 Northern, \$0.43; No. 51 Northern, \$0.41; No. 52 Northern, \$0.39; No. 53 Northern, \$0.37; No. 54 Northern, \$0.35; No. 55 Northern, \$0.33; No. 56 Northern, \$0.31; No. 57 Northern, \$0.29; No. 58 Northern, \$0.27; No. 59 Northern, \$0.25; No. 60 Northern, \$0.23; No. 61 Northern, \$0.21; No. 62 Northern, \$0.19; No. 63 Northern, \$0.17; No. 64 Northern, \$0.15; No. 65 Northern, \$0.13; No. 66 Northern, \$0.11; No. 67 Northern, \$0.09; No. 68 Northern, \$0.07; No. 69 Northern, \$0.05; No. 70 Northern, \$0.03; No. 71 Northern, \$0.01; No. 72 Northern, \$0.00; No. 73 Northern, \$0.00; No. 74 Northern, \$0.00; No. 75 Northern, \$0.00; No. 76 Northern, \$0.00; No. 77 Northern, \$0.00; No. 78 Northern, \$0.00; No. 79 Northern, \$0.00; No. 80 Northern, \$0.00; No. 81 Northern, \$0.00; No. 82 Northern, \$0.00; No. 83 Northern, \$0.00; No. 84 Northern, \$0.00; No. 85 Northern, \$0.00; No. 86 Northern, \$0.00; No. 87 Northern, \$0.00; No. 88 Northern, \$0.00; No. 89 Northern, \$0.00; No. 90 Northern, \$0.00; No. 91 Northern, \$0.00; No. 92 Northern, \$0.00; No. 93 Northern, \$0.00; No. 94 Northern, \$0.00; No. 95 Northern, \$0.00; No. 96 Northern, \$0.00; No. 97 Northern, \$0.00; No. 98 Northern, \$0.00; No. 99 Northern, \$0.00; No. 100 Northern, \$0.00.

ISLANDS BUILT TO ORDER.

The Bismarck Archipelago, now occupied by us, are two small islands that the Germans, with characteristic resourcefulness, built up for themselves in a sea where formerly no land was.

SOMME DRIVE ONLY IN INITIAL STAGES

THE WHOLE GERMAN EMPIRE IS ALARMED.

The British Must Take Bapaume, and Move Forward Upon Cambrai.

ALLIES USE MANY GUNS.

SEVEN FORMS OF ARTILLERY ARE EMPLOYED IN WAR.

DESTRUCTION IS TERRIBLE.

APPELLING LOSS IN FRANCE AS RESULT OF ENEMY INVASION.

A BATTERING IN STAGE.

INVASION OF BELGIUM.

PROOF THAT IT WAS PLANNED MANY YEARS AGO.

CURE FOR TRENCH FOOT.

WAR DISEASE NOT FROST BITE, BUT FORM OF MILDEW.

SECOND MILITARY CROSS WON IN ONE FAMILY.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS TO SLEEP 'NEATH MAPLES.



A Photo Which Shows the Odds Our Men Are Surmounting.

German gun crew operating machine gun from bomb-proof shelter of earth, grass, and timber. The gun fires 600 bullets a minute, and is making the enemy's rifle pits, two hundred metres away. The gun is mounted on an elevation made of planks and filled with earth, and is covered with a bomb-proof shelter.

THE WHOLE GERMAN EMPIRE IS ALARMED.

The British Must Take Bapaume, and Move Forward Upon Cambrai. Lord Salisbury once advised friends who were studying war operations to use a large map. A large map is an essential for a consideration of the achievements and tasks of the British and French armies of the Somme.

ALLIES USE MANY GUNS.

Seven Forms of Artillery Are Employed in War. No fewer than seven different kinds of artillery are taken into the field by a modern army—mountain, horse and field guns, light and heavy howitzers, position guns and siege artillery, says the Glasgow Herald.

DESTRUCTION IS TERRIBLE.

Appalling Loss in France as Result of Enemy Invasion. A graphic report of the loss of property as the result of the German advance on the western front in France, was forwarded to the United States Department of Commerce by Commercial Attache C. W. A. Veditz at Paris and made public recently.

A BATTERING IN STAGE.

INVASION OF BELGIUM. Proof That It Was Planned Many Years Ago. Some of the German press comment on the death of General Von Moltke is of considerable interest.

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WORLD'S BIGGEST BATTLE MAKES BRITAIN GREATER

The British Race Is the Greatest in Numbers, Duration and Sacrifice.—Historical Facts.

A despatch from the front says: A month has passed since the beginning of the great battle in the Picardy, says Philip Gibbs. We who have been out here and saw the beginning, and day by day followed the progress of the British fighting men, knowing their difficulties and dangers from hour to hour, take breath now for a moment and look back upon its lifetime counting its gains and losses, with any glory it may have and any tragedy.

CROP PROSPECT FOR DOMINION

Official Review Issued at Ottawa of End of July Conditions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A special press bulletin issued by the Census and Statistics Office reports on the condition of field crops in Canada at the end of July in part as follows:

From Erm's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

BRITISH CAVALRY.

THE SERBS PREPARE FOR A BIG DRIVE.

CURE DISCOVERED FOR ERUPTIVE TYPHUS.

His Knower Handicap.

His Decision.

She-Do you think a man can love two women at the same time?

He- (gallantly)—Yes, if they were both like you.

Will Be Used in a New and Startling Fashion Shortly.

The First Dragoon Guards, one of England's crack cavalry regiments, were used in a charge on German organizations in the recent offensive and for the first time since the battle of the Marne British horsemen were in action in France.

Great Britain still believes in this arm of the service in spite of the trench warfare. She has approximately 250,000 cavalrymen in France and England, trained to the minute, and these men can take their place as infantrymen in the trenches as well as charge the enemy on horseback. The most intelligent and physically perfect men in Great Britain have been picked for this work. They have been taught to charge over ground and through the hardest sort of work. It is estimated that, with the Indian cavalry, England has over 150,000 mounted men in France and these are going to be used in a new and startling fashion in the near future, if plans do not miscarry.

Among the nurses who have been awarded the decoration of the Royal Red Cross in recognition of their services, is Mrs. George King, daughter of the late Dr. Andrew McBride, of Newry.

While a number of youths were playing near Londonderry they discovered three hundred rounds of revolver ammunition. The bullets were in a crevice, loosely covered with earth and grass.

A giant pipe was caught by Mr. Patrick Smyth, Culrahy, Grandand, whilst fishing in Lough Gowan. The pipe turned the scales at 26 lbs., and when opened contained three full-sized perch.

The Rt. Hon. Edmond Archdale, P. C., died last week at his residence, Castle Archdale, at the age of 66. He was the first landlord in Ireland to sell his estate to his tenants under the Land Act of 1903.

The exodus to England from Mayo of harvesters has been very large. They are mostly boys or men beyond middle life. The cause is that the young men fear conscription in England and Scotland.

Another addition to the regular fleet of Dublin steamers engaged in cross-channel business, has arrived in the Liffey. The new steamer was built to the order of the British and Irish Steam Packet Company.

Among these buildings were some of the most splendid architectural monuments in France, including the City Hall of Arras and the Cathedral, Archbishop's Palace, the church of St. Remy and the City Hall at Rheims. Other public buildings damaged or totally destroyed were 221 city halls, 379 schools, 311 churches, 59 monumental works of art, and 306 other structures of various public utility. Three hundred and thirty industrial establishments were seriously damaged, which in normal times furnished support for 57,000 persons.

The Department of Marine was the heaviest sufferer, having 15,106 buildings entirely or partially destroyed. In Pas-de-Calais 6,650 buildings were completely demolished, and in Meurthe-et-Moselle, 4,930 structures were razed.

Mr. Veditz's report is based on a census made by M. Malvy, Minister of the Interior of the French Republic. The figures are only for the invaded portions of France from which the enemy subsequently was driven.

CURE DISCOVERED FOR ERUPTIVE TYPHUS. A despatch from Paris says: A cure for eruptive typhus, the disease which made such terrible ravages in Serbia, has been discovered by Doctors Nicolli and Bialost. The physicians described their discovery to the Academy of Medicine. It is a serum which they found after exhaustive experiments. So far thirty-eight serious cases have been treated by injections, which were followed by rapid recovery in a number of patients. In addition, the injections of the serum prevented complications so frequent in this disease and reduced the death rate from twenty-five to three per cent.