

# FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF SOLDIERS

Scheme Suggested is Back-to-the-Land Principle, Preferably in Canada

A despatch from London says: The report of the After-the-War Committee of the Royal Colonial Institute is published shortly will unfold a scheme for the settlement of soldiers. The main feature will be the back-to-the-land principle, preferably in Canada, but with the option of the other colonies or in Great Britain. The question which will provide the money is the chief problem for the committee. The committee wants the Imperial and overseas Governments to provide not merely the land and transportation, but sufficient money to tide the soldier settlers over the non-productive period. An emigration agent who has just completed a tour of Scotland reports a marked revival of interest in Canada. Many enquiries were received from young crofters regarding prospects in the Dominion after the war.

## 345 FACTORIES ARE UNDER "CONTROL"

Excess of Employers' Profits Over Fixed Limit to be Paid Into the Imperial Exchequer

A despatch from London says: De-Mr. Lloyd-George, "Parliament has voted Lloyd-George, Minister of Munitions, that sacrifices made by workmen, announces that 345 establishments are made for the nation as a whole have been declared "controlled" and not for the advantage of establishments under the Munitions Act. On the other hand, during the war, any rule that would limit the profits of employers or shop customs which may have the limited. Any excess over such a limit effect of limiting the output of munitions payable to the National Exchequer are suspended in controlled exchequer. "By this provision," says establishments.

## NEW OFFENSIVE AGAINST CALAIS

Movement of German Troops Through Belgium Continuous for Days.

A despatch from London says: The Daily Mail's correspondent at the Hague telegraphs that a prominent neutral citizen, who has just arrived from Brussels, says that the movement of German troops through Belgium to the western front has been constant for several days.

A significant order of the day predicting resumption by the Germans of a vigorous offensive in the west has been issued to the Teutonic armies in Flanders, according to the Amsterdam Telegraph. An extract from this order, telegraphed by the Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, follows: "Our work now is practically finished in the east and we are about to begin in the west. Peace is certain in October."

The French official communication chronicles the recapture through counter-attacks of part of the trenches lost in the Argonne, and the repulse of enemy attacks at other points. There was also some rather severe fighting in the Vosges, in which hand-grenades were used. Albert Thomas, Under-Secretary of War in charge of munitions, tells the Petit Parisien that France's efforts to produce munitions are different in method, but equal in results, to those of England, which he recently viewed. The newspaper quotes him as follows: "We have an army which at the present moment is armed so as to withstand any shock, an army which on the other hand is capable of making a strong offensive. Its morale is good; that is to say, the army is prepared to remain as it is if necessary. "Every day our strength grows both in England and in France. Notwithstanding the reports regarding the resources at the disposal of Germany, it is not possible that the resources of the allies will not assure them when the time is ripe for complete victory."

## GERMANS ARE DROWNED IN EFFORT TO ESCAPE

A despatch to Christiania says: Twenty-five members of the crew of the German converted cruiser Berlin, interned at Trondhjem last November, attempted to escape by swimming across the Trondhjem fjord, but they were observed by a guard and caught. All were provided with bundles of civilian clothing, money and knives. Several were drowned. Three German citizens have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment for attempting to smuggle copper into Germany. The Berlin, which carried a crew of 450 men, entered the Norwegian port of Trondhjem on Nov. 17, to escape British warships after attempting to escape from the North Sea to act as a commerce raider in the Atlantic.

## ITALY NEEDS MORE GRAIN.

A despatch from Rome says: The latest official reports regarding the harvest show that Italy needs 12,000,000 quintals more of grain for her consumption until next year. A quintal is approximately 220 pounds. Most of this grain, it is understood, will be purchased in America.

## WORKMAN IN GERMANY PAYS MORE FOR FOOD.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: The official organ of the General Federation of Trades Unions of Germany states that as one result of the British blockade the average German workman's family last May had to expend 36.49 marks (about \$9) weekly for food, as compared with 24.70 marks (about \$6) in May of 1914.

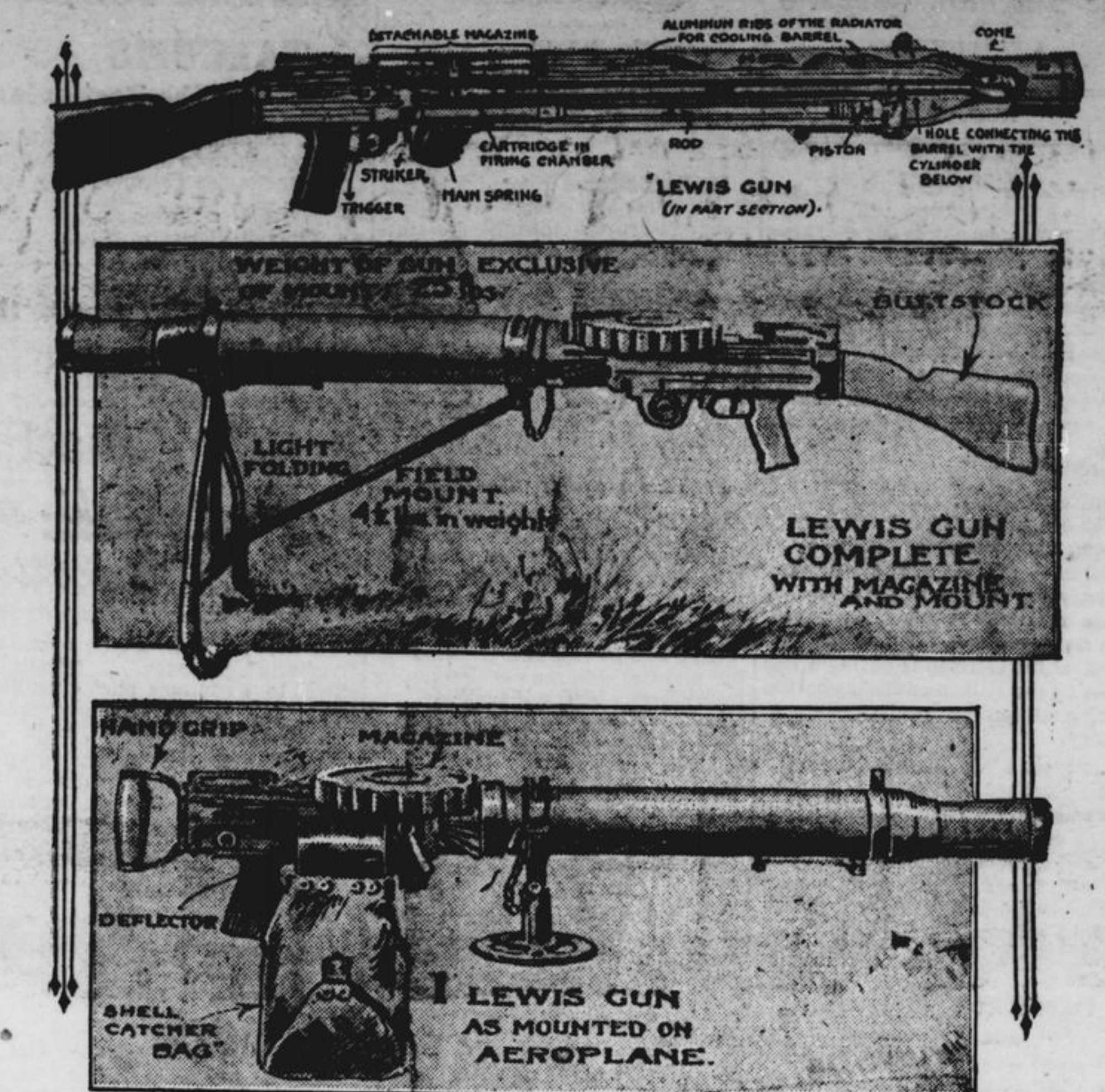
## Rumors of German Peace Overtures Confirmed

A despatch from Petrograd says: The Nova Vremya confirms the rumors of German overtures for separate peace. It is alleged that Germany offered Russia Galicia and the Dardanelles, with a guarantee of the integrity of her frontiers, Germany stipulating for Egypt on the pretext of ceasing the same to Turkey and for a free hand to deal with Russia's allies. "This attempt testifies," says the journal, "that in spite of her brilliantly organized espionage Germany entirely fails to discount the sentiment of the Russian authorities and of the whole Russian people."

## Sir David Beatty Appointed Vice-Admiral

A despatch from London says: The Official Gazette announces that Sir David Beatty has been promoted to be a vice-admiral. Sir David Beatty during the present war commanded the British fleet which in August, 1914, sank four German warships off Heligoland and won a victory over a German squadron in the North Sea the following January. In this fight the German cruiser Blucher was sent to the bottom. Vice-Admiral Beatty is only 45 years old, and the youngest officer ever promoted to the rank of a vice-admiral in the British navy.

# LEWIS MACHINE GUN CAPABLE OF FIRING OVER FOUR HUNDRED ROUNDS PER MINUTE



## Markets Of The World

**Breadstuffs.**  
Toronto, Aug. 16.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.38 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.37 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$1.34 1/2; track, lake ports, Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 63c, track, lake ports.  
Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, 84c, nominal, track, lake ports.  
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 57c to 58c; No. 3 white, 56c to 57c, according to freights outside.  
Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$1.12 to \$1.15; do, new, \$1.02 to \$1.04, according to freights outside.  
Peas—No. 2, per car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Barley—Good malting barley, nominal; feed barley, 60c, according to freights outside.  
Buckwheat—Car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Rye—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, 77c; second patents, in jute bags, 68c; strong bakers', in jute bags, 65c, 50c; Toronto; in cotton bags, 10c more.  
Ontario flour—Winter, 90 per cent. patents, \$4.60; do, new, \$4.10, sea-board, or Toronto freights in bags.  
Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, \$27; shorts, \$29; middlings, \$30; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.90.

**Cattle Markets.**  
Toronto, Aug. 16.—The quotations were: Best heavy steers, \$8.60 to \$9; butchers' cattle, choice, \$8 to \$8.35; do, good, \$7.40 to \$7.60; do, medium, \$6.50 to \$7.20; do, common, \$5.25 to \$5.80; butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.50; do, good bulls, \$6 to \$6.50; do, rough bulls, \$5.25 to \$5.75; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$7.25; do, good, \$6.35 to \$6.50; do, medium, \$5.25 to \$6; do, common, \$4.50 to \$5; feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$7.50; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6.25 to \$7.25; canners and cutters, \$4 to \$5.25; milkers, choice, each, \$65 to \$85; do, common and medium, each, \$35 to \$50; springers, \$50 to \$65; light ewes, \$6 to \$7.50; do, bucks, \$3.50 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$6.50 to \$8; Spring lambs, cwt., \$8 to \$10; calves, \$4.50 to \$10.75; hogs, off cars, \$8.90 to \$9.15; do, fed and watered, \$8.75; do, L.O.B., \$8.40.  
Montreal, Aug. 16.—Fairly good steers sold at \$7.25 to \$7.50; fair stock sold at \$6.75 to \$7, and the common and the medium at from \$5.50 to \$6.80 per 100 pounds. A few bunches of choice butchers' cows brought \$7 to \$7.25, and the lower grades sold from that down to \$5.25, while bulls changed hands at prices ranging from \$5.50 to \$7.25 per 100 pounds. The demand from packers for canning stock was active, and all the offerings met with a steady sale at \$4.75 to \$7.25 for bulls, and at \$4.50 for cows. Lambs sold at \$8.25 to \$9.25, and sheep at \$5.25 to \$6 per 100 pounds, as to quality. Calves, \$3 to \$15 each, as to size and quality. Hogs, choice selected lots, \$9.50 to \$9.80, and rougher lots at \$9 to \$9.40 per 100 pounds, weighed off cars.

**SEIZE GERMAN PROPERTY.**  
Paris Authorities Take Over Realty Worth \$40,000,000.  
A despatch from Paris says: The civil tribunal of the Seine has sequestered the property of the German millionaire, Herr Jellinek. This property, consisting for the most part of real estate in Paris and the Riviera, is worth about \$40,000,000.  
In Germany a mile is four times as long as in England.  
Some one has said that "Time is money," but somehow a man's friends appreciate the money he spends with them more than the time.

## EUROPE AFTER FIRST YEAR OF THE GREAT WAR



# U-12 HAS BEEN SUNK WITH ALL ON BOARD

Enemy Warships Bombard Southern Italian Ports—Little Damage is Occasioned

A despatch from Rome says: It is officially announced that the Austrian submarine U-12 has been torpedoed and sunk with all hands in the upper Adriatic Sea by an Italian submarine. The announcement was made in a statement issued by the Navy Department, which added: "Two Austrian torpedo-boat destroyers bombarded Bari, Santa Spirito and Mol-fetta (Southern Italy, on the Adriatic). One civilian was killed and seven were wounded. There was no appreciable material damage."

## ACROSS THE BORDER NEWS FROM ENGLAND

WHAT IS GOING ON OVER IN THE STATES.  
Latest Happenings in Big Republic Condensed for Busy Readers.

Chicago has an electric pie-making machine; six girls turn out 23,000 pies a day on it.  
Milwaukee will no longer allow music in saloons, and a clean-up has put 500 out of work.  
The Mayor of Buffalo refuses to sanction increases of \$1,600 a year to the city court judges.  
Julius Binder drives a cow around Lorain, O., and milks it at the door of residents as required.  
The National Temperance Association will have films made to show the evils of drink by movies.  
Ralph Elrose, 20, missing from his New York home two years, is wanted as heir to \$60,000.  
The mother of Max Staudte, restored from criminality by operation at Passaic, N.J., won't take him back, not believing he is made good.  
Of the 320,000,000 pounds of cheese produced yearly in U.S., Wisconsin makes nearly one-half.  
The Missouri Pacific Railway has a dining-car service on day coaches and other cars—the first in the West.  
Giuseppe Costello and Anna Foti, both deaf and dumb, were wed in New York City Hall by interpreted signs.  
At her father's funeral Mrs. Katharine Savarez, of Long Island, was killed when one of the teams ran away.  
Sitka, Clark County, Kansas, appeals to Governor Capper to send along some husbandless young men for the girls.  
James Hawkins, aged 10, of Pleasantville, N.J., will die from injuries suffered in an attack by a shepherd dog.  
The latest business on trains pulling out of Atlantic City to Philadelphia is the sale of good ten-cent boxes of ice cream.  
The poor of Detroit were allowed to tear up a condemned city pavement to gather fire wood; crowds soon cleared nine blocks.  
A wealthy woman of Wilmington, Del., Mrs. M. K. Grant, gave a party in honor of the 14th birthday of her horse, with music, ice cream, etc.  
The capture of a huge maskelonge overturned a canoe at Boulder, Wis., and drowned Geo. Truttschell, Sheboygan civic official.  
Aloysius Sheppard will be hanged at Denton, Md., for an assault on a Federalburg girl; a huge crowd awaited assurance of the death sentence.  
Because he sold fireworks to his daughter, through which she was burned to death, Joseph Moretzky asks \$10,000 of Paul Lange, of Kansas City.  
Thomas Harlow shot a woodchuck near Bradford, Pa., and the bullet deflected to the body of Herbert Greenwood, aged 9, seriously injuring him.  
Mrs. Mary Coulter, of Hartford, Conn., is suing Capt. T. P. Kenney, of Colchester, for \$5,000 for getting him out of an asylum, and \$10,000 for breach of promise.

## PENSIONS TO COST \$4,000,000 A YEAR

Militia Department Figures on 6,000 to Maintain After the War.

A despatch from Ottawa says: That at the end of the war Canada will have 5,000 or 6,000 pensions to pay is the estimate made from the experience of the Militia Department so far. While the uncertainty as to the length of the struggle precludes any very accurate prediction, it is practically certain that there will be added to the Dominion expenditure a sum of at least \$4,000,000 per year for pensions for the wives and families of dead soldiers and for disabled men.  
Up to the present, however, the number of Canadian soldiers receiving pensions as a result of the present war is only 160, and the amount paid out up to July 31 has been \$25,000.  
As each application for a pension takes three or four months between the time the soldier falls or is wounded and the date on which the application is finally passed, it is altogether probable that the \$2,000,000 set apart for pensions during the present year will be sufficient. It is estimated that already about 1,000 Canadian men of family have fallen in action, but as stated, only a small proportion of these cases have been dealt with. These cases are first passed on by the Pension and Claims Board of the Militia Department, and then referred to Major W. S. Conger, Canadian Pensions Officer.

**About Her Young Man.**  
A servant was telling her mistress the other day of the boasting indulged in by the servant next door about her young man in khaki. "I can't understand how he's got on so fast," she remarked. "He's only been in the army a few months, yet she told me in November that he was a corporal; last week she said he'd been made a sergeant, and now she says he's to be a court-martial!"

## Hot Weather Year.

I wish that I could find a cool And quiet glade, And spend the summer by a pool Of lemonade.

## LLOYD GEORGE ENLISTS HELP OF SCIENTISTS.

A despatch from London says: That he may avail himself of all the latest discoveries in appliances for the manufacture of munitions of war, David Lloyd George, the Munitions Minister, has formed a "munitions invention branch" of his department. In this department he will be assisted by twenty-five scientists and engineering experts.

## Quite Simple.

A commercial traveller, visiting a large factory, made a bet with the manager that he would pick out all the married men among the employees. Accordingly he stationed himself at the door as they came back from dinner, and mentioned all those whom he believed to be married, and almost in every case he was right. "How do you do it?" asked the manager in amazement. "Oh, it's simple," said the knight of the road, "quite simple. The married men all wipe their feet on the mat. The single men don't!"

Green is an ill-becoming color for lunatics to wear.  
Dog-collars studded with pearls, and costing between \$3,500 and \$4,000 have, in several cases, been bestowed by society ladies on their Pekinese pets.