# POULTRY

### MAKING THE MOST OF THE EGGS LAID AT THIS SEASON.

By A. P. Marshall.

As the price of eggs drops during the warm summer weather, and it becomes a question whether much profit may be derived from their sale in the regular way, the wise poultry grower will consider how he may keep up the price for what he sells, or preserve his stock as it accumulates, in such a way that he will obtain a much larger price and considerably more than pay him for the trouble to which he has to bring about this result.

In the first place any eggs required for sale as food products, and not for breeding purposes, should be infertile. Fertile eggs become unfit for human food almost as quickly as milk when subjected to the same temperature, and when we consider how carefully our health departments safeguard the sale of this product, it is some wonder that some method is not devised to absolutely prevent the marketing during the hot months of eggs less likely to spoil than is now in practice. It is a mistaken idea that eggs have to be put into an incubator or under a hen to start to hatch. The fact is that the germs begin to grow just as soon as it is subjected to a temperature of 90 or above. Whether this be behind the kitchen stove, or on a hot country road en route to market, on a platform at the depot awaiting shipment, in the country store waiting for the usual twenty or thirty cases before sending out, in the pantry waiting until the case is filled, or when you have a chance to go to town, or in the house under broody hens, when they are not gathered frequently.

Why produce such a perishable article at all when the remedy is so simple, just by "Swatting the Rooster," or removing him from the pens from which the eggs to sell come. An infertile egg will keep so much better than a fertile one that there is hardly any comparison between them. Infertile eggs could be placed in an incubator for twenty-one days,—the hatching time,—and used for cooking purposes, and it is doubtful if they would be found in the least objectionable. But what of the infertile egg that has not matured a chick? The stench from it is terrible! This is the relative condition of the fertile and infertile egg when subjected to heating under the same circumstances and gives some idea of the value of taking precautions to have only infertile eggs produced at this time of year.

By guaranteeing that all eggs are infertile, that they can be depended upon to keep as long as possible, and supplying them in attractive containers, it is possible to obtain always several cents better than the market price for them. If the price drops too low, it will pay anyone who will do so to use one of the many ways that can be used for preserving the eggs until later in the year, when eggs are scarce and good prices prevail for well-kept eggs.

Eggs to be stored, in the first place should therefore be from hens having no males running with them, because an infertile egg keeps longer, even without the use of the preservative, than a fertile egg; second, perfectly fresh, for not only will they keep better, but if an egg that has begun to decay is placed in the same vessel with fresh ones, it is likely to affect all the surrounding eggs; and, third, perfectly clean, for filth of any kind adhering to the shell will taint the preserving medium and thus taint the eggs. In placing eggs in the preservative be careful to see that none of the eggs get cracked. Keep them in a moderately cool room where the temperature may be kept fairly constant. A dry clean cellar is a suitable place.

There are several very good ways of preserving eggs, and one of them can be selected that will suit the ability of the user to obtain the ingredients in his own locality. Of the many methods for use on a small scale none has proved more successful than water-glass (sodium silicate). This is a very cheap product, and can usually be secured at not to exceed fifty cents a gallon, and one gallon will make enough solution to preserve fifty dozen eggs, so that the cost of material would not exceed more than one cent a dozen. Pure water that has been boiled and then cooled should be used. To each fifteen or twenty quarts of water one quart of water-glass should be used. The solution should be prepared, placed in the jar or other vessel, and the fresh eggs added from time to time until the jar is filled, but be sure that there are two inches of solution always covering the eggs. The eggs should not be washed before packing, for washing injures the keeping quality, probably by dissolving the mucilaginous coating.

A good limewater preservative may be made as follows: Thirty gallons of water, 10 pounds of salt, one-half bushel of finely slacked lime. After mixing thoroughly allow the solution to stand two or three days and then remove the clear liquid by dipping or by means of a siphon. Place the liquid in a tub or other suitable receptacle and place the eggs therein, or the eggs may be placed in the vessel first and the limewater placed over them. Have at least two inches of liquid covering the top of the eggs. Limed eggs can be discerned by the roughness of the shell. Before boiling eggs that have been preserved in the foregoing ways they should be punctured with a needle, otherwise they will be apt to crack as soon as placed in hot water, owing to the pores being closed and no outlet allowed for the air in the egg.

Eggs can be preserved for several months in dry salt. Bran can also be used with fair results, but neither of these methods is as satisfactory as the first two mentioned. There must always be at least two inches covering the eggs with these two methods also.

Cold storage is undoubtedly the best and most practical method of preserving eggs in large quantities in a commercial way. As the processes by which a low temperature can be maintained for an indefinite period have become more and more improved the greater has been the number of eggs stored, until the cold storage business has reached such proportions that it has a considerable influence on the price of eggs, tending to lower it in winter and raise it in summer.

A record of twenty crates of eggs stored last season in Buffalo will give some idea of the profit in this method. These eggs were shipped in when they were selling for table use at 17 cents per dozen. This would make the total $102.00. These same eggs were sold in December at an average of thirty cents a dozen, which made a total of $180.00, or a difference of $78.00 in favor of cold storage.

The cold storage plant charged two cents a dozen for the period, which made a total of $12.00 for storage. To this is to be added $6.20 expressage and the commission man's charge of $12.00, making a total of expenditures of $30.20 and leaving $47.80 clear and above what the cost of storage and other expenses amounted to. There is no question that storage in this way properly handled is very profitable.

WHEN IN DOUBT
Serve Ice Cream

CITY DAIRY Service makes this possible. We have developed a method of shipping Ice Cream put up in attractive boxes—Enough in a box to serve five or six persons. We ship thousands of these boxes to discriminating shop keepers everywhere.

You get it in the original package just as it is put up in our sanitary Dairy.

City Dairy

Look for the Sign.

TORONTO.

We want an Agent in every town.


## BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More little ones die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea., dysentry, cholera infantum and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give promptly the short delay too frequently means that the child has passed beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in homes where there are young children. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent stomach and bowel troubles, or if the trouble comes suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will cure the baby. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### HOW POULTRY HELPS TO IMPROVE THE GARDEN.

So much is written with regard to the profits from poultry that one would naturally expect to see more frequently some mention of the very valuable product that can be made very great use of, and which we see mentioned but very seldom. The value of the fertilizer that is available seems to be almost entirely lost sight of.

It has been asserted by good authority that comparing its value with the cost of commercial fertilizers, it is quite safe to say that it can be credited with at least one-fourth the total amount of the feed bill, and especially when one has the land to use it to the best advantage for small fruit and vegetables or flowers. The use of this fertilizer in tests has shown phenomenal results in some cases, and it therefore seems as though due credit has not been given for the value of this very valuable by-product.

On our own plant, where the dropping boards are cleaned every day, we save the fertilizer until such time as we have opportunity to make good use of it. Before using it is best to mix it thoroughly with the soil and allow rain and the weather to have its effect upon them. Fresh hen manure used without being treated in this way would be too strong, and burn up the vegetation it comes in contact with. It is an excellent idea to keep piles of this ready-mixed with garden soil so that when the best of soil is wanted it will be available for immediate use.

Grape-vines can very often be set between the yards to very good advantage, and the natural fertilizing they get produce the best of fruit. Cultivation will be found beneficial of course, but the poultry can be counted on to help in keeping off some of the undesirable bugs and insects that hold back the plants. Rose beds, Canna plots, and all kinds of vegetable produce can be helped very materially by the application of seasoned hen manure mixed with a little garden soil. During the summer season small applications can be made from time to time, and where only a few birds are kept, make almost immediate use of the fertilizer procurable. During seasons when it cannot be used almost as produced, it may be saved and an accumulation kept for the next season's use to greatly increase the results and avoid the necessity for supplying other fertilization that would be needed to bring first-class crops.

Naturally poultry at least of matured size and a garden do not work on the same ground, but it is a simple matter to fence the poultry and much of the waste from the garden can go to furnish some green for the birds. If it is convenient to move the poultry yards and alternate between poultry runs and garden it will be found an especialliy fine arrangement for the yards will not have a tendency, as they frequently do, of becoming fouled and soured, and they will grow the best of crops every other year.

Tender broilers, fresh eggs, fruit, vegetables and roses are luxuries not enjoyed by all, but the very best of all of these may be had if care is exercised in utilizing all the elements procurable where a combination of hens and a garden is carried out.

### DAINTY FOOD

**Turns Pale Cheeks to Pink.**

Our best physicians of the present day seek to cure patients by the use of food and right living, rather than heavy drugs, and this is the true method, for only from food can the body be rebuilt.

Many people, after living on poorly selected or badly cooked food for a long time, and when their ailments become chronic, expect the doctor, with some magic potency, to instantly rebuild them.

This is not possible. The only true method is to run as quickly as can be, from poor food to good. A young lady says:

"I was variously treated for my nerves, stomach, lungs, etc., but none of the treatments gave me relief.

"About a year ago when my appetite failed completely and I began to have sinking spells similar to fainting, I took all manner of tonic and stimulants, but they were of no effect. I had been brought to quit drinking coffee and taking Postum in its place and gradually began to get a little better.

"Someone suggested that if I found Postum so beneficial I had better use Grape-Nuts food, as they were both the children of one brain. I commenced on Grape-Nuts food for breakfast, having Postum with it. I found the food so dainty, delicious, and appetizing that I always looked forward to breakfast with pleasure.

"Shortly after commencing this diet, the wretched pain in my side was greatly relieved, and now, a year later, it has gone entirely, also the sinking spells; in fact, my pale cheeks have changed to pink, I have gained back more than the twenty pounds I lost, and am thoroughly well in every way."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

**Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.**

# ACROSS THE BORDER

### WHAT IS GOING ON OVER IN THE STATES.

**Latest Happenings in Big Republic Condensed for Busy Readers.**

U. S. seeks 4,000 aviators to be trained for military service.

Ott School Garden, Kansas City, has produced a radish 14 inches round and 13½ inches long.

Kansas floods this spring have caused $2,000,000 losses in bridges, roads, and railroad property.

Fred Warranchuck, of Derry, N.H., having lost his job, faced a mirror and shot himself in the head.

Daniel Haviland of Putram County, has just retired after 75 years as shoemaker without a holiday.

Barry Steafen, barber at Akron, O., was fined $5.10 for stealing a kiss from a pretty girl on the street.

Detroit dentists are injecting emetine into sufferers' arms to stop toothache, it is said, with success.

The purchasing power of a dollar was double what it is now in New Jersey in 1898, say official figures.

Henry Fuchs, State street saloonkeeper, Chicago, has failed owing to sluggishness of the liquor business.

Kansas harvest hands are accused of placing iron bars in wheat fields so as to destroy farmers' machinery.

Firing at a fleeing burglar suspect, a police sergeant at Chicago killed Walter Hendrichsen, an innocent bystander.

A storm blew out the window of a jewellery store at Muskogee, Ok., and 200 diamond rings rolled down the street.

For six hours Fred Stratman was locked in a fruit refrigerator at Detroit and almost froze to death before being rescued.

William Bond, chemist, Wilmington, Del., stayed 7 hours in a sealed box under water to show his chemical discovery could purify air.

The bottom fell out of a mine north of Tonopah, Nev., and revealed a chasm of unknown depth, giving a steady cool draught of air.

Knox Booth, former chief of the Government internal revenue district of Tennessee and Alabama, was indicted for operating illegal distilleries.

The retiring president of the American Medical Association said army rules applied to city sanitation would make the average life 65 years instead of 42.

### THE ENGLISH MANOR HOUSE.

**Their History Is to be Sought in the History of England Itself.**

Among the most interesting features of rural England are its manor houses. Lords of the manor have been shorn of many of their old-time rights by the evolution of the English social system, but some of their former glory still remains. Only a dozen miles from Charing Cross one of them holds his court-leet to this very day. A court-leet is a gathering of the tenants, when rents are paid and the business of the estate is discussed.

Centuries ago the country was divided among the leaders of the conquering Normans. They themselves subdivided their divisions among their soldiers. Under this system the serfs followed petty lords, guaranteeing military service for the use of the land; the lords were responsible to the earls, and the earls to the king. The petty chiefs were the lords of the manor.

Curious indeed were many of the terms under which lords of the manor held their rights. For example, one of them undertook that whenever the king should cross a certain bridge he, the lord of the manor, should meet His Majesty there with two white capons, addressing his sovereign thus: "Behold, my lord, these two white capons, which you shall have another time, but not now."

Another lord was bound to appear before the kind every Christmas Day, and in his presence to dance a jig and puff out his cheeks. Yet another was to present the king annually with a lance from which a fox's tail depended. In those days weapons were very popular as tokens of the sovereign's rights, and swords, spurs, and warlike accoutrements were frequently chosen.

The tenants of the majority of manors are "copy-holders," that is, they hold the land for life from the lord of the manor. When they die, or transfer the land, a heriot must be paid. This consists of a fine, usually the "best quick beast"—horse or cow. Sometimes, however, it is commuted to a sum of money.

Something less than a century ago these copy-holders of land possessed no vote. The lord of the manor ruled all within his leet. The leet kept the stocks in repair, and provided the pillory and the tumbrel, a ducking stool, by which the misdemeanants were immersed.

The commons were the waste lands of the manors; Lammas land was formed of fields inclosed and cultivated for part of the year, but made common property at other times. A thief caught within a manor redeemed his life by the payment of a fine to the lord. If a tenant allowed his cattle to stray he was also fined. Tenants could sublet for a year and a day.

One of the privileges of the lord of the manor was that of kissing the bride at the marriage of one of his tenants; and when a wife inherited copyhold land, by reason of the death of her husband, she was obliged, in certain circumstances, to appear at the court of the manor riding upon a black ram with his tail in her hand. The manor of Pewsey in Wiltshire was conveyanced by means of a horn that must be blown on the accession of a new lord.

In these days, however, lords of the manor are a diminishing class. It requires two copy-holders at least to form a manor, and many modern "serfs" have their land made freehold by buying out the landlord.


## How a Sick Woman Can Regain Health

READ THIS VERY CAREFULLY.

"For years I was thin and delicate. I lost color and was easily tired; a yellow pallor, pimples and blotches on my face were not only mortifying to my feelings, but because I thought my skin would never look nice again I grew despondent. Then my appetite failed. I grew very weak. Various remedies, pills, tonics and tablets I tried without permanent benefit. A visit to my sister put into my hands a box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. She placed reliance upon them and now that they have made me a well woman I would not be without them whatever they might cost. I found Dr. Hamilton's Pills by their mild yet searching action very suitable to the delicate character of a woman's nature. They never once griped me, yet they established regularity. My appetite grew keen—my blood red and pure—heavy rings under my eyes disappeared and to-day my skin is as clear and unwrinkled as when I was a girl. Dr. Hamilton's Pills did it all."

The above straightforward letter from Mrs. J. Y. Todd, wife of a well-known miller of Rogersville, is proof sufficient that Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a wonderful woman's medicine. Use no other Pills but Dr. Hamilton's, 25c. per box. All dealers or The Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ontario.


**Rest.**

Rest is not quitting
The busy career;
Rest is the fitting
Of self to one's sphere.

'Tis the brook's motion,
Clear without strife,
Fleeting to ocean
After this life.

'Tis loving and serving,
The highest and best;
'Tis onward, unswerving;
And this is true rest.
—Goethe.

**New Record in Tea Prices.**

Over eight million pounds of tea have been sunk in merchant ships during the war. This immense quantity could ill be spared at a time when the demand for tea throughout the world has reached a greater volume than ever. Anyway the cost of tea has risen to a higher level than history records for many years.

**A Model Son.**

Fussy Old Gentleman (to chance travelling companion)—"Have you any children, sir?" "Yes, sir, a son." "Ah, indeed! Does he smoke?" "No, sir; he has never so much as touched a cigarette." "So much the better, sir; the use of tobacco is a poisonous habit. Does he frequent clubs?" "He has never put his foot in one." "Allow me to congratulate you. Does he never come home late?" "Never. He goes to bed directly after dinner." "A model young man, sir; a model young man. How old is he?" "Just six months."


## INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY

Wanted capital to develop one of the most valuable natural resources in the Dominion, unlimited quantity of raw material to be manufactured into a commodity for which there is an almost unlimited demand. If you have one hundred to five hundred dollars or more to invest where your investment will be well secured, then write for particulars and prospectus which will convince you of the absolutely sure and large returns. Address P.O. Box 102, Hamilton, Ont.


**Just As Good.**

Tourist—"You have an unusually large acreage of corn under cultivation. Don't the crows annoy you a great deal?"

Farmer—"Oh, not to any extent."

Tourist—"That's peculiar, considering you have no scarecrows."

Farmer—"Oh, well, you see, I'm out here a good part of the time myself."


I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the bst Liniment made.

ARCHIE E. LAUNDRY.
Edmonton.

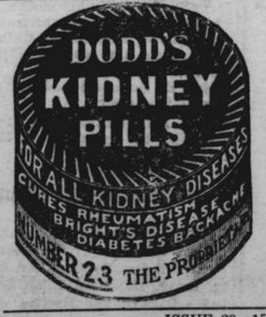

French cycling soldiers are provided with machines so constructed that they can be taken to pieces in two or three minutes and carried on the soldier's back, when he comes to some piece of ground over which he is unable to ride.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.**

**Language of Flowers.**

"Do you understand the language of flowers?" said the sentimental youth.

"No," replied Miss Cavenne. "I don't know that I should care to have my conversation regulated by the kind of vegetation that happened to be in season."



### ENEMY GETS FOODSTUFFS.

**Go From France to Switzerland, Then to Germany.**

Enormous quantities of foodstuffs are pouring into Germany through Switzerland, according to M. Jacques Dhur, a French expert in international law.

It seems that a convention ratified between France and Switzerland on July 26th, 1914, provides that in case of war, France shall supply the Federal Government of Switzerland with 300,000 tons of cereals a year. According to M. Dhur, 100 trucks each loaded with between twelve and fifteen tons of cereals, cross the Cornavin station at Geneva, while in ordinary times the monthly exports did not exceed 4,000 or 5,000 tons. At the same time enormous quantities of potatoes, beans, oil, and other vegetable products are passing into Switzerland via Pontarlier.

To prevent commerce in contraband, all merchandise is forwarded to a particular department or province of the Swiss Confederation. M. Dhur, in his investigations of this distribution, found that a considerable proportion of the supplies went to Augst, close to the frontier point where the German and Swiss Railway systems are linked up.

After a discussion of various alleged methods of smuggling supplies through to Germany, M. Hhur adds that Germany has also been able to revictual herself plentifully through Italy. Merchandise was sent from an Italian port to Switzerland, and on its way at Chiasso, between the Swiss and the Italian Customs, the word "Transit' was added to its label, In this way hundreds of trains of rice and other products have reached Germany.

**The Rolling Waves.**

A man was crossing the Atlantic with an army officer who suffered greatly from seasickness.

One entering the stateroom one particularly rough day, he found the officer tossing in his berth, muttering in what at first appeared to be a sort of delirium.

Stooping over to catch his words, the friend heard him say; Sergeant . . Major . . . Sergeant . , . Brigadier General . . ugh, Lieutenant General . . a-a-ah!'

"What are you saying?" asked the friend in some alarm, as the sufferer looked piteously up at him after his last gasping "a-a-ah!"

"Assigning the waves their rank," said the military man, rolling toward the wall again. "There have been eight Lieutenant Generals within the last 20 minutes."


## Corns Drop Out

**Instant Relief**

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor to-night, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c. bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.


**The Kaiser's Train.**

Whenever possible the Kaiser when travelling between Berlin and the fighting-line uses his luxurious State train, which is a veritable palace on wheels. Six coaches, each weighing over sixty tons, compose the special train, and one of these four are reserved for the Emperor and his suite, and the other two are used for kitchens. The second coach in the train is the one reserved by the Kaiser for his personal quarters, and it contains a salon, bedroom, dressing-room, bathroom, and sleeping apartments for his bodyguard. The salon is panelled in the wood of an ancient cedar tree taken from Mount Lebanon, the gift of ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid of Turkey. The floor is of black wood taken from the piles of a wooden bridge built across the Rhine by Julius Caesar in the year 55 B.C., while the ceiling is decorated with a design representing the six great rivers of Germany.

The windows of the salon are protected by thick bars, and armed sentries stand at the doors of the apartment night and day. The last coach in the train is used by an engineer, who has charge of the machinery which operates a complicated system of emergency brakes. The Kaiser's two dachshunds, Wardl and Hexl, have their kennels on the train, and they generally accompany their master on his travels.


### LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS VIA CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RY.

Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of Scenic and Direct Routes through the best of the West. Something to see all the way. Double track, Automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. B. H. Bennett, G.A., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ontario.


There is a dearth of females in Bulgaria, Japan, and Australia, but a large surplus in England, Scotland, Switzerland, and Scandinavia.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.**

It's a poor elevator that won't work both ways.

SHOES
FOR EVERY SPORT AND RECREATION
Sold by all good Shoe Dealers
Worn by every member of the family



**FARM FOR RENT.**

IF LOOKING FOR A FARM, CONSULT me. I have over Two Hundred on my list, located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

**NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.**

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without cut pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

**FARMS FOR SALE.**

FARMS FOR SALE IN THE County of Norfolk. Good choice. Prices ranging from $30.00 to $100.00 per acre. Terms reasonable. Apply R. W. Bartmann, Lynedoch, Ont.

KERMATH Marine Engines

"America's Standard 4 Cycle Marine Motor" 4 Cycle, 4 Cylinder, 32 to 50 H.P. Highest quality. Silent operation. No vibration. Controls like the finest Motor Car engine. Extremely economical on fuel. Used as standard equipment by over 40 per cent. of the world's leading boat builders. Catalog on request. $180 to $380 depending on equipment. KERMATH MFG. CO. Dept. Detroit, Mich.


**Queer Badge of Winnipeg 90th.**

Many curious badges are to be found on the caps of various British regiments. The 17th Lancers, or "Death or Glory Boys," as they are nicknamed, for example, have a skull and crossbones for their badge or crest. The most extraordinary, however, of all the crests worn by soldiers fighting for the Empire is probably that worn by one of the Canadian regiments, the 90th Winnipeg Rifles. The badge shows a little black devil with a pitchfork, and below it is a motto in Latin which means "Named by the enemy on the field of battle." The reason for this curious badge and its motto is to commemorate the way the Winnipeg Rifles fought when suppressing the Canadian North-West Rebellion of the Red Indians, who called them "the little black devils from Winnipeg," which has now become the nickname of the regiment.


## SUMMER SKIN TROUBLES.

Sunburn, blistering, and irritation are the commonest form of summer skin troubles, and Zam-Buk ends these very quickly. It works in two ways. As soon as applied, its antiseptic powers get to work and kill all the poison in a wound, a sting or a sore. This generally ends the smarting and the pain. Then Zam-Buk begins the healing process, and fresh healthy tissue is built up. For sore, blistered feet, sore hands, heat rashes, baby's heat spots, sore places due to perspiration, etc., you can't equal Zam-Buk. It also cures cuts, ulcers, abscesses, piles, and all inflamed and diseased conditions of skin and subjacent tissue. Druggists and stores everywhere sell Zam-Buk, 50c. box. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c. per tablet. All stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.


Among books which have had enormous sales are "Webster's Spelling Book," 55 million copies; "Uncle Tom's Cabin," a million and a half copies; "Pickwick Papers" 900,000 copies; and Longfellow's Poems, 520,000 copies.


**Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.**


When marching on Timbuctoo, some years ago, General Joffre received a sting from a poisonous insect which led to the permanent filming of his left eye.


**YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU** Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.


During the first five months of the war Sir Edward Grey did not leave London for a single night.


**Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows**


**Business Advice.**

"Every employer wants a square peg, my boy."

"Yes, dad."

"In other words, there is no place for the rounder."

Hampton Court possesses a grape vine which is stated to surpass any in Europe. In a single season it produced over two thousand bunches of grapes, weighing 18 cwt.

"Overstern" V Bottom Motor Boat $55.00

Freight Prepaid to any Railway Station in Ontario. Length 15 Ft., Beam 3 Ft. 9 In., Depth 1 Ft. 6 In. ANY MOTOR FITS.

Specification No. 2B giving engine prices on request. Get our quotations on—"The Penetang Line" Commercial and Pleasure Launches, Row boats and Canoes.

THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.





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