

# RAN ORGANIZER OUT OF TOWN.

## Town Promises Protection to All Miners Who Want to Work—Down on Agitators.

Ely, Minn., July 29.—Alfred Lundstrom, local organizer for the Western Federation of Miners, was run out of town yesterday by business men. Lundstrom went into a market store and attempted to form an organization among the clerks. The clerks informed the owner of the shop, and Lundstrom was knocked down several times by the proprietor. The organizer took to his heels up the street, followed for several blocks by the market keeper, who struck him as often as he got within reach.

Lundstrom was afterwards arrested on the complaint of several business men. When taken before the municipal court he promised to leave town, if allowed to go. Permission was given and Lundstrom was escorted by a jeering crowd to a train.

# DEATH ANNOUNCED FROM THE PULPIT

## But Embalmer Found Him Alive—Saved and Gave Much Money to the Church.

Warsaw, Ind., July 29.—Elijah Hays, a philanthropist, aged 90 years old, whose death was announced last Sunday from a local pulpit, is still alive. At his home yesterday he walked to a window, fell and cut a severe gash in his head, but last night was said to be much alive, in spite of the obituary printed on Monday and the fall. On Monday morning an undertaker went to embalm the body and found Mr. Hays was alive but in a comatose condition. The non-generian revived somewhat and to-day

# BLOCKS JUSTICE.

## DEPUTY CHIEF STARK, OF TORONTO, ON TRIAL BY THE POPULACE.

Petitions Are Often False—Interesting Paper Read Before the Convention of Police Chiefs—Quebec Next Meeting Place.

A Montreal despatch: After hearing several papers read during the afternoon and deciding unanimously to hold the next convention at Quebec, the Chief Constables' Association of Canada adjourned to allow the members to attend the police games in the afternoon.

Inspector Stark, of Toronto, read an interesting paper on "Trial by the Populace," in which he enumerated the difficulties which undue interference by the public causes the police authorities in their efforts to suppress crime.

"Moral suasion and punishment," said he, "are the two methods of dealing with criminals. Educationists and philanthropists must deal with the first method, while the police authorities have to use the second. The difficulties thrown in the way of punishing criminals by public sentiment, aroused by capable criminal lawyers, have always proved a serious stumbling block to the efforts of the police. An criminal is arrested and a capable criminal lawyer is secured to defend him. If the criminal has a friend of political power, whether municipal, provincial or federal, an effort is made to obtain bail privately. If the judge and clerk of the court are what is known as 'dead easy,' a cash bail is put up out of the fruits of the crime, and the criminal disappears, never to be seen in that neighborhood again.

"If, however, the magistrate is experienced, the application for bail is renewed in open court, with the usual grand stand play, denunciation of police methods, and an appeal to the public uttered all the time with a judicious eye on the press stand. Then the public gets in the criminal at last, and the trouble with a victim, a martyr, railroaded to conviction by perjured police officers, aided by a prejudiced judge and jury. Even if a conviction is secured a petition is filed in the court, and the case is delayed. Politicians of high and low degree, ministers of religion and other reputable citizens injudiciously sign these petitions, and a terrible pressure, supported often by sensational papers, is brought to bear on the Ministers of the Crown, and frequently a criminal is set free, and the person who can read the combination."

Several of the delegates discussed the paper. Lieut.-Col. Sherwood declared that the right of petition could not be suppressed as it was at the basis of the British constitution. He suggested, however, that some means might be found to reach those who signed such statements. This would make people more careful about signing such documents, and then a person drawing up such a petition would exercise more care.

Chief Sleeman, of Brantford, read a paper on the necessity of netting in the men on police duty, while Inspector Thompson read the fight for the juvenile courts, read an interesting account of the working of the Ontario Offenders' Act in Ontario.

A. E. Williams, chief detective of the Intercolonial system, who was present, was elected a member of the association. Then came the fight for the convention next year. The vote was almost two to one for Quebec and it was made unanimous.

Anticipating violent action by the Western Federation of Miners, citizens held a mass meeting last night, at which the city police armed protection to all miners who wanted to work. About 3,000 persons, representing all classes of citizens, attended. Resolutions were passed, condemning the strike, commending the treatment accorded the men by the mayor, and guaranteeing armed protection to all who wanted to work. Special officers will be sworn in in any number necessary to carry out the promise of the city. Nearly every man in the city has pledged himself to serve as a deputy should the occasion arise.

The authorities at Bovey have given instructions to turn back all agitators attempting to enter. There has been little actual trouble at Bovey. The mines are all running and the workers appear satisfied.

# VICTORIA FIRE.

## CONFLAGRATION WIPE OUT THE "TENDERLOIN."

Victoria, B. C., July 29.—The fiercest fire in the history of Victoria raged at the northwest section of the city yesterday between the hours of 3 p. m. and 8 p. m., and in that time, before it was got under control, completely gutted ninety dwelling houses, two churches, a school house, and twenty small cabins. No lives were lost. The estimated damage is \$150,000.

The fire broke out in the Chinese quarter near the waterfront in the rear of a blacksmith's shop. A strong southwest wind was blowing and flames spread rapidly, hoses catching at irregular intervals, sometimes as far as 200 yards apart.

Owing to an inadequate supply of water the fire brigade was totally unable to cope with the flames, which never showed signs of subsiding until shut off by the open country.

By 8 o'clock further damages were averted, although masses of ruins continued to smoulder for many hours afterwards.

Over an area of half a mile household goods littered the streets, where thousands had collected, rendering what they could.

The car service was paralyzed in consequence of the power station being cut off. Over 600 people are homeless and are billeted in the various hotels of the city.

The burned district is bounded on the west by Shore street, on the south by Herald, as far east as Blanchard, thence it jumped to Pioneer, but in this block only a few residences were consumed. The house on the north side of Cook street, and as a result two cars came into collision on the Spring Bank line, doing some damage to both. The Bell Telephone people estimated that 100 'phones were out of business. The heavy rain proved too much for the storm sewers, and a number of cellars were flooded.

Herbert Matthews and Willie Slatt, two young boys, were struck by lightning in Victoria Park this evening. Both boys were knocked down and stunned. Their clothing caught fire and they were painfully burned. It is expected that they will be all right in a few days.

# YOUNG HEROINE.

## SUPPORTED A WOMAN IN THE WATER FOR TWO HOURS.

Swam Although She Never Swam Before—Echo of the Columbia Disaster—The Shipwrecked Passengers Sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

Portland, Ore., July 29.—Miss May-Belle Watson, of Berkeley, Cal., the 13-year-old heroine who supported a drowning woman for two hours after the wreck of the steamship Columbia, was one of the passengers arriving here on the George W. Elder.

Miss Watson, with three companions succeeded in entering a lifeboat, but it had hardly been lowered when the Columbia sank, the occupants being thrown into the water.

"When I came to the surface," said Miss Watson, "some persons were singing 'Nearer, My God, to Thee,' and other hymns. I had never swam a stroke in my life before, but somehow I had confidence enough to try. I had gone but a little way when a woman rose beside me and caught me around the neck. I had to support her with one arm and swim with the other. Several men passed us, but would offer no assistance. I struggled along as best I could until I was picked up more than two hours after the collision by Third Officer Hawse and his boat. I insisted that he take the woman in first, which he did, and soon had me out of the water. The woman whose life was saved was Miss Emma Gries, of Cleveland, Ohio."

# KINCARDINE OLD BOYS.

## Reunion in the Beautiful Town a Success.

Kincardine despatch: The reunion of old boys and girls to-night brought back the thousands to Kincardine, and the festivities are now in full swing. Old boys and girls were here from every quarter of North America. Prominent among them are Right Rev. L. J. O'Sullivan, Bishop of Selkirk, recently returned from England; Rev. Robt. Johnston, of Montreal; E. R. Cameron, Registrar of the Supreme Court, Ottawa; O. D. McLean, of Winnipeg. Yesterday Wingham defeated Kincardine in a baseball game by four to nothing, and Amberley defeated Bervie in football by one to nothing.

To-day the calithumpian procession and water sports took place. In the latter class a water baseball match, played in the harbor basin, was a unique event. There were small craft anchored for boxes and bases, and the fielding was done by bathers. The London Newsboys' Band was in commission yesterday and today.

The Thirteenth Regiment Band, of Hamilton, will be here on Thursday and Friday. The town is crowded every day and it is expected that larger crowds will be here on Thursday and Friday, when the festivities will reach the high water mark.

# TOES AND FINGERS THINK.

## Dr. Simms Has Theories on the Chemistry of Thought.

Boston, July 29.—The scientific world, through Dr. Joseph Simms, of New York, city, who arrived here today from Europe, is to be treated to another sensational theory concerning the seat of thought in human beings.

"We think with our toes and with our fingers just as much as we think with any portion of our brain," says the scientist, who is about to write a book. He contends that the heart has more to do with the function of thinking than the brain.

Dr. Simms points out that the brains of many idiots are large, yet their hearts are very small, whereas the brains of normal men are below the normal size, while their hearts have been abnormally enlarged.

"We think literally all over our bodies," says the doctor, who has made a life study of the chemistry of thought.

# TEACHER KILLED.

## Cobourg Pleasure Party in a Runaway Accident.

Cobourg despatch: Miss Day, who has taught in the public schools of Cobourg for a number of years, and who was one of the most highly-esteemed ladies of the town, was killed late last night in a runaway accident on the Goldsprings road. A party of young people had driven to the home of Mr. John Bowman at Goldsprings, where they spent the evening. On the return trip about 11 p. m. the horses became unmanageable and started to run. Miss Day and another lady jumped from the vehicle. The former struck on her head and passed away about 6 o'clock this morning without having regained consciousness. None of the others met with very serious injuries, although all were thrown out. One young man had his arm broken, and others are suffering from sprains and bruises.

# CURZON AS CRITIC.

## WANTS IMPERIAL COUNCIL TO LOOK AFTER THE EMPIRE.

London, July 29.—Lord Curzon, Chancellor of Oxford University, speaking at a banquet given in his honor, after expressing the opinion that the trouble in India is only skin deep, strongly criticized what he described as Great Britain's "unscientific huffer-mugger method of administering the Empire."

He said that no country in the world had such a reserve of experience and authority in the art of civil government and made such little use of it. The Colonial Office, he said, was made up of permanent officials, many of whom had never set eyes on the colonies they administered, and he asked why there should not be an Imperial Council of some kind to assist in their administration.

# POLICE WERE NEGLIGENT.

## Mrs. Beach Brings Action Against City of Montreal.

Montreal, July 29.—An action for \$3,000 is to be taken against the city by Mrs. Beach, who claims that her 12-year-old son, who was 86 years of age, was her sole support, and that the police having neglected to call a doctor after having arrested him, were guilty of gross negligence.

The coroner's jury in their verdict stated that the police showed negligence in the treatment of the victim, while he was confined in the police station, but that there were circumstances of an extenuating character.

# TWO BOYS STRUCK.

## Stunned and Burned in London Park—Much Damage Done.

A London Ont., despatch: London to-night was visited by a severe electrical storm which did considerable damage in the way of putting telephones out of order. The motors on ten street cars were burned, and as a result two cars came into collision on the Spring Bank line, doing some damage to both. The Bell Telephone people estimated that 100 'phones were out of business. The heavy rain proved too much for the storm sewers, and a number of cellars were flooded.

Herbert Matthews and Willie Slatt, two young boys, were struck by lightning in Victoria Park this evening. Both boys were knocked down and stunned. Their clothing caught fire and they were painfully burned. It is expected that they will be all right in a few days.

# OTTAWA'S NEW STATION.

## Construction Expected to be Commenced at an Early Date.

Ottawa, July 29.—This morning Mr. William Wainwright, fourth vice-president of the Grand Trunk Railway, arrived in town and spent some time at the Prime Minister's office. It is understood that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is opposed to basing the hotel near the Point or where St. John's Church is now located. He favors the original proposition, which is regarded by all parties to be the best, if the buildings were removed.

Major Scott was also sent for by the Premier, and the whole subject was discussed from the city's standpoint. The Premier expects to have the tangle straightened out shortly.

# BIOLOGICAL STATION.

## The Site for It Purchased at St. Andrew's, N. B.

St. Andrew's, N. B., July 29.—Prof. Penhallow, of the Canadian Biological Commission, is here arranging for the erection of a permanent biological station for Eastern Canada. A lot of land has been purchased near Joe's Point from the Canadian Biological Commission. In addition to a laboratory for twelve operators, there will be an aquarium, museum, mess-room and dormitory. A wharf will also be built.

The station will be similar to that maintained at Woodhole, Mass., by the United States Government.

# MEN STRANDED.

## Miners From St. Catharines Wouldn't Break Strike.

Cobalt, July 29.—Nearly 25 men were found stranded in Cobalt today, because they refused to go to work on the Comings Mine after the company had paid their fares from St. Catharines to Cobalt.

Part of them are union men, but believed the strike was over. Finding it was not, they would not become strike breakers. The result they are now without means of getting back to their homes. Some of the party are married men.

The company is still holding their baggage.

# DOUKHOBORS PILGRIMAGE.

## Two Dozen of Them Arrive at Portage la Prairie.

Portage la Prairie, July 29.—The pilgrim Doukhobors arrived here from Westbourne at about 5 o'clock today. There were twenty-four in the party, all garbed in blue smocks and heavy boots, with wide-brimmed straw hats. They lined up at some of the principal points on the avenue, and chanted war songs incident to their cult, after which they took up a collection.

Then the police took a hand, and the pilgrims were escorted over to the Agricultural Hall, where they will pass the night, leaving early to-morrow morning en route to Winnipeg.

# JAP RESIDENT-GENERAL SUPREME IN ADMINISTRATION OF COREA.

## Synopsis of the Provisions of a New Convention Between Japan and Corea.

Paris, July 29.—The Bret correspondence convention between Japan and Corea was signed to-day at 1 p. m. after no small opposition by the Korean Court. The provisions are believed to be briefly as follows:

First. That the administration of Corea shall secure the guidance of the Japanese resident-general.

Second. That the enactment of all laws and ordinances, also all important state affairs, shall receive the approval of the resident-general.

Third. That the appointment of all high and responsible officials shall receive the approval of the resident-general.

Fourth. That only persons recommended by the resident-general shall be eligible for office in the Korean Government.

Fifth. That a distinct demarcation shall be drawn between administrative and judicial affairs.

Sixth. That foreigners shall be employed only upon consent of the resident-general.

Seventh. That the first clause of the convention of August 22, 1904, providing for the employment of a financial adviser be annulled.

The convention which will now be submitted to the Privy Council of Japan, will be published here this evening.

Of No Importance.

Paris, July 29.—There is a great and ent the Marin sends an interview with the Japanese Vice Admiral Iijun, who is quoted as saying: "It is true that a question has arisen at San Francisco, but it is purely local, having no importance whatsoever to the outside world. It would be wrong to hold the Washington Government responsible."

Jape Kept on Board.

Tokio, July 29.—(Afternoon).—The dinner given by Rear Admiral Stockton on the American cruiser Washington last night, at which a number of Japanese naval officers from the cruisers Takubaka and Chio, as well as some French officers, were present, Rear Admiral Stockton proposed the health of the Emperor of Japan and of the Japanese navy. In reply, Capt. Takasutobi, of the Tanikuba, toasted President Roosevelt and the American navy.

The Japanese sailors are still confined to their ships, and will not be granted shore leave until the departure of the American squadron this afternoon.

# SUNDAY CHEESE.

## PERMISSION TO WORK ON SUNDAY MORNINGS RECOMMENDED.

Dairy Branch; Parliament Buildings.

Dear Sir,—We beg to inform you that we have, under your instructions, made careful and thorough enquiry into the question of Sunday work in connection with the manufacture of cheese through the thirty-two instructors employed by this department. From our own personal knowledge of the situation and as a result of the enquiries made, we feel that we are pretty fully informed as to the present situation. In Western Ontario, out of 218 factories, 68 are manufacturing cheese on Saturday night. In Eastern Ontario, less than one-quarter of the 1,000 factories are taking in milk on Saturday night and manufacturing it into cheese. In the majority of cases where milk is taken in on Saturday night, it is four or five hours before the work is finished before twelve o'clock. The work is, therefore, continued for a period of one to four or five hours in the beginning of the Sunday. If those factories that are at present doing some work on Sunday were strictly enforced, it would be necessary to have a search made of the homes of the patrons, as the factories at present have not proper facilities for holding over until Monday morning the milk necessary for the purpose. In the Sunday and Monday morning milk, the difficulty now met with in the handling of the milk at the home of the patrons is that the patrons have not storage facilities for the purpose. In some other factories where Saturday night delivery does not take place, or necessary for the patrons to make butter at home or to hold the Saturday night's milk over, along with the Sunday's milk, until Monday morning.

# BETTER THAN SPANKING.

## Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble.

Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment with full instructions. Send no money but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chance are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by night or day.

# MARINES LAND IN SICILY.

## Preparations by the Authorities to Quell Revolts at Palermo.

Rome, July 29.—Three hundred marines were landed at Messina, Sicily, today from the battleship Sardegna. The authorities are thus preparing to cope with any further disorders that may arise from the recent arrest of Nunzio Nasi, ex-Minister of Public Instruction, on a charge of embezzlement. Nasi is popular in Sicily, and his arrest has been followed by several demonstrations. Artillery has been mounted in the streets of Palermo, and other warships will be sent down.

The ranks of the followers of Nasi were swelled yesterday and to-day by the coming in of the adherents of other political leaders, and the situation throughout Sicily is causing great apprehension.

# AN ECHO OF THE TWELFTH.

## Three Men Plead Guilty to Obstructing the Police.

Toronto despatch: The six defendants who were charged with obstructing the police at different points along the line of march of the Orange procession on July 12 last were brought before Magistrate Denison this morning. Three were sent for trial and three pleaded guilty. Those sent to the Sessions were John W. Hugginson, Wm. White and Wm. Corrin. Thomas Richardson, John Curtin and Samuel Wardrobe were each fined \$3 and costs or 30 days in jail.

# WINNIPEG DEBENTURES.

## \$3,000,000 Issue is Disposed of at 94 Flat.

Winnipeg, July 29.—The City Council this afternoon decided to accept the offer made by F. A. Heubach and G. W. Farrall for the \$3,000,000 issue of 30-year debentures. The price is 94 flat.

The city gives an undertaking not to sell any further kind of issue for six months, and also not to sell for a further period of six months any debentures under 94.

# THE LOST COLUMBIA.

## MORE PARTICULARS OF THE DISASTER IN THE PACIFIC.

More Survivors of the Wreck Arrive—More Boats Still Missing—Mrs. Ludell's Experience.

San Francisco, July 29.—Ninety-eight men, women and children are on the death roll of the Columbia. Of these seventy-five were cabin passengers, nine were in the steerage and fourteen were officers and seamen of the ill-fated vessel. One life raft and five boats are still unreported, and it is possible that when these come ashore the number of the dead will be lowered.

Thirty-one survivors of the terrible disaster reached this city at 10:30 o'clock this morning on the steamer Pomona, having left Eureka at 11 o'clock yesterday. To-day the remainder of the rescued passengers and crew arrived on the George W. Elder from friends and relatives to have them immediately after the wreck. The passengers surviving number 105 and the crew 37.

Of these, thirty are members of the Columbia crew and the other is Mrs. Ottilia Liedell, a music teacher. Mrs. Liedell is the first passenger on the lost steamer to return to this city.

The company has announced that the bodies of the victims were being held by the coroner at Eureka pending orders from friends and relatives to have them shipped to this city and port later. The remains of eastern passengers will be sent home by both routes.

A revised list of the passengers shows 108 saved and 77 missing.

Of the officers and crew 40 were saved and 16 are missing. This makes a total of 95 unaccounted for.

# A GREAT STORM.

## HURRICANE CUT A FORTY-FORT SWATH IN ELGIN COUNTY.

Barns Blown Down, Others Struck by Lightning—Damage Done in Lightning—Boys Struck by Lightning.

A St. Thomas, Ont., despatch: An electric storm which assumed almost the proportions of a cyclone swept through Elgin county immediately west of this city to-day and wrought havoc with barns, trees and fences. The worst damage done was in Southwell township, particularly in the immediate vicinity of Middlemarch, where several buildings were demolished by the force of the hurricane. A large barn owned by Joseph Barnes of this city, was completely destroyed, being literally blown to the ground. Mr. Barnes' loss on the building and contents is estimated at \$1,500. The outbuildings of Geo. Stanton's hotel were blown down, entailing a loss of \$1,500.

The Methodist church suffered severely, the front being completely blown out. The storm, which was accompanied by vivid lightning and heavy rain, came up from the northeast, and cut a swath 40 feet wide, uprooting trees and leveling the fences in its path.

At Port Stanley, two barns were struck by lightning. Reports from there state that the storm was very severe on Lake Erie.

# FATALLY BURNED.

## GASOLINE EXPLODED IN A CLOTHES-CLEANING SHOP.

Rome, N. Y., July 29.—Isadore Deniski, 28 years old, died today from injuries sustained in a gasoline explosion in his clothes cleaning establishment last evening.

In a statement made by Deniski last night he said that he used a combination of hot water and ammonia in cleaning clothing, and dried the garments in a small room, which was heated by steam. Last night he opened the door of the dry room, in which garments were hanging, and then turned and opened the door of the boiler furnace, only a few feet away. The gasoline vapor released from the dry room immediately exploded, wrecking the interior of the shop and fatally burning Deniski.

# MURDERED FOR \$12.

## Englishman's Body Found in River at Montreal.

Montreal, July 29.—That Peter Eimmans was done to death for his week's pay seems almost certain. He disappeared Saturday night and today his body, with the mark of a nail on the forehead, was found in the river. He was paid on Saturday, went straight to his boarding-house, where he opened his envelope and paid the landlady.

Then he called on a friend, and he left home at 11 p. m., with some \$12 on him, and was never seen again. When the body was found there was only nine cents in his pocket.

Deceased was an Englishman, recently arrived.

# RIFT IS WIDENING.

## Irish Extremists Are Dissatisfied With Redmond's Policy.

London, July 29.—The cleavage in the Irish party owing to the dissatisfaction of the more extreme Nationalists with Mr. Redmond's policy becomes more pronounced. The Sinn Fein movement is continually growing, despite Mr. Redmond's denunciation of its members as soreheads and wreckers. Charles Dolan, M. P. for North Leitrim, has lately joined it, and Sir Thomas Esmond, M. P. for North Wexford, whose sympathy has already been declared, has now been formally elected a member. Mr. Dolan, speaking in Dublin this evening, said there had been a deficiency in the organization of the Nationalist party for five years.

# ONTARIO ARCHIVES

## TORONTO