

# Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO. V.  
OCTOBER 30, 1904.

Elisha and Dothan—2 Kings 6: 8-23.

Commentary.—I. Elisha assisting the King of Israel (vs. 8-12). 8. King of Syria—Benhadad II, who sent the letter about Naaman (2 Kings v. 7-17). A powerful king, bringing thirty-two vassal kings with him to the first siege of Samaria (1 Kings, xx, 1). He was killed by Hazael (2 Kings, vii, 1-15). Warred—Not an open war but a predatory skirmishing. The plan of the Syrian king was to set an ambush that would tempt the king of Israel to his capture.

9. Man of God—"Jehovah rescued Israel not by kings, mighty armies or by great generals, but by the man of God, that it might be seen that salvation was not a work of human strength or wisdom, but due to the God of Israel." Be down—Be on the look out. Are come down—"Are coming down"—R. Y. God knows all that the wicked are doing, and he will employ this knowledge for the benefit of the good. 10. King of Israel sent—A party of troops to pre-occupy the place; and thus the Syrians found their designs had been detected. Clarke. It is probable that whenever the Syrians arrived at a point selected for attack they found superior Israelitish forces already there. Saved himself—Those who carefully follow God's directions will have no difficulty in out-generalling the foe. Not once or twice. This was done repeatedly.

11. Sore troubled—Vexed and chagrined that all his plans were made known to Israel, and that they could thus treat all his stratagems with derision.—Whedon. Show me—When his design was thus repeatedly frustrated it was natural to think of treachery among his own people.—Cam. Bible. 12. One of his servants—From some Israelite the Syrian may have obtained his knowledge.—Terry. Telleth—A confession of the boundless knowledge, as before, of the boundless power, of Israel's God is exerted from the Syrian. In thy bed-chamber—In the greatest possible secrecy.

13. Go and spy—How blind to imagine that he who could tell his secret counsels could not also frustrate the movements of his spies.—Terry. In Dothan—Dothan means "two wells" or "the double fountain." It was situated on the south side of the plain of Jezreel. Here Joseph found his brothers and was treacherously sold into slavery (Gen. xxxvii, 17). It is evident from the narrative that Elisha was only a visitor at Dothan and that his residence was in Samaria.

14. Horses and chariots—What unconscious tributes had men pay to good influences! The king sent "horses and chariots and a great host" to take a man whose sword was the word of God, whose helmet was the defense of the Most High and whose breast-plate was righteousness.—Parker. Great host—Benhadad sends out an entire army against one, but finds out the truth of Psa. xxxiii, 18.—Lange. By night—To take the city by surprise and Elisha in it without any warning or opportunity for escape.

15. Servant—"Or minister."—R. V. margin. "A special and personal servant, probably chosen from one of the schools of the prophets. Rises early—He may have been aroused by the arrival of the Syrians. Alas! Contrast the terror of the servant with the calmness of the prophet. How shall we do—The worst of unbelief is, that it not only loses courage for itself, but assumes that all other Christians are in the same plight.—Pentecost.

16. Fear Not—Elisha speaks as a man whose eyes are opened and who is sure of God's protection whether he beholds the angelic host about him or not. He quiets the fears of his servant. 1. By showing his own faith in God. 2. By causing the young man to catch a glimpse of his protectors. Are more—The person who has God with him has more than all that can possibly be against him. "One with God is a majority."

17. Open His Eyes—His natural eyes are open and he sees the danger; now open the eyes of his faith that he may see the protection. The Lord opened God opened his spiritual eyes, unveiled his inner sense. Mountain Was Full—How thickly crowded the spiritual world must be when such a host could be spared for Elisha alone.—Gardner. Horses and chariots—Horses and chariots were there to match horses and chariots of the Syrian invader. When Judas came to Gethsemane with a detachment of the Roman guard, Christ said, "Thinkest thou that I cannot beseech my Father, and he shall even now send me more than twelve legions of angels?" The reserves were of the same military order as the foe.—Campbell. Fire—"Ezekiel, Isaiah and John, when they describe the divine equipment, represent it as a wheel, harness, conflagration, that means purity, justice, chastisement, deliverance through burning escapes. Chariot of rescue: Yes, but chariot of sin."—Talmage.

18. They—The Syrian army. Came Down—from the surrounding hills on which they were encamped. To Him—Elisha, to capture him, which was their object in coming to Dothan. It was quite in the character of Elisha to go forth from the city with his now courageous servant. Elisha prayed—He had prayed for his servant that he might see God's army. He now prayed for his enemies that they might be withheld from doing the evil they designed to do. Smote... word for blindness—Not the usual Hebrew word for blindness, but a compound word meaning to blind, to shine. The resulting idea would be that of dazzling. This would denote hallucination rather than total loss of sight. The Syriae renders it by a word denoting swimming vision.—Lewis.

19. Elisha's Treatment of His Enemies (vs. 19-25). 19. He Led Them to Samaria—"There is a sort of irony in these words of Elisha, which virtually treated the enemy with derision." "Some have thought that Elisha was guilty of deception when he said, 'This is not the way, neither is this the city; follow me, and I will bring you to the man whom you seek. But he led them to Samaria.' The fact is that Elisha told them the plain, simple truth.

20. They saw—Elisha led them twelve miles to Samaria, and then their sight was restored and they found themselves espies in the midst of their enemies. 21. When Jehoram, the king of Israel, saw them he asked Elisha if he should kill them. 22. Elisha strongly objected

to this and ordered them to be well fed and sent back to Benhadad. 23. The result of Elisha's kindness was that the Syrians ceased this sort of warfare against Israel.

## PRACICAL SURVEY.

Elisha revealing secrets. In this lesson flashes out upon the superstition and unbelief of the heathenish Syrian, as well as upon backsliding Israel, one of the many miraculous manifestations of the presence and power of the God of Israel. Benhadad, King of Syria, proceeding with good human wisdom, according to a royal ambition to increase his domain, laid his plans for a series of ambushes by which he felt sure he might weaken the Israelitish army or possibly destroy it and add that kingdom to his own. But Benhadad made a royal but inexcusable mistake. He forgot to take into his account God and his faithful servant Elisha. Nor was it for the Syrian king because of the reports that God had forsaken Israel, to picture for himself an easy prey. A midnight whisper of an angel into the willing and faithful ear of Elisha and the ambushes were fruitless, for the Israelite approached them; or, the king of Israel, forewarned by Elisha, occupied the places designed to be snares for Israel, and the wily Syrian was again foiled. Here then in this lone prophetic shines the light of God for two kings and two peoples. Let Israel again behold the ancient halo of divinity which cry out, "The Lord is our God. We will serve him." Shall not the Syrians know that the God who sees their secrets and reveals them to their enemies will defend his prophet Elisha and his people Israel?

Elisha defended. The Syrian king, feeling himself thwarted by the cunning of Elisha, or possibly by the interference of Elisha's God, determined to rid himself of that trouble. Surely, he thought, the well equipped and well disciplined Syrian army can capture one lone prophet. Under cover of darkness of night the royal army assembled at Dothan and stationed itself for action at daybreak. The town was to be searched and Elisha brought out. But on the same night horses and chariots of fire driven by angelic warriors swept silently out of the gates of paradise, and all unseen by eyes less accustomed to heavenly light than those of Elisha, settled down on the mountain opposite the Syrian host. God had sent down his army to defend the prophet, save his people and make his name known among the heathen. Filled with a sense of the divine presence and aid, Elisha breathes a prayer for his terrified and shrinking servant and steps out boldly to the attack. In that battle there was no bloodshed; no prisoners of war. A little confusion of vision, a little inspired tact on the part of the prophet, and the Syrian army was soon inside the walls of Samaria and at the mercy of its foes. That battle was God's battle and the outcome was his victory. Was not Elisha as successfully defended and his cause vindicated as well as could have been done by a mighty human slaughter at the edge of the sword? Who has espoused a divine cause at the cost of his earthly prospects, his life, his all? May he safely trust in Elisha's God? Let the psalmist answer: "Though an host encamp against me, my heart shall not fear." Let Daniel be heard from the lions' den: "My God hath sent his angel and hath shut the lions' mouths. Yet they have not hurt me; forasmuch as before him innocency was found in me." Elisha's victory. Israelite and Syrian might well be hushed into awe before the prophet whose God had so wonderfully made the Syrian armament ineffective and yet had not trusted Israel with a battle or a victory. But the God of battles will still show his divine compassion, love and wisdom. It was human for the King of Israel to cry out, "My father, shall I smite them?" But divine love shines in Elisha, and in his hands Israel's worst enemies are safe. At the word of Elisha the Syrian soldiers have their sight restored; at his command meat is set before them, and they are sent back to their own country. The Syrians return, not with the curse of their defeat, but with their hearts subdued by a touch of God's love. They return, not to boast of deeds of valor, but to spread abroad the fame of the God of Israel.

Clark W. Shay.

Sciatica put him on Crutch.—James Smith, dairyman, of Grimsby, Ont., writes: "My limbs were almost useless from sciatica and rheumatism, notwithstanding my esteem for physicians. I must give the credit where it belongs. I am a cured man to-day, and South America Rheumatic Cure must have all the credit. It's a marvel."—34

SHARKS ATTACK A DORY. Occupants Try to Beat Them off With Oars. Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 11.—A party of seven in an open launch and a dory had narrow escapes from death this afternoon. When about to return home from a ten-mile run to the fishing banks it was found that there was no gasoline on board with which to propel the launch. Howard Butler, Somers Boye, Chester Woodens, Samuel Reinhardt and William Reinhardt were aboard it, and it was towing a dory containing James Latimer and his son, Harry S. Latimer. When the anchor was torn loose the launch started to drift.

The young men on board became seasick and were helpless. Latimer and his son cut away the dory and started to row for help. When about a mile from the launch they were attacked by two huge sharks. The great fish came from both sides, nearly upsetting it. Latimer and his son fought them with their oars, shouting for help to several yachts in the distance. The divine cries were heard by Captain Archie Hickman of the yacht Guyasuta, who came to their rescue and assisted Latimer and his son in driving off the fish.

Captain Hickman took the exhausted occupants of the dory on board the Guyasuta, after which he started for the drifting launch. The yacht finally overtook the craft as it was nearing the Brigantine Shoals. The young men were too sick to save themselves. The launch, with its sick passengers on board, was towed back to the inlet.

New York.—The Government is much concerned over the rising of the Witbois tribe in Southwest Africa, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Times. The worst particulars have been withheld.

## "Japan Teas Doomed"

By the Superior Article,

# "SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN tea. No adulteration. Of double strength and absolutely pure. Sold in sealed lead packets the same as the famous "SALADA" black teas. 25c and 40c per lb. By all grocers.

## FARMER OVERCOME BY GAS.

Howard Richardson, of Markham, Found Unconscious in a Toronto Hotel. Toronto, Oct. 17.—Howard Richardson, a young farmer of Markham, was overcome by inhaling gas in his room at the Albion Hotel on Monday evening. He registered at the hotel and retired at about 9.30 p. m., without asking any questions about the proper method of extinguishing the gas. Yesterday morning one of the servants passing Richardson's room detected a strong smell of gas and heard heavy breathing in the room. The door was forced open, and Richardson was found in bed unconscious, with the gas jet turned on full. The transom was open thus allowing some gas to escape, or Richardson would have been dead many hours before he was found. It is doubtful that Richardson will recover.

## "One Foot in the Grave."

If the thousands of people who rush to so worthy a remedy as South American Nervine as a last resort would get it as a first resort, how much misery and suffering would be spared. If you have any nerve disorder, you needn't suffer a minute longer. A thousand testimonials to prove it.—25

## COLORS FOR PERMANENT CORPS.

Presented by His Excellency on Parliament Hill at Ottawa. Ottawa, Oct. 17.—In the presence of hundreds of spectators, His Majesty's colors were this afternoon presented to the permanent corps by His Excellency

the Governor-General. The scene presented on Parliament Hill was a brilliant one. Twenty per cent. of all the corps of the Ottawa brigade had been called out under Col Hemming. Rev. Canon Kittson, rector of Christ Church Cathedral, who was accompanied by Chaplain Snowden of the 43rd, read the usual ceremony known as the blessing of the colors.

Capt. Benyon, representing the Field Artillery, Capt. Leslie for the Garrison Artillery, and Capt. Kemmis-Betty, representing the infantry, received the colors in turn from His Excellency. At the conclusion of the ceremony, His Excellency presented the medal for meritorious services in the British army to Mr. P. J. Clarke, the veteran superintendent of military stores.

## MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Killed the Woman He Could Not Make His Wife. Shawnee, Ohio, Oct. 17.—John Namel and his half-brother's wife, Mrs. James Tish, have been found dead in the woods. Mrs. Tish had been shot twice through the left breast, and Namel had two bullets in the head. A revolver was found lying by his side. Mrs. Tish was married three months ago in New York. It is believed that Namel, a bachelor, was enamored of his sister-in-law, and, despairing of ever making her his own, decided to kill her and himself. Both were about 22 years old.

The popular man may adhere to the truth, but only when it's necessary.

A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me. "Better health is all I wanted, and cure if possible. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me health and happiness in a few short months. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. Life seems new and sweet to me, and everything seems pleasant and easy. "Six bottles brought me health, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick women as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help."—Mrs. B. A. BLANCHARD, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, "all-gone" and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

A Severe Case of Womb Trouble Cured in Philadelphia. "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been cured of severe female troubles by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was nearly ready to give up, but seeing your advertisement I purchased one bottle of your medicine, and it did me so much good that I purchased another, and the result was so satisfactory that I never was without it. I hope that my testimonial will convince women suffering of the womb or any other female complaints."—Mrs. MAY COBB, 2080 Birch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Her address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and confidentially given to every ailing woman who asks for it.

Ontario Archives  
TORONTO

## Market Reports

OF—  
The Week.

Toronto Farmers' Markets.

Receipts of grain on the street to-day were small. There was a wide range in prices of wheat, some of which was extremely light, and unfit for milling. About 200 bushels of white sold at 85c to \$1.02, and 300 bushels of red winter wheat at 90c to \$1.02. Barley easier, 500 bushels selling at 48 to 51c. Oats firm, 200 bushels selling at 35.12 to 36c.

Dairy produce in good demand and firm. The best butter sold at 19 to 22c per lb., and fresh eggs at 25 to 28c per dozen.

Hay in limited supply, with sales of 10 loads of timothy at \$9 to \$11 a ton. Straw is nominal.

Dressed hogs are quiet and unchanged at \$7.50 to \$8.

Wheat, new, white, bu.... \$1.00 \$ 1.02  
Do, red, bush.... 1.00 1.00  
Do, spring, bush.... 1.00 1.00  
Do, goose, bush.... 0.88 0.80  
Oats, bush.... 0.35 0.36  
Barley, bush.... 0.48 0.51  
Hay, timothy, per ton.... 9.00 11.00  
Do, mixed, ton.... 7.50 8.00  
Straw, per ton.... 12.00 13.00

Seeds—  
Alsike, No. 1, bush.... 6.50 7.25  
Do, No. 2, bush.... 5.00 6.00  
Do, No. 3, bush.... 4.00 4.50  
Red clover, bush.... 6.00 7.00  
Timothy.... 1.00 1.35  
Dressed hogs, light.... 7.50 8.00  
Apples, per bbl.... 1.75 1.25  
Eggs, per doz.... 0.28 0.28  
Butter, dairy.... 0.19 0.22  
Do, creamery.... 0.21 0.24  
Chickens, spring, per lb.... 0.11 0.12  
Ducks, per lb.... 0.09 0.10  
Turkeys, young, per lb.... 0.17 0.20  
Potatoes, per doz.... 0.25 0.49  
Cauliflowers, per dozen.... 0.63 0.85  
Onions, bag.... 0.90 1.00  
Celery, per dozen.... 0.39 0.40  
Beef, hindquarters.... 7.50 8.50  
Do, forequarters.... 5.00 5.50  
Do, choice, carcass.... 7.00 7.50  
Do, medium, carcass.... 5.50 6.50  
Mutton, per cwt.... 5.50 7.00  
Veal, per cwt.... 7.50 8.50  
Lamb, per cwt.... 7.00 8.00

Toronto Fruit Markets.

The receipts are small, and prices show little change. Peaches, white, basket, 40 to 60; yellow, 7c to 8.15; pears, basket, 35 to 50c. Plums, basket, 75c to 81c. Grapes, small, 40c, 15 to 20c; do, large basket, 30 to 40c. Apples, basket, 15 to 25c. Potatoes, basket, 70 to 75c. Corn, 25 to 30c. Egg plant, basket, 20 to 40c. Musk melon, basket, 20 to 25c. Onions, Valencia, large case, 1.00.

Leading Wheat Markets.

Dec. May.  
New York.... \$1.10-12 \$1.12-14  
St. Louis.... 1.08-3-8 1.10-1-2  
St. Paul.... 1.12-3-8 1.12-1-4  
Chicago.... 1.13-3-4 1.15-3-4  
Detroit.... 1.14 1.15-1-2

Bradstreet's on Trade.

At Montreal there is a good spring trade being done now in most departments. The demand for ocean freights is rather better and large quantities of freight are being sent to the West. Values of staple manufactures are generally steady. Some departments of business show improvement.

Business in wholesale trade circles at Toronto is fairly active. The demand for general dry goods is quite brisk, and the market in hardware and metals is improving. Woollen goods are firmly held. Large quantities of staple manufactures are being rushed to inland water points to meet the demand for lumber camps and also to secure low carrying charges before the winter railway freight rates take effect on the ease of navigation. The general outlook for trade is light.

At Quebec trade conditions show a slight improvement over that of the preceding week. Sorting orders have been in demand. Shoe manufacturers are commencing to get busy and orders are being coming to hand. With seasonal weather the outlook is favorable.

Business at the Pacific Coast trade centres is good and the outlook is for a more active demand for general staple goods during the next two months. The provincial industries are generally active.

At Winnipeg the demand from the retail trade to sort stocks is fairly active. The country trade is expanding at many points and the conditions of business are satisfactory. Payments are now improving.

Hamilton trade for the fall season is developing nicely now. The shipping staffs in the large wholesale houses are entirely engaged in getting out the fall and winter goods for which the demand is active. Travellers' orders are numerous and well distributed. The business outlook is promising. Prices are firm.

Bradstreet's advices report London entirely trade circles quite active with the fall business. Orders are numerous and large for quite a wide distribution of goods.

Failures This Week.

Commercial failures this week in the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., are 222 against 223 last week, 225 the preceding week and 239 last week, 30 the preceding week and 17 last year. Of failures this week in the United States 73 were in the East, 62 South, 64 West and 23 in the Pacific States, and 84 reported liabilities of \$5,000 or more. Liabilities of commercial failures in the United States reported for September are \$12,864,701, against \$7,123,568 for the month last year.

Liverpool Market.

Messrs. Woodall & Co. carried Eben James: Twenty thousand barrels sold. Market opened firm, and closed the same. Demand good.

SOLELY BY ADVERTISING.

An ink man who is known not only throughout this country, but also wherever there is a large demand for credit advertising with his success. "When I started in business some years ago," he says, "I was virtually unknown, but I had determined to secure my trade solely by advertising, and my progress was slow but sure, and by one I surpassed the older concerns." It is an important fact that mere prestige cannot monopolize a business. The new establishment which advertises most, and other things being equal, may be sure of reaching first place.

After a stubborn fight the efforts of the brigade, concentrated on the block immediately north of Ashdown's hardware store, succeeded in restricting the area of the conflagration, which for a time threatened to destroy the Union Bank skyscraper, the Lecland Hotel, and the City Hall. Commencing in the new Bullman Bros. lithographing block, strong southwest wind, across Albert street, igniting Ashdown's hardware store and destroying every building in its path, including Steele's photographic supplies, the chemicals of which added to the general spectacular effect.

## FORMO

Cures Catarrh,

Cold in the Head,

Hay Fever.

Instant relief guaranteed or money refunded.

FORMO is different to all other cures. It is a medicated Nasal stopple, in the form of cotton.

You simply insert a small piece up the nose and leave for a time, and relief is at once felt. It does away with inhalers, atomizers and etc.

PRICE 25c. PER BOX

If your druggist does not keep it, we will send it by post, on receipt of 25c.

FORMO CO.

509 Church St., TORONTO

\$1,000,000 FIRE AT WINNIPEG.

Blaze Started in a Ten-storey Block.

Winnipeg, Report, 12.30 a.m. — Fire which started last evening shortly after 10, has already done damage to the extent of about \$1,000,000 and got beyond the control of the firemen.

The flames started in Bullman's ten-storey block, on Bannatyne street, which was recently raised three storeys at a large cost. A fierce south wind was blowing, and the flames spread rapidly, the ignition of the chemicals in the building adding to the fierceness of the fire.

It was soon seen that it would be impossible to save the block. The entire brigade concentrated its efforts in an attempt to prevent the flames working northward to Ashdown's hardware establishment, on the corner of Bannatyne and Main streets, one of the largest of its kind in the city, but without success. The building was stocked with thousands of tons of inflammable oils, and the whole structure was soon alight and seen to be doomed.

The work of the firemen was considerably hindered by the terrific explosions which took place, thousands of rounds of cartridges and a quantity of gunpowder exploding.

The Duffin block, occupied by Steele & Co., manufacturers of photographers' supplies, next fell a prey to the flames. The building contained large supplies of chemicals, which exploded with tremendous force, casting burning brands to a considerable distance. The walls of the Bullman block fell shortly after 10 o'clock, carrying with them a number of electric and telegraph wires.

The Woodbine Hotel, one of the finest in the city, was next ignited, and other adjacent buildings went next rapidly. The Western Union Telegraph and Telephone Exchange have been destroyed.

The Field Battery was called out at midnight to render assistance. Many exciting scenes were witnessed, owing to the explosions of cartridges and gunpowder. Several men were hurt by falling live wires.

Five Under Control.

The fire was got under control between 2 and 3 o'clock, saving the bulk of the block between Albert and William streets, fronting on Main street. It is impossible to estimate the total damage, but it will probably reach the one-million-dollar mark. The fire brigade worked heroically in the face of great difficulties, in view of the miserable water pressure, which had proved utterly inadequate to the needs of a big city, and the matter will be taken up by the Council at once. The Bullmans had special bad luck, as they had borrowed \$65,000 from the bank to complete the new building, and had installed machinery equal to any in Canada. Amongst other heavy losers will be Kyle, Chesbrough & Co., dry goods, Montreal; W. B. Dixon, cigars; Geo. E. Ellis, manufacturing jeweler; Duffin, photographic supplies; Steele Company, Limited, and the Albert street restaurant.

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