Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO. 1V, OCTOBER 23, 1904.

Elisha and Naaman—2 Kings 5: 1-11.

Commentary.—Naaman's sad condition (v. 1). I. Naaman—Naaman means "beautiful," or "pleasant to look upon." Captain, etc.—He was commander-in-chief of the Syrian army. He had great ability, power and influence. He had done much for his king, and in some famous exploit had won a memorable victory for the Syrians. According to tradition he was the man who drew the bow at a venture and killed Ahab, King of Israel (I. Kings xxii. 34). The Lord had given—The Scriptural explanation of Naaman's greatness is that the Lord had given him the victory and made him great. But—This was the flaw in the crystal of his prosperity, the fly in the ointment of his triumph, the shadow that clouded his glory, the hateful presence that followed him everywhere, the bitter dreg in his cup of joy.—Pentecost. A leper—Leprosy was supposed to be inflicted for the punishment of some particular sin, and to be, more than other diseases, a mark of God's displeasure. "Leprosy began with little specks on the eyelids, and on the palms of the hands, and gradually spread over different parts of the body, bleaching the hair white wherever it showed itself, crusting the affected parts with shining scales, and causing swellings and sores. From the skin it slowly ate its way through the tissues to the bones and joints and even to the marrow, rotting the whole body little by little. The lungs, the organs of speech and hearing, and the eyes were attacked in turn, till, at last, consumption or dropsy brought welcome death." Geikie.

II. The captive's story (vs. 2-4). 2. By companies—In plundering parties who made forays upon the neighboring Israelites. A little maid—A young girl. She was regarded by her captors as a chattel and valued for her service like beasts. 3. She said—"Like Joseph in Egypt and Daniel in Babylon this captive girl becomes the instrument of making Jehovah known among the heathen." Would God—A better translation would be, "Oh that!" Recover him—Literally "gather" him from his leprosy. An allusion to the Israelitish custom of shutting lepers out of the camp and then gathering them in after the leprosy was healed. 4. One went in—"And he went in."—R. V., margin. It is probable that Naaman himself went in and told his lord the king.

III. Naaman seeking health (vs. 5-9). 5. Go to, go—That is, set out at once; let no time be lost. A letter—Benhadad very naturally supposes that the services of such a man would be at the command of the king. Took with him, etc.—He took a present to Jehoram. We cannot estimate the value accurately. "A silver talent was worth $1,94, in all $19,440. A gold shekel was worth $9.75, in all $58,500."—Bible Treasury. According to this Naaman took with him $77,940, a princely present. Raiment—Costly robes. 6. Recover him—Doubtless Benhadad had magicians drawing rich salaries at his court and in their supernatural power he had a good deal of superstitious faith. But they were not able to heal Naaman.

7. Rent his clothes—A sign here of terror and alarm. Rending the garments was sometimes an expression of grief. Am I God—"As much as to say, Who but God can cure the leprosy?" Who but the one who is able to kill and make alive? a quarrel—"Jehoram lived in perpetual terror of his powerful and encroaching neighbor." He feared this was a pretext for again invading his country. 8. Elisha . . . heard—No doubt the coming of the Syran general with his retinue, and the fact that the king had rent his clothes, caused a sensation in Samaria, and the news came speedily to Elisha, who appears to have had his home in the capital city, Wherefore, etc.—Have you forgotten that there is a God in Israel, and that His prophet is near at hand? He shall know—"It would be a great injury to true religion to have Naaman return with false impressions of the true God;" then, too, probably Jehoram needed to be reminded of his obligations to God and his prophet. 9. Stood at the door—He came with great pomp, with horses and "chariots" (R. V.) and with money to richly reward his benefactor.

IV. Elisha's message and Naaman's rage (vs. 10-12). 10. Sent a messenger—"Not that he was wanting in politeness, or influenced by priestly pride, or feared the leprosey, or avoided intercourse with a leper in obedience to the law; but Naaman was to understand that he was healed by the grace and power of God, at the prayer of the prophet." Wash in Jordan—This would humble him and test his obedience. It was so simple and easy that there was no excuse for refusal. Seven times—The sacred number which represents the union of the finite and infinite, and "any transaction or covenant in which both God and man are engaged. 11. Was wroth—The plan was too simple. "So the very simplicity of the gospel is a stumbling block to the proud." Some think Elisha was disrespectful, but he knew what was best for Naaman. I thought—"Personal pride and heathen magic formed this fanciful picture. No wonder it proved a delusive dream."

12. Abana and Pharpar—The modern Barada and Awaj. Abana signifies cool in Arabic and clean in Hebrew. Called by the Greeks, "The golden flowing."—Beaufort. Better—Certainly from his point of view the waters of his own country were better than the Jordan, for the Syrian waters were salubrious and invigorating, and the Jordan was a deep, sluggish, discolored stream. May I not wash in them and be clean—No, for God has directed thee to Jordan, and by its waters or none shalt thou be cleansed.—Clarke.

V. Naaman acepts God's way (vs. 13, 14.) 13. Servants—Naaman had admirable servants. They were wise and generous. My father—"There is no other instance where servants thus address their master. It indicates the affectionate relation between Naaman and those about him." 14. Then went he down, etc.—He submitted, and obeyed the words of the prophet. His cure was perfect. Whether Naaman began to be cured at the first washing, or whether it was instantaneously wrought when he washed the seventh time, we do not know.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Naaman's need. Naaman was a leper. The disease was, and is still, one of the most dreaded of al physical maladies. It was widespread, covering many lands and climes. With all his greatness, his skill, his bravery and success, he was a leper. People talk about a man being noble and godlike in his powers and capabilities. Unsaved, although he may be a brilliant orator, a mighty warrior, a gifted writer, an acknowledged statesman, he is still a leper. The king wanted him cured. As Naaman acknowledged his need so men afflicted with moral leprosy confess their need to-day.

A remedy pointed out. Providentially a Jewish maiden, who knew something of divine power, was where she could drop a word in season. It was only a short sentence, "Would God my lord were with the prophet that is in Samaria! for he would recover him of his leprosy," but it was wisely spoken and had a marvellous effect.

Groping after the cure. How desirous the King of Syria was for the healing of the captain of his hosts, may be judged from his eagerness to have him go to Samaria, as well as from the value of the presents which he sent along. Thinking surely the King of Israel must be the one to cure the disease, Naaman went to him, but only to find that so far his errand was fruitless. What was the king's perplexity to be asked to cure the leprosy! "Am I God?" said he. He felt imposed upon, and thought the King of Syria was trying to lead him into war. He could not cure the leprosy. It would be as easy for him to restore life. Naaman was looking in the wrong direction, just as thousands of to-day are trying to find ease of conscience without taking the cross of Jesus.

Angered at its humiliating simplicity. The prophet did not come out, as he expected, to strike his hand over the place to cure him, but simply sent him to wash himself. He had not come from Syria to wash in Jordan. His national prejudice led him to consider Abana and Pharpar, rivers of Damascus, better than all the waters of Israel. "And he went away in a rage." Naaman is not the only one who has done thus when God's plan has been outlined before him. People like their own way.

A more reasonable view. By another providence Naaman had a servant who had better judgment in this case than he and by a little sound reasoning in a good way brought his master to see that the best thing to do was to follow the prescription given by the prophet. Naaman expected to have great things accomplished by great means. He had not yet learned the lesson of humble obedience.

Complete recovery. The account is simple. "Then went he down, and dipped himself seven times in Jordan, according to the saying of the man of God; and his flesh came again like unto the flesh of a little child ,and he was clean." People fail of a cure of the leprosy of sin because they are not willing to take God's way of repentance, confession, restitution and faith in Jesus. Abana and Pharpar are good enough for them. To meet the simple requirements of the Gospel is too humiliating, but a complete cure can be accomplished only as this is done.

Gratitude and changed religious views. He exclaims, "Now I know that there is no God in all the earth but in Israel." Elisha had drawn Naaman's attention to God rather than to himself, and Naaman pledges to worship none but the God of Israel.

David S. Warner.

SOLD FOR A SONG.

$3,000,000 Mercantile Agency Disposed of for $26,000.

New York, Oct. 10.— The $3,000,000 mercantile agency was sold at public auction yesterday for $26,000.

The sale was conducted by Receiver George R. Beach. He started the auction by putting up the reports of the financial standing of tens of thousands of firms throughout the Unitd States and Canada. These were supposed to have cost $1,000,000 to collect. The highest bid was $10.

Receiver Beach refused to accept this bid, and rivised his plan for conducting the sale, dividing the property into two lots. In the first lot everything belonging to the company except the outstanding accounts, were included. The second lot consisted of the accounts due.

The first lot was sold to Charles H. Barritt, of Philadelphia, for $23,000, and the second lot to the same purchaser for $3,000, making Mr. Barritt the sole owner of the entire corporation.

Thomas N. McCauley, formerly was president of the concern.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Reception of the Archbishop at Faneuil Hall.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 10.—The Triennial Episcopal Convention, which is in session here to-day, met as the Board of Missions, the House of Bishops sitting together. There is much interest in the session on account of the widespread criticism of the apportionment plan for the assessment of dioceses in support of the general mission fund. The apportionment for last year was $630,000, the receipts to apply upon it were $413,000, or a shortage on expectations of $217,000. A large part of the day was devoted to a discussion of methods of improving the missionary organization.

The programme arranged for the Archbishop of Canterbury to-day included a reception at Faneuil Hall at noon, and a students' meeting to-night in Cambridge.

THE SEMAPHORE NEGLECTED.

The Switch Left Open—Inquest on Eastwood Disaster.

Wodstock, Oct. 10.—The inquest into the cause of the railway disaster at Eastwood, Wednesday morning last was concluded at 2.30 o'clock this morning. Twelve witnesses were examined, and the evidence brought out the fact that Brakeman Benedict of the first train had opened his switch to back out, and he and Conductor Fallis had neglected to put up the semaphore against the freight following, with the result that the second freight crashed into the siding before the first could pull out. Evidence was tendered showing brakemen, firemen and engineer had been on continuous duty 36 hours. The jury's verdict named no one as being responsible, stating that some member of the train crew had left the switch open. They recommended that the employees be given more rest and urged the adoption of a better signal light service. Coroner Dr. McLay intimated that, had Brakeman Benedict been living, the evidence would justify indicting him for manslaughter.

BANK OF HAMILTON

RIPLEY

Capital (paid up) - - $2,229,980.00
Reserve Fund - - - - 2,000,000.00
Total Assets - - - - 24,713,613.07

Deposits of $1 and upwards received and current rate of interest allowed

Interest Compounded Half-Yearly

Farmers' notes discounted. Advances made to farmers for the purpose of feeding cattle, etc., at current rates charged by all Chartered Banks.

S. T. JACKSON, Manager.

USING MORE LIQUOR AND SMOKING MORE TOBACCO,

According to the Report of the Inland Revenue Department.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—(Special.)—The annual report of the Inland Revenue Department, when issued, will show that Canadians are consuming more liquor, and smoking more tobacco, than in the past. The consumption of spirits last fiscal year was 5, 343,954 gallons, or .952 gallons per head of the population. This is the largest consumption on record since 1885. In that year it reached 1.126 gallons per head. The consumption in some years has fallen as low as .5369 gallons. The average consumption of spirits per head per year since 1869 was .974 gallons. Last year the consumption of beer was 27,608,548 gallons, an average of 4,918 gallons per head of the population. The use of beer has been steadily on the increase since 1869. The consumption last year was the largest on record, except the year 1902, when it reached 5,102 gallons per head. The average since 1869 was 3.182 gallons. The consumption of wines remains about the same, 0.96 gallons per head. The average quantity of tobacco used per head per year has been 2.178 lbs. for thirty-five years. Last year it reached 2.765, the largest on record.

LEFT HIS YOUNG SON TO PERISH.

Voodoo Doctor Set Fire to His Home and Boy Burned to Death.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 10.—Hayward Lenaire, a negro "voodoo doctor," set fire to his house, and unheeding the appeals of his 10-year-old son, sprang through a window, leaving his child to perish in the flames. Lenaire was arrested later, and comitted to jail to await examination. The negro made no statement whatever, concerning his crime or motive.

Lenaire has lived for many years in the house that he destroyed, it being his property. His house contained many firearms and one of his practices was to fire his rifle down the well at midnight and early in the morning hours. The neighbors aroused by the bright glare of the fire reached the scene in time to see Lenaire spring through a window and vault three fences and make his escape to the road, down which he ran with the cries of "Papa, let me out" coming from his son imprisoned in the burning building. The fire had gained such headway that it could not be checked, and in a short while the building was a mass of ashes. As soon as possible a search was made for the remains of the child, and the blackened body, burned to a crisp, was found in one corner.

Deafness of 12 Years' Standing.—Protracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Capt. Ben Connor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from Catarrh. All treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in one day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. 50 cents.—33.

"Birds of a feather flock together," remarked the Wise Guy. "Yes, until you go gunning," murmured the Simple Mug.

Miss Alice M. Smith, of Minneapolis, Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering may be permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain, and could find no relief, but one day when visiting a friend I ran across **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,**—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain, and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change. I use it occasionally now when I am exceptionally tired or worn out."—MISS ALICE M. SMITH, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn., Chairman Executive Committee, Minneapolis Study Club.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound carries women safely through the various natural crises and is the safe-guard of woman's health.

The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women being published in this paper constantly.

VALUABLE FIND.

Indians Discover $100,000 Worth of Ambergris.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 10.—A party of four Ketchikan Indians have found 150 pounds of ambergris, worth $100,000. The Indians had crossed the straits from Revillo, Gegido Island, to Cleveland Peninsula, and were looking on the beach for game. They discovered the carcass of a large sperm whale, which had been washed ashore. The Indians were attracted by the very agreeable odor of large lumps of fatty substance near the whale, and, loading some of it in their boat, carried it to Ketchikan. Upon learning the value of their find they went back and got the remainder. The ambergris is in an excellent state of preservation, and almost pure.

PLAYED HIS OWN DIRGE.

Student's Dramatic Suicide at a Concert in Hungary.

Vienna, Oct. 10.—A student named Anton Czernevics last night shot himself in dramatic fashion, after playing the piano at a students' concert at Temesvar, Hungary.

Czernevics, who was a fine musician, had been in the best of humor all the evening, and had played a piece which was much applauded, when he suddenly turned to the instrument again and began playing the Dead March in Saul.

The audience, amused at the freak, allowed him to play to the end, when he rose and declared that he had been abandoned by his sweethetrt, and life was no longer worth living.

Mounting a chair, he then showered a handful of gold coins among the students, and, begging them to accept the money as a memento of himself, quickly produced a revolver and shot himself dead.

CHANGED A MARKED BILL.

James Ryan, a Toronto Letter Carrier, Under Arrest.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—Jas. Ryan, a letter-carrier, living at 243 Berkeley street, was arrested yesterday on the charge of stealing letters containing sums of money. Ryan was followd on his route yesterday morning, and was seen to enter an Adelaide street hotel, where he changed some money,w hich turned out to be marked notes placed in a decoy letter. Ryan is said to have been suspected of more or less wrong-doing since the time Charles Lomas was sent to Kingston Penitntiary for stealing registered mail matter.

During the recent race meet he was at the Woodbine daily in his uniform, and suspicion rested upon him. Ryan is 29 years of age, and married.

Market Reports —OF— The Week.

Toronto Farmers' Market.

Business was quite active on the street market to-day. The movement of grain is more liberal, and prices well maintained. Wheat is easier, with sales of 200 bushels of white at $1.04 to $1.06, 500 bushels of red at $1 to $1.06, and 200 bushels of goose at 89 to 90c. Barley steady, 1,200 bushels selling at 46 to 52c. Oats about steady, with sales of 700 bushels at 34½ to 35c for new, and at 37½c for old.

Dairy produce in good demand, at firm prices. Choice dairy butter brings 19 to 22c per lb., and fresh eggs 22 to 25c per dozen.

Hay in limited supply, with sales of 15 loads at $10 to $12.50 a ton for timothy, and at $7 to $8.50 for mixed. Straw sold at $12 a ton for one load.

Dressed hogs are quiet, and prices steady at $7.25 to $7.50.

Wheat, new, white, bush	$ 1 04	to	$ 1 06
Do., red, bush.	1 00	to	1 03
Do., spring, bush	1 00	to	1 03
Do., goose, bush.	0 89	to	0 90
Oats, old, bush.	0 37½	to	0 38
Do., new	0 34½	to	0 35
Barley, bush	0 46	to	0 52
Rye, bush	0 62	to	0 63
Hay, timothy, per ton	10 00	to	12 50
Do., mixed, ton	7 00	to	8 50
Straw, per ton	12 00	to	0 00
Seeds—			
Alsike, No. 1, bush	6 00	to	7 00
Do., No. 2, bush	5 50	to	6 50
Do., No. 3, bush	3 75	to	4 50
Dressed hogs, light	7 25	to	7 50
Apples, per bbl.	0 75	to	1 25
Eggs, per dozen	0 22	to	0 25
Butter, adiry	0 19	to	0 22
Do., creamery	0 20	to	0 23
Chickens, spring, per lb.	0 11	to	0 13
Ducks, per lb.	0 10	to	0 11
Turkeys, young, per lb.	0 18	to	0 21
Cabbage, per dozen	0 25	to	0 40
Potatoes, per bag	0 95	to	1 00
Cauliflower, per dozen	0 60	to	0 85
Celery, per dozen	0 30	to	0 40
Onions, bag	0 90	to	1 00
Beef, hindquarters	7 50	to	8 50
Do., forequarters	4 50	to	5 50
Do., choice, cacase	7 00	to	7 50
Do., medium, carcase	5 50	to	6 50
Mutton, per cwt.	5 50	to	7 00
Veal, per cwt.	7 50	to	8 50
Lambs, per cwt.	7 00	to	8 00

Toronto Live Stock.

Receipts of live stock on the city market were 7 carloads, composed of 15 cattle, 332 hogs, 529 sheep and 1 calf. Besides the above, there were eight carloads, composed of 136 Chicago cattle, received on this market in transit for W. H. Dean.

As is usual on Friday, there was little doing on the market. It will be seen below a few sales of stockers, feeders and butchers' cattle, that were left over from Thursday, were made.

The prices paid were unchanged in all the different classes.

Prices were unchanged, but firm for hogs Selects, $5.15; lights and fats, $4.90 per cwt.

Maybee & Wilson, commission salesmen, sold as folows: 22 butchers', 2,290 lbs. each, at $3.75; 3 butchers', 1,080 lbs. each, at $4.40; 3 butchers' cows, 980 lbs. each, at $2.75; 29 feeders, at $32 each; 5 feeders, 1,000 lbs. each, at $3.60; 32 stockers, 800 lbs. each, at $3.25; 36 stockers, 720 lbs. each, at $3.15; 35 stockers, 700 lbs. each, at $2.70; 31 stockers, 510 lbs. each, at $2.45; 56 stockers, 540 lbs. each, at $2.40; 120 sheep and lambs, at $3.75 cwt.

C. Zeagman & Sons sold: One load of feeders, 850 lbs. each, at $3.20; one load of common stockers, 457 lbs. each, at $2.15; 10 rough bulls, 900 lbs. each, at $2; 10 heifers, 800 lbs. each, at $2.75.

D. Murphy, of Mount Forest, bought 175 feeders and stockers, 500 to 800 lbs. each, at $2.50 to $3.25 per cwt.

James Ryan bought two milch cows at $65 for the pair.

Leading Wheat Markets.

	Sept.	Dec.
New York	——	$1.15¾
Duluth	1.13⅝	1.11⅝
St. Louis	1.16¾	1.15⅛
Toledo	1.17¼	1.18
Detroit	——	1.18½

Toronto Fruit Market.

The receipts are moderate and the demand continues good. Peaches, white, basket, 50 to 65c; yellow, 75c to $1.25. Pears, basket, 35 to 50c. Plums, basket, 75c to $1. Grapes, 10-lb. basket, 18 to 25c; do., large basket, 35 to 40c. Apples, basket, 15 to 25c. Potatoes, bushel, 70 to 75c. Tomatoes, basket, 20 to 35c. Green peppers, basket, 25 to 30c. Egg plant, basket, 20 to 25c. Musk melons, basket, 20 to 25c. Spanish onions, 50-lb. crate, 85c. Sweet potatoes, per bbl., $3 to $3.25.

Bradstreet's on Trade.

Wholesale trade at Montreal continues in a satisfactory condition, according to reports received by Bradstreet's. The fall sorting business is now in full swing, and orders during the month just closed were, generally speaking, most satisfactory.

Toronto business conditions are satisfactory. There has been a marked development in a good many departments for fall goods. Retailers are sending in good assorting orders. Business conditions are sound.

At Quebec no immediate improvement over the past week is noted in trade circles.

At Victoria-Vancouver an active demand is being experienced for some lines of gods, and shipments are likely to be large for the next few weeks.

Winnipeg advices to Bradstreet's say: Now that the immediate outlook for trade is more assured, orders for the coming season to sort stocks are more numerous.

In Hamilton the wholesale businesss situation continues to show improvement. According to Bradstreet's reports sorting orders are numerous and well distributed. The outlook for trade is promising. Values of staple and imported goods are firm.

London trade in jobbing circles is a little more active.

Business conditions at Ottawa remain entirely satisfactory.

Failures of Last Week.

Commercial failures this week in the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., are 223, against 225 last week, 224 the preceding week, and 226 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 18 against 30 last week, 21 the preceding week and 10 last year. Of failures this week in the United States, 85 were in the East, 63 South, 57 West, and 18 in the Pacific States, and 69 report liabilities of $5,000 or more. Liabilities of commercial failures in the United States reported for September to date are $10,369,448, against $7,129,568 for the month last year.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.—Medical science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a panacea for stomach troubles. The immense percentage of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. One tablet after each meal will cure most chronic cases. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—22

HARD TIMES IN BRITAIN.

40,000 to 50,000 People Reported to be Starving in Manchester.

London, Oct. 10.—At a meeting of the Manchester City Council to-day it was announced that, owing to the hard times and depression in the cotton industries, between forty and fifty thousand people in the poorer parts of the city were practically on the verge of starvation.

Similar conditions prevail in London and other large cities of the United Kingdom, where the winter is expected to be one of the hardest in many years for the poorer classes.

FORMO

Cures Catarrh, Cold in the Head, Hay Fever.

Instant relief guaranteed or money refunded.

¶ FORMO is different to all other cures. It is a medicated Nasal stopple, in the form of cotton. You simply insert a small piece up the nose and leave for a time, and relief is at once felt. It does away with inhalers, atomizers and etc.

PRICE 25c. PER BOX

¶ If your druggist does not keep it, we will send it by post, on receipt of 25c.

FORMO CO.
509 Church St., TORONTO

BURIED TREASURE ROMANCE.

Kruger's Gold Cost Lives of Six Men Who Hid It.

Krugersdorp, Oct. 10.—The burial and discovery of the famous treasure which was secretly removed from the Pretoria Mint just before Lord Roberts' forces entered the capital, cost six men their lives, according to the Johannesburg Leader,

Found in the bushveld beyond Louis Trichardt and the Spelonken, the treasure consisted of bar gold and coin amounting approximately, to 60,000 oz., and valued at a quarter of a million sterling. Of the original party which was despatched to hide it, not a single soul is alive to-day, all having been murdered of lost their lives in other ways.

Though repeated searches were made subsequently for the burial place, only ex-General Celliers was able to locate it, but after marking the spot he was stricken with malarial fever. While hovering between life and death he divulged part of his secret to a syndicate, and his cousin, Mr. S. J. Kemp, succeeded in finding the treasure.

WOMAN SLEEPS 18 YEARS.

She Wakes From Slumber and Feels as if Only Night Passed.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The remarkable case of a woman named Gesine, who has slept for eighteen years, is related in the Matin.

She was born in a small town in the north of Germany in 1866, and until seven years old enjoyed good health. Then she had a fall which hurt her head. She began to have spells of sleep lasting for months, from which she was aroused only to relapse into longer periods of unconsciousness.

Finally, in 1886, she fell into a sleep which was not broken until a few months ago, when she again awoke in the full possession of her senses.

She remembered distinctly facts which happened before her sleep, and asked all about her brothers and sisters as if she had been asleep only one night.

She was, however, too feeble to raise herself, and had to learn again like a little child how to walk. She has improved greatly since, and is again able to do light work.

Her case is exciting great interest in the medical world, and is being made the subject of a special investigation by Dr. Paul Farez, professor at the School of Psychological Studies.

TWENTY WERE DROWNED.

Death Roll in the Recent Disastrous New Mexico Floods.

Sante Fe, N. M., Oct. 10.—eports received from different points in the territory show that at least twenty persons perished in the floods that have occurred in the past week. Ten Santa Fe passenger trains are tied up here to-night, but the passengers are being sent east and west over other lines.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Oct. 4.—Seven men are missing of a party of eight who went down with the wagon bridge between Lexington and Purcelle, after battling with the swift rush of waters for many hours in a vain attempt to prevent the bridge from going out. The bridge was the only connection between the two towns. Judge Hocker was the man saved.

GRAIN GREW IN HER THROAT.

Strange Accident That Befell a Little Dakota Girl.

Vermillion, S. D., Oct. 10.—Three weeks ago a little girl here, named Henrietta Hendrickson, while at play in a corn-bin, swallowed a grain of corn, which lodged in her throat. It caused her little inconvenience until a few days ago, when her condition became alarming, and a doctor was sent for. An examination by surgeons revealed the presence of a protuberance in the throat, and an incision was made. The grain of corn was then found to have sprouted.

ONTARIO ARCHIVES
TORONTO