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COSSACKS CUT JAPANESE SQUADRON TO PIECES.

Cutthroats Ran Dalny Before Japs Arrived.

Russians May Destroy Port Arthur Themselves.

Harbin to be Fortified With Heavy Siege Guns.

Liao Yang cable: The Japanese lost 200 killed and a number of horses killed in the fight at Vagenfuchi. The Russians opened fire at eight in the morning, and after two hours and a half long-range fire, the Japanese under Gen. Akkima prepared to charge and finish the force which had been harassing them for twenty-one days. In the meantime Gen. Samsonoff was approaching Vagenfuchi with a force of cavalry. It was a sight worth seeing when at the word of command the Russian squadrons formed and rushed like a whirlwind across the terribly cut-up country, clearing away all obstacles, the batteries at the same time trotting along the frightful roads.

Having passed the railroad station the troops came under the fire of the Japanese machine guns, but withdrew without suffering much loss. The fourth and sixth companies of the 8th Siberian Cossacks furiously charged the Japanese cavalry with lances, attacking both flanks. In a few minutes they literally cut the whole squadron into pieces. This was the first time lances were used, and they struck terror into the enemy. In some cases the lances pierced the riders through and wounded their horses. Some of the lances could not be withdrawn from the bodies into which they had entered.

The Japanese infantry, numbering four battalions of 300 men to a company, and eight squadrons of cavalry attempted to advance, but the Russian batteries opened, and soon the slope upon which the enemy was advancing was covered with black spots, and the enemy was forced to scatter and retire. Some of the Japanese cavalry were wonderfully dashing, charging with sabers upon the Russians, who met and repelled them.

A Cossack, who lost his lance and sword, wrenched a sword from a Japanese officer and cut off the officer's head.

The Cossacks picked up boats which had been taken off by the Japanese in order to facilitate their flight, and flourished them on their lances as trophies.

The Japanese used the Boer trick of displaying dummies, but the Cossacks did not waste a shot on them.

Gen. Samsonoff highly praised the practice of the Russian gunners.

A Russian, who was wounded in the fight near the station at Vagenfuchi says Gen. Samsonoff attacked the Japanese near the railroad, a mile from the Vagenfuchi station. A cornet of the Frontier Guards was the hero of the fight. His sergeant was lying wounded, and a Japanese officer was about to ride over him when the cornet unhooked the Japanese, mounted the latter's horse, and placed the wounded man on his own charger. The Japanese cavalry engaged with the 13th Regiment. Their horses were splendid animals.

RUSSIAN LOSSES FORTY.

Desperate Hand-to-Hand Encounter disastrous to the Japs.

St. Petersburg cable: Gen. Sakharoff has telegraphed as follows, under today's date, to the general staff: "According to reports the Japanese commander in the action of May 30, near Vanafargoff, had three battalions of infantry in reserve. Our losses were 17 men killed and 23 wounded, and Lieutenant Meyer and another officer, whose name has not been ascertained, wounded. The Japanese losses were very considerable. One cavalry of the Thirteenth Japanese Cavalry was annihilated in a hand-to-hand encounter, and another squadron which came to its assistance suffered great loss from the fire of our frontier guards and riflemen. We captured 19 horses."

NO BIG BATTLE.

Reports of Keuropatkin's Defeat Not Correct.

London cable: Rumors were current yesterday of a severe defeat of Gen. Keuropatkin's despatch stating that whole squadrons of Cossacks and many guns had been captured, and great quantities of stores and ammunition had fallen into the hands of the Japanese.

The story is clearly an exaggeration of the four days' skirmish, which ended at Saimatsu on Monday. Both this and the Wafenkau fight, in the northern part of the Liao-Tung Promontory, were on a larger scale than the recent smaller affairs, but so far as can be ascertained neither was of great consequence. The Japanese versions of the fighting have not arrived.

Baron Hayashi said: "I believe Russia to be in a serious dilemma. She has not enough men in the field to cope with our various points of attack. If she brings the reinforcements that Gen. Keuropatkin says so much needs she cannot feed them."

"I do not credit the rumor in that Gen. Keuropatkin's defeat, although during the next few days news of a battle may come at any moment. It seems evident that Gen. Keuropatkin intends to fight at Liao-Yang. I believe he has decided to do this, not so much from a

likely to harass the Japanese entrenchments. As regards the operations north of Feng Wang Cheng, the Cossacks have retired from Saimatsu with the additional loss of two officers and seven men wounded. Saimatsu is now held by a strong Japanese garrison.

St. Petersburg cable: The following despatch from Viceroy Alexeiv to the Emperor, dated May 31, has been received:

"Rear-Admirals Wittsoff and Grigorchitch report that up to May 28 numerous Japanese mines had been discovered and exploded in the roadstead of Port Arthur. The Japanese evidently have replaced the fireship which they formerly used by mines from merchant steamers in their service."

The Emperor has received the following despatch from Gen. Kourapatkin, dated May 31:

"All is quiet in the direction of Feng Wang Cheng. Shiyen has not been occupied by Japanese detachments.

"The Japanese were observed retreating from Sedzky and Salitsdypu Valley in an easterly direction.

"On May 30, two companies of Japanese infantry and thirty dragoons advanced along the Tschuktan road toward Onasaka, in the purpose of turning the left flank of our outpost. Our scouts discovered the movements and firing ensued, in the course of which one Cossack was wounded and one horse was killed.

"The Japanese detachment, which our cavalry successfully engaged May 30, is now stationed four versts from Vafengow, fortifying its position.

"There has been no further Japanese advance from Saimatsu towards Fengcheling Pass, on the Liao Yang Road."

JAPS ON THE WATCH.

Coal Laden Norwegian Vessels Bound for Port Arthur.

Tokio cable: It is stated that a Japanese warship is watching three Norwegian vessels, laden with coal, and bound for Port Arthur, which are now at Woosung, China. They will all be captured if they attempt to enter Port Arthur.

The aged Japanese men and the women and children at Nancan are leaving owing to the renewed incursion of Russians in northeastern Corea, where at present the situation is regarded as serious. It is stated that the Russians there are suffering from lack of food, thus having exhausted the country, whose people are starving.

The economic situation in Japan does not seem as yet to be seriously affected by the war. Industries and commerce are proceeding as usual. The provisional applications already nearly cover the new war loan, the subscriptions for which will be opened on June 10.

AFFAIRS AT DALNY.

The Damage to the Town Was Incisive.

London cable: A despatch from the Times says it will take the Japanese some little time to make Dalny and Talienvan practicable as a base, because the San-Shantai Islands have been connected very skillfully with the mainland by both observation and blockade mines, which zig-zag over a large field, but the demolition of the Russian works ashore was insignificant, and the railway produced an intensely painful effect in court circles. It is said that the Czar at first refused to believe the evidence of such a confession of Russia's military impotence, and it was only after detailed explanations from Gen. Kourapatkin that the Emperor would agree to accept the situation.

This painful impression has been intensified by Gen. Kourapatkin's further insistence upon the necessity for providing betimes for a retreat north, even as far as Harbin.

TO FORTIFY HARBIN.

Heavy Siege Guns to be Sent From Cronstadt.

London cable: A despatch to the Times from Moscow says it is stated that Harbin will be fortified against the contingency of a siege, irrespective of expense.

The heavy siege guns already sent to the far east are really destined for this purpose, and a further considerable number will be removed for this purpose from Cronstadt and other first-class fortresses.

General Kourapatkin's insistence a month ago that it probably would be necessary to refrain from directly attempting to save Port Arthur and the Liao-Tung Promontory produced an intensely painful effect in court circles.

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NO SIGN OF ADVANCE.

Times' Correspondent States Kuroki's Army is Stationary.

London cable: The correspondent of the Times with the first Japanese army, which is commanded by Gen. Kuroki, says there is no sign of any movement by that army. Chinese state that there are no indications of the Russians advancing in force south of Liao-Yang. It is improbable that they will make a stand before Liao-Yang is reached, as most of the positions on the Pekin road, including the Motienling Pass, are easily outflanked on either side.

According to the Times' correspondent on the despatch boat Haikin, the second position to which the Russians defeated at Kinchau retired is a dozen miles north of Port Arthur. Its defenses are reported to be not very serviceable, the trend of the hills being at right angles to the Japanese advance.

According to the reports of the chief naval constructor at Port Arthur, the repairs on the Retzian will be completed in a week or two. The Czar's fleet will be ready for service in a few days. The work on the Pallada has been completed, and she has been reinstated in service.

It is believed that the coal reserves at Port Arthur are exhausted.

TO HINDEA ITS FALL.

Keuropatkin to Try to Save the Doomed Fortress.

London cable: A despatch to the Daily Mail from St. Petersburg says there is great uneasiness there regarding certain news which seems to imply the early capture of Port Arthur. The official despatches are vague and conflicting. The public is impressed by the apparent ignorance of the generals on the spot. An important movement by the Japanese will be made to capture the Japanese troops have been collected on the coast of the Bay of Corea towards the south. The tilings of severe fighting are impatiently awaited. The Ministry denies that any important news has been received. All foreign newspapers are extensively blacked out before they are allowed to reach the public.

London cable: A despatch to the Daily Mail from St. Petersburg says that the Japanese troops have been collected on the coast of the Bay of Corea towards the south. The tilings of severe fighting are impatiently awaited. The Ministry denies that any important news has been received. All foreign newspapers are extensively blacked out before they are allowed to reach the public.

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