

Windows soothing syrup should be used for children, especially in the child, softens the rattle, cures whooping cough, whooping cough, whooping cough.

FAIRM FOR SALE
217 ACRES - 185 IMPROVED
27 ACRES OF GROWING TIMBER; NECESSARY
water well; convenient to school
house, 1 1/2 miles to station; low price;
favorable. Angus G. Mackay, York
Mich.

AGENTS WANTED
MAN OR WOMAN TO REPRESENT
selling lamp that
has own gas for one cent a day. Liberal
light party. Brass lamp free.
Address Light Co., 140 Nassau Street,
N. Y. C.

VENTED CLEAR \$250. STARTING
from the city of Lyndoch, Norfolk
develops heat, light and power from
day or night without fire, fuel or ex-
traordinary operations. Hundreds of refer-
ences. E. J. Jacobs, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

FRAYED OR STOLEN - FROM
household of Lyndoch, Norfolk
develops heat, light and power from
day or night without fire, fuel or ex-
traordinary operations. Hundreds of refer-
ences. E. J. Jacobs, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

New Laid Eggs
Poultry Wanted
Butter, Poultry and new
eggs. Prices firm for choice quality
eggs. Send for catalogue.
To see per pair. Will pay 30c
per dozen delivered Toronto.
E. J. Jacobs, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

USE
MILE AXLE GREASE
Has No Equal
Manufactured only by
H. M. G. Co., of Hamilton
Ontario, Canada.
All leading dealers.

JACOBS
OIL
SITIVELY CURES
Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Backache
Headache
Feetache
All Bodily Aches
AND
RHOUMERS
PAIN.

will tell
animal is all run down,
the coat and a tight hide,
shows that his blood is out
of the system, rids the
of an animal economy
that suck the life blood.

DICK'S
DD PURIFIER
where the best results
would be obtained.
the system, rids the
of an animal economy
that suck the life blood.

like Dick's powder for
in horse.
Miles & Co., Agents,
MONTREAL.

Maid's Philosophy.
better after suffering
the worse; but our com-
pounded upon ourselves,
we be laid to the na-
tural inclinations.
of the eternally virt-
ous in every human heart
world of new emotions
and is given the right
to them, but the obli-
gation lies with them.

ARE WE FAIRMEN BLIND?
The Detroit Journal recently
published a special report number.
It contained an article written by Mr.
C. O. Morris, the United States Con-
sul in Windsor, Ontario. Among
other things, he said:
"It is commonly known here that
some of the larger concerns in the
United States in order to undersell
competitors here, have shipped into
Canada machines of a former and
older pattern. The American farmer
will buy nothing that is not strictly
up to date, and at the end of every
season there are left over some ma-
chines that will be a year old the
next season, and these machines may
lack some new innovation, but will
do the work and are 'just as good'
as the up-to-date machine; and these
machines - lack numbers - are shipped
into Canada at a much reduced in-
value value, thus saving duty, and
they are just as acceptable to the
Canadian farmer as any machine."

So, according to no less a person
than a consul of the Republic to the
south of us, we farmers who buy
United States machines are really
buying the obsolete machines gath-
ered at the United States implement
agencies and shipped into Canada.
It is not to be wondered at that
the United States machines shipped
into Canada do not wear or give
satisfaction like the Canadian imple-
ments. One could hardly expect this
to be the case under the rather
"extraordinary conditions cited by Mr.
Morris.

HE CAN SLEEP AND WORK NOW

What Dodd's Kidney Pills Did for Emilien Clouatre.

Cured Him of Pain in the Back and Headache and Made Him Well and Strong Again.

Val Racine, Que. Feb. 9. - Special. - Among those in this neighborhood who openly proclaim the benefits they have received from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills is Emilien Clouatre. Mr. Clouatre was long a sufferer from that most trying of troubles, Pain in the Back, that adds to its incon- venience the disgusting knowledge that it is one of the surest symptoms of Kidney Disease.

Now M. Clouatre is well and strong, able to do a good day's work and enjoy a good night's sleep. Interviewed regarding the ease, he says: "I am not about to do otherwise than praise Dodd's Kidney Pills, for I am cured. I work well. When I go up to bed I get rest. Before I used Dodd's Kidney Pills I got up feeling more fatigued than the night before. I had pain in the back and headache which bedded my rest. I took nine boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and am cured. I praise them to all who speak to me about them."

Others suffering from the pains and aches resulting from Kidney Com- plaint have followed M. Clouatre's ad- vice and praise Dodd's Kidney Pills. They too are compelled to admit the truth of the oft repeated statement: "There is no form of Kidney Com- plaint that Dodd's Kidney Pills can not cure."

Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO. IX.
MARCH 1, 1903.

Paul and Apollos - Acts 18: 24 to 19: 6. Study Acts 18: 18 to 19: 7.

Commentary. - Paul's stay in Jeru- salem was very short. This was the fourth time he had visited the city since his conversion. He "harried the church" (v. 22) and sailed on to Antioch. There his reasons for re- turning to Jerusalem were: (1) to see to it that Jerusalem was cold and ungracious towards him; (2) to establish among his Gentile converts, led to that determination of the part of some to follow in his track and to undermine his in- fluence, which, to the intense com- biterment of his later days, was so fatefully successful. It must have been with a sad heart that St. Paul hurriedly terminated his visit. But none of these things moved him.

1. Apollos receiving instruction (vs. 24-26).
2. Apollos - A preparation for Paul's labor at Ephesus had been made by Apollos who had instructed the small church of Jews up to the twilight of John the Baptist's teach- ings concerning the Messiah. Alexan- dria - This city was built near the mouth of the Nile by Alexander the Great. Eloquent - learned - The word in the original expresses not only ability as an orator, but also the possession of stores of learning.

25. Was instructed - Probably by some disciple of John who had left Judea before the Saviour commenced his public course, or possibly by John himself, whose earlier ministry Apol- los must have attended. Hackett. Fervent - He had a "glowing religious disposition and ardent zeal."
26. Boldly - "The Jews were not all ready even to listen to announce- ments of the approach of the Mes- siah. The speaker who dwelt on this theme must be prepared with ar- guments as well as courage." Had heard - In the synagogue. Took him - Persons of great learning may be led into the light by those in ob- scure positions. Apollos gives proof of his greatness by showing his will- ingness to receive instruction from such humble people. Expounded - more carefully - Aquilla and Priscilla unfolded to Apollos the wonder- ful fact of a Messiah already come.
27. Apollos visits Achaia (vs. 27, 28).
27. Was disposed - "The original ex- presses more than an inclination on his part; he wished to go." Into Achaia - Of which Corinth was the capital, and it was Corinth which he decided to visit. He may have been directed to this field of labor by Aquilla and Priscilla.

28. Mightily convinced - See E. V. "He powerfully convinced the Jews, and that publicly," showing by the Old Testament scriptures, which the Jews received as inspired, that Jesus was the Messiah and that they could be saved only through Him. "This they refused to do, and we know the consequence. Their city" was sacked, their temple burnt, and more than a million of them were killed and the rest scattered over the face of the earth."
1. Came to Ephesus - In accordance with the promise made them when returning from his second missionary journey (chap. xviii. 21). "Ephesus was not only the capital of the pro- vince, but was the city of the great- est importance in all Asia Minor - a splendid city, and an emporium of trade in the east. It was called one of the eyes of Asia, Smyrna, forty miles to the north, being the plain about five miles long from east to west, and three miles broad, with the Icarian sea, an arm of the Aegean, on the west."
2. The baptism of the Holy Ghost (vs. 29).
3. The Holy Ghost - Paul was a Holy Ghost preacher. His first sen- tence brings these unenlightened dis- ciples face to face with the deeper things of God. "It was the common privilege of the disciples of Christ to receive not only the ordinary grace, but also the extraordinary gifts of the Holy Spirit; and thus the dis- ciples of Christ differed from those of John." The genuine disciples of Christ are still distinguished from others by the baptism of the Holy Spirit, which enlightens, quickens and purifies.

4. Or repentance - John called upon the people to repent and prepare the way of the Lord and pointed to Jesus as the Messiah. That is, on Jesus - "The closing words of the sentence are a condensation of all the explanations by which the apostle convinced them that Jesus, whom he preached, was the prop- hets whom John announced."
5. Spoke with tongues - This was a pouring of the Holy Spirit upon a new twelve. Prophecy - Not the ability to foretell future events, but the power to preach the gospel and to expound the Scriptures was given them (See I. Cor. xiv. 3). No person is qualified to preach the gospel, or to do Christian work of any kind until he has received the baptism of the Spirit.

Teachings. - We should all seek a deeper knowledge in the word of God. Those who know the most of God still know but little, compar- tively, and on many points need instruction. The followers of Christ should be bold as well as humble. We should all strive to be helpers in the church. When men are illu- minated and purified by the Spirit their tongues are loosened.
Thoughts. - Apollos was a model preacher. He was (1) eloquent in speech; (2) mighty in the Scriptures; (3) fervent in spirit; (4) courageous in heart; (5) humble in mind; (6) un- wearied in service; (7) powerful in reasoning.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.
We must conclude from a care- ful study of this lesson that God notices all that enters into the life and character of all His children. Apollos was a Jew. That meant much. He had been diligently trained up in the knowledge of Scrip- tures. He had a knowledge of Je- hovah. He had been taught to ex- pect the Christ, the anointed One, the Deliverer; and much else of importance. It means that every one to be trained up to a direct Christian home. We are informed of his birth place, Alexandria. This was a seat of learning. At one time it possessed the largest library in the world.
Eloquent and mighty as this man was, two humble tentmakers, a man and his wife, knew more about divine things than he. Aquilla and Priscilla took him unto them and expounded the way of God more perfectly. God used these people of humble gifts to instruct this man of mighty gifts. How his true character appeared in his willingness to learn of the True Christians are always humble. When Paul again visited Ephesus he found "certain disciples" and soon discovered immature Christian experiences. He did not condemn or reject them because of this, but wisely asked a pertinent question, "Have ye received the Holy Ghost since ye believed?" This question was honestly answered, but they were earnest seekers after God.

Our lesson brings out very clearly this fact, namely, God uses all classes of gifts and talents to forward His work. Apollos, the eloquent preacher, was able to mightily convince the Jews publicly. Aquilla and Priscilla, two humble tentmakers, were used to fit Apollos for greater useful- ness. The brethren who commend this great preacher, should be open- ing his way and augmenting his usefulness.
All should use the light, knowledge and ability they have. Apollos had an immature Christian experience, but he was "fervent in spirit," so his work was honored of God, even before he was "instructed more perfectly by Aquilla and Priscilla. Aquilla and Priscilla used their knowledge of spiritual things to help Apollos. Paul skillfully led the Ephesian believers into a positive knowledge of the things of God. A humble or teach- able spirit is absolutely essential in order to be helped; both Apollos and the Ephesian disciples possessed this God's people should always keep such a spirit. "The truly great are truly humble, and in this they imitate Christ, who was meek and lowly in heart."

A Humorous Hamlet.
A story is told of Mr. Beerbom Tree, for the truth of which I cannot vouch, but it is at least worth repeating. A young gentleman who was very anxious to try his luck on the London stage managed to get an introduction to Mr. Beerbom Tree, to whom he confided his ambi- tions. "Oh," replied the great actor- manager, "I could not possibly give you a pore, I am afraid, but I daresay I could manage to let you walk on the stage with the crowd in the last act." "My dear Mr. Tree," replied the aspiring young actor, "I do not think I have heard anything quite so humorous from you since your Hamlet."

A College Man.
"Your son goes to college, Mr. Binks?" "I don't know whether he goes to college or not. He plays on the foot- ball team, sings in the glee club and runs the college funny paper; and I'm not at all certain that he finds time to do any of the common duties in- cident to the scholastic training."

The Manufacturers Life INSURANCE COMPANY

16TH ANNUAL REPORT
For the Year Ending 31st December, 1902.

INCOME.	
1902.	
Net Premiums on New Policies	\$217,160.56
Net Renewal Premiums	887,655.16
Total Net Premiums	\$1,084,815.72
Interest	186,074.11
Total Income	\$1,240,899.83

EXPENDITURE.	
1902.	
Matured Endowments and Investment Policies and Annuities	\$ 88,635.50
Death Claims	174,982.20
Dividends to Policy-holders and Surrender Values	22,987.63
Total Payments to Policy-holders	\$316,565.63
Expenses and Office Furniture	2,801.47
Taxes	8,857.67
All Other Liabilities	24,000.00
Excess of Income Over Expenditure	900,085.12
Total	\$1,240,899.83

ASSETS.	
1902.	
Municipal Debentures, Bonds and Stocks	\$2,435,822.89
Loans on Debentures, Bonds and Stocks	291,412.41
Mortgages on Real Estate	971,978.41
Real Estate	46,229.80
Loans on Policies (Life Insurance)	320,328.29
Office Furniture, less 20 p.c. written off	6,602.77
Patents, Copyrights and Licenses	5,418.41
Interest Due and Accrued	22,325.19
Net Premium Outstanding and Deferred	216,142.49
Cash on Hand and in Banks	75,929.94
Total Assets	\$4,406,529.19

LIABILITIES.	
1902.	
Policy Reserves (Government Standard)	\$6,542,836.00
Unpaid Claims	45,318.63
Surplus to Policy-holders' Accounts (including Capital Stock, Paid Up)	607,118.56
Total	\$7,205,273.19

NOTE: 1. (a) Surplus as above \$ 607,118.56
(b) Reserve as above 3,758,802.00
(c) Uncalled Capital Stock 1,200,000.00
Total Security to Policy-holders, \$9,561,010.56

Applications received for insurance during 1902 \$6,542,836.00
New Assurances issued during 1902 6,542,836.00
(Being an increase over any previous year of more than 1,000,000.00.)
Insurance in force December 31st, 1902. \$30,152,882.00
The death loss for the year was exceedingly low, being only \$3,80 per \$1,000 of insurance. The average rate of interest on the mean amount of all invested assets (budget value) was 5.08 per cent.

The following Directors were elected for the ensuing year: -
HON. GEO. W. ROSS, Toronto.
LEUT. COL. H. M. PELLIATT, Toronto.
LEUT. COL. H. M. PELLIATT, Toronto.
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LEUT. COL. H. M. PELLIATT, Toronto.

UTILIZING THE EUPHRATES

It is said that Mesopotamia may be reclaimed by its Waters.
Explorers say that in no region of western Asia is the ground strewn with more numerous ruins than in Mesopotamia. Its present poverty is almost as remarkable as were its ancient fertility and wealth. The soil is mixed with fragments of bricks and earthenware; the so-called tells or mounds of rubbish are dotted in thousands of places over the plains, while a few remains of towers and crumbling walls mark the sites of large cities, the very names of many of which are now unknown.

The plains of Mesopotamia have fallen from their former pre-eminence for two reasons. One is that the traders and farmers scattered over the plains were exposed on all sides to the incursion of barbarous hordes, their cities were sacked and razed to the ground and the population was reduced till to-day it scarcely exceeds 1,000,000 in a territory as large as France; more than one-half of the present inhabitants are nomads, whose tents are pitched on the verge of the desert.

The other reason for the present desolation is that irrigation works were destroyed and the fertile areas were ruined by the invasion of the sands of the desert on the south-west side. Just as the sands of the Sahara have been blown over grass lands to the north and thus extended the desert toward the Mediterranean, so in the region of the Euphrates and Tigris millions of acres of once fruitful lands have been turned into waste places by the invasion of sandstorms.

THE FROST STEEL GATE is the strongest and lightest handle a large number of them yearly. If we are not represented in your district, write us about the agency. One agent in each locality. Write for Catalogue.
THE FROST STEEL FENCE CO., WELLAND, ONT., WINNIPEG, MAN.

The Markets.

Toronto Farmers' Markets
Feb. 23. - Grain receipts were smaller Saturday, with no changes in prices. What is steady, with sales of 200 bushels of white at 72 1/2-2c, 200 bushels of red winter at 72 1/2-2c, 100 bushels of goosie at 68c, and 100 bush of spring at 71 to 72c. Rye, firm, 100 bushels selling at 53 1/2-2c. Barley is unchanged, 300 bushels selling at 50 to 51c. Oats weaker, with sales of 500 bushels at 37c.
Hay quiet and firm with sales of 15 loads at \$12 to \$15 a ton for timothy, and at \$8 to \$9 for mixed. Straw is nominal.
Butter and eggs in fair supply. The best rolls butter sold at 13 to 20c and eggs at 20 to 22c per dozen for new laid and at 14 to 15c for old stock.
Dressed hogs are firm, small lots of light selling at 71 to 88 25, and heavy at \$7.50 to \$7.75.
Following is the range of quotations: -
Wheat, white, bushel, 72 to 72 1/2-2c; red 2 1/2-2c; spring \$1 to 72c; goosie, 68c; oats, 37c; peas, 75 to 78c; barley, 50 to 51c; buckwheat, 50 to 51c; rye, 53 to 53 1/2-2c; hay, timothy, per ton, \$12 to \$15; mixed, \$8 to \$9; straw, \$8 to \$9. Steeds, pair No. 2, \$8 to \$6.50; red clover, \$6.50 to \$7.50; timothy, \$1.75 to \$2.50. Apples, per bbl., \$1 to \$1.75; dressed hogs, \$7.50; butter, dairy, 16 to 20c; creamery, 21 to 25c; chickens, per pair, 75c to \$1.25; ducks, per lb., 10 to 12c; turkeys, per lb., 15 to 18c; potatoes, per bag, \$1.25 to \$1.30.

Leading Wheat Markets.
Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day: -
Cash, May, July
New York ... 81 1/2 78 1/2
Chicago ... 77 1/2 76 1/2
Toledo ... 77 1/2 80 1/2 76 1/2
Duluth, No. 1 Nor. 76 1/2 77 1/2 76 1/2
British Live Stock Markets.
London, Feb. 21. - To-day Canadian cattle are quoted at 11 to 12c cents per lb. (dressed weight); American cattle firmer at 12 1/2 to 13c cents per lb.; refrigerator beef is firmer at 10c per lb.

Toronto Live Stock Market.
Export cattle, choice, per cwt. \$1.00 to \$1.50
do medium ... 3.00 to 4.00
do low ... 3.00 to 3.80
Butchers' cattle, choice, ... 4.10 to 4.20
Butchers' cattle, choice, ... 3.70 to 4.15
Butcher's cattle, choice, ... 3.00 to 3.35
do common ... 2.00 to 2.70
Bulls, export, heavy, ... 3.50 to 4.25
Bulls, export, heavy, ... 3.00 to 3.40
Feeders, short-keep, ... 3.50 to 4.00
do medium ... 3.25 to 3.50
do light ... 2.75 to 3.00
Steeves' choice, ... 2.75 to 3.25
Steeves' choice, common, ... 2.50 to 2.75
Milk cows, each, ... 20.50 to 30.00
Sheep, ewes, per cwt., ... 3.50 to 4.25
Bucks, per cwt., ... 3.00 to 3.80
Lamb, per cwt., ... 4.00 to 5.50
Calves, per head, ... 5.00 to 10.00
Hogs, light, per cwt., ... 5.00 to 6.00
Hogs, select, per cwt., ... 5.50 to 6.00
Hogs, fat, per cwt., ... 5.50 to 5.65
do sows, per cwt., ... 4.40 to 6.00
do stags, per cwt., ... 2.00 to 3.00

Dunn's Review.
In retail circles at Hamilton a moderate volume of trade continues with comparatively a fair increase over the corresponding period of 1902. In a number of the leading lines of manufactures, including machinery, implements, bent stuff, fabrics, boots and shoes, whips, cigars, etc., orders are reported heavy and several concerns are making improvements to cope with the demand. In wholesale clothing, dry goods, groceries and produce, orders have been steady and prices generally considered fair payments average well.
Bradstreets on Trade.
Wholesale trade at Montreal continues of fair disposition for this season. The cold weather and deep snow in the country had tended to restrict trade somewhat but retailers have been giving quite liberal orders for spring and summer goods. There has been a steady demand for goods for the coming season at Toronto, and jobbers have generally been booking orders at advanced prices compared with values quoted at the opening of the year. The mills and factories continue busy and skilled labor is not very easy to secure in some departments. Business on the Pacific Coast is fairly good for this season. There have been many buyers in the Winnipeg market the past few days, and a large amount of buying for the spring and summer trade has been done. Orders for the year in anticipation of a large increase in the demand this year. Business at Hamilton has been active the past week. Reports from the country recently has helped greatly to reduce the stocks of heavy goods in retailers' hands and it looks now as if the stocks to be carried over will be much lighter than expected. Business for the coming season has been very active. Shipments continue heavy. Values of staple goods are firm. At London jobbers are busy receiving orders for the spring and summer goods and in shipping to retailers. Various trade centres. Payments recently have been very fair. Ottawa wholesale firms report a steady demand for goods for the coming season.

Home Again.
We have roamed in the fragrant fields,
We have lived with the murmuring waves,
We have heard the love talk of the birds
And the whisper of the breeze.
We have roamed in the laughing waves,
Where the breaker tossed its foam;
Now we turn again as the bright days wane
To the happy hours of home.
For not on the mountain top
Nor in the softest vale,
Not where the canvas hills and straits
To the boisterous summer gale,
Not in the secret wood,
Though the restless heart may roam,
The world around can joy be found
Like the joy of love and home.
-Good Housekeeping.



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months."
"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness." - Miss Alma Pratt, Holly, Mich. - \$5000 worth of original of this letter proving genuineness can be procured.
FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG WOMEN.
All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given; her address is Lynn, Mass. Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham is inclined to the belief that our girls are pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries; has learning and more health needed.

DEPEW ON SMOKING.

The Well-Known Railwayman Tells Why He Quit It.
R. Chauncey Depew, the well-known orator and railroad president, relates the following experience in his victory over the cigar:
"I used to smoke twenty cigars a day, and continued it until I became worn out. I didn't know it was the matter with me, and physicians that I applied to did not mention tobacco. I used to go to bed at two o'clock in the morning, and wake at five or six. I had no appetite and was a dyspeptic."
"I was in the habit of smoking at my desk, and thought that I derived material assistance in my work from it. After a time I found that I couldn't do any work without tobacco. I could prepare a brief or argument without tobacco, but still I was harassed by feeling that something was amiss, and the result was not up to the mark."
"I also found that I was incapable of doing any great amount of work. My power of concentration was greatly weakened and I could not think well without a lighted cigar in my mouth. Now it is perfectly clear that without this power of concentration a man is incapable of doing many things. It is this which enables him to attend to various and multifarious affairs; to drop one absolutely, and take up another and give it full attention."

"One day I was puffing a cigar with a feeling of pleasure which is only possible to the devotee. I smoked only a few minutes and then took it out of my mouth and looked at it. I said to it: 'My friend and bosom companion, you have always been dearer to me far than gold. To you I have ever been devoted, yet you are the cause of all my ills. You have played me false. The time has come that we must part.' I gazed sadly and longingly at the cigar, then threw it into the street. I had been convinced the tobacco was ruining me."

"For three months thereafter I underwent the most awful agony. I never expect to suffer more in this world or the next. I don't go to any physician or endeavor in any way to palliate my sufferings; possibly a physician might have given me something to soften the tortures. Neither did I hear my own, and made up my mind that I must forever abandon tobacco or I should be ruined by it."

"At the end of three months my longing for it abated. I gained 25 pounds in weight. I slept well for seven or eight hours every night."
"I have never smoked from that day to this; and while no one knows better than I the pleasures to be derived from tobacco, I am still well content to forego them, knowing their effect." - EX.

ONE-WAY RATES.

To many points in the States of California, Oregon and Washington. EVERY DAY.
The Union Pacific will sell One-way Colonist Tickets at the following rates from Missouri river terminals: \$25.00 to San Francisco, Los Angeles and many other California points. Tickets on sale Feb. 15 to June 15, 1903.

\$20.00 to Ogden and Salt Lake City.
\$20.00 to Butte, Anaconda and Helena.
\$22.50 to Spokane and Wanatchee, Wash.
\$25.00 to Everett, Fairhaven and New Whatcom, via Huntington and Spokane.
\$25.00 to Portland, Tacoma and Seattle.
\$25.00 to Ashland, Roseburg, Eugene, Albany and Salem, via Portland.
Tickets on sale Feb. 15 to April 30, 1903.
For full information call on or address H. F. CARTER, T. P. A., 14 James Building, Toronto, Canada, or F. B. CHOATE, 125 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.