

# Shewell & Lenahan

We have a large stock of furniture on hand and will sell at reduced prices for the next four weeks Made by the best manufacturers.

\$17.00	Bedroom suits now at	\$14.00
\$15.00	"	\$13.00
\$14.00	"	\$12.50
\$13.00	"	\$12.00
\$12.00	"	\$10.00
\$10.50	"	\$9.50

Best made brass bed \$25.00

Iron and brass beds from \$3.75 to \$10

Diners, common chairs, bedsteads and washstands.

Extension Tables \$5.00 to \$18.00.

Sideboard \$7.50 to \$5 Parlor Suits \$18 to \$

Guaranteed for 10 yrs. The best bed spring made is the Cable Coil spring, will not sag or frame twist Mattresses from \$2.50 to \$5.50. We sell the "Victor" the best made. Lounges from \$4.50 to \$7.50. Couches from \$6.50 to \$19.00.

A large stock of fancy Rockers. A big discount on Parlor Tables, Easels, Jardiniere Stands, Hall Cabinets, Pictures and Music Racks.

Undertaking attended to day or night at small profits. We deliver our goods in town or country. Call and see for your benefit and save money. Merry Xmas and Happy New Year to all.

Shewell & Lenahan Durham, Ont

# CLOTHING SALE

The large sales reached during the past few months prove that shoppers appreciate the style, fit, quality and price of our clothing a room for a large shipment of spring clothing arriving shortly, we will clear the balance of odd lines at a great sacrifice.

### BOY'S SUITS AND ULSTERS :

10	Boy's Suits	\$2.00	cut price	\$1.50
13	"	2.75	"	2.25
9	"	3.00	"	2.50
20	"	4.25	"	3.00
18	" Odd Pants	"	"	45c.

### MEN'S SUITS :

10	Men's Serge Suits	going at	\$2.75
13	" Tweed	"	4.00
11	"	"	5.00
20	"	"	7.50
8	" large size Ulsters	\$5.50 for	4.00

All odd lines must go at a sacrifice. Now is your chance to buy a good suit or overcoat for little money.

S. F. Morlock.

CASH and ONE PRICE

**HOPEVILLE**  
Mr Kenning has returned home from his missionary tour.  
Mrs Glenester is home after a week's stay in Toronto.  
24th Feb.—Mr Adam Scarlett: rejoices over the birth of a son.  
25th—A number from here attended the funeral of Mr Daniel Reid, of Dundalk.  
24th—Wednesday was the day in Proton for weddings. Mr Donald Gilles was married to Miss Etta McTaggart, by the Rev Mr Broad, at the bride's old home, in the presence of the relatives of contracting parties. Mr Gilles is the son of the late Alexander Gilles, one of the pioneers of Proton, the bride, a daughter of Mr Malcolm McTaggart, a prominent farmer here. We all wish them many happy days.  
On the same day, the Boyd Bros, their wives and families, passed thro

here on their way to Egerton, to witness the marriage of Miss Boyd, to Mr William Chalanger, of the 3rd Con of Proton. Congratulations.  
The Dundalk Herald of Feb 6th, in quoting some of our Report of the Proton Council Business gets a little wrathful and attaches some of the blame to the defeated candidates. Well this will release us some. All we have to say now is that we merely gave the report that was going around among the people and if we have said anything wrong, we would be sorry and apologise, but we do not see that any of it is contradicted.  
Our roads, are at present in a bad condition, on account of the rain.  
—The question of "preferential duties" is to be discussed at the gathering of colonial representatives at the King's coronation this summer.

## THE STUDENTS VOLUNTEER MISSIONARY MOVEMENT BY REV. W. FARQUHARSON.

The Students Volunteer Missionary movement for Foreign Missions whose convention was held in Toronto a week ago has for its object "primarily to raise up among the students of North America sufficient number of capable missionary candidates to meet the requirements of the various missionary societies or boards." It came into being in 1888, the year of my graduation, but its agents did not reach Toronto till the year following. Its object is to form an organization among students themselves to keep alive an interest in the evangelization of the world and to draw from the young men and women in our college halls those who will offer themselves to the work. It is thus in strictness a Students Voluntary Missionary Movement. Its hope is that by Divine grace the gospel may be carried to all the world in the present generation, hence the motto of the organization is "The Evangelization of the world in this generation." Already it is organized in 800 out of the 1000 schools and colleges in North America and has branches in Great Britain and Germany. Up to the present time they have the names of 1233 volunteers who have gone to the foreign field, while the influence of the movement has been not less on those who remain than on those who have gone. Its leading officers have been students who had devoted themselves to the foreign field and who in the meantime have given of their time and strength to spread the same spirit to others. To stimulate the work a convention is held every four years, or one in every student generation. The first of these was held in Cleveland in 1891, the second in Detroit in 1895, the third in Cleveland in 1898 and the fourth in Toronto a week ago. At the first meeting there were 680 delegates representing 151 institutions. At the last there were nearly 3000 delegates representing over 500 institutions and coming from over 50 Christian denominations.

The element of size always makes an impression but it was not mere number that mainly impressed one in this gathering, but a certain sense of the Divine presence. The movement is strictly religious in its character. A Toronto daily paper stated that it is one of those great religious movements that have sprung up in the English speaking world during the last 150 years. The first of these was the Methodist Revival under the Wesley's, the second was the Oxford movement in the Church of England and this paper thought this one worthy a place side by side with these. However ranked one has only to go in, to feel the religious character of the meeting. All conventions do not impress those who attend them. Some are light and frivolous, some lack all sense of dignity and power. Here the prevailing feeling was, that they came to worship.

Those who attended the prohibition convention on Tuesday could hardly fail to note the contrast in this respect between the atmosphere in the two gatherings. In the former we met as citizens to devise laws, but whatever may have been in people's hearts no one would have gathered from a word spoken that the demon of drink "goeth not out but by prayer and fasting." Coming into the meeting on Wednesday—to the prayer meeting to seek God's help to receive a blessing—there was the stillness of the sanctuary. The addresses from earnest hearts the humble confessing of sin, the need of an emptying of self and a filling of Christ and of a fresh consecration of our whole being to His service. A trio of young men swelled next day to a quartette, sang simple hymns with the air of a group of friends, who were unconscious of the presence of 3000 people, in their delight at being able to render their tribute of praise to God. As the lark sings unseen in its height so that music seemed to waft forth the song of praise. Altogether there was produced an indescribable feeling as if all were in the brooding wing, or to feel the touch of the unseen spirit. You may if you will, or say it has the flavor of "The Keswick Brethren," but to the weary spirit it had a breath that was refreshing.

Later we had religion from more practical sides, the heads of the various mission boards showed a mastery of every part of the work telling that they had stable principles, a realization of the truth, Missionaries of experience and truth, their store the grace of common sense sanctified and applied to every day life and thus all parts blended together to make up the melody of Christian living and Christian working. A correspondent of a paper declared there was real energy in the Thursday night meetings that it applied to that purpose, would be sufficient to turn the tide in any political campaign. This movement like all human things has no doubt its weak points, but never the less it is one of the things that gladden our heart to be permitted even for a few hours to enjoy the fellowship of tried and true Christians from so many fields representing so many sections of the Church of Christ.

Report of U. S. No. 14, Egremont, for January and February.  
5th class—Bella Weir.  
4th class—Maggie Campbell, George Haw, Willie Knox, Elsie Haw.  
3rd class—Margaret McDougal, Mary Wilson, Phemie Eccles, Hugh McKechnie.  
2nd Sen—John L. McDonald, Edgar Wilson, Robert Eccles John Knox.  
2nd Jun—Katie McFarlane, Albert Small and Jennie Clark aq., Albert Pierson and Brownlee Atchison aq.  
Pt 2—Eva Haw.  
1st Sen—Jennie McCannel.  
1st (Intermediate)—Clara Wilson, Annie McDonald.  
1st Jun—John McCannel, Bert Eccles, Robbie Campbell, Charlie McFarlane.  
M. GORDON, Teacher.

Report of U. S. No. 2 Bentinck and Glenelg for February 1902. 4th Class—Alfred McKechnie, 3rd—Willie McKechnie. Sr. 2nd—Madge Morton, Minnie Vessie, Ethel Heugban, Johnnie Newell, Jr. 2nd—Arthur Ritchie, Elias Edge, Nellie McGilivray. Pt 2nd—Ruilie Dunsmoor, Smith Ewen. Sr 1st—Mabel Wismer and Gertie Morton eq., Andy Vessie, Herbie Dunsmoor. Jr 1st—Annie Ewen.

## THE PROHIBITORY LAW.

The following is the gist of the Manitoba Prohibitory Liquor Law as introduced by Premier Ros. in the Legislature: It is provided that the vote shall be taken in November the ballot-paper bearing the simple, straightforward question: "Are you in favor of bringing into force the Liquor Act, 1902?" Voters will be only those who were entitled to vote at the election which will precede the referendum, and the hours of voting will be the same as in the election, namely, 9 a. m., to 5 p. m.

In case of a majority of the votes cast on the question are in the affirmative, and that the number of electors voting on the question in the affirmative exceeds one-half of the number of electors who voted at the general elections, 1898 the act shall be brought into force by proclamation from and after May 1, 1904.

**The Prohibitory Clauses.**  
It is provided in sections 151 and 152 that no person shall, within the Province of Ontario by himself, his clerk, servant or agent, expose or keep for sale directly or indirectly, or upon any pretence, or upon any device, sell or barter, or in consideration of the purchase or transfer of any property or thing, or at the time of the transfer of any property or thing, give to any other person any liquor without having first obtained a druggist's wholesale license under this act authorizing him so to do, and then only as authorized by such license and as prescribed by this act.

No person within the Province of Ontario by himself, his clerk, servant or agent, shall have, or keep, or give liquor in any place whatsoever, other than in the private dwelling house in which he resides, without having first obtained a druggist's wholesale license or a druggist's retail license under this act authorizing him so to do, and then only as authorized by such license. This section shall not prevent any person engaged in mechanical business, or in scientific pursuits, from having in his possession alcohol for mechanical or scientific purposes, as the case may be, in a quantity not exceeding ten gallons at any one time, but the alcohol used in the preservation of specimens for scientific purposes shall not be included in said ten gallons, or to prevent any clergyman from having in his possession a quantity of wine for sacramental purposes not exceeding two gallons at any one time; but such person in this sub-section mentioned so having in his possession such liquor shall not use or consume, or allow to be used or consumed, any of said liquor as a beverage.

**For The Sick.**  
Nothing in this section shall prevent a public hospital from having liquor in its possession for the use of patients in the hospital, but such liquor shall not be consumed by persons other than a patient in the hospital, and then only when prescribed for or administered by a physician.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent a sick person from having in his room where he sleeps the liquor prescribed for him by a physician. But no liquor so prescribed shall be consumed or drunk by any other person than the sick person.

Strict interpretation is put upon the words "wholesale and retail druggists," and "private dwelling house."

**Clubs Expressly Barred.**  
It is expressly provided that clubs, associations or unincorporated societies may not use, barter or sell liquor on their premises, and the same rule applies to boarding houses or lodging-houses, where there are more than three lodgers other than members of the family. Brewers and distillers licensed by the Dominion of Canada for the manufacture of liquor shall not be prevented from keeping or having liquor manufactured by them, providing the building containing it does not communicate with any building which under the act may not contain liquor. Liquor, however, may be held for export sale. "No person shall use or consume liquor in the Province purchased and received from any person within the Province, unless it be purchased and received from a licensee. This section shall not apply to any person who within a private dwelling house innocently uses or consumes liquor not thus purchased and received."

**Records of Sales.**  
Records must be kept by licensees of all liquors sold, failure to make such record to be prima facie evidence of illegal sale. Liquor shall not be consumed upon a licensed premises or in a distillery or brewery. Provisions are made for the issuance of prescription in cases of need by physicians, dentists and veterinary surgeons, in the latter cases applying to dumb animals and limited to one gallon.

Holder's of a druggist's retail license may sell only for medicinal purposes and only on bona fide prescriptions. To dentists one pint, veterinary surgeons two gallons, and to clergymen, wine for sacramental purposes.

**Penalties and Enforcement.**  
The penalties provided for violations are severe, ranging in fines from \$50 to \$1,000, and imprisonment from three to twelve months. It is provided that "the duty of seeing that the provisions of this act are complied with and of enforcing the same, and of prosecuting persons offending against such provisions, shall devolve upon the inspectors appointed pursuant to this act. But nothing herein contained shall prevent or be construed to prevent any person from laying an information or prosecuting in respect of any offence or supposed offence against the provisions of this act, and the Department of the Attorney-General shall not prevent any such prosecutions." Provision is made for a chief inspector residing in Toronto, for a local inspector for each electoral division, and such further inspectors as may be necessary. Every inspector and every policeman or constable shall be deemed to be within the provisions of this act, and where information is given to such that there is cause to suspect that some person is violating the provisions of this act, it shall be his duty to make diligent inquiry into the truth of such information, and to enter complaint in his own name, before the proper County Court Judge, Magistrate or Justice or Justices

# SEEDS! SEEDS!

Fortieth Annual Import of Seeds per steamer Florence from Britain comprising  
**BEEF,**  
**CABBAGE,**  
**CARROT,**  
**MANGEL,**  
**RAPE,**  
**TURNIP**  
and other field Seeds.

**H. PARKER,**  
DRUGGIST — — — — — DURHAM

*New Patterns*  
*In Jewellery*



See A. Gordon's Large and Complete stock of Ladies', Gents' and Boys' Watches, Fancy and Mantel clocks, Ladies' Long Guards, Chain Bracelets, Brooches, Links, Scarf Pins, Cuff Buttons, Flatware, Fancy Flatware, Silverware, Novelties, Ladies' and Gents' plain and gem Rings.

**A. GORDON**  
Lwer Town, — Jeweller

## HARDWARE

Being crowded with work it is impossible to write a lengthy "Ad" this week. We are preparing to go out for the Long Green this season and every person will be able to get their wants satisfied by dealing with us.

**Bird Cages.**  
Just to hand an assortment of fine BIRD CAGES. Every Bird fancier should see them.

**Sap Pails and Spiles.**  
Do not leave off too long in buying your Sap Pails and Spiles. We have a large stock of them.

**Buggy Lanterns.**  
Any person in the habit of driving at night will not make a mistake by buying one of our Buggy Lanterns. They cannot be equalled.

**Lamps.**  
We are offering great bargains in Fancy Lamps this week.

**Tinware & Granite-ware.**  
For Tinware and Granite-ware of every description we take the lead in quality and prices.

**Coal Oil.**  
Do not forget that we got in another carload of Canadian and American Coal Oil lately. 5 gals Canadian for 90 cts.

**W. Black**

## BARGLAY & NOBLE.

**NEW IMPLEMENT AGENCY**

This week we as attention to our new line of

**CUTTERS, ROBES, RUGS**

WOOLLEN and RUBBER and full lines of Horse Blankets.

**Surney Stoves**

Winter is approaching and those needing stoves should not fail to see ours. Also Clare makes.

**CALL** our famous Styvester Drill with steel wire conductors.

*Full Line of Maxwell Soods.*  
**BARGLAY & NOBLE.**

**ARTHUR GUN, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.  
Office over McLachlan's Store.  
HOURS: 10 to 12 A.M.  
2 to 4 P.M.  
7 to 9 P.M.  
Special attention given to Diseases of Woman and Children.

**DR. GEO. S. BURT.**  
Late assistant to the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, England, and the Golden Square Nose and Throat Hospital.  
SPECIALIST EYE, EAR, THROAT & NOSE EXCLUSIVELY.  
Will be at the Middleage House, Durham, the first Wednesday of each month from 9 p. m. till 6 p. m.

## THE ROYAL VICTORIA

Life Insurance Co. of Canada

Wants a District Agent for Durham. Satisfactory remuneration will be paid to a man desiring to take up the business. Former experience in Life Insurance not indispensable. Address communications to  
**H. C. THOMAS,**  
Supt. of Agencies  
6 King St. West, Toronto, Ont.

—Flooded rivers are interfering with traffic in the States.