A RACKING COUGH

Afflicted the Sufferer for Twenty Years.

Often Sat Up in Bed Coughing the Whole Night Long—Doctors Ultimately Told Him the Trouble Was Developing Into Consumption—How Relief Was Obtained.

(From the Times, Picton, Ont.)

Nothing racks the body more than a severe cough. If it is allowed to run for any length of time, it is very hard to get rid of, and often leads to the most dreaded of all diseases—consumption. Such a sufferer was Mr. Thomas Jinks, of Prince Edward county. Mr. Jinks relates the following facts to a Picton Times reporter—"I am sixty-seven years of age, and for the last twenty years I have had a bad cough. I was troubled with catarrh, which started in my head, but later spread to my stomach, leaving me dyspeptic. For two years I was troubled with pains in the stomach, and was not able to raise my arms above my head without experiencing severe pains about my short ribs and stomach. Then my kidneys began to trouble me and at times I could not get out of a chair without help. My limbs and feet were often so swollen that I was unable to lace my boots, but as soon as the swelling went down I was but a mere shadow. My wrists and arms were so shrunken that I could span them with ease. My cough racked my whole body. I have sat up in bed and coughed the whole night long. I tried several doctors without success. They finally told me I was in the first stages of consumption. In the spring of 1899, a little pamphlet was thrown in the hall door telling about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to try them. Before finishing the second box I noted a change and after using them for a couple of months I was completely cured, and the cough had left me. At present my health is as good as I can wish for, and I can truly say through all my suffering, I never got any permanent relief until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Mr. Jinks added that it was not in his own case alone that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had proved of advantage in his family. His daughter, Miss Mildred, was in very poor health, and scarcely able to go around. In fact, her friends feared her trouble was developing into dropsy. She used five boxes of the pills and is now enjoying the very best of health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure such apparently hopeless cases as Mr. Jink, because they make new, rich, red blood, and thus reach the root of the trouble. These pills are the only medicine offered the public that can show a record of such marvelous cures after doctors had failed. If you are at all unwell, this medicine will restore you to health, but be sure you get the genuine with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around each box.

A Neat Reply.

Sir William Harcourt, while dining one evening with Mr. Disraeli, made a delightfully courteous repartee. It happened that on the occasion in question Mr. Harcourt, as he was then, was placed next to the hostess. On the wall opposite them hung a picture of a lightly-draped female figure, and during a pause in the conversation the guest's eyes happened to wander to the painting. "I see you are looking at the picture," suddenly broke in Mrs. Disraeli, with a laugh. "I always say that it oughtn't to be allowed in here; but it is nothing to the Venus that Mr. D. has in his bedroom." "That I can quite believe," required the Squire of Mallwood gallantly, with a bow, and, feeling that he had ventured on rather delicate ground quickly changed the subject. Later in the evening the incident was related to the host, who laughed heartily at the neat reply of his political opponent.

Grand Trunk Equipment.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company is adding a number of modern coaches to its already large equipment, the new cars being officially known as the "2,000 Series," one of which is being turned out every week at the Point St. Charles shops and put into service immediately. These coaches have been known as the "800 Series." The first lot built in the Montreal shops was added to the service in 1897, since which time the company, under the superintendency of Mr. W. McWood, has built all its own cars. Five of the new coaches are already in service, and are said to be giving the best of satisfaction.

The "2,000 Series" are of the wide vestibule order, sixty-eight feet in length, and equipped with the latest improvements in air brakes and signals. The weight of the cars is 72,100 pounds, the seating capacity being seventy-two passengers. The windows, which are of Gothic architecture, are finished in a combination of oak and mahogany, the interior of the cars being done in quartered oak. The seats are of the standard reversible pattern upholstered in crimson plush. The aisles are covered with Brussels carpet, the floor of the large smoking room, in connection, being done in linoleum. The other arrangements, sanitary and illuminating, are in keeping with the general order.

By the end of the year the Point St. Charles shop will have turned out 500 of the 1,000 new thirty-five foot, thirty-ton box cars, in addition to the coaches mentioned and general repair work, and twenty-four standard simple mogul locomotives of the Morse pattern, in which speed and strength have been taken into consideration.

Ma's Illustration.

Elsie—Ma, what is a "white lie?"

Ma—Well, my child, the milk we have served to us here in the city is a fair specimen of one.

The Dominion will be asked to grant a subsidy in conjunction with the Province in aid of the establishment of shipbuilding in British Columbia.

STORY OF NATION'S STAMPS

Postage Marks First Introduced by Britain in 1840.

HIGH PRICES FOR SPECIMENS.

Before the introduction of the postage stamp it was the custom to take letters to the nearest postoffice and prepay the postage in cash, the postmaster then stamping such mail matter as prepaid.

The introduction of postage stamps for regular issue took place in Great Britain, May 6, 1840, and was the result of the earnest efforts of Sir Rowland Hill. Sir Rowland did not attach so much importance to the adhesive label as to prepaid envelopes, and his fame rests on the envelopes engraved by W. A. Mulready, representing "Britannia" sending letters to all parts of the world. These were placed on sale May 6, 1840. The envelopes were received with ridicule throughout the United Kingdom, and were soon dropped out of use, the adhesive label taking their place.

The first English postage stamp was black, but the postmarks were hardly visible on it, and this tone was followed by red, with the familiar portrait of Queen Victoria.

The colonies and dependencies of Great Britain have upwards of 1,600 stamps, without a single duplicate.

The example of Great Britain was first imitated in the United States, where the proprietors of local delivery companies began to sell postage stamps to their patrons as early as 1842. The first one was the City Despatch Post, operating in the city of New York. In August, 1842, the United States government bought the entire outfit, retaining the design for the postage stamp, a three-quarter face portrait of Washington, changing the inscription to read, "United States City Dispatch Post."

Of the Australian stamps, that of New South Wales is a very little stamp. In the background is drawn a view of Sydney, while in the foreground is seated a female figure, pointing with pride to three strong looking children. Beneath is written "Sic fortis Etruria crevit," which means "Even thus did brave Etruria flourish." Western Australia has on its stamp a swan swimming on a placid stream.

The first African stamp was of triangular shape, and represented "Britannia" sitting gazing at the waves. Subsequent to the Dutch stamp of the Transvaal with the initials V. R. stamped on the flags which overshadowed the arms of Holland came that of the Queen's head, at present in circulation. The first Mauritius stamps were printed in 1847, and are the most expensive stamps in the world, for they have been known to fetch as much as $600 apiece in the market. New Brunswick and Nova Scotia had first each a pretty stamp, designed with a crown in the centre, surrounded by the rose, thistle and shamrock. The rarest stamp is that of British Guiana, 1856, black on blue, which bears a ship in full sail, with these words—"Damus Petimusque Vicissim," which means, "We give and seek gifts in return."

First Stamp of France.

The first stamp of France was the head of a stern-looking woman, and was meant to represent liberty. The present stamp used in France represents two figures, Commerce and Mercury, clasping hands across the globe. For most of her colonies France issues a special stamp with the eagle of the Empire upon it, but there are several exceptions. The island of Reunion has an open rose, and Guadeloupe has a small stamp with the value alone marked on it.

Bavaria, which issued stamps in 1849 marked with armorial bearings was the first of the many states and principalities which now constitute the German Empire to adopt the new system. Prussia and Hanover followed in 1850, with the portrait of Frederick William IV. and the royal arms, and Baden, Wurtemberg and Saxony in 1851 with their own stamps.

Austria had first (1850), the double-headed eagle. Later the eagle was replaced by the head of Mercury, which, in 1858, was altered into the head of Francis Joseph.

The stamp of Holland, which bore the head of the reigning king, William III., on the first issue, is now distinguished by numerals only.

On the Italian stamps are Italian towns with Austrian stamps, showing the long dominion of Austria over parts of Italy. On some of the old stamps are marked the keys of St. Peter, surmounted by the miter of the bishop of Rome.

The earliest Greek stamps are dated 1861 and have on them the head of Mercury in his winged cap.

The Turkish stamps are dated 1862 and bear the signature of the reigning sovereign, Abdul Aziz Khan, placed above the crescent and star. Bulgaria was declared independent of Turkey in 1878. Her fist stamps bearing the royal arms were issued in 1879, a lion rampant, with a crown on its head and large paws.

The Russian stamps have no variety of portraiture; they are all alike stamped with the double headed eagle. Finland issues its own stamps. They bear the arms of the country on a shield, with their valuation in kopecks, the Russian coin.

Norway and Sweden happily have known only peace since the time stamps were first introduced. The portraits of Oscar I. and Oscar II. alternate with the arms of Norway; while the Swedish stamps have the shield with the Swedish arms. For Denmark there is a stamp with a crown supported by crossed swords.

Switzerland Begins Issue in 1850

The federal administration of Switzerland did not issue postage stamps until 1850, and most of them represent Helvetia as a robed figure holding the shield with the Swiss cross depicted on it in one hand, while in the other she grasps a sceptre.

The first Belgian stamp has a portrait of Leopold I. The first stamp of Portugal, issued in 1853, has the head of Donna Maria II. A special stamp is issued by Portugal in all her foreign possessions. It is a crown within a circle, with the name of the place clearly printed above.

Of Spanish stamps there is a great emblematic variety, which betokens disturbance in the country. The stamps issued in 1850 represent Isabella at the age of 20. In 1854 the arms of Spain replace the Queen's portrait on the stamps. In 1855, peace being restored, the Queen's portrait is again found on the stamps. The stamps issued in 1868 bore the figure of their valuation, but the next are stamped with the head of Liberty. A few stamps have only numerals. In 1872 a few appeared with the head of the new King Amadeus. Stamps for the Philippine Islands of 1854 and 1855 have a curious engraving of Queen Philippa's head and some of these have been sold for $500. The only specimen of a religious stamp is that used by the Spaniards in the Virgin Islands, a little picture of the assumption.

On all the Chinese stamps is a dragon, the national emblem of royalty.

A PLAGUE OF DEVIL FISH.

English Shell Fisheries Injured by Hordes of Octopus.

There is great anxiety at our south coast fishing centres consequent upon the plague of octopus which has ravaged the Channel this season, says the Westminster Gazette. The returns of the shell fisheries for the past season show how serious the visitation is. The crab total has fallen from 877,000 to 596,000, and the lobster total from 388,000 to 319,000. From experiments made at Plymouth it was found that seven out of every eight crabs taken in the usual fishermen's traps during the second week of October, when the plague was at its height, were killed by octopus, and that for every crab safely taken twenty-one octopus were caught. And three years ago the creatures were so scarce that single specimens fetched a high price for the local aquaria and museums.

We owe this destructive visitation to our recent succession of mild seasons. Ordinarily the octopus is not to be found northeast of Cherbourgh, which is the point of lowered sea temperature that separates the marine fauna of the warmer seas from the fauna of our colder Channel. The mild seasons have pushed this temperature barrier further up Channel for the time being; but there is very little ground for the fear, which has been so freely expressed, that our fishermen have a new and permanent enemy to cope with. The normal conditions of temperature will assert themselves, and the devil-fish hordes will retire before them to their natural bounds again. If the climatic conditions had allowed it, they would long ago have become a permanent species on our south coast.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Andree's House at Bath.

According to Notes and Queries: A memorial tablet bearing the inscription, "Here Lived Major Andre, 1770," has been placed on No. 22, The Circus, Bath, which was the English home of the brave young Major Andre, who was executed by order of Washington in the American War of Independence, and whose remains were afterward interred in Westminster Abbey.

Nothing Hunts Out Corns

like tight boots. Nothing removes corns with such certainty as Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Beware of poisonous substitutes. Ask for and get Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor at druggists.

London's Girl Messengers.

In London there is difficulty in getting enough boys to serve as messengers, so the experiment is being made of employing girls. Some of the messenger girls are demure damsels of seventeen summers, and are said to be quicker than the boys in delivering messages and answering calls. It will be interesting to watch the development of the experiment.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

The Irish Guards.

Now that the Irish Guards are at Chelsea, Londoners have a chance of seeing what a fine body they are. Instituted by the Queen to commemorate the brave deeds of the sons of Erin in South Africa, the Irish Guards—who at Chelsea are 260 strong—are all picked men. The consequence is that they are a level lot as regards height and physique, and present a very imposing appearance when marching. The uniform is a striking one, the green in the cap and the shamrock badges being particularly conspicuous. Colonel Richard Joshua Cooper, the commander of the new Irish Guards Regiment, has turned forty years of age, having been born on July 18, 1860. He entered the Grenadier Guards as second lieutenant in 1880, and became major of that regiment in 1898. He saw active service in the Egyptian expedition of 1882, when he took part in the action of Mahuta and the battle of Tel-el-Kebir. Colonel Cooper holds the medal with clasp and bronze star.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Kind Neighbors.

Suburbs—Where's the lawn mower, dear?

Mrs. Suburbs—Mr. Nextdoor borrowed it this morning.

Suburbs—And the garden hose?

Mrs. Suburbs—Oh, that Mr. Newcome got it for half an hour yesterday morning.

Suburbs—May I inquire where the rake is?

Mrs. Suburbs—Little Willie Outertown's pa sent him after it this afternoon.

Suburbs (with a mighty sigh of relief)—Thank heaven! I can have one evening's complete rest.—Brooklyn Life.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

"The best preparation for colds, coughs, and asthma."
MRS. S. A. WATSON, Temperance Lecturer.

"Pre-eminently the best."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

VIGOROUS ACTION IN WAR TIME

Is always applauded, but diplomacy is better. Prevention is better than cure. We are constantly at war with germs which lodge in our members and engender disease. Catarrh is a microbic disease so deep seated in the lungs, nasal passages and bronchial tubes that until recently nothing could reach it. Catarrh snuffs, ointments, atomizers, stomach medicine in tablet and liquid form have been tried but all proved dangerous as well as ineffectual. Such treatments often contain injurious drugs which eat away the tender linings of the stomach, nose and throat, and on this account were cast aside by the doctors long ago.

The celebrated remedy that has superceded them is called CATARRHOZONE the Ozonated Air Cure. It is the volatile effect of pure healing essential oils which, when inhaled, spreads to all parts of the breathing organs in the head, lungs and bronchial tubes. The primary action of CATARRHOZONE is to kill the germs that cause the disease, then its wonderful healing influence is exerted on more than 1,000 square feet of mucous surface over which it passes. CATARRHOZONE is cooling and refreshing, allays the irritation, heals raw sore spots and thoroughly disinfects the entire system. It cures Catarrh because it reaches its cause (germ life) and expells it from the system.

The causes of the disease being removed by CATARRHOZONE, the forces of nature can act unimpeded and the affected parts are restored to a normal healthy condition, resulting in a perfect cure that only CATARRHOZONE can bring about.

CATARRHOZONE cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh, and also prevents them. Strong and weak alike should fortify their constitutions against such diseases as diphtheria and consumption by CATARRHOZONE. It keeps them away. At druggists or by mail, two months' treatment (guaranteed) price $1.00. Regular 25c trial size sent for 10c to cover postage and boxing by N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., Hartford, Conn., U. S.

The Real Thing.

Still the best society held her at arm's length.

"How do you know?" asked society, with a cold sneer, "that your husband has genuine gout, rather than mere rheumatism?"

"Because," the woman replied, dignifiedly, "he has carried a raw potato in his pocket for two months, now, without getting well!"

At this they were abashed, and many, henceforth, invited her to their 5 o'clocks.—Detroit Journal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The Boer National Instrument.

Morn, noon and night, in season and out, the Boer plays his concertina. "While the blacks are outspanning or inspanning the cattle," says a traveller, "while the women are preparing the food, the farmer, pipe in mouth, wrestles with the agonizing concertina. In the daytime it is awful, but at night, somehow, it is different, and I have listened with delight for hours."

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Hanging Pictures.

While a picture moulding is the almost universal finish for most wall coverings, and is very convenient in the rearrangement of pictures, yet the long stretches of unsightly wire have proven so objectionable that very often nails are driven into the walls and the pictures hung from short, concealed wires, even when there is a moulding above.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Triangular Trade is Profitable.

It is a mistake to regard our commercial relations with the United States as unprofitable because our imports from that country greatly exceed our exports. Trade is not the purchases and sales of the nation, but the exchange of products between individuals, and each transaction must be considered on its merits. It is evident that Canadians will not purchase in the United States except so far as they find it personally advantageous to do so. If they purchase across the boundary it is the best possible evidence of the benefits of that line of commerce, and the aggregate of the individual benefits is the profit of the whole Dominion. Even if it were true that importing was an evil and exporting a co-related benefit, it would be fallacious to narrow the view to a single country. If Canadians buy from the Americans and sell to the British, who in turn sell to the Americans, the transaction is complete, and must be quite as profitable as if we bought from the Americans and sold to them in return. In the intricacies of international trade, all countries are involved, and it is a mistake to regard as injurious the participation of the country from which we happen to receive goods.—Globe.

HIS OWN FREE WILL.

Dear Sirs,—I cannot speak too strongly of the excellence of MINARD'S LINIMENT. It is THE remedy in my household for burns, sprains, etc., and we would not be without it.

It is truly a wonderful medicine.

JOHN A. MACDONALD.
Publisher Arnprior Chronicle.

A Weird Disease.

Dr. MacDonald, the resident surgeon of the Geraldton Hospital, asserts that the complaint known in North Queensland as the earth-eating disease is assuming serious proportions in Geraldton and other northern towns, says British Australasian. It has raged at Cooktown and Townsville, and is extending nearly as far south as Brisbane. Dangerous results, he says, must ensue if immediate steps are not taken to suppress it, especially among children attending the public schools.

One Thing and Another.

Orange means golden apple and date simply a finger.

Envelopes were first used in 1839.

The first balloon ascent took place in 1783.

Oranges were three times as expensive at Christmas, 1810, as they are this year.

Nine million eight hundred and sixty thousand emigrants have left Great Britain during the past century.

Twenty-seven millions of people have left Europe for other continents since 1815.

SCIENCE OF TAKING COLD.

Conditions That Render One Liable to Throat and Lung Troubles.

There has been a noteworthy change of medical opinion in recent years as to the subject of taking cold. In no other country is this matter of such general importance as in the United States, where catarrhs, acute and chronic, are so common as to be almost universal. The explosive clearing of the throat which is characteristic of an American audience has been commented on by English and French visitors, and the surprise has been great that pneumonia should be so much more prevalent and fatal here than it is in foggy and muggy England. An understanding of the conditions under which a cold may be contracted should prove of especial value at this time of the year.

It is a popular idea that if one be amply provided with warm clothing, wraps, a mackintosh, rubbers and an umbrella little risk is run of taking a cold, yet it is a matter of frequent experience that in spite of all reasonable precautions a catarrhal affection may be developed or pneumonia set in. The fact that weariness, depression of spirits, fright, anxiety or something which has affected the nervous system unfavorably has preceded the attack is frequently overlooked. When free from every form of nervous debility a person may expose himself to draughts, dampness and other usual causes of colds, and escape entirely, while at another time, when weary or depressed from any cause, he may become the victim of a fatal attack of pneumonia from a much slighter exposure. The nervous origin of colds seems to be recognized by all physicians who have made a special study of acute diseases of the lungs and throat.

It is explained that the temperature of the body is maintained by the nervous system and that the least failure or relaxation of nervous energy causes a change of the bodily heat and impairs the power of the body to resist the approach of disease. It is a wonderful fact that under any change of outside temperature, even if one go from the arctic regions to the equator, the heat of the body remains at about 98 degrees. But for its regulation by the nervous system the heat of the body could not remain constant, as every muscular exertion would raise the temperature. Weariness, anxiety, depression and the like lower the amount of nervous energy and render the body susceptible to colds from the least exposure by disturbing the process of regulating the temperature. While warm clothing and all the common means of protecting the body are important, it is even more important to avoid needless exposure if the nervous system be not in its best condition.—Philadelphia Record.

Sea-Sickness, Nausea,

and maladies of this type yield quickly to the almost magical power of Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from any of these troubles, just keep Nerviline at hand. A few drops in sweetened water will give almost instant relief and in the course of half an hour the cure is completed. Your money back if you do not find it so.

Weariness of Metals.

Metals get tired as well as human beings, says Medical Age. Telegraph wires are better conductors on Monday than on Saturday, because of their Sunday rest, and a rest of three weeks adds 10 per cent. to the conductivity of a wire.

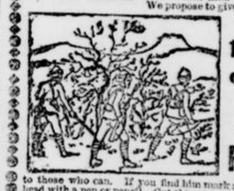
"A Stock Holder"

For holding stock the "Page" is the only reliable kind. It is used on the Largest Stock Farms in Canada; equally suitable for small or large stock. We now make our own wire. Could not get good enough before. It is twice as strong as that in other fences and better galvanized. Our Fencing is shipped from our factory ready-made, and our local representative can put up a string of it for you in short order. Prices lower this year.

The PAGE WIRE FENCE CO. (Ltd.)
WALKERVILLE, ONT.

War Puzzle

These soldiers are looking for KRUGER, but apparently cannot find him. Can you? We propose to give



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to those who can. If you find him mark around his head with a pen or pencil. Cut this out and return to us, enclosing stamp for our reply, and full prize list. If you are correct you have earned a handsome prize, provided you comply with a simple condition.

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EMULSION of Cod Liver Oil?

There are others; why SCOTT'S?

The good one is SCOTT'S. It's nearly 30 years old; it is used by intelligent people all over the world; and approved by physicians all over the world.

When anyone says "Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil," he means SCOTT'S. No other is famous.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is made in a certain way; of certain things; it keeps; it is always alike; it does what it does.

The others—nobody knows what they are or do. There wouldn't be any others but for the goodness of SCOTT'S—there wouldn't be any counterfeit money but for the true.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

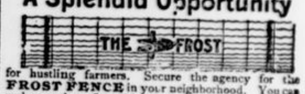
SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
Toronto.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Some Curious Counterfeits.

One ingenious individual, who narrowly escaped prosecution a while ago for counterfeiting rare eggs and selling the bogus specimens to museums and private collectors, has recently turned up with exquisitely life-like photographs of birds, which in reality are produced by the help of stuffed specimens artistically attitudinized with wires.—The Saturday Evening Post.

A Splendid Opportunity



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Treated Free.

We have made dropsy and its complications a specialty for twenty years. Quick relief. Cures worst cases. Book of TESTIMONIALS and 10 DAYS treatment FREE.

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Sent on Trial

at wholesale price. If not satisfactory money refunded. Guaranteed to run easier and do better work than any other machine on the market. A good machine for agents to handle. Big money made. Thousands in use. For terms and prices address

STANDARD SUPPLY CO., Hamilton, Ont.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS and electricians—new 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A. Please mention this paper.

FOR SALE—BLACKSMITH SHOP AND house, first-class stand; health failed; proprietor must sell. Box 8 Blyth, Ont.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE—ONE OF THE finest in the Niagara Peninsula, at Winona, 10 miles from Hamilton on two railways. 130 acres in all, 35 of which is in fruit, mostly peaches. Will be sold in one parcel or divided into lots of 15 to 20 acres to suit purchasers. This is a decided bargain. Address Jonathan Carpenter, P. O. box 60, Winona, Ontario.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for Children Teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty five cents a bottle.

ALL REFINERS MAKE SUGAR
BUT
St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery
MAKES
...THE SUGAR...
THEIR GRANULATED IS
100 PER CENT. PURE.

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