

On the Farm.

AIR IN THE STABLES.

It is written about pure air in stables, and too much pain cannot be in that direction, writes Mr. ...

RAISE GOOD HOGS.

person who knows anything about feeding will give a chance to a hog that would gain 23 in six weeks and one that will gain 90 pounds in the same time on the same feed, he would not be choosing. During the past year the Kansas experiment station fed 190 hogs that were brought to breed or breeding, weight and condition of the hogs in the neighborhood of 100 or 125 ...

News Summary.

Recent Happenings Briefly Told.

CANADA.

Senator Price is dead. Lady Melville Parker died at Cooksville. Three Galicians were killed by lightning near Sifton, Man. Rev. D. Hutchinson, of Brantford, has declined the call to Moncton. The crops of British Columbia have been injured by cold and rainy weather. The Allan Line steamship Parisian struck bottom and sprung a slight leak as she was leaving Montreal. The patients who were bitten by the mad dog at Thamesford have gone to the Pasteur Institute, New York. The Government has advanced the salary of Mr. Wm. Ogilvie, Yukon Commissioner, from \$5,000 to \$6,000. Mr. Alexander McLeod of Morden, Man., has been appointed Land Claims Commissioner for the Yukon district. The members of the Winnipeg Board of Trade are discussing the advisability of Government grades for flax. The Simcoe Peat Fuel Company has commenced operations at Barrie. The daily capacity of the machine is fifteen tons. The London Street Railway Company is prosecuting the drivers of union busses for neglecting to take out licenses. A Northern Pacific express train was derailed near Winnipeg, and Geo. Johnson, express messenger, of St. Paul, killed. Rev. Richard Edmonds Jones, of Ounzie school, England, has been appointed principal of Trinity College School, Port Hope. J. E. Taylor, manager of the St. Thomas street railway, has resigned and is succeeded by J. H. Still, president of the company. The Irish International Rugby Football Club is about to take a tour through Canada, arriving in Canada about September 25th. V. W. Fowell, chief of the Grand Trunk Postal Department at Montreal, has resigned to accept a position in the Western States. A rich find of galena has been reported to have been discovered at the mine of the Calumet Mining Company on Calumet Island. Bert Scott, owner of a rich claim in the Yukon, was drowned in the Klondike river. Relatives offer \$10,000 for the recovery of his body. The body of J. H. Gilchrist, missing at Victoria, B. C., has been found off Macaulay Point there with a bag of stones tied about his neck. The rain of yesterday appears to have been general over nearly the whole Province, and the crops have received vast benefit from the wetting. A son of Mr. George Patterson, lot 4, concession 10, Dummer, found and ate some rolled oats that had rough-on-rats mixed with it. The dose proved fatal. Police Constable Thomas Howie, of London, is charged with maliciously assaulting E. Bert Devine while the latter was watching the work of replacing a derelict street car. The new building for the militia stores in Ottawa will be located in the rear of the army in Cartier square, but the \$65,000 voted by Parliament will not suffice. It is reported that the directors of La Banque du Peuple will shortly be in a position to pay the depositors the 45 per cent. of the balance still due for their claims. According to reports received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries a number of captains of ocean vessels lately leaving Montreal harbor have been overloading their steamers. The Department of Militia and Defence at Ottawa has decided to allow members of the Canadian militia who are possessors of Royal Humane Society medals to wear them with their uniforms. The difficulties between the boot and shoe manufacturers and the masters of Quebec have apparently come to an end. A modified scale of prices has been submitted to the men, which they have accepted. The London, Ont., papers are discussing the purchase of street railway property and its operations by the city as the best means of putting an end to the present unfortunate condition of affairs. The Ontario Government has passed an order in council appointing Prof. Day, at present Principal of Agriculture at the Guelph College, to the position of Farm Superintendent, which has just been vacated by Mr. William Hennie. Two men fell fifty feet by the collapse of a staircase on which they were working in the intercolonial elevator building at St. John. Herbert Harris of Truro fell on his head and his brains were dashed out. The others will recover. A representative of a large United States milk condensing firm has been in Woodstock for some days looking over the ground with a view of establishing a branch either in Ingersoll or Woodstock. About seventy hands would be employed, half of them girls. The United States Consul at Ottawa makes a report showing an enormous increase in the value of exports from the Ottawa district. Up to June 30 the total value of the exports for 1899 has been \$2,338,291.35, compared with \$1,365,860.11 in 1898. The increase is, therefore, \$972,431.24. A man named Bergeron makes affidavit to the effect that he borrowed \$300 at the instance of Lieutenant Fortin of the Montreal Police Force to pay for his appointment to the force, deposited the money in the Banque Ville Marie and the bank suspended. He lost his money, and Fortin refused to help him. The Cataract Power Company syndicate has taken possession of the Hamilton Street Railway, Hamilton Road, Electric Railway, and Hamilton & Dundas Railway, the business of the street railway passing into the hands of the syndicate on payment of about \$125,000 or \$130,000 for the controlling interest in the stock. The new Westinghouse quick-acting

UNKNOWN WOMAN SUICIDES.

Swallowed Carbolic Acid—Death Came Within Two Hours—Many Saw the Act. A despatch from Toronto says:—In the midst of the laughing crowd thronging out of the Adelaide street theatres last night, an unknown woman drank carbolic acid, and died an hour and a half later. Though probably a dozen people were eye-witnesses to the act, and hundreds more saw the woman, no one knew her, and all enquiries failed to elicit a single fact that might lead to her identification. Several people on Adelaide street between Bay and Yonge streets between nine and eleven o'clock noticed a slim girl clad in white, passing back and forth, apparently watching for some one near the Toronto Opera house. While her actions were not peculiar, she attracted some attention by her preoccupied air and purposeful gait. Shortly after eleven o'clock she stopped her walk in front of W. Spink's saloon, and suddenly putting her hand in her pocket, she drew out a blue two-ounce bottle of carbolic acid, and raising it to her lips, swallowed the poison. Then she threw the empty vessel on the pavement, and walked on some yards farther. She staggered and leaned against a street front for a moment before slowly sinking to the sidewalk. DIED AT THE EMERGENCY. Those who had been watching her had until now seemed paralysed, but at once a crowd surrounded the prostrate form. She was picked up and carried into Bingham's drug store. Dr. Crawford was summoned, and he did all that was possible until the ambulance removed the patient to the Emergency hospital. Here the house surgeons and Dr. Crawford labored with her for an hour, but at twenty-five minutes to one death relieved the woman of her suffering. The suicide was probably about twenty-two years old, fair, slim, and of about the medium height. She wore a white blouse, a white pique skirt, a sailor hat, and a pair of russet shoes. On her breast was a badge consisting of an American flag bearing the letters "V. R. O. Y. G. B. I." arranged upon it. Underneath was the motto "Fraternity, Protection and Aid." The woman's underclothing which was of a rather cheap variety, bore the marks "C. 2103," "C.R. 296."

HER BURNS PROVED FATAL.

Tried to Light a Fire by Means of Coal Oil. A despatch from Toronto says:—Mrs. Martin Mulcahy, 117 Jarvis street, was attempting to light a fire Thursday morning by using coal oil, when she received burns which resulted in her death at St. Michael's hospital shortly after 6 o'clock. When the woman went to light the fire to prepare dinner the wood did not burn quickly, and, being in a hurry, she poured on a little coal oil, and applied it to the wick. The flames shot up instantly, and caught in her clothing as she was stooping over. Before she could extinguish the fire her hair was scorched from her head, and the upper portion of her body severely burned. Then, as she was alone in the house, Mrs. Mulcahy had to lie down and suffer in silence until her husband returned from his business in the market. As soon as he discovered her condition he sent for the ambulance, and had the woman removed to St. Michael's hospital. She lingered in agony for several hours, and then expired, as stated, at ten minutes past five. Deceased was 28 years old, and leaves four children, the youngest being only four months old. Her husband is a dealer in fowls at the market.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS.

Nipissing and Algoma Berths Fetch \$431,000. A despatch from Ottawa says:—A sale of timber limits was conducted here on Wednesday by Peter Ryan, of Toronto. The berths disposed of consisted of limits in Nipissing and Algoma, the property of the firm of Hale and Booth. The senior partner died recently, and the sale was called to wind up the estate. The amount realized was \$431,000, which is considered a satisfactory return. Most of the limits had already been cut over. The bidders were chiefly American and Ottawa valley lumbermen. Berths 2, 3, and 4, in the township of Butt, Nipissing, were sold for \$75,000, to J. R. Booth, of Ottawa. Nos. 136 and 137, on Serpent river, in Algoma, consisting of 36 square miles each, were bought in by John Charlton, M.P., for \$30,000. Berth No. 82, on the north shore of Lake Huron, from which some 20 million feet have been cut, was knocked down for \$315,000 to Thomas Pitts, of Detroit and Bay City, and John Charlton.

ENGLISH WALL-PAPER TRUST.

All the Concerns But Four Agree to Pool Profits. A despatch from London says:—The most daring and what will probably be the most successful trade combination ever formed in this country came into operation on Monday. All the manufacturers of wall paper with the exception of four firms in London have agreed to pool their profits. The capital aggregates \$15,000,000. The promoters have guarded against foreign competition by an arrangement with the dealers who have signed the contract not to deal with foreign manufacturers for ten years. By the end of ten years it is expected that the syndicate will be strong enough to ward off all competition. The price of the cheapest sorts of wall paper is to be raised immediately 250 per cent. About one-third of those engaged in the trade will be thrown out of employment. The syndicate expects immense profits.

SOULAN RAILWAY HORROR.

Train Loaded With Soldiers and Workmen Falls Into a Ravine. A despatch from London says:—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Cairo says advice has been received from Berber on the Nile, near the confluence of the Atbara, that a train returning from Wady-Halfa with soldiers and workmen for the Atbara district fell into a ravine owing to the collapse of a viaduct, with the result that 24 were killed and 30 others injured.

APPEALS TO SOVEREIGNS.

LABORI ASKS THAT ATTACHES BE ALLOWED TO TESTIFY.

The Court Refused to Do So—Secret Documents Again Being Used—An Exciting Scene in Court. A despatch from Rennes says:—Tuesday was a momentous one in the trial of Capt. Dreyfus. The old question of the secret documents came up, and the fact was brought out that papers had been passed to the court-martial in this trial without the knowledge of the defence. This is a startling fact when it is considered that Dreyfus obtained a new trial because he was convicted before on evidence that was communicated in secret to his judges. Possibly, if he is again convicted there will be good grounds for an appeal and another trial. The judges denied the request of M. Labori for permission to call as witnesses for Dreyfus military attaches of foreign Governments who, it is alleged, had bought military secrets from Dreyfus. This is considered a bad blow for the accused, though M. Labori seems to entertain the hope that he will be able to get this evidence before the court by summoning the attaches to attend in their personal capacity. A feature of the session was the eloquent plea of a Senator of France for Dreyfus. It moved the spectators to tears, and made an impression upon the judges. As announced by President Jouaust, the first part of the session of the court-martial was secret. LABORER'S FORMAL STATEMENT. When the doors were opened for the public session, M. Labori read a brief statement to the effect that it was the consensus of opinion of the defence that while they had hitherto not called foreigners to testify, the Government having set the example, they would no longer refrain from doing so. Then turning to President Jouaust, M. Labori said: "We know the particular position of all concerned in this matter, but we must ask that you also summon witnesses outside of France for us. We want Schneider, Schwartzkoppen, Panizardi, and others to prove directly and emphatically that Dreyfus never had relations with foreign powers, and never communicated to them the papers mentioned in the bordereaux. We also ask that the Government secure, through diplomatic channels, documents bearing on the bordereaux. Major Carriere, for the prosecution, protested against the moral and material difficulties of such action, and said it would not assist the defence anyhow. After some consultation, the judges retired to deliberate on the request. Their decision was awaited with a tension that was painful. When the judges returned, President Jouaust rose and announced that he had refused to grant the defence's request that the aid of foreigners be invoked. The announcement was followed by a hub-bub in court, which was at once suppressed, and court was at once resumed.

THE WHITE RIVER COUNTRY.

The Surveying Party Completes Its Work in the Yukon. A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Department of the Interior has three surveying parties in the Yukon this year, and news has just reached the department that one of the parties has completed its labors as far as it is possible to do so. Application was made to the Government some time ago for mining locations on the White river, a tributary of the Yukon, intersected by the 141st meridian, the boundary between Canada and Alaska. Before granting any applications the department decided to send out a survey party to traverse the White river country and get out by the Alaska river to the sea coast. Mr. Talbot was placed in charge of the party, which consisted of four men and 17 horses. They entered the country by the Dalton trail, and had a hazardous journey after the Dalton route was left behind. The valley of the White river was traversed for a considerable distance, when it was discovered that it took an entirely different trend from what was generally supposed. The country became practically impassable, so that the party was eventually compelled to retrace its steps. The mountains were found at different points along the creeks, and copper in plentiful quantities, but no gold-bearing quartz was discovered. As an instance of the difficulties of the various British ports, that a party of American miners heading for the upper waters of the Alaska took forty-nine days to journey forty miles, having to pass over glaciers most of the distance.

GENERAL STRIKE OF SEAMEN.

Extent of the Lockout Cannot be Determined for Some Days. A despatch from London says:—The general strike of seamen and steamer firemen, which has been threatened for some time, was declared on Monday, the shopowners refusing to accept the invitation of the seamen and firemen's union for a conference in regard to fixing the rate of wages for firemen and sailors on sailing vessels 40 and for a slight advance in the average wages of the union of the various British ports. Reports as to the effect and thoroughness of the movement have not yet been received except from South Shields, where it is stated two thousand men have gone on strike. Many meetings have been held in the vicinity of the London docks, the speakers expressing the determination of the men to remain idle until their demands have been granted. But traffic at this port has not been affected. It is not likely that the strike will be completely organized for several days, and until then its extent will not be known or its result keenly felt. The manifesto of the union ordering the strike includes all the ports in the United Kingdom. Peculiarly sudden demise of a St. Catharines Child. A despatch from St. Catharines says:—A peculiarly sudden death occurred about one o'clock on Thursday morning at the home of Mr. John Nichols, his only daughter, Jennie, falling a victim to acute toxæmia. The girl, who was seven years of age, had been playing in the park on Wednesday afternoon, and was home complaining of feeling chilly. She put on a jacket and stood near the stove, and presently lay down. She fell into a sleep about 7 o'clock, from which she did not awake, and since she did not struggle in the least, or appear very ill, no fears were aroused. Two doctors were called in, but the little girl passed peacefully away shortly after midnight.

BOLD HOLD-UP AT CORNWALL.

Four Highwaymen Waylaid Citizens and Fired at a Policeman. A despatch from Ottawa says:—About two o'clock on Thursday morning Alvin Pecosd was waylaid by four highwaymen at the corner of Pitt and Third street. They stepped from behind a high fence and knocked him down with the butt end of a revolver. After searching him they bound Pecosd hand and foot, and gagging him with his own hat, carried him into a side street. Another man who happened along was served in the same way. When Officer Lalonde reached the corner the quartette stepped out, and two of them covering him with revolvers, ordered "Hands up!" The officer sprang out in the roadway, and the highwaymen fired four shots, none of which took effect. Lalonde retreated down the street, and went after Chief Cameron, thought as up to August he returned the quartette had made themselves scarce.

THE END NEAR.

All the evidence in the Dreyfus case is in, and at the session the prosecuting counsel commenced his address. The auditors on leaving the court agreed that all signs point to the condemnation of the accused. Acquittal, of course, is possible, but would be a surprise. The defence is plainly discouraged, and is preparing points on which to make an appeal to the high military court in Paris. The appeal must be heard within twenty-four hours after the decision of the court-martial. If not allowed, the degradation of Dreyfus will follow, as the Government is reported to be unwilling to engage an appeal to the Court of Cassation. CARRIERE CAUSES LAUGHTER. Major Carriere was then called upon to deliver the final speech for the prosecution which only lasted an hour and a quarter, and which was generally characterized as a weak oration. His arguments, colored by his usual mannerisms, evoked outbursts of laughter. He said that he considered it to be established that Dreyfus wrote the bordereaux. The phrase concerning the occupying of troops was very significant, he thought, and he pointed out that Dreyfus could have obtained the firing manual with little difficulty. Moreover, the Major argued, Esterhazy could not say in August that he was going to the manoeuvres, while Dreyfus could have thought so up to August 23. The Government Commissary affirmed that he himself had noticed the

MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c. in the Leading Markets.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Ontario markets were about steady-to-day. Ontario were unchanged, and Manitoba were up a cent owing to stronger lake freights. Ontario red and white are quoted at 67 1/2c, north and west, Manitoba No. 1 hard, Toronto and west, sold at 80c; and, g.i.t.b., 82c. Flour—The local market is quiet. Straight roller, in buyers' bags, middle freights, is quoted at \$2.65 bid, and \$2.75 asked. (Millfeed)—Sour. Bran is quoted at \$11 by \$11.50, middle freights; and shorts at \$4. Peas—A fair enquiry continues for peas for immediate shipments at 50c, north and west, October shipment 51c, Ont.—Steady. New white, north and east, sold at 21 1/2 to 23c. Rye—Quiet. Car lots, east, 51c; and west, 49 1/2c. Corn—Dull. No. 2 American, track Toronto, 40c. Barley—New No. 2 barley, lake ports 35c is bid for round lots. PRODUCE. Eggs—The market is firm and demand for No. 1 eggs at 14 to 14 1/2c; second sell at 12 1/2 to 13c. Potatoes—Offering freely and rather easy here. Car lots are sold on track here at 38c per bag, and at farmers' wagons about 30 to 35c per bushel, but stock is small. Out of store choice stock brings 55 to 65c per bag. Beans—Choice hand-picked beans sold at \$1.10, and common at 75 to 80c per bush. Dried apples—Dealers pay 41-2c for dried stock, delivered here, and in small lots resell at 5 to 5 1/2c; evaporated, 8 to 8 1/2c, in small lots. Honey—Round lots of honey, delivered here, will bring about 6 to 6 1/2c; dealers quote from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2c per lb. for 10 to 60-lb. tins; in comb, around \$1.25 to \$1.40 per dozen sections. Haled hay—New brings \$3.50, car lots, delivered here. Choice is worth about 25c more. Straw—Unchanged. Car lots are quoted at \$1 to \$1.50 on track. Hops—Canadian crop light, but, as the English crop is large, the shortage here will not likely affect the market. New hops now arriving, but no quotations yet. Dealers here sell at about 18 to 20c in the ordinary way for old, and are paying holders outside from 16 to 18c. DAIRY PRODUCE. Butter—Market strong. Receipts are light and demand here keeps steady for all choice. Quotations are:—Dairy, tubs, poor to medium, 15 to 16c; strictly choice, 17 to 18c; small dairy 14c; butter, 19 to 20c; creamery, tubs and boxes, 21 to 22c; pounds, 23 to 24c. Cheese—Firm and likely to continue so for some time. Dealers here quote from 11 1/2c to 12c. DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS. There is a good steady demand and prices firm and unaltered. Dressed hogs steady. Choice butchers' weights bring about \$6.50 to \$6.75, farmers' loads, on the street. Quotations for provisions are as follows:—Dried salted shoulders, 63-4 to 70c; long clear bacon, car lots, 73-4c; 70c; case lots, 81-4c; hams, 83-4c. Smoked meats—Hams, heavy, 12c medium, 13c; light, 13c; breakfast bacon, 12 to 12 1/2c; picnic hams, 81-2 to 83-4c; roll bacon, 81-2 to 8c; smoked 1 1/2-2c. All meats out of pickle less than prices quoted for smoked meats. Lard—Tierces, 63-4c; tubs, 7c; pails, 7c; compound, 51-2 to 53-4c. Milk—Canadian, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Steady. No. 1 Northern, 70 1/2 to 72c; No. 2 Northern, 69c. Rye—Higher. No. 1 51-2c. Barley—Firm. No. 2 42 to 43 1/2c; sample, 35 to 41c. Duluth, Sept. 9.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70 1/4c; September, 70 1/4c; December, 70c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 67 3/4c; September, 67 3/4c; December, 67c; May, 71 3/4c; No. 2 Northern, 65 1/2c. Buffalo, Sept. 9.—Spring wheat—Dull. No. 1 Northern, old, spot, 75 1/2c; No. 2 Northern, old, e.f.f., 72 3/8c. Winter wheat—Dull and lower. No. 1 white and No. 2 red, 72c. Corn—Strong. No. 2 yellow, 37 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 37 1/4c; No. 4 yellow, 36 1/2c; No. 2 corn, 36 1/4c to 37c; No. 3 corn, 36 1/2c. Oats—Strong; good demand. No. 1 white, 45 1/2 to 25 3/4c; No. 2 mixed, 23 1/2c; No. 3 mixed, 23c. Rye—No. 1, on track, quoted at 60c; No. 2, 59 1/2c. Canal freights —Dull. Flour—Firm. Detroit, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Closed. No. 1 white, cash, 70c; No. 2 red, cash and September, 71 1/2c; December, 71 3/8c.

BURGLARS AT SMITH'S FALLS.

Attempt to Rob the Union Bank Frustrated—Tools Left Behind. A despatch from Smith's Falls, says:—R. Baird, junior clerk, and C. Johnston, cashier, of the Union Bank here, who both sleep in the bank, were awakened by a noise at the front door. Both clerks jumped up, and with revolvers loaded, went to the door and demanded of those outside what they would have. As no answer came, one of the clerks threatened to shoot when the intruders took to their heels and made off. Nothing more was heard of them that night, but an examination in the morning showed where the attempt had been made to get in. Some iron showbars, taken from Mr. J. Crains's shop, had been used to pry open the door, and the latter was pretty badly scuffed and splintered in the attempt. It was evident there were two in the party, and they had made a search of the premises before tackling the front door. There is no clue as to whom the would-be burglars are.

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ON THE FARM.

AIR IN THE STABLES.

It is written about pure air in stables, and too much pain cannot be in that direction, writes Mr. ...

RAISE GOOD HOGS.

person who knows anything about feeding will give a chance to a hog that would gain 23 in six weeks and one that will gain 90 pounds in the same time on the same feed, he would not be choosing. During the past year the Kansas experiment station fed 190 hogs that were brought to breed or breeding, weight and condition of the hogs in the neighborhood of 100 or 125 ...

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