

Grand Trunk Railway

TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7.05 a.m., and 3.45 p.m.
Trains arrive at Durham at 11.20 a.m., 2.30 p.m., and 8.45 p.m.
EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY
G. T. Bell, C. E. Hornung,
G. P. Agent, D. P. Agent,
Montreal, Toronto.
J. TOWNER, Depot Agent
W. CALDER, Town Agent

Canadian Pacific Railway
Time Table

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:—
P.M. A.M. A.M. P.M.
8.10 11.10 Ar. Toronto Lv. 7.45 5.25
4.35 7.40 Lv. Saugeen J. " 11.30 9.13
4.20 7.25 " Priceville " 11.42 9.24
4.10 7.15 " Glen " 11.52 9.34
4.05 7.11 " McWilliams " 11.56 9.38
P.M.
3.55 7.00 " Durham " 12.08 9.50
3.41 6.45 " Allan Park " 12.22 10.04
3.32 6.37 " Hanover " 12.33 10.14
3.23 6.28 " Maple Hill " 12.40 10.22
3.10 6.15 " Walkerton Ar. 12.55 10.35
R. MACFARLANE - Town Agent

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

"WESTERN FAIR" LONDON
RETURN TICKETS

at reduced fares to London from stations in Ontario, Belleville, Scotia Junction and South or West thereof. Special train service and low rate excursions from principal points on certain dates. Ask Agents for full particulars.

Time Table Changes

Effective September 12th
Information now in agents hands

Panama Pacific Exposition

Reduced fares to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Tickets and full information on application to agents.

W. Calder, Town Agent, Phone 3a
J. Towner, Station Agent Phone 18

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WESTERN FAIR LONDON
SEPTEMBER 10 to 18, 1915

REDUCED FARES

To London from stations in Ontario Belleville, Havelock and West to Sault Ste. Marie, White River and North Bay inclusive, also from Detroit, Mich.

Be Sure to Consult C.P.R. Agents regarding

Extra Train Service
Also Special Low Fares
From Principal Points on Certain Dates

Fast Time, Convenient Train Service, Modern Equipment between Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit and Chicago.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A. Toronto.

R. Macfarlane, Town Agent
E. A. Hay, Station Agent

DURHAM PLANING MILLS

The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for

SASH, DOORS
— and all kinds of —
House Fittings

Shingles and Lath
Always on Hand
At Right Prices.

Custom Sawing
Promptly At-
tended To

ZENUS CLARK
DURHAM - ONTARIO

RESTAURANT POLITICS.

"I tipped every waiter in the dining room," said the man at the summer hotel.
"And thereby secured the best of attention?"
"No. The head waiter asserted his authority and called a boycott. He was indignant because I didn't hold out on the other boys and give all the money to him."
Washington Star.

CANADA AT WAR

GOVERNMENT WILL COLLECT ONLY HALF OF SEED GRAIN ADVANCES

Remainder of Loans Will Be Left Over Until Next Year. Total Amount Paid for Western Relief Is Nearly Thirteen Million Dollars.

THE Honorable Dr. Roche, Minister of the Interior, whose Department has had charge of the distribution of seed grain and relief in Western Canada throughout the past year, and the taking of security therefor, has had under consideration the question of collections to be made this fall.

The advances commenced early last winter, and were made necessary by the extreme misfortune which Western Canada suffered from the drought in 1914. It was hoped at the time that the amount required would not be unduly large, as the outbreak of war was making extraordinary demands upon the financial resources of the Dominion. The amount has, however, reached very large limits. There has been advanced up to July 31 for seed grain \$8,534,018.37, and for other goods by way of relief and fodder for animals \$4,075,420.89, making a total of \$12,609,439.21. Assistance was given, of course, by reason of a temporary misfortune, and

for other relief (in cases where both relief and seed grain and fodder have been provided) these will not be insisted on this year. Where, however, no seed grain or fodder has been provided, but relief only, one half of the amount advanced for relief will be expected to be returned.

It must be remembered that this seed grain, fodder, and relief distribution has been a most extensive and far spread undertaking. A definite and consistent system of collection must be adopted. It is not an easy matter to work out such a system without entailing too great expense of organization. Consequently, the purchasers of grain have been asked to co-operate in the matter of collections. In this way the organization at their disposal is used and the necessity for heavy expenditure on the part of the Government avoided.

The Minister confidently hopes that all who have received assistance and the people of the West generally, will accept the policy of the reduced amount to be collected this year as fair and equitable, and that all will co-operate and lend their assistance to work out successfully.

Financing Crop.

Aside from the question of ocean tonnage and exchange there should be no difficulty in moving the Canadian crop, although it may take longer than usual. Certainly there should be no difficulty in financing the movement. The banks are more liquid than they have been for years. In addition they have as a reserve their emergency circulation and the facilities afforded under the Finance Act of 1914 by which they can obtain advances in Dominion notes against grain bills and other securities. So far as concerns credits to farmers, two recent amendments to the Bank Act introduced by Hon. W. T. White, are important. Under one a bank may take security upon grain remaining in the farmers' possession, and under the other the bank may take security upon a crop for seed grain advances. The financial legislation of the Dominion seems to have provided all possible facilities for the financing of the crop movement.

PREMIER BORDEN BRINGS MESSAGE FROM SOLDIERS

At the great welcome accorded Sir Robert Borden in Montreal on his return from England, he gave to the people of Canada a message from our gallant soldiers at the front.

"Even greater than this," said the Premier, "was my privilege of visiting the convalescent hospitals. There I met our gallant men who had come back from the very valley of the shadow of death. They had gone through as trying ordeals as have ever been recorded in the history of the world, but I found them all cheerful, and all inspired with the same courageous determination as those others still at the front. It was an inspiration to me, and I felt, when I addressed a thousand convalescent Canadians that it was the noblest audience I had ever faced. Altogether I visited 41 hospitals where Canadians were, and at these I met men from all parts of the Empire who had fought in France, Belgium, and the Dardanelles—the men who won fame at Ypres, Festubert, and Givenchy. They were from many lands, but they were all comrades, who had fought and would fight again for the same cause. It was a spectacle that gave to me a truer sense of the unity of our Empire than I had ever had before, and I come back to you now with a clear message of Empire from them.

"I bring from the front this message from our soldiers: that they have done their duty in the past, are prepared to do it in the future, and that no conclusion of the war will be satisfactory unless it brings to the Empire, for all the sacrifices they have made, the satisfaction of attaining the object fought for. Any nation that undertakes to establish the doctrines of spoilation shall go down beneath the might and contempt of the world."

MANY CONVALESCENT HOMES ARE OFFERED

The following private homes, out of the large number which have been offered, have been accepted as military convalescent homes, and are in operation or will be in a few days: The home of Mrs. J. K. L. Ross, Sydney, N.S.; the home of Mrs. R. B. Dobell, Quebec; the Khaki League Home, Montreal; a home furnished by the Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire, Winnipeg; the home of Mrs. J. F. Ross, Toronto; the home of Mr. Hugh Macpherson, Kingston, and a home lent by Mrs. Parks at St. John, N.B. The commission anticipates receiving considerable assistance in the operation of the convalescent homes from those who are anxious to render some service at this juncture. Voluntary aid committees have been established in the divisional area and military districts, and will organize crops of local workers.

Farm and Garden

LARGE PROFITS IN NUTS.

Planting of Orchards, Says an Authority, Should Bring Excellent Returns. No land is so poor, stony and hilly; no fence corner so useless; no city front or back yard so valuable but will profitably grow native and some varieties of foreign edible nuts, says Emil Gammeter of Akron, O., an authority on nut culture.

Probably no other field of undeveloped natural resources in all the wide domain of diversified production offers richer and happier results than does nut culture. Ethical and educational institutions are rapidly assuming a share in planting and growing nut trees.

The advantage of nut raising over other forms of recreation or business at the present time rests in the fact



PERSIAN WALNUT TREE.

that one can hardly avoid doing new and constructive work in any part of the field. One then becomes a public benefactor, wittingly or unwittingly, notwithstanding the fact that stock companies for producing just one of the hickories—the pecan—offer at the present time one of the very best of financial investments when such investments are made carefully, and large private capital is being invested in nut orchards. Our imports of nuts rose from \$1,700,000 worth in 1896 to \$7,300,000 worth in 1907. No one can foretell the magnitude of the new field, but it is pretty safe to say that America could not only have raised most of the \$7,000,000 worth of nuts that were imported in 1907, but could have exported nuts to the tune of the same sum.

The increased demand for nuts is due in the main to two causes—namely, a better appreciation of their appetizing qualities and the numerous ways in which they form a palatable addition to the diet for the average family, and, second, to their use by the vegetarians and persons of similar belief—a group small in proportion to the total population, but still fairly large numerically—who use peanuts, etc., as a substitute for meat and other nitrogenous and fatty foods.

Almost any kind of nut trees will grow in this climate, but not all kinds can be grown profitably, so why not improve and cultivate such of our well known varieties that we are sure will yield abundantly? No nut excels the shellback hickory in flavor and richness, and they will always bring a good market price and a premium for selections.

Black walnuts and butternuts can be easily grown by planting the nuts where trees are wanted or can be successfully transplanted. They are useful for shade and also ornamental. English filberts or hazelnuts succeed well on almost any kind of soil. The larger varieties are sweet and much in demand by candy manufacturers. The purple variety are frequently used as an ornamental shrub and for hedging.

The best method of propagating the so-called English walnut, which is properly known as the Persian walnut, says a contributor to the Country Gentleman, is either by the cleft graft in sap wood at the time the buds are starting, or by the annular or patch budding process during the growing season in July or August. These methods are also apparently the most successful in propagating the pecan.

Details of these processes, except ring budding, are given in bulletin 254 of the bureau of plant industry, department of agriculture, Washington.

It is probable that certain varieties of Persian walnuts and pecans may be used successfully on black walnuts and hickories, although it is not safe to attempt very extensive planting in any district where peaches also are not fairly dependable. In other words, the success of peaches is a better index of the probable success of the Persian walnut than is the success of hickories or black walnuts.

Some planters follow the practice of setting rows of hardy English walnuts and pecans with the purpose of top grafting them a few years later with better varieties which may then be available.

Call at
E. A. ROWE'S
For all kinds of Bakery Goods
Cooked and Cured Meats.
OYSTERS AND FRUIT IN SEASON
E. A. ROWE : Confectioner and Grocer

Spring Goods Have Arrived

Come in and have a look at our new lines of Classic Shoes and Pumps for Ladies, Weston's and Eclipse for Misses and Children, Astoria and Brandon for Men, before selecting your next pair of footwear.

Many other lines in stock for less money. Our prices on Spring goods are the same on most lines as they were last season.

Hosiery for all classes, in many kinds, at close prices. Trunks, Suitcases, etc. in stock.

Broken lines of boots that we are restocking again are offered at cut prices.

Custom Work and Repairing Promptly Attended To

The Down Town Shoe Store: J. S. McIlraith

Special Reduction Sale

In order to reduce our general stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Mades, Blankets, Sheetting etc., we have decided to make a Special Reduction on Everything in stock, starting on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915

Intending purchases may rest assured of getting even better bargains than we offered last spring. A trial order will convince you. Come in and ask for prices.

S. SCOTT

Opposite the Old Stand

Durham, Ontario

CLEARANCE SALE OF FIREWOOD AND SHINGLES

Cedar \$1.50 per cord
Elm 2.25 per cord

No. 1 Shingles \$1.00 bunch
No. 1 Shingles 3.75 square
No. 2 Shingles .75 bunch
No. 2 Shingles 2.50 square

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

C. J. Furber & Co.

Queen Street

Durham, Ont.

FEED FEED

We have a good stock of Corn and Ground Feed on hand, that we are selling in ton lots at the following prices:

American Corn, per 100 lbs. \$1.60
Chieftain Corn Feed, per ton \$30.00
Oats Shorts, per ton \$30.00
Bran, per ton \$28.00
Special prices in over five ton lots

If you want good heavy mixed feed try our "Chieftain Corn Feed" it gives good satisfaction

We Are In the Market for Any Quantity of Oats

PHONES

4 and 28

The Rob Roy Cereal Mills Co.
Oatmeal Millers.