

Grand Trunk Railway TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7.05 a.m., and 3.45 p.m.
Trains arrive at Durham at 11.20 a.m., 2.30 p.m., and 8.45 p.m.
EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY
G. T. Bell, C. E. Horning,
G.P. Agent, D.P. Agent,
Montreal, Toronto.
J. TOWNER, Depot Agent
W. CALDER, Town Agent

Canadian Pacific Railway Time Table

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:—

P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
8.10	11.10	Ar. Toronto	7.45 5.25
4.35	7.40	Lv. Saugeen J.	11.30 9.13
4.20	7.25	" Priceville "	11.42 9.24
4.10	7.15	" Glen "	11.52 9.34
4.06	7.11	" McWilliams "	11.56 9.38
			P.M.
3.55	7.00	" Durham "	12.08 9.50
3.41	6.46	" Allan Park "	12.22 10.04
3.32	6.37	" Hanover "	12.33 10.14
3.23	6.28	" Maple Hill "	12.40 10.22
3.10	6.15	" Walkerton Ar.	12.55 10.35

R. MACFARLANE - Town Agent

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

"Canadian National Exhibition" RETURN TICKETS

at reduced fares to Toronto from all stations in Canada. Special train service and low rate excursions from all principal points on certain dates. Ask Agents for full particulars.

HARVEST HELP EXCURSIONS \$12.00 TO WINNIPEG

August 28th, from stations Toronto to North Bay inclusive, and East but not including Kingston, Renfrew or East thereof. August 28th, from stations in Ontario North and West of Toronto but not including line Toronto to North Bay.

For full particulars as to tickets West of Winnipeg, etc., apply to any G.T.R. ticket Agent or write C. E. HORNING, Dist. Pass. Agent, Toronto

W. Calder, Town Agent, Phone 3a
J. Towner, Station Agent Phone 18

CANADIAN PACIFIC

THE IDEAL ROUTE TO AND FROM TORONTO DURING Canadian National Exhibition AUGUST 28 TO SEPTEMBER 13, 1915

REDUCED FARES To Toronto from all stations in Ontario, also from Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N.Y., and Detroit, Mich.

Be Sure to Consult C.P.R. Agents regarding Extra Train Service To and from Toronto, Parkdale Station and Exhibition Grounds, also

Special Low Fares From Principal Points on Certain Dates

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A. Toronto.

DURHAM PLANING MILLS

The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for

SASH, DOORS — and all kinds of — House Fittings

Shingles and Lath Always on Hand At Right Prices.

Custom Sawing Promptly Attended To

ZENUS CLARK DURHAM - ONTARIO

Queen's Stationary Hospital, which left England on August 1, reached Alexandria, Egypt, last Thursday, according to a cable received at Kingston

A person was explaining the law of compensation to Patrick. Said he, "When a person is blind, his hearing is more acute." "O see," said Pat, "O'i often noticed if a man had one short leg the other man was often longer."

CANADA AT WAR

DOMINION HAS HAD FEW LABOR TROUBLES SINCE WAR OUTBREAK

Appeal of Minister of Labor Brings Good Results. None More Loyal Than the Workmen of Canada.

AT the outbreak of the war, Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, publicly appealed to both employers and workers to make more than ordinary efforts to secure amicable settlement of such differences as must inevitably occur from time to time. The Minister's appeal for co-operation has met with a splendid response, as the records of the Department of Labor show that during the past twelve months the number of strikes has been much less than during any equal period since such statistics have been compiled in this country.

Soon Were Settled. The few strikes reported have been comparatively unimportant and were quickly ended. The coal-mining industry in Canada has always been prolific in strikes, but since the outbreak of the war has been practically free of this trouble.



HON. T. W. CROTHERS. Sketch by McConnell.

On Vancouver Island a coal strike had been waged for a long period, but this was formally called off at the outbreak of the war. In March last the agreement between the Western Coal Operators' Association and the United Mine Workers of America in the Fernie-Lethbridge district terminated and for the first time on record was renewed without any interruption of work.

A Unique Situation. The situation in Canada in these matters is the more remarkable and the more satisfactory when it is realized that in countries where, as in Great Britain and Germany for instance, war conditions are more acute than in Canada, disputes of the gravest nature have from time to time flamed up. The United States, too, although free from the evil of actual war, has been profoundly affected by the situation in Europe. Press reports do not indicate that the strenuous times through which we are passing have materially eased the tension between capital and labor, and the past few months have seen many dangerous and difficult strikes, with violent disturbances in not a few cases. Canada seems in fact fortunately unique in its comparative freedom from strikes.

Co-operation of Unions. The officials of the Labor Department bear cordial witness to the generous and energetic co-operation of officials of labor unions in preventing and settling labour troubles. Without departing from the principles of trades unionism they have given an excellent support to the Labor Department in preventing industrial disruption during the war. The returns also show that besides reservists of different countries, the trades unions have furnished thousands of enlisted men, and in every case the man who has gone on active service has been exempted from penalties in the way of dues or insurance.

LIMITED BOUNTY IS PUT ON REFINED ZINC

Government Takes Steps to Ensure Supply in Canada.

An important step has been taken by the Government which will give an impetus to the refinement of zinc in Canada and serve the purpose of ensuring a supply to the Canadian Shell Committee for the manufacture of shells. The Government has decided to grant a limited bounty not exceeding two cents per pound and not payable until the end of the war. The total amount of the bounty will not exceed four hundred thousand dollars. It has been the policy of the Berdan Government to abolish the

bounty system of the previous administration by which millions of dollars were paid out to the big steel and other manufacturers. The situation in connection with the production of zinc, however, has been extraordinary, and special measures have been taken by the Government to meet an urgent situation which seriously affected the manufacture of ammunition in Canada.

Supply Endangered. Before the outbreak of the war zinc sold at about eight cents per pound. Since that time the price has risen steadily until now it is forty cents and grave fears were entertained that the supply might be cut off, as at present the sources of supply lie outside of Canada. It was therefore necessary that there should be a Canadian supply, but Canadian producers were unwilling to go to the large expense of installing refineries unless insured against the fall of zinc prices, which is inevitable after the close of the war. A committee of the Government, under the chairmanship of Hon. W. T. White, has been working on the subject and has decided to offer a limited bounty as follows:

Bounties on a sliding scale not exceeding two cents per pound will be granted upon production in Canada from Canadian ores of zinc containing not more than 2 per cent. impurities, when the standard price of zinc in London, England, falls below \$33 per ton of 2,000 pounds, provided that bounties shall not be payable on zinc produced before the expiration of the war or after the 31st day of July, 1917, or on zinc contracted for the Shell Committee at a price of 8 cents or over per pound. Total amount of bounty to be paid not to exceed \$400,000.

CANADIAN PENSION RATES THE HIGHEST

Generous Treatment Assured Our Returning Soldiers.

Some critics of the Government have been complaining that the rates of pay and the pensions for Canadian soldiers are not higher. To these critics it may be pointed out that the rates granted to Canadian soldiers are higher than those of any other country except Australia, and equal to those of that country. For a married soldier and his wife the total monthly rate for a Canadian private is \$50; in Australia, \$52.50. For the unmarried private or the private without dependents the Australian rates are a little more generous, but with this exception the Canadian rates compare very favorably with them. Rates of pay for the rank and file of the British Army are only about one-half that of the Canadian, while in European armies where there is compulsory service the rates are but a mere pittance.

Pensions the Highest.

The pension rates paid by Canada are easily the highest in the world. They are higher than the Australian and a third and more higher than the English rate, and higher also than those paid in the United States Army. In addition it is pointed out that the pension does not represent all that will be done for the men. The pension is merely a minimum allowance that will prevent a man from experiencing hardship. The Government, however, provides convalescent homes, or if the invalided or incapacitated soldier goes to his own home it provides an attendant to wheel him about or take care of him. After the war it is expected that in various ways assistance will be given to incapacitated men, according to their need over and above the pension.

NO OCCASION FOR DRASTIC ACTION

Increase in Prices Does Not Justify Government Control.

While information collected shows that prices are still slowly advancing, there has been no violent upward movement and no occasion for any drastic action on the part of the authorities to control prices. It is interesting to note in this connection that the Australian Commonwealth, as well as most of the states of the Commonwealth, following different lines, took steps immediately on the outbreak of war for the actual control of prices, and many laws were passed on the subject. Much confusion resulted without improving the situation, and after efforts for several months in the way of price fixation, such attempts were abandoned as impracticable or fruitless; the latest Australian advices indicate that price conditions there were normal.

Seven Ages of Man.

As disclosed by his interest taken in the average newspaper: First age—Comic section. Second age—Sporting section. Third age—Situations wanted. Fourth age—Society columns. Fifth age—Political notes. Sixth age—Financial news and stocks. Seventh age—Current news section.

CITY PEOPLE AND FARMING.

The fatal mistake of many city people taking to farm life is a rush of enthusiasm before properly planning the future life. They give up good jobs, scant of means, and perhaps they overinvest, depending upon their new efforts and resources to meet expenses that should have been previously provided for. There are many thousands of city wage earners who could vastly better their conditions by having their families on small farms of ten, fifteen or twenty acres properly prepared for production by soil improvement before actual settlement. — Farm and Fireside.

SAVE THE WATER.

Keep the Soil Supplied With Humus and Mulch the Surface.

By saving the water from the early rains crops will not suffer as much later in the summer if drought occurs. Usually more water is lost from the soil by evaporation—that is, drying out from the surface, than crops use. There are two chief ways of helping to prevent this—namely, by keeping the soil well supplied with organic matter, or humus, and by maintaining a soil mulch over the surface. This soil mulch or layer of loose dry soil forms a blanket, preventing the soil water from reaching the surface where evaporation is so rapid in hot or windy weather.

Every gardener should start water saving at once. If the newly plowed land is disked thoroughly the same day it is turned over there is less chance of the furrows drying out badly before the land is planted. Newly spaded land should be raked over the same day the soil is turned.

After planting the use of a weeder breaks up the surface and kills many weeds. The cultivator ought to be started as soon as the rows can be seen and used often enough to keep the surface fine, loose and dry.

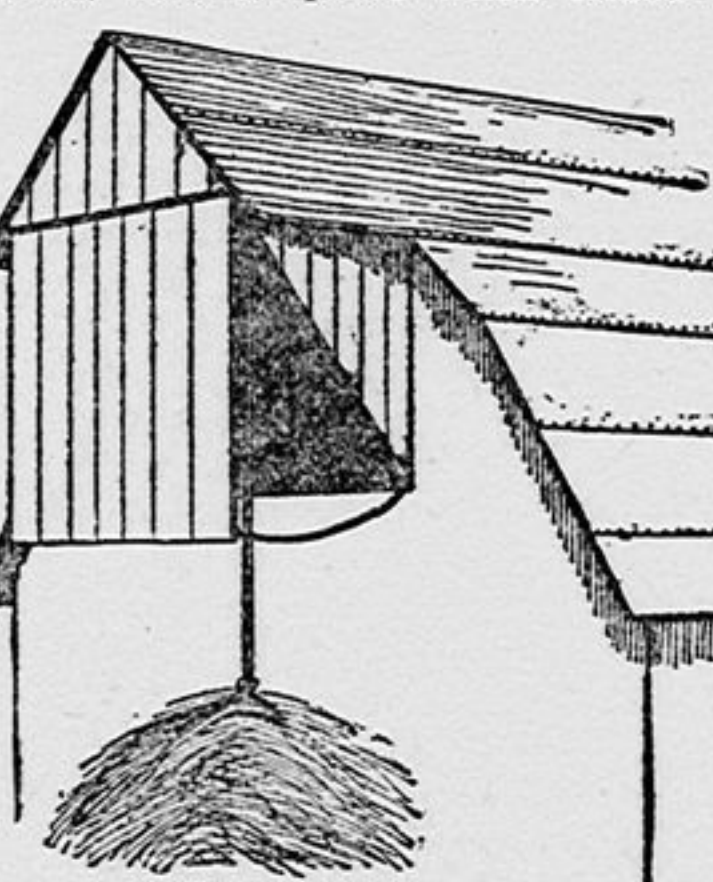
Every rain or shower packs the surface soil, and unless broken up evaporation is very rapid from this compact, moist surface. As soon as the fields can be worked after a rain the cultivator should be used to re-establish the soil mulch. This frequent cultivation not only saves water for plant use, but also is an aid to plant growth and a benefit to the soil.

Never be satisfied with cultivating enough to kill the weeds. Cultivate often enough to maintain throughout the season a loose, dry layer of soil at the surface. Start a soil mulch now and maintain it all summer. It pays, for it means more water for the crops to use.

Protected Hay Entrance.

For convenience in drawing hay into the barn the porch shown herewith will be found very satisfactory. The boom from which the hayfork tackle is suspended extends all the way out to the gable end of the porch. Convenient dimensions for this porch are ten feet each way. This will enable the very largest forkful of hay to be taken in without choking the entrance.

As shown, the porch should be closed with a door hung from hinges above, held in place when closed by



ropes attached to the lower corners and fastened on the inside of the barn when the door is shut. The chief advantages of this plan are that the hay tackle is always under cover, so there is no warping of the wooden supports, rusting of the metal nor rotting of the rope. The roof above the porch need not extend more than four or five feet beyond the main roof of the barn. The large dimension is the better.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Selection of Good Seed Corn.

Demonstration work with corn conducted at the New Jersey station has clearly shown the value of securing good seed. During the past two years the seed has been the cause of difference in yield of five to twenty bushels an acre and even more in several tests.

The first point to consider in selecting seed corn is maturity. As corn must be acclimated to a region before the best results can be obtained, it is not wise to use seed from another locality, even that grown in another section of the state. It is better to secure seed from a neighbor producing the best corn in the community.

It is difficult in New Jersey to produce good seed corn because each farmer produces a different variety or a different strain of the same variety. Another important factor in selection is a pure strain. This may easily be determined by the color of each ear and the color of individual grains in each ear. Other points to be considered are size and shape of the ear, straightness of rows, length of kernel, variety of kernel as shown by the germ and color of cob.

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E. A. ROWE'S
For all kinds of Bakery Goods
Cooked and Cured Meats.
OYSTERS AND FRUIT IN SEASON
E. A. ROWE : Confectioner and Grocer

Spring Goods Have Arrived

Come in and have a look at our new lines of Classic Shoes and Pumps for Ladies, Weston's and Eclipse for Misses and Children, Astoria and Brandon for Men, before selecting your next pair of footwear.

Many other lines in stock for less money. Our prices on Spring goods are the same on most lines as they were last season.

Hosiery for all classes, in many kinds, at close prices. Trunks, Suitcases, etc. in stock.

Broken lines of boots that we are not stocking again are offered at cut prices.

Custom Work and Repairing Promptly Attended To

The Down Town Shoe Store: J. S. McIlraith

Special Reduction Sale

In order to reduce our general stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Mades, Blankets, Sheetings etc., we have decided to make a Special Reduction on Everything in stock, starting on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915

Intending purchases may rest assured of getting even better bargains than we offered last spring. A trial order will convince you. Come in and ask for prices.

S. SCOTT

Opposite the Old Stand Durham, Ontario

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS

Our Dominion Government guarantees positions to graduate stenographers of the

MOUNT FOREST Business College

MOUNT FOREST ONT.

Who pass the Examinations held in May or November. The salaries range from a minimum of \$500 to a maximum of \$1200. Those who take our course should experience little difficulty in passing the required test. Positions are Permanent and Certain.

YOUNG MEN

Who have but little education may prepare in a few months for positions as Railway Mail Clerks, etc. Salary \$500 to \$1000 with mileage rate.

Fall Term Opens August 30, 1915. Write for Catalogue At Once.

D. A. McLACHLAN, G. M. HENRY,
President. Principal.

FEED FEED

We have a good stock of Corn and Ground Feed on hand, that we are selling in ton lots at the following prices:

American Corn, per 100 lbs. \$1.60
Chieftain Corn Feed, per ton \$30.00
Oats Shorts, per ton \$30.00
Bran, per ton \$28.00
Special prices in over five ton lots

If you want good heavy mixed feed try our "Chieftain Corn Feed" it gives good satisfaction

We Are in the Market for Any Quantity of Oats

PHONES 4 and 28

The Rob Roy Cereal Mills Co.
Oatmeal Millers.