

Grand Trunk Railway TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7.15 a.m., and 3.45 p.m.
 Trains arrive at Durham at 11.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m., and 8.55 p.m.
EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY
 G. T. Bell, C. E. Horning,
 G.P. Agent, D.P. Agent,
 Montreal, Toronto.
 J. TOWNER, Depot Agent
 W. CALDER, Town Agent

Canadian Pacific Railway Time Table

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:-

P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
3.10	6.20	Lv. Walkerton Ar.	12.55 10.35
3.24	6.34	" Maple Hill "	12.38 10.22
3.34	6.43	" Hanover "	12.30 10.14
3.43	6.52	" Allan Park "	12.20 10.04
3.58	7.07	" Durham "	12.06 9.50

A.M.	A.M.		
4.00	7.18	" McWilliams "	11.54 9.34
4.12	7.21	" Glen "	11.51 9.34
4.22	7.31	" Priceville "	11.41 9.23
4.35	7.45	" Saugeen J. "	11.30 9.18
8.10	11.20	Ar. Toronto Lv.	7.45 5.25

 R. MACFARLANE, - Town Agent

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 Via 'Lake Ontario Shore Line'
 Fast time to Oshawa, Port Hope, Cobourg, Belleville, Trenton, etc.
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 R. Macfarlane, Town Agent
 E. A. Hay, Station Agent

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DURHAM PLANING MILLS
 The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for
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House Fittings
Shingles and Lath
 Always on Hand
 At Right Prices.
Custom Sawing
 Promptly Attended To
ZENUS CLARK
 DURHAM ONTARIO

A PHONETIC BLOW.
 "Our stenographer spells rotten."
 "If she does, that's about the only word she can spell correctly."
 Philadelphia Ledger.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Duck farms are becoming numerous in the middle west. This kind of a poultry enterprise is easily started and pays well. Ducks are hardy fowls and grow into money fast, returning a big profit on the investment and labor.

The general aim is to meet the steady demand for poultry in the large cities, and to do this ducks are supplied at all ages from six weeks to six months and at weights varying from two to eight pounds. It is one of the best features of this industry that prices have constantly advanced and that the market never has been oversupplied.

Experts have shown that general purpose ducks, preferably the Peking breed, can be placed on the market at a total cost of 5 cents a pound where breeders are able to raise the feed and have good facilities for shipping. Those who do not have the best facilities for raising poultry will have to reckon the cost of production at something like 7 cents a pound, but even this outside figure leaves a large margin of profit. The retail price averaged 25 cents a pound for young roasting ducks and 20 cents for matured stock.

It is claimed that ducks are more uniformly healthy than almost any other domestic fowl, that the percent-



A PEKING DUCK.

age of loss is light, that the market prices are steady and that the produce grows into dollars fast.

It is a knowledge of these facts in connection with a generally high level of prices for farm commodities that is causing the duck farms to spring up in all directions. Many of the new poultry plants are quite extensive, and perhaps the development at present is much greater with ducks than with any other class of poultry, although there is material progress also with chickens and geese.

It can be truthfully said that no class of poultry will prove safer or more profitable than ducks in the hands of amateurs or farmers whose experience along this line is limited. Many beginners with poultry enterprises fail completely or at best barely save their investment. Others clean up money fast and build up a permanent, successful trade. The reason for this difference is rather hard to define. Intelligent care and perseverance have much to do with success in poultry as well as in other lines of business. Only once in a while is success or failure a matter of luck.

The first move in getting ready for a duck farm should be to set apart an acre or two of ground for a pasture and on which a variety of vegetables as well as grass and clover can be grown. Another early move must be to provide a clean, snug building or a series of small buildings, in which the flocks may be housed safely and comfortably. The birds at all ages need to be shut in tight at night from intruders of all kinds, and vermin must not be allowed to get a hold on the premises. A third step is the selection of stock that is known to be large and vigorous. Nothing is to be left to chance, but every detail must be carefully managed, and then there is a certainty of success, for the fowls are hardy and their food requirements simple and cheap.

A plant should not be started with less than an acre. This is sufficient to handle 500 ducks, and if more are desired a little more land should be used for range and pasture. Swimming ponds are not essential and, in fact, may be considered a detriment, but it is best to have troughs and keep them supplied with fresh water for drinking and splashing. As ducks feed largely on green material, calling for very little grain, their feeding is not expensive considering their rapid growth into marketable poultry. The main food required outside of pasture is a soft ration of mill stuffs, such as middlings. When it comes to fattening time they can be forced by adding ground corn to the diet. This grain is only needed once a day. The mash should be given twice a day, and there needs to be a supply of green food such as clover, cabbage, etc., at all times, but this can be of the most inexpensive sort.

Housekeepers may look with satisfaction on this new move to increase the supply of wholesome poultry. Duck meat at 20 cents a pound is not considered an extravagance, and it compares favorably with beef. This class of poultry might easily be raised in such quantities that it would sell for 10 cents a pound, and breeders owning a few acres of land for range and the production of feed would find the business profitable at much lower prices than those now prevailing.

THE KAISER'S CHRISTMAS DREAM

Scene.—The Kaiser's bedroom in Berlin. He has been absent from the front for ten days. Mrs. Kaiser comes in to say "Goodnight." The Kaiser speaks

"You need not call me early Mrs. Kaiser, d'ye hear? You know I cannot sleep at night, I live in mortal fear; I roll and toss about in bed and wish I'd ne'er been born; But I get a bit of sleep sometimes when it gets near the morn."

My head has been so swollen—but its getting smaller now. And the helmet that I used to wear sits loose upon my brow; Just keep the Palace quiet, send Willie off to bed. I sometimes wish it all was o'er, and I was safely dead."

The Kaiser rolled about his bed and swore and madly moaned, And when His Highness tired of that he turned aside and groaned; But as the clock struck midnight, a presence strange did creep And the Kaiser, with a last, long sigh, then dozed into a sleep

Now, this presence was the devil, and he came right from—well know what his address is, so I really need not tell; And the devil said, "I'm going to give the Kaiser such a dream prove to him that Kaisers are not always what they seem."

The devil touched the Kaiser with his red-hot finger tip. And bade him don his uniform as fast as he could skip; You'll then be quite invisible and I'll tell you what we'll do, We'll call the German Army up and hold a grand review.

The couple then were scooted to the old reviewing plain. A place the Kaiser sadly thought he'd ne'er have seen again: Then a fanfare on the trumpets and a great march past began.

All the flowers of the Army, from a general to a man. There were Prussian Guards and Uhlans and Artillery with guns. There were Zeppelins and aeroplanes provided by the Huns.

There were howitzers, machine guns, and siege guns, many scores. And ammunition wagons and wagons, too, for stores.

And hour by hour they all marched by and all the bands did play. Then the Kaiser said, "The grandest sight I've seen for many a day."

With such an army left now, I can thrash those damned Allies; Once more the star of Germany is rising in the skies.

The Kaiser called his staff around and commanded with a yell "Just go and bottle Joffre up and smash old French as well; Annihilate the Belgians, then cut off from the west And finish off the Russians, Siberians and the rest."

Now, right about quick march—away—be off you lazy dogs. And let me have the news as soon as you have killed those hogs."

But no one moved—the devil laughed—the Kaiser tore his hair. And all at once he realized the army wasn't there.

The devil laughed—he'd played a trick—he'd called up all the dead: In place of a living army, he paraded them instead. From the first man killed in battle to the last man known to die.

He made the Kaiser stand and watch the whole parade go by.

The Kaiser gasped, "They're not all dead—it surely can't be true!" The devil answered "Sire, they are entirely, thanks to you; They fought at your behest on fields in Belgium and Louvain;

You ignored a 'scrap of paper,' and now your army's slain." Besides, there's all the orphans and widows that you've made:

The villagers your men have shot when they appealed for aid—Think of your sunken navy with the thousands of their crew, Well, when the war is over, God will send the bill to you.

The whole world points its finger to-day at you with scorn. As the vilest monster on the earth that ever has been born; Nero, Ananias, Judas, had their characters at stake, They all have got a back seat now, and you have "got the cake."

HOW'S THIS?
 We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
 We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 35 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.
 National Bank of Commerce, Toledo, O.
 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
 Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Famous Old Abbey.
 Melrose abbey is in Roxburghshire, Scotland, in a beautiful situation between the Eildons and the Tweed. David I. of Scotland founded an abbey at Melrose in 1136. It was several times torn down and rebuilt. The present famous ruins are what is left of the abbey built largely by the gift of Robert Bruce in the fourteenth century. They are the property of the dukes of Buccleugh and are carefully preserved. The abbey was a cruciform building in the decorated and perpendicular styles, with pronounced French influence. Much of the nave remains, with the two transepts, the chancel and the choir, two west piers of the tower and the sculptured roof of the east end. Sir Walter Scott has immortalized the east window in "The Lay of the Last Minstrel." The heart of Robert Bruce is buried at the high altar. Sir William Douglas, "The Knight of Liddesdale," James, the second earl of Douglas, and Alexander II., king of Scotland, are also buried in the abbey.—New York Times.

Didn't Discharge Him.
 In the financial district they tell a story of a bank that was in difficulties several years ago and how the clearing house happened to learn of the situation. One of the big national banks was clearing for a certain other bank that was in trouble and every day the president of the clearing house bank would certify \$2,000,000 worth of checks for the other. Finally the paying teller called the attention to the fact that he was taking a mighty long chance, but the president paid no attention to the hint. Then the teller informed the clearing house of the situation, and the president was called to book "Did my paying teller tell you that?" demanded the president. "He did," replied the chairman of the clearing house committee "I shall discharge him at once," declared the president, bristling up with indignation. "You do and we'll close your bank tomorrow," calmly replied the chairman. Needless to say, the teller was not discharged.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Falstaff and Yarmouth.
 Yarmouth has a claim upon all Englishmen quite independent of its associations with the breakfast bloater. For it was the home of Shakespeare's Falstaff, who appears to have been a man of exemplary piety. The Falstaffs were an old Yarmouth family. "A Falstoufe or Falstaff," writes John Richard Green, "was a ballif of Yarmouth in 1281. Another is among the first of its representatives in parliament, and from that the members of that family filled the highest municipal offices. John Falstoufe, a man of considerable account in the town, purchased lands at the close of the fourteenth century in Caistor, and became the father of Sir John Falstoufe, who, after a distinguished military career, was luckless enough to give his name to Shakespeare's famous character in Yarmouth, however, he was better known as a benefactor to the great Church of St. Nicholas."—St. Nicholas.

Europe's Richest City.
 The richest city in Europe is Basel, the great Swiss railway center, Zurich, in a neighboring canton, coming second. This is proportionate to the number of inhabitants. Basel's richest citizen boasts a fortune of £500,000, another has £300,000, while no fewer than sixteen residents pay income tax on a round million dollars. Eighty two are "French millionaires," possessing fortunes of a million francs. The average wage earning capacities of the various professions form an interesting contrast. Basel's doctors—the piece is flooded with medical men—are the worst paid, averaging only £240 a year; druggists are good for more, and lawyers the same. Professors, on the other hand, earn something like £500 a year and bank directors anywhere from £1,000 to £1,200.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Statue of Brick.
 Perhaps no other nation in the world save the inventive Germans would have thought of building a statue of brick. In the little city of Vegesack, near Bremen and in the district of the German clay fields, the citizens have erected such a statue to one of their number who won fame as an African explorer. The monument is of brick, thirty feet in height, including the pedestal. The architect moulded the figures of a man and came out of a solid mass of clay, which was burned in a great kiln and then sawed into brick sized blocks.

A Herculean Task.
 The bridegroom was intensely serious. "My dear," he said to his little wife (they are always little), "you have a hard task before you. Now that we are wed, you will have to prove to my four sisters that you are worthy of me."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Marriage in Java.
 In Java when a man marries he goes to his wife's house, where the women sit in council upon all matters of importance and dictate the affairs of the home.

Child's Day in Belgium.
 St. Nicholas day, which is Dec. 6, is the day on which the Belgian child expects a new toy. It is the Belgian child's Christmas.

Charity.
 Charity does not demand of us that we should never see the faults of others, but she does ask us to avoid discovering them when there is no need. Children have more need of models than of critics.—Jobert.

Reduction Sale

We have some lines of Winter Boots we are clearing out at reduced prices

4 Pairs Men's Heavy Bluchers Wool Lined, sizes 1-8	
2 9, 1-11 were \$2.75 now	\$2.00
5 Pairs Men's Heavy Bluchers, Felt Lined, sizes 4-8	
1-11, regular \$2.00 now	\$1.50
5 Pairs Women's Dongola Wool Lined Bals., sizes 1 2 1/2, 1-3 1/2, 3-4, reduced to	95c
2 Pairs Box Calif Wool Lined Bals., sizes 1-4 and 1-5 now	\$1.00
10 Pairs Misses' High Cut Blucher, a fine boot for winter, all sizes, were \$2.50, now	\$2.00

Call early if your size is here as they will not last long at these prices. Terms on these goods: Cash.

The Down Town Shoe Store: J. S. McIlraith

Special Reduction Sale

In order to reduce our general stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Mades, Blankets, Sheetings, etc., we have decided to make a Special Reduction on Everything in stock, starting on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915

Intending purchases may rest assured of getting even better bargains than we offered last spring. A trial order will convince you. Come in and ask for prices.

S. SCOTT

Opposite the Old Stand Durham, Ontario

February Sales

In order to make room for our SPRING GOODS which are about to arrive, we are forced to make a clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock including:

Hosiery, Underwear, Mittens and Mufflers, Etc.

Therefore we are putting on SPECIAL SALES during this month, and you can purchase anything displayed in our window for

19 Cents

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- Chesney's Cough Powder
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