

SMALL ADS.

Advertisements of one inch, or less, 25 cents for first insertion, and 10 cents for each subsequent insertion. Over one inch and under two inches, double the above amount. Yearly rates on application.

Farms for Sale.

BEING LOT 9, CON. 12, GLENELG. 100 acres; well fenced and in good state of cultivation; good water; good house and barn. For particulars, apply to James Goodwill, 761 9th St. E., Owen Sound. 121 3rd fl.

BEING LOT 53, CON. 3, E. G. R., Glenelg, containing 100 acres; on premises are new frame barn, brick house, sheds and outbuildings; running stream through property; about 10 acres hardwood bush, rest in good state of cultivation. Possession given on Nov. 1st 1913. For further particulars, apply on premises to Mrs. John Staples, Rural Route No. 1, Durham, Ont. 94 1/2nd fl.

Spirella Corsets

REMEMBER THE FAMOUS SPIRELLA CORSET; any size, type or price; with perfect laundering qualities, and unbreakable steels; positively hygienic. Not sold in stores. Mrs. J. C. Nichol, Representative, Box 107, Durham, Ontario. 418 6m.

Singing

J. ARTHUR COOK WILL GIVE vocal instruction in singing every Tuesday afternoon and evening at the home of Mrs. S. F. McComb. Pupils may apply for appointments to Mrs. McComb at any time. 10 22fl.

Bear for Service

Pedigreed Yorkshire Bear, at Lot 20, Con. 2, Egremont. John J. Queen, Holstein, R.R. No. 2. 114 9

For Sale

TEN ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS, on Lambton street, east of Durham; considerable timber, fit for posts, poles and wood. Will sell cheap. Apply to George Whitmore, Durham. 114 20fl.

Burnett & MacKay**PAINTERS AND DECORATORS**

LARGE EXPERIENCE IN HIGH-CLASS DECORATING. Communicate by letter, phone or otherwise if you have work on which you want an estimate. Phone 134, Chesley, Ontario. 218 4

For Sale

FOUR HEIFERS, RISING THREE years old, due to calve early; are in good flesh and good colors; or two young cows, due in April; one brown, tatty rising; make an excellent driver; one general purpose gelding, rising. R. T. Edwards, R.R. No 1 Markdale. 114 20fl.

Seed Grain

BANNER OATS, IMPROVED FOR 13 years by hand selection; also Golden Vine Peas. Price 3c lb. The Oats mentioned above grew on the field that took a \$15 prize at the Standing Field Crop Competition in 1914. Apply to W. L. Dixon, Lot 15, Con. 22, Egremont, R.R. No. 1, Varney. 3

Tax Notice

All taxes not paid on or before the 15th inst. will be placed in the Collector's hands, with three per cent. added.

By Order of Council
W. B. VOLLET, Clerk.

**SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS**

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may preempt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G., Deputy of the Minister of Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Medical Directory.

Drs. Jamieson & Jamieson.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE
short distance east of Knapp's Hotel
Lambton Street, Lower Town, Durham.
Office hours from 12 to 2 o'clock

J. G. Hutton, M.D., C.M.

OFFICE—Over J. P. Telford's office nearly opposite the Registry office. Residence Second house south of Registry office on east side of Albert Street. Office Hours 9-11 a.m., 2-4 p.m., 7-9 p.m. Telephone communication between office and residence at all hours.

Arthur Gun, M.D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, OF
ice in the New Hunter Block. Office
hours, 8 to 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. and 7 to
9 p.m. Special attention given to disease
of women and children. Residence op-
posite Presbyterian Church.

DR. BURT.

Late Assistant Roy London Ophthalmic Hos-
pital, and to Golden Sq. Throat and Nose Hos-
pital.

SPECIALIST:

EYE, EAR, THROAT & NOSE

Office, 13, Frost St., Owen Sound.

DR. BROWN

L. R. C. P., LONDON, ENG
RADULATE of London New
York and Chicago.

Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat

Will be at the Hahn House, Dec. 19, Jan. 16, February 20, March 20,
Hours, 1 to 5 p.m.

Dental Directory.

Dr. W. C. Pickering
Dentist.

OFFICE Over J. & J. Hunter's
J. F. GRANT, D. D. S. L. D. S.

HONOR GRADUATE. UNIVERSI-
TY of Toronto. Graduate Royal
College Dental Surgeons of Ontario
Dentistry in all its Branches

Office—Over Douglas' Jewellery Store.

Legal Directory.

J. P. Telford.

BARRISTEL, SOLICITOR, ETC
Office, nearly opposite the Registry
office, Lambton St., Durham. Any amount
of money to loan at 5 per cent. on farm
property.

A. H. Jackson.

VOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION
er, Conveyancer, &c. Insurance
Agent. Money to Loan. Issuer of Mar-
riage Licenses. A general financial busi-
ness transacted.

DURHAM, ONT. (Lower Town.)

W. J. Sharp

Holstein Conveyancer.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Money to loan at lowest rates,
and terms to suit borrower. Fire
and Life Insurance placed in thor-
oughly reliable companies. Deeds,
Mortgages, Leases and Wills,
executed on shortest notice. All
work promptly attended to.

Bull For Sale

SHORTHORN BULL, 12 MONTHS
old; dark red, with white markings;
eligible for registration.
Apply to Wm. Leggette, Dur-
ham, R.R. No. 1. 34 tf

McWILLIAMS.

Too late for last week.
We are having beautiful weather
for the season of the year.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brown of Bun-
nessan were guests on Sunday at
the home of Mr. W. R. Watson.

We are glad to report Mrs. Jas.
Hopkins some better, after her
recent severe illness.

Last Thursday evening the home
of Mrs. W. Lee was the scene of a
pleasant gathering, when the
neighbors met to say good-bye to
Mrs. Lee and family, before leaving

for their new home, and to
present to her a slight token of
respect. They will be much missed
as they were kind and obliging
neighbors.

We extend our sympathy to Mr.
and Mrs. Herb Allen, who lost
their house and contents by fire
on Saturday last.

Mrs. Sprout is visiting her
mother, Mrs. John Whitmore, at
present, who, we are sorry to say,
is not enjoying the best of health.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lawrence are
moving this week to their new
home on the 20th of Egremont.

We are sorry to lose them from
our midst, but hope that happiness
and prosperity will attend them
in their new place of abode.

Mrs. M. C. Scott of town visited
for a couple of days last week
with her daughter, and attended
the wedding of her grandson, Mr.
Reuben C. Watson, to Miss E. Mor-
ison.

Mr. Tom Moore had the mis-
fortune to have a couple of head
of cattle injured by the train, last
week, one so badly that it had
to be killed.

Mr. G. A. Watson was so unfor-
tunate last week as to lose a val-
uable horse.

Mr. Reuben C. Watson and bride
are moving to the farm vacated
by Mr. Joe Lawrence. We wish
them an abundance of hapiness
and prosperity.

Mr. Geo. Lawrence has been con-
fined to the house this last three
weeks with an attack of sciatica.
We hope he will soon be able to
be around as the spring work will
soon be on.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of
Interior.

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The Red Cross**Column**

At the present time there are about 22,000 Canadian soldiers in France. Eleven hundred of these are members of the Princess Patricia Light Infantry, and have already been in action three times. The remainder are probably in the concentration camps, while it is not improbable that by this time a fairly large force is on the lines of communication. It will not be long before the greater part of the force is in the trenches and under fire.

Whether the members of the first Canadian contingent are in action in the course of a few days or a few weeks matters little as regards the medical and surgical supplies as well as warm clothing that will be needed. For a force of over 20,000 men an enormous amount of these supplies will be required and it fails to

the lot of the Canadian Red Cross Society to send out sufficient supplies to enable the Army Medical Corps to meet the requirements. Upon the people of Canada devolves a great and solemn duty and the society believes that they will fulfil it to the utmost.

While supplies and warm clothing are arriving at headquarters in large consignments it is impossible to sufficiently impress upon the supporters of the Red Cross the urgent need of supplies at the present time. If every man in Canada were to make one pair of socks, and every man were to buy one pair there would be over four million pairs sent to the soldiers. What a magnificent quantity of supplies could be sent to our brave soldiers at the front if every adult in Canada were to do something for the great cause. All cannot knit, all cannot give large sums of money, but all can do something.

For the past two weeks enormous quantities of old linen and new cotton have been sent to headquarters. These are eminently suitable for making into dressings and bandages, and those who cannot knit or give donations can do their little part in the work of mercy, even if it is only rolling bandages. While the Canadian contingent was in camp at Salisbury the demand for supplies was not particularly heavy, but now that the soldiers are about to enter the trenches and take an active part in this terrible war the society will have all it can do to keep them warm and look after them when they are wounded or sick.

Since the Canadian Red Cross Society issued its appeal for funds and supplies a wonderful answer has been made. We are filled with thankfulness and pride at the result. We were confident from the first that it would be magnificent, and it is a splendid example of the liberality, humanity and patriotism of our people. But though the response has been magnificent it is not enough. We appeal again to these noble qualities of the British race and again we are confident that our appeal will be heard. We shall continue to call upon our countrymen and countrywomen to give for this sacred cause so long as the need for money and material lasts and we feel certain that they will continue to give for it to the utmost of their ability.

It is an immense need and an urgent need. The statement of the British losses, when the Prime Minister of England, Rt. Hon. H. H. Asquith, made recently in the House of Commons, is a poignant reminder of the havoc of modern war. The casualties up to October 31, were approximately 57,000. There has been much heavy fighting since, which appears to have been to the full as deadly as that of the earlier engagements. The long lists which are being published each day show what numbers of our best are being daily laid low round the positions they so gloriously hold. It is to relieve those amongst them who are not past relief that we ask for money and supplies. The sufferings of our soldiers will be great and only by a lavish and prompt expenditure will their pains be mitigated and their prospects of recovery improved.

A recent article written by the medical correspondent of The Times describes the work that has lately been done by the R.A.M.C. at Boulogne. Lord Knutsford stated a few days ago after a personal visit to that place that it was amazingly perfect. That is high praise coming from a life-long expert in hospital management. The medical correspondent confirms it to the full. When the correspondent wrote a few days ago, every wounded British soldier in Boulogne was receiving the best which skill and equipment could give him. The numbers of wounded were great after the prolonged and furious fighting around Ypres, which had been waged for many days. But the authorities have risen to the occasion and one great result is that the severe cases can now be treated in France, and so spared the agonies of a cross-channel passage.

The transport from the front, which is the most trying and the most critical stage for many of the wounded, has been supported as possible by the use of an admirably equipped hospital train carrying over 200 beds. A hospital train for 500 patients is one of the objects for which the British Red Cross have asked for money. There will be plenty of passen-

A Few Hints**Regarding Health Act**

Communicable diseases mean any contagious or infectious disease, and includes as follows:

Small Pox, Chicken Pox, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Typhoid Fever, Measles, Cholera, German Measles, Anthrax, Tuberculosis, Mumps, Anthrax, Bononi Plague, Rabies, Polio Myelitis, Cerebral Spinal Meningitis, and any other diseases which may be declared by the Regulations to be communicable.

Communicable diseases that are Quarantined, but NOT Placarded:

1. Whooping Cough.—Persons suffering from this disease must not leave premises, cannot mix with the public or attend school for six weeks after commencement of whooping. If characteristic spasms whooping and cough has ceased, a shorter period of quarantine may be permitted by the M.O.H.

2. Chicken Pox.—Persons suffering from this disease cannot leave premises, mix with public, or go to school until all scabs have fallen off and have permission from the M.O.H.

3. Mumps—Persons suffering from this disease cannot leave premises, mix with public, or go to school for four weeks from the commencement of the attack, and until all swelling has subsided. Under favorable conditions a shorter period may be allowed by M.O.H.

Communicable Diseases that Must be Placarded:

1. Diphtheria.—Suspicious cases quarantined until diagnosis is confirmed or disproved. An undoubted case must be quarantined even if laboratory examinations give negative findings. Periods of quarantine of undoubtedly Diphtheria, three weeks, if convalescence is complete and no sore throat, nasal or aural discharge remain, or if after 12 days duration, two negative swabs with a 12-hour interval are shown to the satisfaction of the M.O.H.

2. Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina).—Suspected cases quarantined until diagnosis is confirmed or disproved. Undoubted cases quarantined six weeks, or until desquamation or peeling of the skin is complete, or no sore throat, no nasal or aural discharge remain.

3. Measles—Period of quarantine three weeks, if all desquamation or peeling of skin and cough has ceased.

4. Small Pox.—Quarantine till all scabs have fallen off, and permission from M.O.H. to remove placard.

Notice of existence of communicable or contagious disease must be made in writing by the attending physician to the M.O.H. in 12 hours. Notice of recovery or death, must also be made in the same manner to M.O.H. by attending physician (Sec. 55 Health Act).

Physicians in attendance must make their own diagnosis. If in doubt, quarantine till diagnosis is confirmed or disproved; if confirmed, placard; if