

WAR OR PEACE MEN MUST LIVE

Mens' livings come from FARMS. Beef sells up to \$9.00 per cwt. Pork to \$10.00. Market authorities believe these prices will continue.

This must mean HIGH PRICES for FARM LANDS. Take a hint, BUY NOW.

H. H. MILLER, the Hanover Conveyancer, offers some GREAT BARGAINS in Farm Lands in Bentinck, Egremont, Normanby, Carrick, Brant and Western Provinces. Send for List.

If you have ANY MONEY from \$300 up to any large sum, H. H. MILLER will invest it for you on good mortgage security and charge you nothing. Why invest your money with Sharks in Western town or city lots? Or why have it lying at 3 per cent. when it might as well earn you twice as much on first rate land mortgage security? Have some sense. Let Mr. Miller invest your money on a good mortgage.

Farm and Town properties exchanged. If you wish to BUY or SELL, BORROW or LEND it will PAY YOU WELL to write or phone H. H. MILLER, or better still hitch up and go and see him.

H.H. MILLER, Hanover

DURHAM PLANING MILLS

The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for.

SASH, DOORS
— and all kinds of —
House Fittings

Shingles and Lath
Always on Hand
At Right Prices.

Custom Sawing
Promptly At-
tended To

ZENUS CLARK
DURHAM - ONTARIO

Canadian Pacific Railway Time Table

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:—

P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
3:00	6:29	Lv. Walkerton Ar.	1:00 10:30
3:14	6:34	" Maple Hill "	12:43 10:13
3:24	6:43	" Hanover "	12:35 10:05
3:33	6:52	" Allan Park "	12:25 9:55
		A.M.	
3:48	7:07	" Durham "	12:11 9:41
3:59	7:18	" McWilliams "	11:59 9:29
4:02	7:21	" Glen "	11:56 9:26
4:11	7:31	" Priceville "	11:46 9:16
4:25	7:45	" Saugeen J. "	11:35 9:05
7:55	11:20	Ar. Toronto Lv.	7:45 5:05

Grand Trunk Railway TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7:15 a.m., and 7:45 p.m.

Trains arrive at Durham at 10:30 a.m. 1:50 p.m., and 8:50 p.m.

EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY

H. G. Elliott, A. E. Duff, G. P. Agent, D. P. Agent, Montreal, Toronto

J. TOWNER Depot Agent
JAMES R. GUN, Town Agent

You cannot do better than attend BRITISH AMERICAN COLLEGE

Yonge & McGill Streets, Toronto for a Business or Short-hand Course Fall Term is now open. We ask you to write for particulars. T. W. Wauchope, Principal.

The Provincial Workmen's Association of Halifax have contributed \$100 to the Nova Scotia Patriotic Fund. Matters that might cause serious industrial risk were left for discussion until next year.

Raisuli, a famous Moorish bandit, who in 1904 gained fame by demanding \$50,000 for the ransom of Mr. Pericardis, an American, is reported to be dead.

YOUR HAIR NEEDS PARISIAN SAGE.

It Quickly Removes Dandruff. Just because your hair is full of dandruff, thin, streaky, dull and never will do up to look pretty, do not despair. Beautiful hair, thick, fluffy, lustrous and absolutely free from dandruff is only a matter of care.

Parisian Sage frequently applied will work wonders. Just one application stops itching head, removes dandruff and all excessive oil. It goes right to the hair roots and furnishes the nourishment needed—the hair becomes soft, fluffy, abundant and radiant with life.

Parisian Sage not only saves the hair, but stimulates it to grow thick and heavy. Get a 50-cent tin from Macfarlane & Co. at 100-102. There is no other "Just-as-

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XI.—Third Quarter, For Sept. 13, 1914.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xxv, 1-13. Memory Verses, 1-4—Golden Text, Matt. xxv, 13—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Notwithstanding all His teaching and His many mighty works, the question of Isa. liii, 1, still remained, "Who hath believed our report?" Many of the chief rulers believed on Him, but because of the Pharisees did not confess Him for fear of being put out of the synagogue, for they loved the praise of men more than the praise of God (John xii, 42, 43). After His many woes upon the Pharisees He spoke of the desolation which would come upon Jerusalem until His coming again because of their rejection of Him (Matt. xxiii, 33-39).

Instead of admiring the magnificence of the temple, as His disciples desired Him to do, He said that the whole thing would be thrown down and not one stone be left upon another. As He sat upon the Mount of Olives over against the temple Peter and James and John and Andrew asked Him privately of the end of the age and when these things would be (Matt. xxiv, 1-3; Mark xiii, 1-4; Luke xxi, 5-7). His reply is given in these three chapters and is of greater length than any other recorded answer to a question. Dr. Weston says that to no vision but that of Jesus was the coming overthrow visible. He saw what seems to occur to no student of history—that the destiny of a nation, as that of an individual, is determined by its relation to Christ.

In every sentence of the discourse there seem to resound Christ's opening words, "Take heed that no man deceives you." Wars and rumors of wars will characterize the whole age, but the believer must not be troubled (Matt. xxiv, 6). At the end of the age there shall be a time of trouble such as never was before and never will be again, and immediately after that tribulation shall the Son of Man come in the clouds of heaven, with power and great glory (Matt. xxiv, 21, 29-31). He will find things at His coming in glory as they were in the days of Noah (Matt. xxiv, 27-29).

The lesson of today and next week is found only in Matt. xxv, which chapter consists of three parts—the ten virgins, the talents and the judgment of the nations. The middle portion we have already considered in connection with the parable of the pounds. Unless we learn to distinguish between the Jew, the gentile and the church of God (I Cor. x, 32) we may miss much in the matter of interpretation, but the great thing is to get the heart lesson for ourselves—the message from His heart to our hearts.

He is still, at the time of our lesson, dealing specially with Israel (the Jews) and has only mentioned the church as something yet to be built (Matt. xvi, 18), but wherever we read in the Bible there is a message for the heart of man.

The message for my heart in chapter xxiv is that I must let no man deceive me; that I must patiently endure; that I must be watchful, ready, faithful, doing. In the story of the ten virgins I learn that lamps are no use without oil, that mine should always be trimmed, filled and burning brightly, never flickering or dim or going out, and that I must be ever ready and watchful. From Zech. iv I learn that to have a constant supply of oil I must know and abide in Him who, as my great High Priest, not only redeems me, but ever lives for me, and as my King or Lord controls all my life, desiring to work in me to will and to do of His good pleasure. Then shall I know the meaning of "Not by might nor by power, but by My Spirit, saith the Lord of Hosts" (Zech. iv, 6). Then shall I, controlled by the Spirit, make good use of the talents intrusted to me and hear His "Well done, good and faithful servant."

May it by His grace be our happy privilege, dear reader, yours and mine. What a terrible thing it will be to be only professedly His and to hear Him say, "Verily I say unto you I know you not" (verse 12; compare chapter vii, 21-23). Compare also the wise and foolish of chapter vii, 24-29. What a mercy that the door is not yet shut (verse 10; Luke xiii, 25). What a blessing to be shut in with Him, as Noah was in the ark (Gen. vii, 1-16).

As to the interpretation of the parable, it specially concerns Israel, for the coming of the Son of Man (verse 13) is always the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ in power and glory to judge and to reign, which means His coming with His saints after He shall have received them unto Himself. Both the Vulgate and Syriac translations give the first verse of our lesson thus: "Then shall the kingdom of heaven be likened unto ten virgins, who, taking their lamps, went out to meet the bridegroom and the bride." It is the return of Christ after the marriage of the Lamb and has some special reference to Israel.

If you cannot put your hand on the Syriac translation get a Roman Catholic Testament, which is a translation of the Vulgate MS., and verify for yourself this translation. If you cannot agree with others as to the interpretation of this or any other passage do not fail to get your own heart message from the Lord.

RETAIL MERCHANTS AND "MADE-IN-CANADA" POLICY

Patriotism and Self-Interest Prompt Sale of Home Made Articles—Reduce Unemployment and Charity

Practical action by the Quebec branch of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada was taken at a meeting held in Montreal immediately after the outbreak of the war. The following letter from the Quebec Secretary of the Association, Mr. J. A. Beaudry, offers good advice to the retailer and his customer alike. Every Canadian housewife should bear in mind this timely statement when she goes into the corner store to make her next purchase:

For years past, millions of dollars worth of goods have been imported into Canada from the countries involved in the war. These importations have now practically stopped, and may not be resumed for a very considerable period. The consequence is that the price of all imported goods has very materially increased, and will continue to increase in proportion to the excess of the demand upon the supply, and we shall not be surprised to see the supply completely exhausted within a very short time. This fact is creating some concern in the minds of the public, who seem to believe that the merchant is responsible for such an increase.

We think it would be advisable for you to point out to your customers that in their purchases they should give preference to goods made in Canada, which would avoid paying such high prices, and would help to keep the Canadian factories busy, thereby giving employment to Canadians who, at this particular time, are so much in need of earning as much as possible.

To encourage home industries is a good policy at all times, but should be acted upon at this trying period for self-preservation, and we strongly suggest that you co-operate with your customers in this matter, thereby doing your share in educating the public to this end, and by so doing, greatly oblige.

Yours truly,
The Retail Merchants' Association of Canada, Inc.

J. A. Beaudry,

Secretary for the Province of Quebec
Every dollar the Canadian householder spends for Canadian goods will lessen the demands from the unemployed for relief during the next few months.

"MADE-IN-WINNIPEG"

Simple Maxims Which Every Western Community Can Adopt For Its Use

During the "Made-in-Winnipeg" week, organized by the enterprising Industrial Commissioner of the Western metropolis in May last, many "slogans" were used with good results by the keen business men of Winnipeg, whose co-operation made the exhibition such a huge success.

The following are a few maxims which can be adopted with slight change for use in every Western community:

It isn't always the skyscraper that makes the city. A factory with a big pay-roll will do twice as much.

Become impressed with the real, true downright duty you owe your city in patronizing home industries. After all is said and done, the dinner-pail is the prosperity sign of a live city.

Winnipeg believes self-preservation to be the first law of nature, and therefore welcomes the "Made-in-Winnipeg" Week, advocating home industries, the first law of a city's solid development.

Winnipeg believes that no city can continue growth upon sound foundation without industry. It is the city of manufacturing that forges ahead.

Winnipeg knows that the way to build up a local industry is to buy of its wares. It is a duty citizens owe to the community. Buy the product of home labor, home capital and home industry.

Winnipeg realizes that there are eighteen thousand people employed in manufacturing goods right here in the city, and that if we can double the number and have the money that these people earn spent right here, it goes to help the prosperity of all.

Winnipeg knows that the purchase of every \$1,000 of goods, "Made in Winnipeg" instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to the city instead of supporting him elsewhere.

"Anything that is produced in Canada from Canadian materials, by the application of Canadian brain and labor, will always have first call with me. And it's only good business on my part that it should."

NATIONAL CAMPAIGN FOR OUR OWN GOODS

Galt Editor Urges Country-wide Organization to Promote Sale of "Made-In-Canada" Products

The Galt "Reporter," a few days ago, had the following timely and interesting editorial under the heading "Buy Canadian-made Goods" on the economic situation in Canada arising out of the war:

"While one of the immediate effects of the European war was the disorganization of trade in Canada, a secondary result should be of a stimulating character. Owing to the fact that the continent of Europe is the centre of hostilities, a considerable amount of manufactured goods formerly imported from Germany, France, Austria, Belgium and other countries will now have to be produced here. Reports show that every year millions of dollars worth of manufactured goods from these countries are sold in Canada. Our own mechanics and artisans can produce such articles as well as the foreign workers and if the manufacturers take advantage of the opportunity provided, the war should result in more work, instead of less, for their employes.

"But the whole responsibility of making the best of the present situation does not lie with the manufacturers. If the people will demand Canadian made goods they will be not only supplying their personal needs but creating work for their fellow-citizens. When the Empire is involved in such a tremendous crisis as the present there is something for all to do. We cannot all go to the front but those who stay at home can do a great deal towards creating conditions that will make the suffering here as light as possible.

"The patriotic citizen, when he goes to the store to fill his wants will demand in every case possible goods "Made in Canada." There should be a well-defined campaign carried on throughout the country urging Canadians to purchase goods of home manufacture. If an accelerated demand for Canadian goods is created during the war, it will doubtless be maintained after normal conditions return in Europe.

"In this way we stand to benefit permanently by insisting that what we buy must be Canadian-made."

ORILLIA AND "MADE-IN-CANADA"

Orillia Paper Advocates Keeping Money Circulating Near Home

The Orillia "Packet," one of the brightest of Ontario's weeklies, recently had the following editorial on the "Made-in-Canada" idea:

"The Orillia Furniture Company is promoting the buy-at-home idea by making use of a pay envelope which calls attention to the fact that 'last year Canadians bought \$818,000,000 worth of foreign goods, half of which could have been made in Canada'—or in other words \$1,000,000 a day which went out of the country might have been spent at home to keep Canadian factories busy. Why should not the same principle be extended a step further to "Made-in-Orillia" articles? Our merchants and people generally grumble more or less loudly if the factories are not running full blast. But do the grumblers do what is in their power to keep our home factories busy? Take the matter of furniture for instance. We have in Orillia a factory whose goods are commanding a ready sale in all parts of the country—to such an extent that it has worked more steadily during the last eighteen months than any other furniture factory in Ontario. Yet the Furniture Company might have spent much more money in wages if all the furniture of the class sold in Orillia had been of their manufacture. How often have those who clamor for industries, or talk about making Orillia grow, enquired for, or given a preference to Orillia furniture. Similarly, why should those who want a motor car of the class manufactured by the Fisher Motor Company go out of town to buy it, when they can obtain the best value for their money by purchasing the "Made-in-Orillia" article, and factory service at their door—to say nothing of doing their share to make the motor works permanent and prosperous. On the same principle the farmer from any of the surrounding townships who buys Tudhope carriages, or Tudhope-Anderson wagons, implements or stoves is helping to build up the home market for his own produce, and to add to the value of his own farm. The buy-at-home principle should not be confined to dry goods and groceries."

The remarks of the Orillia "Packet" would bear repetition in almost every town and city in Canada.

MILK IN THE COCOANUT BETTER GET AFTER IT

Great Opportunity For "Made-In-Canada" Products—European Products Are Now Shut Out

While the nations of Europe are at war, the people of Canada have a duty to their own land as well as to the Mother Country. While regretting the issue forced on the Mother Country and giving contingents to England's aid, let us also give all the help we can to ourselves. Canada's own big problem is that of a country which has imported much—and suddenly finds those importations cut off. You will get at the milk in the cocoanut at once by glancing at the following lists:

List No. 1
Some of the things we have been importing from Germany, Austria, etc., to the value of \$38,000,000 per annum:

Aniline dyes, baskets, books, boots, buttons, brooms, brushes, canned goods, chemicals, chinaware, clocks, clothing, collars and cuffs, cotton goods, combs, curtains, colors and dye stuffs, cutlery, dolls, drugs, earthenware, embroideries, electric apparatus, feathers, furs, fringe and tassels, gloves and mitts, glass and glassware, guns, hats, hosiery, hops, jewelry, knitted goods, leather goods, lace, labels, locomotive tires, machinery, millinery, mineral waters, musical instruments, optical instruments, paints and colors, papers, pencils, perfumes, pianos, pharmaceutical preparations, piano parts, piano key ivories, pipes, purses, ribbons, rubber goods, seeds, shoes, laces, silk knitted and other goods, silverware, soaps, spirits, stockings and socks, time recorders, tobacco, toilet articles, tools, toys, underwear, woodenware, woollen goods, watches.

List No. 2

Some of the things mentioned in List No. 1 that we now make in Canada in competition with the manufacturers of Continental Europe:

Baskets, boots, books, buttons, brooms, brushes, canned goods, carpets, chemicals, collars and cuffs, cotton goods, clothing, combs, colors and dye stuffs, cutlery, dolls, drugs, earthenware, electric apparatus, feathers, furs, glass and glassware, gloves and mitts, guns, hats, hosiery, jewelry, knitted goods, lamps leather goods, labels, machinery, millinery, mineral waters, musical instruments, optical instruments, paints and colors, paper, perfumes, pipes, pharmaceutical preparations, pianos, piano parts, purses, ribbons, rubber goods, seeds, silverware, silk knitted goods, soaps, spirits, stockings and socks, time recorders, toilet articles, tools, underwear, woodenware, woollen goods.

A Great Advantage
The Canadian manufacturers of the articles in List No. 2 have now an advantage greater than any tariff wall. The competition of Continental Europe has been withdrawn and will remain withdrawn until the war is over at least. Let the Canadian manufacturers make the most of the situation. And let the people of Canada rally round our manufacturers and help them make the most of it, for we need them and the things they make as never before.

The immediate result of the European war, in Canada, was a check to business.

The second result will be to stimulate business—if we keep our heads, and go after business.

We believe every Canadian will follow this timely advice.

RAYS OF SUNSHINE THROUGH THE CLOUDS

Some Improvement Already Noticeable in Canadian Industries—Better Times Ahead

The sudden breaking out of war caused many to "run to cover." Like the chicken on whom the rose leaf fell, some of us became a prey to fear and were ready to declare "the sky is falling."

Now the vision is clearing, our alarm has fled, we have recovered our poise and our courage. We are seeing, also, our opportunity. Swiftly and almost overwhelmingly has come to us the perception of the fact that the competition of Continental Europe has been taken away. We are faced with a condition and an opportunity both tending to our advantage as a country of industry, agriculture and trade. Good times are ahead, if Canada and Canadians see and prize the present opportunity for enlarging their industries and trading. We must be careful. We must have courage.

Hardware

ALTHOUGH the price of nearly every article in the Hardware line has advanced we are still selling at the Old Figures.

Our stock of Cutlery is something extra. You'll be convinced if you examine our Carving Sets, Knives and Forks, Odd Knives, Table, Dessert and Tea Spoons.

This Week we will offer you some

- Odd Knives 9c.
 - Dessert Spoons.. 3c.
 - Tea Spoons 2c.
 - Bread Knives ...15c.
 - Bread Boards ...10c.
 - Pastry Boards...25c.
 - Lunch Boxes25c.
 - Bird Cages90c.
 - Tin Silver Polish 15c.
- and numerous other articles at similar prices.

W. Black

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

To dry summer parsley in cool oven, rub up, put in jars and save for flavoring soups in winter.

No housewife to-day can afford to throw away any food that can possibly be utilized.

Don't mistake cheapness for economy, and don't buy at "war prices" without pricing elsewhere.

Soap bark is one of the best things to cleanse woollen fabrics—especially coat collars. Steep a pinch in water and strain, and use the liquid to sponge the article thoroughly.

When potting plants put a piece of coarse muslin over the hole in the pot before putting in the bits of stone and sod, which keeps the drainage good. The muslin prevents the earth from washing away.

A simple way of preserving eggs is to immerse them in lime water soon after they have been laid, and then to put the vessel containing the lime water in a cellar or cool outhouse.

Shabby leather bags, etc., may be improved in appearance by being rubbed over with the well-beaten white of an egg, and then polished with beeswax and turpentine. Final rubbing being given with a soft, clean cloth.

When brown boots and shoes become dark looking, wash them well in warm water and soft soap, using a hard nail brush. This will remove all the old and dirty polish. When dry and polished they should look like new.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years, was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Members of the Civil Service Commission of Ottawa will donate one day's pay to the patriotic fund, amounting to fully \$20,000.

Lady Strathcona has given \$50,000 for the maintenance of the Strathcona Horse, which will go as a regimental unit.