

D. H. S. Examination Results MIDDLE SCHOOL

Table listing student names and their scores in various subjects like English Comp., English Lit., Canadian Hist., Algebra, Geometry, Physics, Chemistry, Latin Authors, Latin Comp., French Authors, and French Comp.

UPPER SCHOOL

Table listing student names and their scores in various subjects like English Comp., English Lit., Modern Hist., Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Physics, Latin Authors, Latin Comp., French Authors, and French Comp.

Middle and Upper School medal awarded to Dorothy Pickering.

1-1st class honors. 2-2nd class honors. 3-3rd class honors. c-a pass.

Chronicle Advt.-the Panacea for "Slow" Business

At Home

Come in & Chat Awhile

-Ruth Raeburn.

FOR THE CHILDREN

from "The Beginners' Stories"

Sleep and grow, sleep and grow, Night is the time for resting; All of my flowers Must close their eyes tight, When the sun sinks And the darkness brings night. This is the Father's plan: Daytime for waking And nighttime for resting. So sleep, sleep, sleep.

HOMES

A bunay hides his home Down underneath the ground, And just his wee front door Is all I've ever found. A song bird weaves his home In hedges or in trees, And fashions it with care To swing upon the breeze.

A father builds his house On town or city street, With chimney, roof and door, And every part complete. And we have made our church A home of love and prayer We thank God for all homes And for his tender care.

The Rhyming Optimist

By Adeline Michaels

YOUTH

Toil and dust and heat And the city's voices; Yet all toil is sweet When the heart rejoices. Morn, with work ahead Till the frame is aching, All for roof and bread; Still, a glad awaking!

Urge to know life's sweets, All its song and laughter, Certain that sore defeats Must bring triumphs after. Night and the stars that rise In promise shining, To keep rare destinies For youth's divining.

Like Twisted Trees Some souls are warped by fear And some by care Through going, year on year, With loads to bear Too weighty for their strength. Life's storms take these And rend, until at length Like twisted trees That once stood, straight and proud, Against the sky Some souls go bent and bowed And shaped away.

Why Handkerchiefs Are Always Square Have you ever seen a round handkerchief or an oblong one? Probably you have never questioned it, but why should handkerchiefs always be as square as they are now?

There was a time when they were made in all sorts of strange shapes, until suddenly in 1784, a law was passed in France ordering the manufacturers of handkerchiefs to make them square and square only. Any manufacturer who made a handkerchief which was not exactly square was to be heavily fined.

The person responsible for passing of this law was the Queen of France, Marie Antoinette. One morning she happened to be in rather a bad temper, and she found fault with everything. As she walked in her garden she scratched her finger on a rose bush. When King Louis offered her his handkerchief, which was of an oblong shape, to bind her finger, she immediately complained of its foolish shape. On the spot she made up her mind that all her handkerchiefs, and even those of her people, should in future be made square, instead of oblong and triangular as they were. Within a month her wish became law, for a royal bill was passed in Versailles on September 23, 1784. Thus we owe the shape of our handkerchiefs to the whim of a queen! -Tit-Bits.

DRY BELT FARMERS TO GET FREE RIDES Farmers of this year's dry belt in Southern Saskatchewan will be able, if they so desire, to get free railroad passage to any part of the province's harvest fields in search of employment. The arrangement whereby this could be done as a relief measure was announced Friday by Hon. J. A. Mackay, Provincial Minister of Labor. It is the result of an agreement between the Government and the municipalities under which railway tickets will be made free to farmers in the dry areas who apply to the secretary-treasurer of their respective municipalities.

PAPERMAKING ANCIENT CHINESE ART

Chinese history records that paper—the world's great contribution to the world—was first made from "the inner bark of trees, ends of hemp, old rags and fishing nets," says the Christian Science Monitor. Though this contribution was made at least 1,800 years ago, possibly before the Christian era, progress in the art of making paper has not developed far in the country of its origin.

Indeed, the visitor to Peiping today, desirous of avoiding the usual rounds of shops, temples, palaces and tombs, or having seen them and being on the quest for "out of the way" things, will find near there, at Poamachong, about five miles west of the legation quarter near a towering 13-story pagoda, a factory where the same crude methods of paper making in use centuries ago are still employed. The art of making paper was first invented, according to Chinese historians, in the reign of Ho Ti of the Han Dynasty, about 105 A.D. by Tsai Lun. Prior to that time the Chinese had written their documents on stone, hemp, silk, palm leaves, chips of wood and even on plates of metal. Impressions on the palm leaves, the wooden chips and the metal plates were made with styles, and a volume was formed by joining them together.

The Han dynasty was a golden age of China, a period of which the Chinese have always been proud; so proud, in fact, that they have delighted to call themselves the "Sons of Han." It was in the preceding dynasty—the Chin—under Shih Tuang Ti, that a systematic effort had been made to destroy all books. Shih was so enraged at the opposition of the scholars to his imperialistic schemes that he endeavored to exterminate them and their works. The manufacture of paper, and the supplanting of bamboo tablets and the style by paper and ink brush gave a tremendous impetus to literature and learning. The production of books was greatly stimulated, and in the "Annals of the Han Dynasty" it is recorded that the Imperial Library had 3,123 books on the classics, 2,705 on philosophy, 2,528 on mathematics, 1,318 on poetry. The Chinese kept the art of making paper a secret for many centuries. In the west, the Egyptians had long used papyrus, made by pasting leaves of the papyrus plant crosswise, while they, together with other civilizations of the west, also recorded history on stone, bone, metal, clay tablets, wood and vellum.

Were it not for the innate clannishness and secretiveness of the Chinese, it would seem surprising, in view of the extensive trading operations that developed between them and the Arabs in the early years of the Christian era, that it took so long for the art to be developed in the west. It was not until the beginning of the 8th century that it was passed on. During a conflict between the Chinese and Arabs, somewhere on the plains of central Asia, some Chinese paper makers were captured, and under threat taught their Arab captors the secrets of the art.

PERSIAN BALM advertisement with decorative border and text: 'Magical in its beautifying effect on the complexion. Soothes sunburn—excellent fragrance gives alluring charm. Try this dainty toilet requisite.'

STOMACH TROUBLE FRUITAIVES advertisement with text: 'No more stomach trouble. Can eat anything. writes Mrs. E. White. Thousands say "Fruitaives" restores health and strength with "Fruitaives" Constipation, sick headache and overeating. Nervous, heart failure, neural sleeplessness. Rheumatism, flatulency. Constipation cleared. Get "Fruitaives" from druggist today.'

The Chinese have a great reverence for the printed work—so great a reverence, in fact, that benevolent-minded persons will pay old men and women to go about the streets and pick up scraps of paper on which Chinese characters have been written and deposit them in receptacles so that they will not be trampled underfoot. These "waste baskets" are to be seen in profusion in any Chinese city.

SUMMER DAYS Jimmie, when June days have come, Puts his books away, Thinks of all he means to do Every livelong day; Thinks of hikes and playing ball, Making this and that, How he'll train himself to be A mighty acrobat.

Jimmie, when July is here, Weeds the garden bed, Feels the sun's shining warm On his bare brown head; Plans to buy an ice cream cone When his work is done, Plans to seek the swimming pool Where there's always fun.

Jimmie, during August heat, Lies beneath a tree Watching cloud-shapes in the sky Floating lazily; Wonders if he's lazy too, Thinks with some chagrin Summers almost over now— School will soon begin.

-Alice A. Keen.

"ENGLISH AS SHE IS SPOKE" Travellers passing through Uslen, Germany on the way from Berlin to the sea have been puzzled by the strange chanting of a waiter who walks up and down the platform singing: "Hatzdax zaendwitsch seitz tschoklet limnaet, Ssiggarrrs siggrrrts milk saizweidit trickaek." One traveller who had been to Canada thought he heard something familiar amid the strange words. He investigated. Sure enough, on the waiter's sleeve was an armband with the legend, "English spoken". The refreshments he served were "hot-dogs, sandwiches, seltzer water, chocolate, lemonade, cigars, cigarettes, milk and Saltwedeler Baumkuchen, a German pastry he translated literally as "true cake".

Clearance Sale WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF Dry Goods Boots and Shoes - AT - Reduced Prices A Real Opportunity to Save Money on these Articles. E. A. Rowe

The CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

THE Public is cordially invited to be present and attend the official re-opening of our Durham Branch on

Wednesday, August 27, 1930, from 1 o'clock

We feel rather proud of our new building, are satisfied we now have a home second to none in this district, and with the most modern office appointments procurable are prepared to render even better service to our patrons than in the past.

It is our earnest desire that you join with us in the official opening of our new premises.

Refreshments will be served during the afternoon and evening.

G. C. WEBSTER, Manager, Durham Branch

Business Training advertisement with image of a building and text: 'Young people who wish to succeed will make the necessary preparation for success. The best preparation is a Business Course or a Shorthand and Typewriting Course, or both. The Very Best place to take up such a course is at the Northern Business College Open Sound Out. For forty-seven years past we have specialized in preparing young men and women for Business Positions. Thousands of them are successful business men all over Canada. We have the best premises and equipment in Canada. We can do for you what we have done for others. It will not cost you anything to investigate and find out. Write or call at the college, circulars free. C. A. FLEMING, F.C.A. Principal.'