

Thursday, June 21, 1928

Holstein
(Our Own Correspondent)

Mrs. James A. Smith left on Friday for Detroit to visit her son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Burrows Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Reid of Hamilton spent the week-end with the former's mother, Mrs. Henry Reid.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Allan of Durham visited Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Roberts on Friday.

Mr. E. Hildyard is in Hanover this week presiding at the High School examinations there.

The Holstein Ladies Bowling Club had their first practice for the season on Friday afternoon.

The Women's Institute meeting is being held tomorrow, Wednesday, instead of Thursday, at the home of Mrs. Henry Cowan.

The Continuation school closed on Friday. We regret that our splendid efficient teachers Mr. Hildyard and Mr. Koch are leaving this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kerr and Mr. and Mrs. C. Lellan and daughter Margaret of Toronto were guests over the week-end with Mr. Kerr's sister, Mrs. Alf. Buller.

Mr. Robb of Durham is in our village this week presiding at the examinations in the Continuation school.

Guests who visited Mrs. John Brown last week were her brother Mr. Christian Oswald and Mr. and Mrs. George Oswald of Hillman, Mich., and Mrs. McIntyre of Alpena, Mich.

At a joint meeting of the congregations of Holstein and Fairbank Presbyterian church held on Sunday evening, it was decided to extend a call to Rev. Mr. Cameron of Prince Edward Island.

The service in the United church on Sunday evening was conducted by the Women's Missionary Society. The president, Mrs. John Stevenson presided. After singing prayer and Scripture reading, excellent reports of the Presbyterian meeting held at Durham in May were given by Mrs. William Sim and Mrs. N. McGuire. Mrs. Hildyard sang a solo which was much appreciated. A collection was taken which will go towards the mission bale.

Varney*(Our Own Correspondent)*

Mr. and Mrs. James Robertson of Fergus visited with Mr. and Mrs. Mansfield Leeson part of last week.

Friends from a distance visited with Mr. and Mrs. Norman Kerr over Sunday.

Mr. Art McCabe has taken a position on one of the boats running out of Owen Sound and left a week ago Tuesday for the Soo, Sarnia and other ports. It will be quite an experience for a young chap like Art.

We regret this week to learn of the accident which befell Mrs. William Wallace of Normanby, who had the misfortune to have her foot badly scalped. We trust she will soon recover.

We have had a couple of nice rains, which make things more pleasant, and also the gardens and crops look much better.

Mr. William Eden went to Guelph Wednesday of this week to take in the excursion to the Model Farm. We hope he has a good time.

The funeral of the late Kenneth Adair of Owen Sound, who died from shock and loss of blood when he had both his legs cut off by a train in that city, was held Monday afternoon from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Adair, Owen Sound. Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McCabe of Windsor, the former a resident of Varney, and son of Mr. and Mrs. A. McCabe, Varney, were present at the funeral. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. McCabe Jr., to whom we extend the sympathy of this community.

Mulock*(Our Own Correspondent)*

The Young People's Society met on Friday evening and had as their guests the Young People's Society of Walkerton Baptist church. The visitors turned out in large numbers and furnished the evening's program. The president, Miss Jean Long, occupied the chair. Miss Hazel Bailey read the Scripture and Rev. Mr. Boyter dealt with the devotional topic. Miss E. Long and Mrs. —— also took part in the program. Mr. John McDonald, president of Mulock society, gave a hearty welcome to the visitors and expressed the appreciation of himself and society for the fine program which had been presented. A number of contests were given, causing much merriment. The home society then served lunch.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Livingstone.

AT LAST! AT LAST!

Sixteen weeks on Broadway at \$2.20.
Seven weeks in Chicago at \$1.65.
Six weeks in Detroit at \$1.65.
Four weeks at the Regent, Toronto, at \$1.10.

IT'S HERE AT THE

VETERANS' STAR
DURHAM

THURSDAY—FRIDAY—SATURDAY

JUNE 21, 22 and 23

The lowest admission prices it has ever played at
Evenings 35c. and 25c.



How many schoolchildren are there in Canada with a record like Miss Muriel V. Price of North Bay, Ont., who has not missed even half a day for 13 years. For eight years she walked summer and winter, almost two miles to a country school house. Neither snowdrifts nor mud kept her from getting there. She is a niece of Attorney-General W. H. Price of Ontario. She is now a student at the provincial normal school, North Bay.

SOME OF THE RULES

For Horseshoe Pitching or "Barn-yard Golf."

A court or playing area should be level ground at least ten feet in width and fifty feet in length, and shall consist of two pitcher's boxes with a stake in the centre of each.

The pitcher's box shall extend three feet on either side of the rear and to the front of the stake outside measurements.

The stakes shall be set in centre of each pitcher's box, shall incline two inches toward each other and project ten inches above the ground on box level.

The stakes shall be forty feet apart, measured from the front at the point where the stakes enter the ground.

The regulation distance for women and boys under sixteen years of age shall be thirty feet.

All contestants shall pitch both shoes from the pitcher's box or forfeit the value of one point to his opponent.

The outer edges of the pitcher's box shall be known as foul lines.

In delivering the shoe into the opposite pitcher's box a contestant may stand anywhere within the foul lines.

In getting a "foul-hold" on the front of the pitcher's box the player must be careful that no part of his foot extends over the foul line.

At the beginning of successive games between the same players the loser of the preceding game shall have the first pitch.

A shoe pitched while the player is standing outside the foul line is foul. If a shoe strikes outside of the foul lines before entering the pitcher's box it is a foul. A foul shoe shall not be scored or credited.

A ringer shall be a shoe that encircles the stake far enough to permit a straight edge to touch both heel caps simultaneously.

Whenever a player knocks off his opponent's ringer, such knocked off ringers lose their scoring value and the player making the ringer is not credited with a ringer.

If a player knocks on one of his own or his opponent's shoes from a non-ringer position to a ringer position, the changed shoe has scoring value and credit for ringer for its owner.

When a thrown shoe moves a shoe already at the stake, all shoes are counted in their new position.

In ordinary playing 21 points constitute a game.

All shoes shall be within six inches of the stake to score.

Closed shoe to stake scores one point. Two shoes, closer than opponent's, two points. One ringer scores three points. One ringer and closest shoe of the same player scores six points. One ringer and closest shoe of the same player scores four points. If a contestant shall have two ringers and his opponent one, the player having two ringers shall score three points. All equals count as ties and no points scored. In case each contestant has a ringer the next closest shoe, if within six inches of stake, shall score. If each contestant has a double ringer, both double ringers are cancelled and no points scored.

In case there is a tie of all four shoes—as four ringers, or all four shoes are an equal distance from the stake no scores shall be recorded and the contestant who pitched last is entitled to pitch first on the next throw.

Any shoe leaning against the stake in a tilted position shall have no advantage over a shoe lying flat

ONTARIO MAKES RAPID STRIDES AS SUMMER PLAYGROUND**LIKE AN ARABIAN NIGHT'S ADVENTURE**

A ready answer to the question, "Where shall we go for our holidays?" is found today among the many attractive and pleasurable resorts that have made Ontario's highlands and lake districts the mecca of vacationists from all across the continent.

From the blue waters of Huron to the rock spattered streams of the Ottawa Valley, picturesquely lakes and sparkling rivers vie with each other as popular resorts.

For the ardent fishermen the Kawartha Lakes, the Thirty Thousand Islands of Georgian Bay, the Magantan, Pickerel and French river districts and inland Lakes of Algoma Park offer the best of bass, muskonge and trout fishing.

For some a holiday is not complete without a canoe trip. For these, Timagami, the Rideau Lakes and the upper streams and lakes of Algoma Park offer a thousand delightful canoe trips with open-air camping and cooking thrown in for extra measure.

For general holidays such resorts as Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Georgian Bay, Kawartha Lakes and Lakes Couchiching and Simcoe are recommended.

Any Canadian National Railways Agent will gladly give you literature and full information on all of Ontario's summer resorts and assist you in planning your holiday.

SUMMER PASTURE FOR BROOD SOWS

In order to obtain the best results in the feeding of market pigs, it is absolutely essential to give due consideration to the brood sows which produce the young pigs. It is generally considered that the health and condition of the sow at breeding time and during the subsequent period of pregnancy has a marked bearing on the size of the litter, as well as on the size and vitality of the pigs.

The sow should not be fat either at breeding time nor during the gestation period, but she should be in a good healthy condition with a tendency toward more flesh as farrowing time approaches.

This condition is best obtained by encouraging plenty of exercise and supplying a ration which is largely made up of roughages and succulent feeds. During the summer season a well watered pasture provided with ample shade and protection from cold rains is an ideal location for brood sows.

There may be some doubt as to the advisability of using pasture for growing pigs, but there is no doubt as to its value for brood sows.

At the Dominion Experimental Station, Kapuskasing, Ontario, it has been found that brood sows do particularly well under conditions as described above. In this way it is possible to carry the sows over the summer period at a minimum cost and in a very vigorous and thriving condition. The pasture was supplemented by a light ration made up of coarse health producing grains such as bran, shorts and oats, with barley used occasionally if some gains were desired.

A good growth of red clover or alfalfa would be excellent as a pasture, but if these are not available an ordinary grass pasture will be much better than none.

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