

DURHAM CHRONICLE

Published every Thursday morning at the office, Garafraza Street, Durham, Ontario, by Frank Irwin, Editor and Manager.

Member Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association.

Whoever is afraid of submitting any question, civil or religious, to the test of free discussion, is more in love with his own opinion than with the truth.—WATSON.

Thursday, October 8, 1925.

OUR OVERSEAS TRADE

Though there are some in the land who are not in sympathy with the Agricultural Inquiry Commission of the Ontario Government...

Some two or three weeks ago, the Commission met in Toronto, the object being to establish a commission in London to market Canadian foodstuffs in the old land...

The cable news of the recommendation by the Ontario Agricultural Commission of the establishment of the commission to market Canadian foodstuffs here has been received with great interest...

"If Canada adopts the system of central marketing, she will be almost the last Dominion to do so. New Zealand recently organized meat producers' board...

English importers do not like the idea, as there is little doubt that the scheme, if it receives the whole-hearted backing of the Canadian farmers, will deprive these same importers of a good many thousands of dollars...

"The Ontario Agricultural Inquiry Commission are doing a commendable work through their endeavors to promote trade in Canadian farm products with Great Britain. To that end, they are fostering standardization and grading...

"A recent meeting of the Commission, held in the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, arrived at one conclusion that may be of inestimable benefit. The Commission is endeavoring to work through the Imperial Economic Committee appointed to advise the Imperial Government how best they might spend a million pounds sterling in fostering trade in foodstuffs grown within the Empire.

"Canada had three representatives at a summer meeting of the Imperial Economic Committee, but it was agreed at this recent meeting of the Ontario Commission that Canadian possibilities could best be presented to the Mother Country through inviting the Economic Committee to visit Canada and meet representatives of co-operative organizations and all agricultural interests.

"When the Deacon Talked in Church." was read by Mrs. Jackson. After Roll Call, the meeting was brought to a close, and Mrs. Ramage served a dainty lunch.

Mother Country of all the Dominions, is making preparation to cater to the Imperial demand with the choicest quality of goods."

The marketing of foodstuffs in Great Britain is a big problem, but the Ontario Commission, working in unison with the Dominion Commission, recently formed, will doubtless in the course of a few weeks, formulate a completed scheme that will be to the advantage of Canada as a whole.

A matter soon to be dealt with is the shipping of chilled beef into the Old Land. Heretofore, beefs have been slaughtered in Great Britain and, in the majority of instances, are hung for ten days to two weeks before being offered for consumption.

Though not informed on the whole scheme, which is yet in its first stages, we feel that the Ontario Agricultural Inquiry Board is doing good work for Ontario and Canada and that ere long will have completed some feasible scheme that will place Canada in an enviable position from the standpoint of supplying Great Britain with the farm products of Canada, the finest in the world.

KNOX UNITED W. M. S. MET LAST FRIDAY

Held Successful Meeting at Home of Mrs. C. Ramage.—Good Address by Mrs. R. Macfarlane on "The Presbyterian Contribution to the United Church."

The Women's Missionary Society of Knox United Church held a very successful meeting at the home of Mrs. C. Ramage on Friday last. The Bible Reading was taken by Mrs. T. E. Brown from the life of Abraham.

After the usual routine of business, Mrs. (Rev.) W. H. Smith and Mrs. R. Macfarlane introduced the new Study Books: "Prayer and Missions" and "The Presbyterian Church in Canada," respectively. Mrs. Smith said the aim of the book was, first, to exhibit the Bible as the greatest book on prayer, to show the glorious achievements of prayer with the purpose of leading believers to pray.

Mrs. Macfarlane then spoke of the Presbyterian contribution to the United Church. She said: "The Presbyterian church in Canada was compared to a river which had received many tributaries, most of which could be traced back to the Church of Scotland. There were rivulets however, of other origin, these being the Huguenots, as the Presbyterians of France were called. A migration to Halifax, Nova Scotia, from Holland and Germany of the German speaking Reformed Church and the United Empire Loyalists from the United States. Individual congregations then sprang up, and new leadership came from Scotland and Ireland.

"In Nova Scotia the foundations of the church were laid by missionaries of two successive groups—Burghers and Anti-Burghers. In 1795 there were two Presbyteries, one at Truro and one at Pictou, and in 1817 antagonisms were put aside, and they united heartily with the newly-created Presbytery of Halifax. Disruption in Scotland in 1843 disturbed the process of unification of Presbyterianism in Canada, causing a division in 1844. By the middle of the century, the church had followed settlement to all parts with the promise of greater expansion. Too obviously the expansion was hampered by disunion, but the old Scottish ideal of one Nation, all church had never been lost, and now there arose a desire for union which could not and would not be denied."

A missionary story entitled, "When the Deacon Talked in Church," was read by Mrs. Jackson. After Roll Call, the meeting was brought to a close, and Mrs. Ramage served a dainty lunch.

ILL WITH PNEUMONIA

We regret to learn that two of our citizens, Mrs. George Moore and Mr. David Smith, are ill with pneumonia, having been taken down last week. Yesterday, Mrs. Moore's condition was satisfactory, her temperature being about normal, but we understand that Mr. Smith is in quite a serious condition.

GIVEN 30 DAYS ON VAGRANCY CHARGE

Reginald Eberhardt Sent to Owen Sound Tuesday by Magistrate Laidlaw.—May be examined As to Sanity.

A police court case of considerable interest, and of which little was known when the trial was proceeding, came up before Police Magistrate Laidlaw here Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock.

The defendant was a man giving his name as Reginald Eberhardt, a well-dressed, good appearing young fellow, who had been placed under arrest the evening before at the home of Mr. John Birr in Normanby, charged with vagrancy. Eberhardt, who has been some time in Normanby, had worked for Mr. William Birr, but for the week previous to his arrest, had been at the home of Mr. John Birr, where he would neither work nor apparently hunt for employment. Naturally, Mr. Birr did not appreciate this kind of hospitality and communicated with Chief Falconer here to come down and take him away.

Accordingly, Constable Falconer, in company with Constable Watson, went down to the Birr home in Normanby, a mile or so west of Knox church on the base line, where they found Eberhardt already in bed. Mr. Birr, while he wanted to speed the departing guest, did not feel like having him taken away Monday night, requesting that he be left there and brought to Durham on Tuesday morning. As the family were afraid to stay in the house alone with the man, whom they believed to be at least partially insane, Watson was left on guard while Falconer came in to Durham to procure a warrant. The next morning, Eberhardt was brought in to town and lodged in the local lock-up.

Upon being brought before the magistrate, the prisoner, who was charged with being found in the Township of Normanby as a vagrant and with no visible means of support, shut up like a clam and refused to answer any of the questions asked by the magistrate or the constables. He could not be sworn and would make no statement. This necessitated the taking of Chief Falconer's evidence, which was much as given above. The chief said that when he went to the Birr farm, he found the accused in bed, had a long conversation with him, that he appeared rational, and with one exception had not refused to answer any of the questions put to him. He had told him that Mr. Birr would get every cent that was coming to him for board, but had made no offer for payment nor any arrangements for payment when he left. He said his parents lived in Collingwood, but when questioned at the trial, would neither affirm nor deny this statement. When the constable went down Tuesday morning with the warrant, the Birr family were up, had had their breakfast and were at work. The accused came down about 8 o'clock looking for his morning meal.

This in short is about all the evidence that was taken, and for a time the magistrate seemed in a quandary as to what course to pursue. If Eberhardt was of unsound mind, it was not right that he should be allowed to roam the country at will; neither was it right to have him incarcerated in the county gaol at hard labor. The offence calls for a maximum fine of \$50 and costs or six months, but after considering the case, Magistrate Laidlaw imposed a minimum fine of \$5 and costs or thirty days with hard labor.

Eberhardt was taken to Owen Sound Tuesday afternoon where the question of his sanity will be gone into. For a time, the court thought he might be a returned man suffering from some of the various illnesses caused by shell shock or overseas service, but the defendant never spoke, and the magistrate felt that the only thing to do was to put him under the surveillance of the county authorities who would examine him as to his sanity and possibly be able to get in touch with his relatives at Collingwood.

Where the Flies Come From

How often do we hear people say: "Where in the world do all the flies come from?" It is simple enough. The toper makes the blue-bottle fly, the stern father makes the gad fly, the cyclone makes the house fly, the blacksmith makes the fire fly, the driver makes the horse fly, the grocer makes the sand fly and the boarder makes the butter fly.

The older generation was too circumspect to act as youngsters now do, but it is making for lost time.

Specials This Week

- Women's Patent Strap Slippers, assorted lot on sale at... \$2.50
Women's Brown Calf Oxfords, cuban and low heels, on sale at... \$2.50
Misses' Patent Strap Slippers, mixed lot, on sale at... \$1.98
Infants' Black Bals and Button Boots, sizes 2 to 7 1/2, on sale at... \$1.25

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

J. S. McIlraith The Cash Shoe Store Durham, Ont.

RURAL DEANERY MET AT DUNDALK

Unfavorable Weather Conditions Interfered With Attendance, But Every Congregation in Deanery Was Represented.

The fall meeting of the Rural Deanery Chapter of the Deanery of Grey was held in St. James church, Dundalk, on Monday of this week. Owing to the unfavorable weather conditions and the bad state of the roads, especially in the northern part of the deanery, the attendance was somewhat smaller than usual, but nearly every congregation in the deanery was represented.

The preacher at the opening service was the Ven. Archdeacon Doherty of London. At the meeting of the Rural Deanery Chapter, over which Rural Dean Hartley of Shelburne presided, it was decided to hold a choral festival in connection with the spring meeting when the massed choirs of the deanery will render choral evensong in St. George's church, Owen Sound, under the direction of the choirmaster of St. George's church.

At the afternoon session, an interesting paper was given by Dr. McKenz Naughton on "The Church in the Old Land." Dr. Naughton in England and Scotland and spoke of some of his impressions of English church life on revisiting the homeland after some years' absence. He mentioned in particular the Anglo-Catholic movement, which he believed to be at its height, and the new Liberal Evangelical movement which had sprung up in opposition to it.

Canon Sawers of St. Matthews, Toronto, spoke on the work of the G. B. R. E. and outlined the new system of text books used in Sunday school instruction.

Dinner and luncheon were served to over 100 delegates by the ladies of St. James' and sister parishes. The next Deanery meeting will be at St. George's, Owen Sound.

WHO CAN VOTE

A registrar is appointed by the Government in each polling sub-division to prepare the list to be used on Election Day. The Registrar prepares what he believes to be a complete list of voters in that poll, and on October 14, posts it in the two most conspicuous places in his poll.

The Registrar is required by law to be at his residence, or some other place advertised by him, on October 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 between 2 and 6 o'clock in afternoons, to receive corrections, the afternoons mentioned being specified only in order to assure its being possible for every person interested to readily find the registrar. The corrections must be made on oath, and anyone who has the necessary knowledge may make them. The attendance of the voters concerned is not essential.

The list closes at six o'clock on October 20, but if on election day, a qualified voter is not on the list, he or she can vote by first taking an oath as to qualification, and being vouched for by a qualified elector who is on the list.

Anyone can vote who is a British subject, 21 years of age, on or before day of voting, who has lived in Canada one year previous to July 5, 1925, and who has established residence in the riding previous to July 5, 1925.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the trustees, pupils and teacher of Boothville school wish, through The Chronicle, to thank Mrs. John Burgess of Durham and her brothers, Donald and Archibald McKinnon of the West, or the organ donated to their old home school.

Mr. George Lane, Mr. James Wilson, Mr. Peter McDonald, Miss Helen Christie.

DURHAM MARKET

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Live Hogs, Wheat, Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Peas, Mixed Grain, Hay, Butter, Potatoes, Sheepskins, Hides, and Cattle.

PASSED AWAY MONDAY AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Mrs. William Grant, Lifelong Resident of Normanby Township, Succumbed Monday to Old Illness Following Operation.

We regret this week to chronicle the death early Monday morning of Mrs. William Grant, who died in the Mount Forest Hospital following an operation on the 5th of this month for the removal of gallstones. Mrs. Grant was 52 years of age and was born on the farm now occupied by Mr. W. Porter, Normanby, a short distance from where the greater part of her life was spent. She was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Robert Watson.

Twenty-nine years ago, she was married to Mr. William Grant, and up to the 17th of last June, when they moved to Mount Forest, the family has continually resided on what is known as the Grant home, five miles south of this town on the Provincial Highway. Besides her husband, a family of six sons and four daughters survive, as follows: Stewart, in Detroit; Campbell, in Walkerton; Gordon, on the homestead; Roy, Elsie, Florence, Jessie, Evelyn and Douglas at home.

Mrs. Grant has been ailing for the past year from what subsequently proved to be gall stones and for treatment of which she entered the Mount Forest Hospital on the 5th of October, for the same trouble and underwent an operation from which she was recovering, but took a relapse last Thursday night and sank from that time until death. She never regained consciousness.

Mrs. Grant's illness was no doubt accentuated by the fact that during the past year, the family has had more than its share of trouble in the unfortunate accident which befell Mr. Grant last November when he was struck down by a motor car and so seriously injured. During her husband's illness, Mrs. Grant was most solicitous for his comfort, and the additional strain coupled with her own failing health no doubt was a factor in bringing her illness to a climax.

The deceased was an estimable woman, who was held in the highest esteem, and when the family moved to Mount Forest last June, the tribute of their old neighbors in a farewell gathering held at the old home was one of sincere regret at their departure.

Besides the immediate family, nine brothers and sisters survive: Robert, in New York; Charles, in Daysland, Alberta; George and Margaret, (Mrs. W. Wilson), in Rainy River; John, James and Alice (Mrs. Ingle), in New Westminster, B. C.; Mary (Mrs. McGrae), in Edmonton, Alberta, and Winnie (Mrs. Peland), in Nanaimo, B. C.

The remains were brought from the home at Mount Forest to their old farm home south of Varnoy, where so many years of their life were spent, and from where the funeral was held yesterday afternoon at Maplewood cemetery, the large attendance of old friends and neighbors showing the esteem in

which the family is held. The services were in charge of Rev. Mr. McGrae of Mount Forest. The pall bearers were four sons, Stewart, Gordon, Campbell and Roy, and two cousins, Bert Watson and Andrew Marshall.

The Chronicle extends sympathy to the family in their bereavement.

KNOX CHURCH Y. W. A. HELD QUILTING BEE

Pleasant and Profitable Evening Spent in Basement of Church Last Week.

The Young Woman's Auxiliary of Knox United Church met in the basement of the church Thursday of last week for a quilting, when the two quilts contemplated were quilted and will be sent to two of the charities of the church. About 40 ladies were in attendance, and following the period of profitable occupation, an elaborate lunch, among which were salads and meats, was served.

Another Gael Tragedy

Sandy was engaged to a girl, who, a few days before her nineteenth birthday, succumbed to the prevailing feminine craze and had her hair bobbed. All her girl friends congratulated her on her improved appearance, and it was therefore with herself to her sweetheart. But Sandy viewed her with grave disapproval.

"It's hard on me, lassie," he said, "verra hard. After I've just bought yo a packet o' hairpins for your birthday."

Miss Macphail's Meetings

Meetings in the interest of Miss Macphail, Progressive candidate in the coming Federal election, will be held as follows:

- S. S. No. 11 (EAST) PROTON and CATHOLIC HALL, PROTON Monday, October 19
HOLLAND CENTRE Tuesday, October 20
CHATSWORTH Wednesday, October 21
NEUSTADT Thursday, October 22
DUNDALK Friday, October 23
HOLSTEIN Saturday, October 24

All meetings at 8 p.m. to be addressed by candidate and others.

WANTED

Female Help

On sewing machines, hand finishing and winding for our knitting department.

Also BOYS 15 to 18 years of age to learn knitting business

STEADY EMPLOYMENT

Superior Knitting Mills, Limited

Mount Forest, Ont.

Grain Prices

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Peas, and Mixed Grain.

OUR PRICES ON Flour and Feed

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Pilot Flour, Pastry Flour, Feed Flour, Tankage, Heavy Mixed Chop, Oat Chop, Crimped Oats, and Standard Screenings.

We will handle all grain through Rob Roy elevator. Get our prices before you sell.

Bran, Shorts, Corn, Beef Scrap, Salt, Etc.

EVERYTHING IN FEEDS AT CLOSE PRICES

CHOPPING AND OAT CRIMPING EVERY DAY

AT MCKECHNIE'S MILL

J. W. EWEN & SON

Phone 114

Box 82, Durham

DR. CAMPBELL HAD GOOD MEETING AT HAL

Between Four and Five Assembled to Hear Quies Day Discussed by Outsideers.—Stevenson, Representative, Made Good Address over's Working Men.

The political meeting in interest of Dr. L. G. Campbell Liberal-Conservative candidate in Hanover Tuesday night, out many points in the campaign that were no ones to those fortunate enough in attendance and hear the ers. John Taylor was in the and following a selection of the Hanover Band, led no calling the meeting to order.

Dr. Campbell, the candid the first speaker, gave a address, and briefly placed in form before the electors. It applause when he concluded must have made a good im on his hearers.

The address of Mr. Stevenson Labor man from Toronto, remarkable in its conciseness, considering the ground covered cleared up a good many points came up in the last campaign will doubtless come up again present one. Mr. Stevenson was a member of a Labor party over 36 years and as del many of the conventions, the foremost labor men of America. One point he bro was the assumption of Mi phail that she had the Cana bor parties behind her in the paign. This, Mr. Stevenson was a fallacy, as the Inde Labor Party, to which Mi phail referred, was not the Canada Labor Party, and in its membership less than cent of the labor party in Mr. Stevenson said he belie the other 98 per cent, and his party recognized the the they were not to be recal the same light at all.

As a Labor man, he did no much of the poverty cry Western farmers and said t winter while in Pasadena, in one of the best bod registers contained the nam good many Saskatchewan who annually spent their in that city. The hold showed that there were mor atchewan farmers registered hotel than from any two st of the American Union.

In his opinion, there was o issue in this campaign, and the protection of industry, t action of the working ma and also, the protection of Canadian farmer. He con steady employment of working men of paramount est and put a new meani word "protection" when t that the working man was n tecting the manufacturer, but, protecting himself. The s scored the Progressive party ing too narrow and selfish a that if the conditions were re he was just as much oppos "Labor" to government as the a farmer government. He sa a government should be ma of all classes if it were to for the benefit of all.

Mr. Stevenson quoted from ties to show what the recent tion of the duty on textiles had to Canadian labor. It would t 600 more textile workers that employed in Canadian mills to the imported goods that had been Canada in 1925. And th said, should the accomplish out the building of an add factory or one lost more of tional floor space.

Col. Belford, M.P.P. for Northumberland, was the th last speaker and gave an int resume of the country since federation, saying that you one class in the community hurting the other. He had wheat farmer in the West years and was farming in Nor berland now, and consider knew at least a little about the agricultural industry. He was vor of a tariff for the farm well as for the manufactur said that if there was to be continual tinkering with the on the part of governments, a little wonder that it was di to get financiers to invest money.

In talking to the Liberals wh they do not care, the speaker they should care. What has Macphail offered in return power? asked the speaker, whole Progressive movement been what might in a homely be called a campaign of hot air, ing the past four years at O they had not brought forth one inite or practical idea, and Mr. T. A. Gearar, the father o Progressive party, said that failed.

Mr. Belford pointed out the advantages of a group govern and said that if we wanted this of thing, we would have to the Canadian constitution to g The constitution of the co called for two parties and was best form of government in world. With two parties, if party in power cannot carry they must appeal to the pe With group government, they c carry on indefinitely. The sp said that Canada had had a s of group government during the four years. The Progressives i pered the Mackenzie King Gov ment all they dared, but were t that they did not hamper the extent that it would hav appeal to the country. "They four thousand reasons for this," the speaker amid laughter. In closing the speaker asked electors to consider carefully