

ODDFELLOWS' DECORATION DAY

The Oddfellows of Grey Lodge No. 169 held their decoration services on Sunday afternoon with gratifying results. The lodge here has a membership of about 70, but of these many are in distant parts and unable to join in such gatherings. At 2.30 a procession of about 60, including a number of visiting brethren from Walkerton, formed at the Lodgeroom and, led by the band and marshalled by Bro. E. D. McClocklin, marched to the cemetery where the services were carried out in accordance with the program.

On arrival at the cemetery the regalia brethren formed a circle in the little grove and after a few preliminary remarks by Bro. J. A. Graham, the Noble Grand, all joined in singing from the printed programs the old familiar hymn, "Abide With Me." This was followed by a most effective prayer by Mr. A. T. McNeill of Toronto, former president of the Woodstock Baptist College.

At this juncture a committee of the brethren left the audience and placed baskets of beautiful floral decorations on the graves of the departed brethren and on returning the program was continued, when all joined in singing, "Shall We Gather at the River."

Mr. McNeill then read the 103rd Psalm after which Rev. Mr. Smith delivered a forceful and able address of a truly spiritual nature.

"Work For the Night is Coming" was then sung by the audience, followed by a fine address on Oddfellowship by Bro. E. D. McClocklin. The Doxology and Benediction brought the meeting to a close when the members re-formed and marched back to the lodge room where votes of thanks were tendered the Band and the visiting brethren from Walkerton. A few brief addresses were made and the thirsty pedestrians indulged in orangeade, but no other refreshments.

The brethren on whose graves floral decorations were placed, with dates of death, are as follows:

- John Moodie, Nov. 16, 1879.
- Harry Kress, Aug. 5, 1879.
- John McLean, Feb. 7, 1884.
- James McFarlane, June 26, 1897.
- Ben Warner, July 24, 1905.
- Dan. Campbell, May 27, 1906.
- George Wilson, Dec. 21, 1909.
- Wellington Fairman, Nov. 19, 1917.
- Arthur K. Smith, April 28, 1918.
- John Rose, July 22, 1921.

CORONER'S INQUEST SHOWED DEATH FROM NATURAL CAUSES

Last week we referred to the death of Mr. Robert McClyment, of Dornoch and hinted that rumor caused suspicion that led to a post-mortem and subsequently an inquest. The jurors were sworn in at the time of the post-mortem and the inquest adjourned to Saturday at 10 o'clock, when evidence was taken before Coroner Hutton at Dornoch. The jurors were: Bryce Dargavel, William O'Mara, Dan O'Mara, Theodore Mannerow, William Smith, Herbert Trafford and Stewart McGillivray.

Though the evidence showed there had been trouble between the deceased and his son-in-law, no sign of violence or foul play had been discovered. The post-mortem revealed a weakened condition of the heart, which was regarded as the immediate cause of death, and the suspected party or parties exonerated from all blame. It is well that the investigation was made as it removes a stigma that otherwise remain.

Mother Died in England.

Mr. Joseph Rainford received a cablegram from his sister, Mrs. W. G. Lawrence, now in England, that their mother had died, and was buried there that week. Mrs. Lawrence left here last month for the old land in response to information that her mother was very ill and recovery doubtful.

TOURISTS PAID STIFFLY FOR TWO PER CENT. BEER

According to a dispatch from Sarina, raids made last week at that place by the chief of police and his aides on a number of places selling soft drinks and 2 per cent. beer proved that Barnum was right.

The police, searching for over-strength beer, found that in a number of instances the labels of bottles containing 2 per cent. beer were washed off the bottles. Customers, many of these tourists, were "wise" to the fact that certain places sold real beer. These places were visited, and with secrecy the unsuspecting client, under cover and with much ceremony, was handed a bottle of alleged real beer, in reality only 2 per cent., for which the drinker is charged 50 cents per bottle. The news that real beer was being sold spread like wildfire, and as a result, huge profits have been made.

Here's another gross perversion of justice. A man who stole a cornet was sent to the penitentiary, despite the fact that he must have stolen it from somebody who played it.—Frederickton Gleaner.

DURHAM'S GOOD JUNIORS WON RIGHT IN OWEN SOUND

Durham's Junior North Wellington Baseball Leaguers won right in Owen Sound yesterday 10-6. This is the third game to decide this series in the semi-finals. Mountain pitched a great game. We can give no account of the game at this late hour other than to announce the return game here for next Wednesday afternoon. It will most certainly be a hummer and while this is not a holiday on account of the holiday on Monday, it is expected that the stores will be prevailed on to close. It certainly will be "some" game. Watch for the bills for the hour and fuller particulars.

CRISP COMMENT

Goldilocks and the Three Bares—Bare Chest, Bare Back, Bare Knees.—Kitchener Record.

"Man with eleven wives may be insane." Heading. It sounds darned reasonable.—Frederickton Gleaner.

All the clothes in the wardrobe of all the flappers placed end to end wouldn't reach.—Kitchener Record.

When it comes to turning brass into gold, scientists will never be able to beat the boy who has the hat-checking privilege.—Hamilton Spectator.

Human hair is said to be worth \$50 a pound, but it depends on whether you are buying it or merely trying to keep what you have.—Hamilton Herald.

At times, one can't tell which will get here first, prosperity or posterity.—Nelson News.

The chief weakness of reformers is their disposition to think everything enjoyable a little wicked.—Kingston Whig.

An Ohio man was fined \$10 for hitting a dentist, but it may have been worth more than that.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

When she eats dinner and then chews her cud, that's cow. When banqueters eat dinner and then chew the rag, that's bull.—Nelson News.

The world is growing better, but it is probable that cold feet turn the other cheek more frequently than righteousness.—Windsor Border Cities Star.

That Canadian woman who killed her husband with a butcher knife will cause every housewife to wonder how she got the thing sharp enough.—Sherbrooke Record.

LATEST FASHION CONVULSION HITS THE SLEEVE

Dispatches from Paris to the British press still deal with fashions, despite the fact that in this country the dictatorship of the French capital is declining. But that is because Americans can make their own clothes, but did you ever see any made in England? The latest convulsion is said to have hit the sleeve. Sleeves are now tremendous in extent, involving vast quantities of material. It is said that they have grown steadily wider, and last month they ran amuck altogether. Tudor sleeves, kimono sleeves, were left far behind. It is not only possible to make a whole dress from one sleeve, but a dress with a train. Sometimes, in the new tea gowns, the sleeve is a train, trailing on the ground, with the arm emerging somewhere amidstships. Such gowns are for afternoon. For evening wear, the sleeves may be dispensed with, or only one worn. A white satin dress described by one astonished witness had a black slash down the bodice, a black tulle belt worn low like a cowboy's gun-belt and fastened with a large jewel, and a small black sleeve on one side. It was just as "cute!" The other arm was protected from the weather by a jet bracelet. The effect must have been a good deal like that of a skirt that had been horribly mutilated in the wash, but had to be worn in an emergency. Fantasies in sleeves have been followed by some in skirts. The crisis that arose a few months back about the feminine equator, or waist line, appears to have been solved by setting it very much in the south. The waist is to be worn low. The latest skirts are said to be lower in the waist than any skirt can be and retain its skirtly character. Sometimes there is a dip behind, over which the upper part balloons, giving the effect of a cape cut narrow at the bottom and gathered in by its wearer. Such skirts are fairly long and much decorated with beads and woollen embroidery, dangling strings and perhaps a sporrán. Sashes are being used. In color gowns show violent chromatic struggles in Chinese blue and Indian red, put on here and there in patches. It may seem incredible. The general messiness reminds one of some of the atrocities of English architecture.

Mount Forest has a tax rate of 47 mills.

BORN

Danard.—In Durham, on Thursday, August 3, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Danard a daughter (Elizabeth Mary).

ENGLAND CAN'T PAY WAR DEBT SAYS NOTED EVANGELIST

The following article was clipped from the State Journal of Lansing, Michigan. It contains extracts from an address recently given by Rev. C. J. McCombe, the noted evangelist, who took a prominent part a few years ago in the Moorefield campaign. Mr. McCombe is at the present time pastor of the Central Methodist Church, Lansing, Mich.:

Rev. Christopher Jeffares McCombe, in his address at the Central Methodist Church, Lansing, Michigan, Sunday evening, commented on the proposal that England offer Canada to United States in payment for its \$10,000,000,000 war indebtedness. Excerpts from his talk follow:

"Arrested by the intelligence that a prominent public official has outlined a policy and proposition for the settlement of England's ten billion war indebtedness to the United States by accepting Canada in payment, I am unable to refrain from making some observations which I trust will be startlingly illuminating and revealing.

"Canada was the first colony of any empire in all the world's history to come to national self-government without revolution, bitterness, hatred, and unpleasant divorcement.

"Canada holds the most strategic position for Anglo-American unity in the English-speaking world. She supplemented nature's gift of location by sensible evolution and development.

"Canada marched through half a century of heated, fierce, political, internal struggle, up to nationalhood through the British North America Act of 1867. In and through that Act it was published to the parliament of Britain and to the world that Canada would accept the right of a free people to govern themselves.

"Canada is a nation and freedom is her nationality," said Sir Wilfrid Laurier at a meeting of dominion premiers in England.

"Canada has not paid a red cent of tax either directly or indirectly into the English treasury for half a century. Canada has not made a contribution either by direct or indirect assessment for the maintenance of the British navy, army, the royal household, or even of the king himself—not a cent. More than that, there is not enough power in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, there is not enough power in the British war office, in the admiralty, in the government, in the imperial parliament to remove a single dollar from the Canadian treasury, to remove a single son from a Canadian home for any service of any kind anywhere under the sun. Nor does Britain desire to exercise that kind of power, even though she had it.

"Canada has national independence and self-government within the British commonwealth of nations, enjoying the right of a free people to govern themselves such as could not be surpassed anywhere in the world.

"Canada was not approached by Britain during the war for one dollar nor one man. Britain could not exercise any power of coercion or conscription in the Dominion of Canada.

"Canada by her own free will and choice and by deliberate action of her responsible government endorsed and authorized by the Canadian people of all political affiliations declared to the world that the right of a free people to govern themselves belonged to Belgium as well as Canada. This declaration of words was registered and sealed by the costly—yea priceless—blood of Canada's sons, who to the number of approximately half the best she could breed, voluntarily faced civilization's foe and to write a page of heroism scarcely surpassed in the annals of history.

"Any man who has not heard that George III. is dead and his policy of the Divine Right of Kings and illogical burdensome taxation which was answered by the colonists in a revolution a century and a half ago, is abandoned.

"Any man who talks about a British joke on Canada while he asks why does Canada not strike for freedom. I would ask, freedom from what? There is nothing in the realm of citizenship or of national aspiration and of democracy that is not now in Canada's possession.

"No less a scholar and statesman than John Bright said during the debate in the Imperial Parliament in 1867: 'The door is wide open for Canada's withdrawal, for Canada's independence, and even for Canada's union with the United States.'

"Canada deliberately, independently, and with malice aforethought sent her sons to face the Huns, not as an English, but a Canadian Army—Jack Canuck and Tommy Atkins shoulder to shoulder.

"Canada sent her accredited representatives to the foreign capitals as a member of the British Commonwealth of nations. Canada, when the treaty of peace was to be signed at

Versailles in 1919, had her pen in hand to sign for herself.

"Canada during the first session of the League of Nations, startled the world with rugged independence through her spokesman, my friend, the Honorable Newton Rowell, who proved that when a war was to be fought the British Commonwealth of nations was one, when a peace was to be accepted or a league was to be entered, that Commonwealth was not one, but six.

"My American friend admits that there are a number of contingencies which might arise to obstruct such a settlement of England's war indebtedness by England handing over Canada to the United States.

"May I say that my household is sentimentally bound up to my parent's household so that we would fight to the last ditch for its protection. But should our parents attempt to meet their personal obligations by handing over our home to their creditors, the same strength and force will be used against them as for them.

"Such is the case in the Dominion of Canada, and England could no more transfer Canada to the United States than she could present Scotland to France, Wales to Mexico, or Ireland to Holland.

"I know of nothing in the realm of Internationalism of importance equal to that of our North Americanism where an imaginary line separates, yet unites, these two great progressive nations—while Canada acts as a link holding us to England. May this situation long continue.

"As I cross Niagara bridge and behold the American and Canadian Falls outdoing each other in grandeur and power—yet joining below the falls in one common flow, above each rises a vapor separate and distinct, yet drawing near into each other's embrace and ascending as one to the heavens, so may the distinct flow of life on either side the boundary line merge into one great common flow towards Life's ocean, while the mist and vapor ascends from the hearts on the Canadian side and on the United States side of the line soon to lose its separate identity and as one sweet-smelling incense ascend to the very throne of the Creator of worlds and Maker of men. Long live the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America!"

BEEES STING AND DIE

A bee loses its sting and its life when it stings a person, because of the peculiar shape of the sting. It is usually a working bee that stings humans, for, although the queen has a sting, she generally uses it upon rivals only. The working bee's sting is just a tube which carries the poison. The tube is fitted with two sharply-toothed minute saws, which are driven into the wound alternately. If the person who is being stung remains perfectly still the bee can withdraw its sting somewhat after the fashion of a corkscrew—that is, by moving round in a circular direction. In which case, of course, it lives to sting again. Usually, however, the outraged human retaliates on the bee, which, driven away, perforce leaves its sting, tearing away a portion of the stomach to which it is attached, and so killing itself.

AN AUCTIONEER'S VICISSITUDES

For three hours the auctioneer had tried to rouse his listeners to the proper pitch of enthusiasm. But either the weather or the lunch had disagreed with them, and they simply would not be roused. The sale was one of horses, and lot after lot went for low prices. At last the low-water mark was reached, when a sad and sorry animal was led into the ring. "Now, gentlemen," shouted the auctioneer, "what offers for this lot? Will somebody start the bidding?" Then a voice came from somewhere in the middle of the crowd, "Two dollars." "Gentlemen! gentlemen!" protested the auctioneer, tearfully, "the horse is alive!"

Science Made Easy.

A wealthy gentleman said to a young matron: "I am ashamed of my failure to keep abreast of modern science. Take the electric light, for instance, I haven't the least idea how it works." The young matron gave him a patronizing smile. "Why," she said, "it's really very simple. You just press a button and the light comes on—that's all there is to it."

VETERAN STAR THEATRE

TWO SHOWS: 8 and 9 P.M.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

August 4 and 5

PEARL WHITE

—IN—

"Beyond Price"

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Sam LeVine and twin sisters, Sadie and Beckie, left on a motor trip Sunday morning for Chicago to visit their sister, Mrs. A. Holland. Word was received here Tuesday that they had arrived in Chicago on Monday evening.

Mrs. Bert Handforth and two children returned to Toronto on Friday last, after spending a pleasant holiday with her mother, Mrs. S. F. McNally.

Mrs. Cushnie of Toronto is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Neil McKechnie, Mrs. H. Williams, Mrs. A. Rutherford and other relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. William Laidlaw left Monday for Moose Jaw, where they will spend some time with their daughter, Mrs. W. F. Dunn, and perhaps extend their trip to the coast before returning.

Barrister Robert Laidlaw of Toronto was in town over Sunday to visit his parents before they left for the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Munro of Eyebrow, Sask., arrived here Saturday night from the West. Since leaving home they took a couple of side trips, one of them being among the Thousand Islands.

Miss Lura Scott of Toronto spent a few days in town as guest of Miss Alma Hughes, with whom she left on Monday to spend a time in Kincardine with Rev. and Mrs. Farr.

Mr. Caultier of Buffalo visited with friends in town for a few days this week.

Mr. Donald McCoskery and sister, Miss Elsie, of Toronto, are spending a few weeks holiday at the brother's, Mr. John McCoskery's, in town, and with their sister, Mrs. Malcolm McInnis, near Priceville.

Mrs. J. F. Irwin, and niece, Miss Vera Mountain, have returned from visiting relatives and friends in Hamilton.

Miss Mary McIlraith has returned from Lake Simcoe, where she was in charge of a girl's camp for the past couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goode and son of Walkerton, Mrs. J. Goode and Miss Goode of Maple Hill, Mr. and Mrs. George Gowanlock of Port Elgin, Mrs. T. C. Barker and Miss Margaret and Master Thomas Barker of Toronto, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Cook.

Mr. William Johnston of St. Marys is visiting friends in town.

Mr. William Aljoe of St. Marys visited his mother in Egremont over Sunday.

Mrs. Herb. Ball and son Charlie of Winnipeg arrived here Monday night and will visit for a month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown. Mr. Ball is expected in a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Samuelson, and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Larson and daughters, of Mimico, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tippet. Mrs. Samuelson and Mrs. Larson are daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Tippet.

Masters Murray and Teddy Luscombe of Ottawa are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tippet, here.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Tunstead and two children of Los Angeles are visiting his mother, Mrs. Blackburn, and sister, Mrs. J. F. Grant.

Miss Sutherland of Toronto is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Vollet, Mrs. Pickering, Mrs. Harding, Miss

SAVED FROM OPERATION

"Fruit-a-tives" Co. Relieved

8928 UNION ST., VAN. "I suffered with all the symptoms of Female trouble, with constipation and constant headache. I was in pain and suffering all over the body. A doctor advised me to have an operation.

I started taking "Fruit-a-tives" and this medicine has completely relieved me of all my misery and suffering. I am free of pain and headache, the terrible constipation, and I saved me the fruit medicine "Fruit-a-tives."

Madam M. J. GORS. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Vollett and Miss Kelly visited Mr. D. B. Jamieson and Miss Bowman at Southampton the fore part of the week.

Mr. Willard Porter of New York, is visiting in town after an absence of fourteen years. He was last here at the death and burial of his mother in 1908. Previous to that date he made it a point to be here every year for a fortnight or more. Though Durham, he notes a number of material improvements since his last visit, but the friends and acquaintances of former days are passing away rapidly and only a few of them are now left. For twenty years Mr. Porter has been continuously employed on the New York World. He served his apprenticeship in this office in the days of White & Johnston.

Mr. A. T. McNeill of Toronto, former principal of Woodstock Baptist College, and brother of Rev. John McNeill of Walmer Road Baptist Church, Toronto, delivered very able sermons on Sunday last in the Baptist Church here. He also took part in the Oddfellows' decoration service.

Mrs. H. Engel and Miss Dorothy, of Hanover, spent Friday at Mrs. John McKechnie's.

Miss Annie Noble, deaconess, of Toronto, was the guest for a few days with Miss Margaret McGirr.

Rev. A. G. Laing and family of Thornbury spent Monday with Mrs. Thomas McGirr.

Miss Chrissie McGirr leaves this morning for a couple of weeks' visit at the Rev. Matthews cottage, Kaigashene Point, Muskoka.

Mrs. William Young is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Mundle, Owen Sound.

DURHAM MARKET

Corrected Aug. 3, 1922

Live hogs.....	\$12.75
Wheat (old).....	1.25 @ 1.30
Oats.....	50 @ 55
Barley.....	70 @ 75
Buckwheat.....	95 @ 1.00
Peas.....	1.50 @ 1.75
Hay.....	15.00
Eggs.....	.18
Butter.....	.25
Potatoes.....	1.50
Hides.....	.04
Sheepskins.....	.60

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Your Business Solicited

Ladies, Attention!

Are you prepared with Shoes for the holiday? If not, give us a call. We will be pleased to show you our stock of Oxfords and Strap Slippers in black, brown, or white.

Below we are quoting a few prices:

Women's Black Calf, Goodyear welt, one strap, buckle, low heel (Classic).....	\$5.50
Women's Brown Calf, Goodyear Welt, one strap, buckle, low heel (Classic).....	\$5.50
Women's Patent Colt, one strap, slipper buckle, low heel (Gracia).....	\$5.00
Women's Patent Colt, two-strap slipper, low heel (Weston).....	\$5.00
Women's White Canvas, two-strap.....	\$3.00
Women's White Canvas Oxford.....	\$3.00

REPAIRING AS USUAL

J. S. McILRAITH

The Cash Shoe Store.

Durham, Ont.