

Why Suffer With BACKACHE, KIDNEYS OR RHEUMATISM NOW?

Letter Tells of Long-looked-for Prescription. Dear Readers—If I can do any good in the world for others, I wish to do it, and I feel that it is my duty to write about the wonderful results I received from the use of "Anuric." I was suffering from kidney and bladder troubles, scalding urine, backache and rheumatism, and feet and ankles swollen so that at times I could not walk without assistance. Had taken several different kinds of kidney remedies but all failed. I sent for a box of Dr. Pierce's newest discovery, "Anuric," which I received by mail to tablet form. I soon got better and am convinced that this popular new medicine is good. I wish to recommend it to my neighbors and everybody suffering from such troubles. MRS. M. J. SARGENT.

NOTE: You've all undoubtedly heard of the famous Dr. Pierce and his well-known medicines. Well, this prescription is one that has been successfully used for many years by the physicians and specialists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for kidney complaints, and diseases arising from disorders of the kidneys and bladder, such as backache, weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, congestion of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, scalding urine, and urinary troubles. Up to this time, "Anuric" has not been on sale to the public, but by the persuasion of many patients and the increased demand for this wonderful healing Tablet, Doctor Pierce has finally decided to put it into the stores, or send 10 cents for large trial package or 30 cents for full treatment. Simply ask for Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general tonic and reconstructer for any one, besides being the best blood-maker known.

Big 4 He Sells Cheap. Lace Curtains at 75c. \$1.00 and \$1.50 per pair. Curtain Serise at 12 1/2, 15, 17 and 18c. per yard. Bed Comforters, from \$1.55 to \$4.50 each. White Bed Spreads, large size, \$2.25 each. New Prints at 15c, 17c., 20c. yd. W. H. BEAN Big 4

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING. Rugs, Oilcloths, Window Shades, Lace Curtains and all Household Furnishings. TINSMITING. Mr. R. Kress has opened a shop at the rear of the furniture store and is prepared to do all kinds of tinsmithing. Undertaking receives special attention. EDWARD KRESS

DUSTBANE SAVES LABOR WHEN SWEEPING. KILLS GERMS BRIGHTENS FLOORS MAKES CARPETS LOOK LIKE NEW. Don't Sweep without DUSTBANE. Order a Tin To-Day. Packed in BbIs for Use in Stores and Offices. S. McINTYRE Distributor. Probably all's well that ends well, but when the good end is a long way off there's not much comfort in the old and toothless saw.

History of the Hapsburgs Has Been Lengthy Tale Of Murder and Robbery

IN our desire to free the world from the nightmare of Hohenzollern autocracy we frequently forget that much worse despotism of Vienna and the Hapsburgs, says the Slav Press Bureau. Before the Hohenzollerns came to real power, the Hapsburgs had been engaged in their trade of murder and robbery for centuries. During the seventeenth century in the Bohemian and Alpine lands, they ruthlessly suppressed any semblance of freedom of thought and endeavored to Germanize Central Europe by the introduction of the German language into the schools of Bohemia and Moravia. They drove the Czech nobility into exile and Germanized its remnants. Thus they prepared the ground for the modern German schemes of Middle Europe and world domination. The Hapsburgs not only permitted, but actually encouraged a division of the Austro-Hungarian Empire into two parts, in one of which the non-German nationalities were turned over to the tender mercies of the German minority, supported by Berlin, while in the other the Magyars reigned supreme, Magyarizing the Slavs and Roumanians, and endeavoring to make veritable slaves and helots of them. This partnership will not be voluntarily dissolved, for the Germans and Magyars will never surrender the position of privileged and ruling nations in Austria-Hungary. Even if they should give way partially and concede to a measure of autonomy to the non-German and non-Magyar nationalities, this would be merely temporary. As soon as the Allied armies disband, what is there to prevent the Germans and Magyars in resuming their old methods with the support of Berlin? If there is to be permanent peace, the Hapsburgs must go, and Austria must vanish from the roll of existing States. The Hapsburg dynasty is much more conservative than the House of Hohenzollern. The latter at least endeavored to aid the economic and social development of the German nation by means of social amelioration and economic improvement. But the Hapsburg policy was ever dictated by empty dynastic ambitions, resulting in all sorts of intrigues with the military and court camarilla, this in turn resulting in the disruption of the economic life of the monarchy and impoverishment of the various Austrian nationalities. The Hapsburgs are adepts in juggling with constitutions and in making promises, but they are still more expert in violating their pledges and oaths. The short-lived relatively democratic constitution of 1848 was followed in Austria by a decade of the most cruel reaction. The milder regime of the latter fifties of the nineteenth century was followed by ruthless oppression in the sixties and by systematic attempts at Germanization and Magyarization of the non-German and non-Magyar nationalities of Austria-Hungary. During the present war Austria always promised reform whenever things looked bad on the battlefield, but, as soon as they changed and assumed a somewhat more encouraging aspect, she returned to her felonious ways and methods. Recently we had an example of this. When, in the early summer, the Russian army resumed its offensive and gained its notable victories in Galicia, there were promises of internal reform and of justice and fairness to the various component nationalities. But later there came the Russian rout. Russian troops refused to fight; the Austrian chameleon assumed a new color. A dispatch from Copenhagen told us that the Teuton victories in Galicia and Bukovina have thrown a veil over the promised new order in Austria, that the powers that be find the question of reform far less urgent owing to the improved military system. In other words, the criminal promises to mend his ways when the policeman has him by the collar, or when he is about to lay his arms on him, but as soon as the policeman is at a safe distance, or if the criminal so thinks, the felon commences again his trade of murder and robbery. This may be a harsh comparison, but it fits the case. We have thus afforded an illustration of the utter futility of the hope still persisting in some quarters as to the possibility of Austrian reform. She must suffer extinction if the world is to have permanent peace. The removal of the Hohenzollerns, or rendering them powerless, is only half the task we have before us. Without the Hapsburgs there could be no Hohenzollerns. Without the German-Magyar Austria-Hungary there would not be dreams of German dominion; there would not be the present war. The Hapsburgs must be removed even as the Hohenzollerns. If we are to be consistent, when we cry "Down with the Hohenzollerns," we must also cry "Down with the Hapsburgs." It is an utter absurdity to speak of democratizing Germany without realizing at the same time that democracy cannot be achieved without liberating the suppressed nationalities of Austria-Hungary. This is all the more evident when we realize that the German nation so far shows very little desire to be liberated, but that in Austria-Hungary, with the exception of the German and Magyar minorities, everybody else asks not only for democracy but believes that democracy cannot be achieved without the dissolution of the bankrupt, Germanized, and Magyarized ramshackle Empire.

Compressed Tea. For tourists' convenience an English firm is compressing tea into blocks that resemble plug tobacco.

A SUFFERING CITY.

Focshani is Now in the Path of the Teutons. Focshani, the Roumanian city which lies in the path of the Austro-German advance through Moldavia, is situated on the banks of the Sereth Milkov, a tributary of the Sereth Focshani (also spelled Fokshani) is 92 miles north-east of the Roumanian capital (before its capture by the Germans), Bucharest, and 47 miles northwest of the important Danube port of Galatz. Before the union of the principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia into the Kingdom of Roumania this city was one of the frontier posts on the Russian border. The hardships which Focshani is undergoing at the present time are not a new experience to it. It was almost completely destroyed in 1789 by the Russians when they, with their Austrian Allies, administered a crushing defeat to Turkey. It was in this war that Potemkin, Catherine the Great's favorite, captured Ochakov, and over its loss Sultan Abdul Hamid I. grieved himself to death. Thirty-three years after Focshani's bitter experience at the hands of the Muscovites the Turks in turn burned the town. The Roumanians some years ago erected elaborate fortifications between Focshani and Galatz, the works being known as the Sereth line, fully described in a recent war geographical bulletin on the Sereth River, issued by the National Geographic Society. These fortifications have been of no value in staying the German advance, for they were designed solely with the idea of repelling a Russian foe. Before the war Focshani enjoyed a considerable grain trade, being one of the clearing ports for Moldavian wheat bound for Galatz and the Black Sea. Its industrial activity was also appreciable, the chief products being oil, soap, and leather. The mineral resources in the vicinity of Focshani promise much wealth in the future, a Government survey showing rich deposits of coal, iron, and copper in the neighborhood, and some indications of petroleum. Some of the finest wine made in Roumania formerly came from Focshani vineyards. The population of the city is about 25,000, one-fourth of that number being Jews.

Rasputin in Russian Court. Everybody's Magazine, Lincoln Steffens tells the real story of Rasputin, as it was related to him by the assassins of the power behind the Russian throne. The most mysterious question about the rise of this obscure monk is "How did he get into the Court at Petrograd?" Nothing could be simpler," says Mr. Steffens. "In a sunnier at Moscow he met the Tsarina's sister. Like the Empress, the sister was a devotee of the church of charity, and human service. Rasputin met her, and he met her every thought and longing. He expressed her, satisfied her, and so she recommended him to her sister in the court. He was summoned to Petrograd, and happening to arrive at a time when the little Czarvitch was ill, he stroked and wished him well. And the child happened to get well. The Czarina is a good mother, and a very superstitious, almost a fanatically religious, woman. She called this a miracle, and the performer of it an angel of goodness. Rasputin could come up to that expectation, too. He played that part. Whenever after the Czarvitch was ill, Rasputin waited awhile and then, when the sickness had had time to run its course, he would lay on his hands. The story that he had a woman who made the child ill is pretty generally believed in Petrograd, and may be true, but medical men there who knew something of the circumstances said it wasn't necessary to accept this explanation. The more probable one I have suggested is sufficient. But if he did use drugs on the child and even, as it is also said, on the Czar himself, we may be sure, from our knowledge of ourselves that he did it for a good purpose. Threatened and plotted against he had to defend himself and protect the policies he was using the Czar and his power to work out."

Value of Education. Apropos of the energetic discussion in progress in England as to the superior claims to usefulness of the modern over the classical education, a writer aptly recalls a statement made, a few years ago, by Lord Rhondda, the good controller in the United Kingdom. "When I went into business, thirty-five years ago," Lord Rhondda declared, "many of my friends held that I labored under a great disadvantage in having lost several years at Cambridge. My experience has satisfied me that they were wrong, and that my college training has been of inestimable service to me throughout my commercial career. What education does teach a man, however else it may fail, is to appreciate his own ignorance, and to see that there may be, not one, but fifty points of view on any given question."

Prize for Crime Text Book. A prize of 1,000 francs has been offered by a citizen of Belgium for the best school text book on the subject "The Crimes Committed by the Germans Against Humanity and Against the Rights of Peoples in Belgium During the War." The offer, recently printed in the clandestinely published paper La Libre Belgique, is designed to perpetuate the reasons for Belgium's national hatred against Germany.

Laurier Inspired the Nationalists

SIR ROBERT BORDEN, Prime Minister, made the following statement in the House of Commons, on August 17: "My attention has been drawn to the statement that the Nationalist party of the Province of Quebec is about to put candidates in the field on its own behalf against Liberal and Conservative candidates, and I am told the suggestion is being made that there is some collusion between the Nationalist party of the Province of Quebec and my Government or the friends of my Government in regard to this campaign of the Nationalist party. The suggestion is also made that because the friends of the present Government and the Nationalist party both opposed Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the election of 1911 that there is now some connection or collusion and that my supporters and friends are in fact encouraging the Nationalist party of Quebec in the course which they are adopting. "I desire to make a most emphatic, unreserved, and comprehensive denial of this statement. There is not and never will be any connection or collusion whatever between my friends and supporters and those of the Nationalist party of Quebec. I regard the attitude of the National party of Quebec in this war as unpatriotic, and I consider that it is the first duty of myself and my friends to assist in defeating that party and to prevent it, so far as we are able, from being in a position to exercise any political power in Canada. Henri Bourassa, leader of the Nationalists, writing in 'Le Devoir', in the month of February, 1916, on the "Sources of Nationalism" declared emphatically that the Nationalists were educated in the school of Laurier's Liberalism under, as he stated, "the supreme inspiration and the immediate direction of Mr. Laurier." Mr. Bourassa's article was as follows: "Let us even suppose, for one moment, that Mr. Laurier's accusations are true and that the Nationalist resistance is inspired by hatred towards England. At what school were we given such lessons of hatred and distrust? At the school of the Liberal Party, under the supreme inspiration and the immediate direction of Mr. Laurier. It was Mr. Laurier who taught us, as early as 1890 that 'never would Canada take part in the wars of England.' "It was the disguised annexationism of Mr. Laurier, of Sir Richard Cartwright, and of the whole Liberal party that was compelling Mr. Blake, in 1891, to break the ties which bound him to the future defenders of the Empire. It was Mr. Laurier who, in 1892, hailed with joy the dawn of the day upon which Canada 'could get rid of the services of English diplomacy.' "It was Mr. Mercier who, in 1892, under the paternal eye of Mr. Laurier, was leading a campaign for the Independence of Canada. It was Mr. Lemieux, then a young Nationalist chicken, soon after transformed into a fat Imperialist duck, who followed Mr. Mercier in that anti-British campaign. "It was Mr. Laurier, it was Mr. Brodeur, it was Mr. Choquette, it was Mr. Bernier, it was their organ, The Electeur and Le Soir, which, in 1896, denounced the military preparations of the Conservative Administration, launched to the four corners of the Province this alarm cry which carried no sign of unlimited love for the Mother Country. 'Why should we fight for England? Why should we consider you good to serve as cannon-flesh. They will send your children to Africa, to Asia, whence they will never return. . . Vote for Laurier and his candidates if you want to see your country enjoy the same tranquility and do not wish to expose yourself to be called one of these mornings for other countries, hiding behind your wives, your children, and all that is dear to you.' "It was Mr. Laurier who, in 1902, affirmed that it would be a veritable suicide for the country to rush into the vortex of expenses in which European nations, including England, have been dragged through the creation of formidable armaments. "At last, it is Mr. Laurier's principal lieutenant, Sir Richard Cartwright, who summed up the whole Liberal doctrine in this lashing expression: "All that Canada owes to England is the Christian pardon for the wrong the latter had done here.' Really, if the Nationalists, and generally the French-Canadians, do not feel in a hurry to shed their blood for England or for any other country than their own, Mr. Laurier may say: 'here is the generation I have brought up and educated; here are the principles, the ideas, and sentiments which I have impressed upon my dear compatriots.' These two statements completely and conclusively refute the oft-repeated slander that the Conservative party has formed an alliance with the Nationalists. In fact an alliance would be impossible for the reason that between the principles of the two parties a great gulf is fixed which political expediency could never bridge over. The Conservative party stands for a broad Canadianism, unity of the Empire, and loyal and unselfish participation by Canada in the fight which Britain is waging to-day for the cause of civilization. Nationalism means the very antithesis of this. It stands for a narrow provincialism fostering an acute and bitter racialism, complete separation from Great Britain and is opposed to the slightest participation by Canada in the present war. And these principles are, as Mr. Bourassa declares, the principles taught them under "the supreme inspiration and the immediate direction of Mr. Laurier."

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BUSINESS AND THE DRAFT LAW. Ottawa, Oct. 2.—Business men throughout the country are expressing their satisfaction with the system of medical Boards for selecting men for military service given by the Military Service Council in the press of Canada. The system will enable employers to tell in a comparatively short time how many of those in their employ are liable to be drafted and what men are not concerned in the call. The physical test is, of course, the most important. Meanwhile, the economist sharps are busy speculating as to whether introduction of method and order into the system of national men from industries of removing importance, or rather the advent of leaving such men at their tasks, will have any particular influence upon the trend of prices for the necessities of life. Some hold to the opinion that, since labor difficulties have caused much trouble in a number of industries, safeguarding the labor of such industries must help to keep prices down. However, the question is generally regarded as a complicated one which must wait for solution on future developments.



LUX An exquisite "newness" for all woollens. Somehow, with ordinary washing, one always thinks of woollen garments coming out of the wash a little worse off than when they went in. Far otherwise when you let LUX wash them. They come out of the wash with a soft, fleecy "new" feeling, as well as being absolutely clean—quite unshrunk, and quite unthickened. How is it done? Allow 3 tablespoonfuls of LUX for each gallon of water, which should be near the boiling point. Put the woollens in and stir them about with a stick. Then let them soak until the solution is cool enough for you to squeeze the woollens with the hands—when the dirt will run out. Then rinse in 2 or 3 relays of tepid water and hang to dry. 'I good grocers. British made, by Lever Brothers Limited Toronto 32 INJURE THE FINEST FABRICS

Special Prices on Feed. We have a stock of good heavy mixed Feed on hand which we are selling at special prices in ton lots. If you need Feed get our prices.

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Hardwood Floors Cost Less Than Carpets. IT IS CHEAPER to lay hardwood floors in a house than to buy carpets for it. What's more—the hardwood floors will last a life-time, are much easier to keep clean and in every respect will return you dividends of pleasure on your investment. We sell "Beaver Brand" Hardwood Flooring. It is thoroughly kiln dried, accurately machined, perfectly matched, and guaranteed to last a life-time. Ask any person who has hardwood floors in his house whether he would go back to the old softwood floors and carpets. The answer will convince you that it pays to buy hardwood floors. C. J. FURBER & CO., Agents Durham Ontario

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Advertisements of one for each subsequent in double the above amount. FARMS FOR SALE. Being Lot 53, Concession Glenelg, containing 100 premises, are new frame house, sheds and outbuildings, stream through about 10 acres hardwood in good state of cultivation further particulars apply to Mrs. John Staple, Durham, Ontario.

PROPERTY FOR SALE. North part of Lot 6, containing Rink site, Garaframa Ham, and the North part of Lot 1, Apply to J. A. Albert, St. Catharines, Durham, Ont. FOR SALE. The property of the E. Va. in the town of Telford, Durham, Ontario. Lots 8, 9 and 10, K. West. Apply A.B. Jackson.

PROPERTY FOR SALE. That splendid residence in Upper Town beside late Mrs. Wilson, will reasonable terms; comfortable 7 rooms; hard and soft bearing orchard and situation. Apply on Thos. Ritchie or Du Executives.

POULTRY WANTED. Wanted—Yearling Reds, Leghorns, Wyandotters, etc.—T. W. Weir, 79 Toronto, Ontario.

SPIRELLA CO. Spirella Corsets (Stores), made in Canada with the indestructible stay, the most pliable corset boning in the anted not to break a year of corset wear. by mail or telephone, attention—Mrs. J. C. 107, Durham, Phone.

FARM FOR SALE. Lot 30, Con. 10, B. containing 100 acres; good two storeys high; land fertile; never-failing well; will sell cheap; in the city and in need of farm. I will send, or at Robt. T. lot, for the next week that, apply to my Alex. Coutts, 47 Avenue Ontario.

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