

THE DURHAM CHRONICLE

W IRWIN, Editor and Proprietor

Thursday, March 22, 1917

GUARD YOUR TONGUE

It is always well for a person to keep guard on his tongue, and particularly so under present conditions. The Harriston man who let the unruly member wag too freely, and is now billed to face a trial for using seditious language, may be a sadder and wiser man when he shakes himself loose from the legal noose. There are men, and women, too, who have too much to say, and may easily get into a tight place if an enthusiastic patriot should take it in hand to pull him up short. Much comment is made nowadays that might be construed as seditious and treasonable. If in Germany during the past two years, a British sympathizer would dare to open his mouth in defense of his country, he would soon find help to shut it. We live under a flag of liberty, where every deserving subject should be protected. In war time, no quarter should be given to anyone, let him be a British-born, naturalized or alien, who tries to breed sedition. It is time to call a halt.

GET READY NOW

There need be no fear of over-production of foodstuffs during the present year. Only a few days ago an authority on the food needs of the world made no hesitation in predicting a probable shortage. The warring countries in Europe, he contended, would fail to produce anything like a normal yield, and in some cases it would be vastly below the average. The Central Powers and the Entente Allies would both suffer a shortage in food supplies, and the European belligerents would use up the world's surplus. There is no doubt of prices remaining high for at least two or three more years, and probably for a much longer period. It is quite safe, under present conditions, to tax the soil to its utmost capacity. The consumer and producer alike will be benefited by the highest possible production. In another column we give an article by Professor Zavitz, of the Ontario Agricultural College that may be of service to the agriculturist on a large scale, as well as to the owner of a small town plot.

HOW IS THE MONEY SPENT

Hundreds of car owners in the county will soon have paid in thousands of dollars in license fees. We would like for some one to tell us how and where the fees are spent, and how much of it comes back to the County of Grey. Why should our money be spent in other parts of the province to make good roads to the big centres of population, while many of our own highways are left in a condition almost impassable. Our opinion is that money spent in fees by County of Grey car owners should be returned to the county and expended on our own roads. If this is done, we would like to be informed, if not, we would like to know why not. Every dollar paid in motor license fees, it seems to us, should come back to the county that pays it, and be spent on the roads in that county. There is no justice in spending our money to build good roads to the big cities while our own roads are neglected. We want to know how the money is spent, or if the counties contributing are receiving a fair share of it in return.

THEY RUSH FOR CANADIAN TOBACCO

The following letter was received a few days ago by our next neighbor, Mr. A. H. Jackson. It needs no explanation, and will be read with interest by Pte. McGirr's many friends and relatives:

France, Feby. 20, 1917.
Mr. A. H. Jackson, Durham, Ont.

Dear Sir,—Was very pleased to receive the parcel of tobacco, etc, and certainly appreciated it. As I am not a pipe smoker, the tobacco is not of much use to me, but for every package of Canadian tobacco that arrives in France there are ten men to make a rush for it, so that even if I do not use it myself, it certainly is not wasted. Canadian chocolate, too, is very much appreciated by everyone, as it seems to have a nicer flavor than any to be had here or in England.

Our division is at present having a rest, and so for the present are beyond the reach of Fritz. We are billeted in a large mining town at present, and our platoon is billeted in the attic of a large house.

I have never seen anyone from Durham out here yet, but while on a working party last week came across a bunch of Roy Calder's

chums sawing wood. The battery to which he is attached supports our division. Our regiment, the 49th, was raised in Edmonton, and is almost entirely western, so that we seldom see fellows from Ontario. Once again thanking you, I remain Yours sincerely,

Pte. E. J. McGIRR,
49th Canadians (A Co.)
B. E. F. France.

GIVE UNITED STATES TIME, SAYS F. E. SMITH

Consideration of the position of neutrals, and particularly of America, formed the chief feature of a speech delivered in Birmingham, England, by the British Attorney-General, Sir Frederick E. Smith. "No one," he said, "would ever prevent us, who are Anglo-Saxons, from realizing that a great decision can always be given upon the affairs of the world by a democracy very remote from us, if measured by mileage; detached from our politics, having possessed for generations a tradition of aloofness from European quarrels, and yet deeply concerned by business considerations and by interests of humanity in the great struggle which has shaped and determined all our lives for the last three years. From the very day war broke out all eyes have been turned to America. "We must never be impatient with the United States. In the fateful days which prefaced the entry of this country into the war, there were many who would not sanction it until they were convinced of its necessity, and we must not be overquick to blame the United States for the over-deliberation with which they decide their course. We must not be over-quick, because at this period of the struggle they have seen with clear vision the nature of the enemy whom we are gradually strangling and the nature of his objects.

"The diplomacy of our enemy has always pursued exactly the same roads. We know his outlook upon life—it is that all wisdom, valor, science and morality are happily concentrated in a comparatively small body of men who are Prussians. That is the beginning and the end of his whole creed. We have observed the development and application of that creed during the last few months; but for humor it has never been more happily illustrated than by the reference made by the German foreign secretary in the reichstag in regard to the sinking of Dutch ships. The German foreign secretary said it was an unfortunate incident—unfortunate in that it turned out in the manner it did, but that Germany's Dutch neighbors derived consolation from the fact that in the end it would work out in the direction of establishing the freedom of the seas. (Laughter.)

"You cannot argue with a nation like that; the only thing that can be done is to go on until the only argument they understand has written its lesson upon them. Force first, force last and force all the time is the only thing the Prussian ever has understood in all his history, the only thing he ever will understand, and he is going to learn it.

"It is an encouraging symptom for us that the great community of the American continent, so many of whose citizens are of German origin, has already said that the methods the Germans are pursuing are such that it can allow no diplomatic intercourse with them. That decision was an immense step toward recognizing the moral outlook of ourselves and our allies in this struggle. It was an immense step in the direction of throwing the whole weight of the civilization of the New World, with all its moral and material spirit upon the side of ourselves and our allies.

"The remaining juries of the world are growing few, because more and more they are becoming absorbed in the struggle; and we should remember with pride that the greatest remaining jury in the world, that has watched the origin of the struggle and closely studied its development, has come to the conclusion by an overwhelming majority of its citizens, that the cause for which we are fighting is the cause of civilization and humanity, and that the cause for which our opponents are fighting is the cause of savagery and piracy."

Referring to Germany's efforts to ally Mexico and Japan with her against the United States, Sir Frederick said that the contemplation of an animal of that kind convinced Englishmen that they could not live in a cage with it. In taming, drilling and disciplining it, they had gone through a cruel ordeal; but he added, "having been driven into it as a vital condition of maintaining our existence as an empire, our reputation, all we cared for, all we inherited, is it worth while to see it through now and finish it,



Your daintiest blouse, Madame, wash it this way

Take, say a gallon of hot water, but not hotter than the hands can be placed in with comfort. Drop in 3 table-spoons of LUX and whisk into a lather. Stir the blouse about in the solution for a few minutes, then squeeze it well in the hands. Rinse in two or three relays of tepid water and hang to dry.

LUX

What's the result? A shining, shimmery, purely-clean garment with the color and life of newness—unshrunk and unfaded. Silk, crepe-de-chine, or any sheer fabric is cleansed with perfect safety.

You see, LUX is the purest essence of soap and cannot harm anything that pure water may touch, and it makes the hardest water as soft as summer-rain. It won't shrink woollens.

All good grocers sell LUX, 10c.

British made, by

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto 33



MILLINERY

WE WISH TO ANNOUNCE OUR NEW SPRING MODELS ARE NOW READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION.

YOU ARE WELCOME ANY DAY TO COME AND SEE OUR DISPLAY

EASTER ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY
CHILDREN'S HATS A SPECIALTY

MISSES TRUAX - Durham

or are we going to leave the mess for our children to clean up in 20 years? No! We are going to make an end of it, and I believe we shall make an end of it now."

GOOD FOR STRATFORD

A few days ago a Stratford woman, the wife of a soldier at the front, had her home destroyed by fire, and the contents as well. The family was in a decidedly bad way. To-day the woman is in a new home furnished and stocked, through the generosity of some of the good people in Stratford.

There's something intensely practical about that. It is not recorded that the citizens who brought this desirable thing about stood around and discussed what hard luck it was, or that more care should be taken to see that fire does not break out in these buildings, or that her husband should not have gone to war, but should have remained home and cared for his wife and family.

It is not even noted that they took the matter up with the government or the relief department, or even that they opened a popular subscription booth to gather in some money.

A few of them simply went around and placed the situation before men who were able and willing to solve it, and the thing was done. An incident like this is as good as a sermon, and Stratford is to be thanked for providing it.

It's mighty easy to point out things that might be done in this

February Honor Roll, No. 11, Bentk
 IV—M. Lawrence, C. Ritchie, H. Mountain.
 Sr. III—G. Ritchie, A. Armstrong, M. Langrill, P. Noble, M. Alexander A. Knisley.
 Jr. III—I. Armstrong, H. Lawrence, W. Grierson, S. Sharp.
 Jr. II—E. Noble, F. Hopkins.
 I—L. Armstrong, A. Noble, L. Sharpe.
 Pr. A—G. Armstrong.
 Pr. B—N. Ritchie, E. Webber, K. Dunsmoor, A. Lawrence, J. Dunsmoor, M. Hopkins.
 —N. Burns, Teacher.

world; it's not half a trick to place the finger on families that merit assistance, or worthy objects that are suffering for want of a more hearty support. But it's a different proposition to do it.

There's quite a good-sized heap of energy absolutely wasted every day in hunting up and gazing upon worthy objects, but it's the applied energy that does the thing that really counts in the long run.

SELLERS—ECTOR

On Wednesday afternoon, February 28, a quiet, but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Ector, Rose Valley, Sask., when their eldest daughter, Fanny Millicent, was united in marriage to Thos. H. Sellers of Findlater.

The ceremony took place under a beautifully decorated arch and the bride's pastor, Rev. J. P. Grant of Loreburn, conducted the service. About 30 intimate friends and relatives were present.

The bride was given away by her father, and looked very pretty in a dainty gown of ivory silk crepe de chene trimmed with silk lace and wreath of orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of white roses. The bride's mother wore a black silk poplin gown and her sisters were attired in white.

Following the ceremony, a dainty wedding supper was served, the table being graced by a beautiful four-tier wedding cake.

In the evening, a reception was held, at which the girlhood friends of the young bride had the opportunity of offering congratulations and best wishes for her future happiness. A very pleasant evening was spent in games and dancing.

The young couple were the recipients of many handsome and useful gifts, including a number of cheques from relatives in Ontario. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold pendant set with pearls.

Mr. and Mrs. Sellers leave in a few days for an extended honeymoon trip to Regina, Elkhorn and other points east, before taking up their residence in the groom's comfortable home at Findlater.—Elbow

CORNER CONCERNS

Advertising is about equal to the telephone for saving time. Last week Mr. Wm. Marshall sold a young horse, and wished to replace it with a span of two-year-olds. He read R. T. Edwards' ad. and went up and purchased them in a little longer time than it takes us to tell it. His son, Jim, sold a young team and wished to replace them with a pair of year olds, and it took two or three days going from place to place enquiring who had them for sale. He finally got a nicely-athletic emfwpv XZ@D&- GK0J matched pair.

Little Miss Sadie Noble is home from Fergus hospital, and recovering nicely.

Mr. John Barbour, while walking across to visit Dr. Leeson, fell on the ice and dislocated his shoulder, and has been removed to the home of his brother, Robert, where, we are pleased to say, he is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grashy have been somewhat under the weather of late, which is an unpleasant state of affairs where there are just two in the family, and hired help so hard to get.

The ladies, at their last sewing meeting sent to Red Cross a parcel containing 30 shirts and 27 pairs of socks, and also made seven day shirts and three pairs of socks. The next meeting is at Mrs. Jas. Eden's on Wednesday, March 28.

Wood sawing is becoming the order of the day. Mr. Roy Lawrence, with his gasoline outfit, has the monopoly.

St. Paul's congregation enjoyed the service on Sunday, conducted by Mr. Shaw of Huron College.

Mr. Philip Lawrence is kept indoors with a boil on his face. He will see that it does no serious damage, as he has it right under his eye.

Many of the old neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lawrence spent a most enjoyable night Friday last in their very cosy new home. A feature of the evening's performance was to present them with an address expressive of their good will, also a mantle clock and cuff links. The night was spent in games and dancing, Messrs. Wm. and Jas. Sharp supplying the music. Here is the address:

Glenelg, Mar. 16, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lawrence.

Dear Friends: We, your friends and neighbors, take this opportunity of continuing social intercourse with you in your new home, and enjoying another pleasant evening with you, as we have so often enjoyed in the past; also to give expression of our appreciation of your citizenship while amongst us. You were ever ready to oblige and lend a helping hand wherever required, and with such cheerfulness as to add much to the good deeds done. You have been public-spirited in helping to advance every movement for the benefit of the neighborhood and the upbuilding of our country, and your efforts and thrift in private life also has been an example and inspiration to others. We now ask you to accept this mantle clock and cuff links, not for the sake of their intrinsic value, but as something by which you will give us a place in your memory. In conclusion, we wish you health, peace and happiness, and abundant success in this world, and eternal rest and happiness in the world to come.—Signed on behalf of the neighborhood: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jacques, Mr. and Mrs. Andy Lindsay

WHAT AMERICA STANDS FOR

Two vaudeville artists appeared on the stage of a California theatre. Said one to the other, producing a French flag: "What does that stand for?"

"It stands for liberty, politeness and kindness."

Then, producing a British flag, he asked: "What does that stand for?"

"It stands for justice, liberty, and equal rights to all."

Then producing an American flag, he asked: "What does that stand for?"

"I do not know, but I do know that it has stood for a good deal in the last two years"

THE TELEPHONE GIRL

We never know if we're alone when talking on the telephone. For cuddled safely out of range is she who works the phone exchange.

She hears us talk and when we're "through," She knows of all the things we do. She knows if we go on a lark. But thanks to her, she keeps it dark. She hears us on our business calls, She hears us have our family squalls. She hears us chat with Grace and May, And wonders what our wives would say. She hears us raked across the coals And laughs to see us pay the tolls. She knows of all our business, but Her little mouth she keepeth shut.

MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-tives"

594 CHAMPLAIN ST., MONTREAL.
 "For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I had frequent Dizzy Spells, and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints, and my hands swollen. A friend advised "Fruit-a-tives" and from the outset, they did me good. After the first box, I felt I was getting well and I can truthfully say that "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine that helped me". LOUIS LABRIE.
 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

DEATH OF MAX B. ALLAN

We regret to chronicle the death of Max B. Allan, who died Saturday last at the home of his mother in Varney. He was a son of the late Thomas Allan, who died about 17 years ago. The deceased was 35 years of age, and was born in the home in which he died.

Death was the result of tubercular trouble, supposed to have originated from a severe cold contracted five years ago. Up to a year ago, when he returned from the west, where he spent four years, he was able to attend his regular duties, but since then he has been failing rapidly, and for a few weeks before his death was confined to his bed.

He is survived by his mother, three brothers, and four sisters: Richard, at Crichton, Sask.; James, in Winnipeg; Thomas, now at home on a visit from the west; Jean, in Toronto; Mrs. Nelson Eden, in Crichton, Sask.; Mrs. James Gray, at Rocanville, Sask.; and Mrs. Arthur McGrie, at Swift Current, Sask.

The deceased was highly esteemed by his associates. The remains were interred Monday in Maplewood cemetery, Rev. Mr. Falkingham officiating at the service.

RIPENED A WEEK EARLIER

GEO. W. NEELY, Dorchester Sta., Ontario, says: "I fertilized with Homestead Bone Black Fertilizer purchased from Mr. Fred Howe, Dorchester Sta., Ont., seven acres of oats this Spring. At intervals in the field I omitted the fertilizer a drill width. The oats where the fertilizer was sown, after the first few days' growth, showed in a marked degree a more vigorous growth and maintained this advantage over the unfertilized portions throughout the season, ripening a week sooner and with fuller heads of grain."

RIPENED TEN DAYS EARLIER

THOMAS KELLY, Copenhagen, Ontario, says: "I have used Homestead fertilizer on both corn and oats, and am well satisfied; the corn eared up better and ripened about ten days earlier where the fertilizer was used; it also gave a larger yield, both in corn and straw."

BETTER THAN MANURE

EDWARD WOOD, Ethel, Ontario, says: "I tested Homestead Bone Black Fertilizer on oats, corn and potatoes. The results were beyond my expectations. My corn was better on the fertilized part of the field than on the other part where I put 12 loads of good barnyard manure per acre, kwi emfwy p xzfifflf XZ@D& acre with manure spreader, 60 bushels per load. I highly recommend the use of your high grade fertilizer."

Write Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, for free book and particulars about their Homestead Bone Black Fertilizer.

DURHAM MARKET

Corrected March 22.

Fall Wheat.....	\$1 70 to \$1 75
Spring Wheat.....	1 70 to 1 75
Milling Oats.....	65 to 65
Feed Oats.....	63 to 65
Peas.....	2 00 to 2 00
Barley.....	95 to 1 0
Hay.....	8 00 to 10 00
Butter.....	32 to 32
Eggs.....	30 to 30
Potatoes, per bag.....	2 00 to 2 25
Dried Apples.....	5 to 5
Flour, per cwt.....	4 75 to 5 50
Oatmeal, per sack.....	4 00 to 4 40
Chop, per cwt.....	1 75 to 2 50
Live Hogs, per cwt.....	14 50
Hides, per lb.....	18 to 18
Sheepskins.....	75 to 2
Wool.....	
Tallow.....	7 to
Lard.....	20 to

From The Chronicle File March 25, 1897.

On Saturday evening last, address on "The horticultural possibilities of a town plot" delivered by Mr. McNeil of W. He congratulated the Durham on having the most enthusiastic set of officers he ever met. remark, President Firth and tary Gorsline were visibly a.

Mr. Henry Bull, father of cillor Bull, died on Tuesday residence of Mr. Matthew Normanby, aged 83 years.

On Tuesday evening, Taylor delivered a lecture, "Boy of Yours," under the

ONTARIO

EXISTING WAR CONDITIONS QUESTION OF SEEDS OF DESIRABLE VARIETY WILL BE FACTORS NOT SECURED YOURS

Let the Ont Agric

FARMERS HAVING S may forward Samples Quantity.

FARMERS WISHING T communicate with this effort will be made to for sale.

W. H. HEARST
Minister of Agriculture



Recr for

Just as surely a day by day, so for the allies. never better fe the awful less supply. To th

To feed the Free 500,000 pounds faint idea of the Britain have a h man must have Upon Canada's

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